# CSC11006 - INTRODUCTION TO CLOUD COMPUTING SERVICES PROJECT

## PROJECT1: Build a Scalable Web Application with Cloud Backend

#### I. General information

ID: LAB1

Period: 3 weeks

Deadline:

Team Group of 3 students

#### II. Outcome:

This lab will adapt to these following course's outcomes:

• G2.1, G2.2, G2.3, G3.1, G6.1

#### III. Describe:

Develop and deploy a simple, scalable web application using the **free tier of AWS or Azure**. The project will integrate load balancing, auto-scaling, cloud monitoring, and cost management to demonstrate real-world cloud service usage while staying within free-tier constraints.

#### A. Technical Requirements

#### 1. Application Design

- Frontend Development:
  - Create a responsive web application using HTML, CSS, and JavaScript.
  - Application Example: Task Manager or Personal Blog.
    - Allow users to:
      - Add, edit, and delete tasks or blog posts.
      - View tasks/blogs in a list format.
      - Filter tasks by due date or priority.

#### Backend Development:

- Build a backend API using Node.js or Python Flask/Django to handle CRUD operations for the application.
- o API Endpoints:
  - GET /tasks Retrieve all tasks.
  - POST /tasks Add a new task.

- PUT /tasks/:id Update a task.
- DELETE /tasks/:id Delete a task.

### 2. Cloud Infrastructure Setup

- Frontend Hosting:
  - o Host the frontend on:
    - AWS: S3 Bucket with static website hosting enabled (Free Tier: 5 GB storage, 2,000 PUT, 10,000 GET requests).
    - Azure: Blob Storage with static website hosting enabled (Free Tier:
       5 GB storage, 20,000 read/write operations).

# Backend Hosting:

- Deploy the backend API on:
  - AWS: EC2 (t2.micro instance, Free Tier: 750 hours/month).
  - Azure: App Service or Virtual Machines (B1S instance, Free Tier: 750 hours/month).

## 3. Database Integration

- Use a cloud database to store application data.
  - AWS:
    - Relational Database: RDS (Free Tier: 20 GB MySQL/PostgreSQL).
    - NoSQL Option: DynamoDB (Free Tier: 25 GB storage, 25 RCU/WCU).
  - o Azure:
    - Relational Database: SQL Database (Free Tier: 250 GB storage in basic tier).
    - NoSQL Option: Cosmos DB (Free Tier: 400 RU/s and 5 GB storage).

#### 4. Load Balancing

- Configure load balancing to distribute traffic across multiple backend instances.
  - AWS: Elastic Load Balancer (Free Tier: 15 GB of data processing).
  - Azure: Basic Load Balancer within the same Virtual Network (Free).

## 5. Auto-Scaling

- Set up auto-scaling to dynamically adjust the number of backend instances based on traffic.
  - AWS: Auto-Scaling Group with scaling policies:
    - Add a new instance when CPU > 70%.
    - Remove an instance when CPU < 30%.</li>

- Azure: Virtual Machine Scale Sets:
  - Scale between 1-2 instances based on CPU utilization.

### 6. Monitoring and Cost Management

# • Cloud Monitoring:

- Monitor resource usage (e.g., CPU, memory) and set up alerts.
  - AWS: Amazon CloudWatch (Free Tier: 10 custom metrics, 1,000 API requests).
  - Azure: Azure Monitor (Free Tier: 5 GB data ingestion/month).

# Cost Management:

- Track and analyze resource usage to ensure it stays within free-tier limits.
  - AWS: AWS Cost Explorer for usage alerts.
  - Azure: Azure Cost Management to monitor expenditures.

#### **B.** Deliverables

### 1. Web Application:

- A fully functional web application with frontend, backend, and database integration.
- Load balancing and auto-scaling enabled for backend services.

### 2. Monitoring Dashboard:

 CloudWatch (AWS) or Azure Monitor dashboards with metrics like CPU, memory, and network utilization.

# 3. Cost Report:

Detailed cost report showing that the project stayed within free-tier limits.

#### 4. Documentation:

- A step-by-step guide for deploying the application, including:
  - Frontend and backend setup.
  - Database configuration.
  - Load balancing and auto-scaling configuration.
  - Monitoring and cost tracking.

#### 5. Source Code:

- A GitHub repository containing:
  - Frontend code (HTML, CSS, JavaScript).
  - Backend code (API implementation).
  - Deployment scripts or Terraform templates (optional).

#### C. Evaluation Criteria

#### 1. Functionality (40%):

Application performs CRUD operations seamlessly.

- o Integration between frontend, backend, and database works correctly.
- 2. Cloud Infrastructure Setup (30%):
  - o Load balancing and auto-scaling are correctly configured.
  - o Monitoring dashboards and alerts are properly set up.
- 3. Cost Efficiency (20%):
  - o Resources stay within free-tier limits without incurring additional costs.
- 4. Documentation and Presentation (10%):
  - Clear and well-structured documentation with visuals (e.g., architecture diagram, screenshots).

#### Timeline

Week	Tasks		
Week 1	Develop frontend and backend APIs locally.		
WWACK /	Deploy backend to cloud (AWS EC2/Azure App Service). Configure database integration.		
	Implement load balancing, auto-scaling, and monitoring. Host the frontend in S3/Blob Storage.		
Week 4	Perform testing, finalize documentation, and submit all deliverables.		

# Free Tier Resource Limits Summary

## **AWS Free Tier**

Service	Free Tier Limit	Purpose in Project
EC2	750 hours/month (t2.micro instance)	Host the backend API.
<b>S</b> 3	5 GB storage, 2,000 PUT and 10,000 GET requests/month	Host the static frontend files.
Elastic Load Balancer (ELB)	15 GB data processing/month	Distribute traffic across backend instances.
Auto-Scaling	Free scaling within the total EC2 hours limit	Scale backend instances based on demand.
RDS (Relational Database)	750 hours/month, 20 GB storage	Store application data (MySQL or PostgreSQL).
DynamoDB (NoSQL)	25 GB storage, 25 RCU and WCU	Alternative database for NoSQL requirements.
CloudWatch	10 custom metrics, 1,000 API requests/month	Monitor resource utilization and set alerts.
Cost Explorer	Free	Track usage and ensure project stays on budget.
App Service	1 GB storage, 60 CPU minutes/day	Host the backend API.
Blob Storage	5 GB storage, 20,000 read/write operations/month	Host the static frontend files.

Load Balancer	Free for basic tier within Virtual Network (VNet)	Distribute traffic across backend instances.
Virtual Machine (B1S)	750 hours/month	Host the backend API (alternative to App Service).
Virtual Machine Scale Sets	Free scaling within the free-tier VM hours limit	Scale backend instances based on demand.
SQL Database	Free tier, 250 GB storage in basic tier	Store application data (relational database).
Cosmos DB (NoSQL)	400 RU/s provisioned throughput, 5 GB storage	Alternative database for NoSQL requirements.
Azure Monitor	5 GB data ingestion/month	Monitor resource utilization and set alerts.
Cost Management	Free	Track usage and ensure project stays on budget.

## **Important Guidelines**

# 1. Monitor Usage:

 Regularly track free-tier usage through AWS Billing Dashboard or Azure Cost Management.

## 2. Efficient Resource Use:

 Avoid creating unnecessary resources. Terminate unused instances and services.

## 3. Stay Within Limits:

- For compute services (EC2 or App Service), ensure usage doesn't exceed
   750 hours/month.
- Use small datasets and limit file sizes to stay within storage and database free-tier limits.

#### 4. Utilize Local Environments:

 Develop and test locally whenever possible to reduce cloud resource usage.

This **Free Tier Resource Limits Summary** ensures students can complete the project without incurring costs, provided they adhere to these guidelines.