importing and securing data in ServiceNow

Team ID: LTVIP2025TMID28721

Team Size: 4

Team Leader: Ravanam Teja Lakshman

Team member: Reddy Dinesh Babu

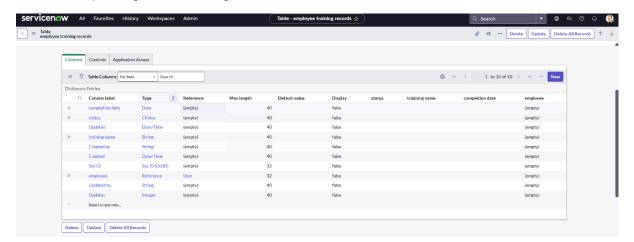
Team member: Rudrakshula Veera Venkata Satish

Team member: Sadhanala Likhith Varma

To solve the problem of *importing and securing data in ServiceNow* while *linking records to employees* and *pulling employee details* (like department) for easier reporting, here's a step-by-step guide that breaks down the process:

You want to:

- 1. Import records into ServiceNow.
- 2. Link each imported record to an employee.
- 3. Automatically populate employee details like *department* into the record.
- 4. Ensure data is *secured* (only the right users can view/edit it).
- 5. Make reporting easier using this linked data.



Step 1: *Prepare the Data Source*

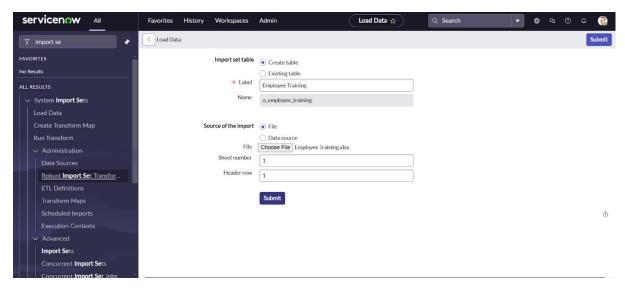
Ensure your imported data (CSV, Excel, or external DB) includes a unique employee identifier (e.g., User ID, Email, or Employee Number) to match ServiceNow users.

C:\Users\likhi\OneDrive\Documents\Book.xlsx

Step 2: *Create the Target Table or Use an Existing One*

If you're importing into a custom table (e.g., u custom record):

- * Navigate to *System Definition > Tables*
- * Create a custom table if needed.
- * Add a reference field: Employee (Reference to sys_user table)
- * Add other fields, like Department (String or Reference to cmn department)

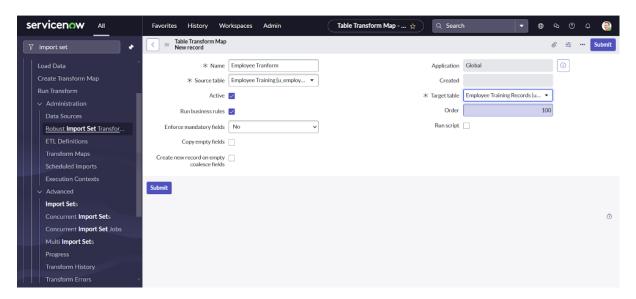


Step 3: *Use Transform Maps to Import and Link Employee*

- 1. Go to *System Import Sets > Load Data*
- 2. Load your data source (CSV or external)
- 3. Create a *Transform Map*:

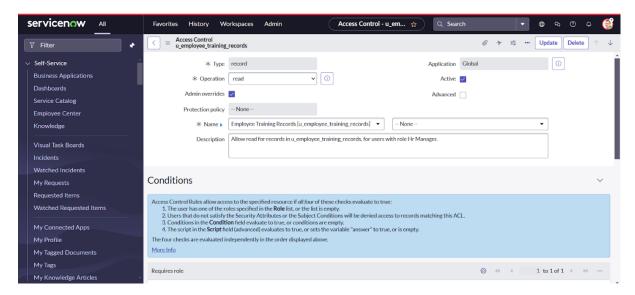
- * Target Table: your custom table
- * Map fields like:
- * Source field employee_email \rightarrow Target field Employee (use a reference lookup to sys_user)
 - * Auto-populate Department using a *Scripted Field Map*:

```
javascript
// Scripted field map for Department field
var user = new GlideRecord('sys_user');
user.addQuery('email', source.employee_email);
user.query();
if (user.next()) {
   target.department = user.department.name; // or user.department for reference
}
```



4. Run Transform.

```
### Step 4: *Auto-Populate Fields with Business Rules (Optional for Future
Updates)*
If you want the department to stay in sync when the Employee changes:
* Create a *Business Rule* on your custom table
* Trigger on *Insert/Update*
* Script:
javascript
(function executeRule(current, previous /*null when async*/) {
 if (current.employee) {
   var user = new GlideRecord('sys_user');
   if (user.get(current.employee)) {
     current.department = user.department.name; // or user.department for
reference field
   }
 }
})(current, previous);
### Step 5: *Secure the Data*
Use *Access Control Rules (ACLs)*:
* Navigate to *System Security > Access Control (ACL)*
* Create ACLs on the table (e.g., u_custom_record):
```



- * Record ACLs (read, write, delete)
- * Field-level ACLs (hide department if needed)
- * Conditions based on roles or ownership:

javascript

gs.hasRole('admin') || current.employee == gs.getUserID();

Step 6: *Use Reporting/Performance Analytics*

Now that department is stored in the record:

- * Use *Reports* to group by Department
- * Use *Dashboards* to visualize employee-linked metrics

Z Example Use Case Summary:

- * *Imported Record*: Helpdesk survey, training completion, asset assignment
- * *Employee Linked By*: Email or Employee ID
- * *Pulled Info*: Department (from sys_user.department)
- * *Secured By*: ACLs (only employee or manager can view)

Let me know if you'd like:

- * A sample Transform Map
- * Full script examples for ACLs
- * A template for the Business Rule
- * Help with setting up the data source or mapping fields