

```

MODULE SASwap_ZmnSCPxj
  SASwap TLA+ specification (c) by Dmitry Petukhov (https://github.com/dgpv)
  Licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike 4.0 International
  License <http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-sa/4.0/>

EXTENDS Naturals, Sequences, FiniteSets, TLC

CONSTANT PARTICIPANTS_IRRATIONAL Can participants act irrational ?
ASSUME PARTICIPANTS_IRRATIONAL ∈ BOOLEAN

CONSTANT BLOCKS_PER_DAY
  More blocks per day means larger state space to check
ASSUME BLOCKS_PER_DAY ≥ 1

  A transaction that has no deadline can be 'stalling',
  i.e. not being sent while being enabled, for this number of days
CONSTANT MAX_DAYS_STALLING
  More days allowed stalling means larger state space to check
ASSUME MAX_DAYS_STALLING ≥ 1

  Is it possible for participants to send transactions
  bypassing the mempool (give directly to the miner)
CONSTANT STEALTHY_SEND_POSSIBLE
  When TRUE, the state space is increased dramatically.
ASSUME STEALTHY_SEND_POSSIBLE ∈ BOOLEAN

  Operator to create transaction instances
  Tx(id, ss, by, to, via) ≜
    [id ↦ id, ss ↦ ss, to ↦ to, by ↦ by, via ↦ via]

VARIABLE blocks {Tx, ...}
VARIABLE next_block {Tx, ...}
VARIABLE mempool {Tx, ...}
VARIABLE shared_knowledge {Tx, ...}
VARIABLE signers_map [participant ↦ {allowed_sig, ...}]
VARIABLE per_block_enabled {Tx, ...}
VARIABLE wont_send {id, ...}

fullState ≜ ⟨blocks, next_block, signers_map, shared_knowledge, mempool,
  per_block_enabled, wont_send⟩
unchangedByMM ≜ ⟨blocks, signers_map, shared_knowledge, mempool, wont_send⟩

```

A few generic operators

$$\begin{aligned}
Range(f) &\triangleq \{f[x] : x \in \text{DOMAIN } f\} \\
Min(set) &\triangleq \text{CHOOSE } x \in set : \forall y \in set : x \leq y \\
Max(set) &\triangleq \text{CHOOSE } x \in set : \forall y \in set : x \geq y
\end{aligned}$$

Various definitions that help to improve readability of the spec

$$\begin{aligned}
Alice &\triangleq \text{"Alice"} \\
Bob &\triangleq \text{"Bob"} \\
participants &\triangleq \{Alice, Bob\} \\
sigAlice &\triangleq \text{"sigAlice"} \\
sigBob &\triangleq \text{"sigBob"} \\
secretAlice &\triangleq \text{"secretAlice"} \\
secretBob &\triangleq \text{"secretBob"} \\
all_secrets &\triangleq \{secretAlice, secretBob\} \\
all_sigs &\triangleq \{sigAlice, sigBob, secretAlice, secretBob\} \\
tx_lock_A &\triangleq \text{"tx_lock_A"} \\
tx_lock_B &\triangleq \text{"tx_lock_B"} \\
tx_success &\triangleq \text{"tx_success"} \\
tx_refund_1 &\triangleq \text{"tx_refund_1"} \\
tx_timeout &\triangleq \text{"tx_timeout"} \\
tx_spend_A &\triangleq \text{"tx_spend_A"} \\
tx_spend_B &\triangleq \text{"tx_spend_B"} \\
tx_spend_success &\triangleq \text{"tx_spend_success"} \\
tx_spend_refund_1 &\triangleq \text{"tx_spend_refund_1"} \\
tx_spend_timeout &\triangleq \text{"tx_spend_timeout"} \\
nLockTime &\triangleq \text{"nLockTime"} \\
nSequence &\triangleq \text{"nSequence"} \\
NoTimelock &\triangleq [days \mapsto 0, type \mapsto nLockTime]
\end{aligned}$$

If blocks per day are low, the absolute locks need to be shifted,
otherwise not all contract paths will be reachable

$$\begin{aligned}
ABS_LK_OFFSET &\triangleq \text{CASE } BLOCKS_PER_DAY = 1 \rightarrow 2 \\
&\quad \square \quad BLOCKS_PER_DAY = 2 \rightarrow 1 \\
&\quad \square \quad \text{OTHER} \quad \rightarrow 0
\end{aligned}$$

The map of the transactions, their possible destinations and timelocks.

Adaptor signatures are modelled by an additional value in the required signature set – ss . For modelling purposes, the secret acts as just another signature. ds stands for “destinations”, and lk stands for “lock” (timelocks). Only blockheight-based timelocks are modelled.

$tx_map \triangleq [$

‘Contract’ transactions – destinations are other transactions

$$\begin{aligned}
tx_lock_A &\mapsto [ds \mapsto \{tx_success, tx_refund_1, tx_timeout, tx_spend_A\}, \\
&\quad ss \mapsto \{sigAlice\}], \\
tx_lock_B &\mapsto [ds \mapsto \{tx_spend_B\}, \\
&\quad ss \mapsto \{sigBob\}], \\
tx_success &\mapsto [ds \mapsto \{tx_spend_success\}, \\
&\quad ss \mapsto \{sigAlice, sigBob, secretBob\}], \\
tx_refund_1 &\mapsto [ds \mapsto \{tx_spend_refund_1\}, \\
&\quad ss \mapsto \{sigAlice, sigBob, secretAlice\}, \\
&\quad lk \mapsto [days \mapsto ABS_LK_OFFSET + 1, type \mapsto nLockTime]], \\
tx_timeout &\mapsto [ds \mapsto \{tx_spend_timeout\}, \\
&\quad ss \mapsto \{sigAlice, sigBob, secretBob\}, \\
&\quad lk \mapsto [days \mapsto ABS_LK_OFFSET + 2, type \mapsto nLockTime]],
\end{aligned}$$

‘Terminal’ transactions – destinations are participants

$$\begin{aligned}
tx_spend_A &\mapsto [ds \mapsto \{Alice, Bob\}, \\
&\quad ss \mapsto \{sigAlice, sigBob\}], \\
tx_spend_B &\mapsto [ds \mapsto \{Alice, Bob\}, \\
&\quad ss \mapsto \{secretAlice, secretBob\}], \\
tx_spend_success &\mapsto [ds \mapsto \{Bob\}, \\
&\quad ss \mapsto \{sigBob\}], \\
tx_spend_refund_1 &\mapsto [ds \mapsto \{Alice\}, \\
&\quad ss \mapsto \{sigAlice\}], \\
tx_spend_timeout &\mapsto [ds \mapsto \{Bob\}, \\
&\quad ss \mapsto \{sigBob\}]
\end{aligned}$$

$]$

$all_transactions \triangleq \text{DOMAIN } tx_map$

$first_transaction$ defined so that miner's actions do not need to refer to any contract-specific info, and can just refer to $first_transaction$ instead.

$first_transaction \triangleq tx_lock_A$

$ConfirmedTransactions \triangleq \{tx.id : tx \in \text{UNION } Range(blocks)\}$

$NextBlockTransactions \triangleq \{tx.id : tx \in next_block\}$

$NextBlockConfirmedTransactions \triangleq$
 $ConfirmedTransactions \cup NextBlockTransactions$

$MempoolTransactions \triangleq \{tx.id : tx \in mempool\}$

$SentTransactions \triangleq ConfirmedTransactions \cup MempoolTransactions$

$EnabledTransactions \triangleq \{tx.id : tx \in \text{UNION } Range(per_block_enabled)\}$

$SharedTransactions \triangleq \{tx.id : tx \in shared_knowledge\}$

$ContractTransactions \triangleq$
 $\{id \in all_transactions :$
 $\quad \forall d \in tx_map[id].ds : d \in all_transactions\}$

$TerminalTransactions \triangleq$
 $\{id \in all_transactions :$
 $\quad \forall d \in tx_map[id].ds : d \in participants\}$

ASSUME $\forall id \in all_transactions : \forall id \in TerminalTransactions$
 $\quad \forall id \in ContractTransactions$

In this contract each transaction has only one parent,
 so we can use simple mapping from dep_id to parent id

$dependency_map \triangleq$
 $[dep_id \in \text{UNION } \{tx_map[id].ds : id \in ContractTransactions\}$
 $\quad \mapsto \text{CHOOSE } id \in ContractTransactions : dep_id \in tx_map[id].ds]$

Special destination for the case when funds will still be locked
 at the contract after the transaction is spent

$Contract \triangleq \text{"Contract"}$

$DstSet(id) \triangleq$

IF $id \in ContractTransactions$ THEN $\{Contract\}$ ELSE $tx_map[id].ds$

The CASE statement has no 'OTHER' clause - only single dst is expected

$SingleDst(id) \triangleq \text{CASE } id \in ContractTransactions \rightarrow Contract$
 $\square \quad Cardinality(tx_map[id].ds) = 1$
 $\rightarrow \text{CHOOSE } d \in tx_map[id].ds : \text{TRUE}$

The set of transactions conflicting with the given transaction

$ConflictingSet(id) \triangleq$
 IF $id \in \text{DOMAIN } dependency_map$
 THEN $\{dep_id \in \text{DOMAIN } dependency_map :$
 $\quad dependency_map[dep_id] = dependency_map[id]\}$
 ELSE $\{id\}$

Transaction also conflicts with itself

ASSUME $\forall id \in all_transactions : id \in ConflictingSet(id)$

$ConfirmationHeight(id) \triangleq$
 CHOOSE $bn \in \text{DOMAIN } blocks : \exists tx \in blocks[bn] : tx.id = id$

All the transactions the given transaction depends on.

Because each transaction can only have one dependency in our model,
 all dependencies form a chain, not a tree.

RECURSIVE $DependencyChain(-)$
 $DependencyChain(id) \triangleq$
 IF $id \in \text{DOMAIN } dependency_map$
 THEN $\{id\} \cup DependencyChain(dependency_map[id])$
 ELSE $\{id\}$

All the transactions that depend on the given transaction.

Dependants form a tree, but the caller is interested in just a set.

RECURSIVE $AllDependants(-)$
 $AllDependants(id) \triangleq$
 LET $dependants \triangleq tx_map[id].ds \setminus participants$
 IN IF $dependants = \{\}$
 THEN $\{id\}$
 ELSE $dependants \cup \text{UNION } \{AllDependants(d_id) : d_id \in dependants\}$

All transactions that cannot ever become valid because other, conflicting
 transactions were confirmed before them

$InvalidatedTransactions \triangleq$
 UNION $\{\{c_id\} \cup AllDependants(c_id) : c_id \in$
 UNION $\{ConflictingSet(id) \setminus \{id\} : id \in ConfirmedTransactions\}\}$

All transactions that is not yet sent/confirmed, and have a chance to be.

$RemainingTransactions \triangleq$
 $((all_transactions \setminus ConfirmedTransactions) \setminus InvalidatedTransactions)$

$Timelock(id) \triangleq$ IF “lk” \in DOMAIN $tx_map[id]$ THEN $tx_map[id].lk$ ELSE $NoTimelock$

$UnreachableHeight \triangleq 2^{30} + (2^{30} - 1)$

Calculate the height at which the timelock for the given transaction
 expires, taking $BLOCKS_PER_DAY$ and dependencies confirmation into account

$TimelockExpirationHeight(id) \triangleq$
 LET $lk \triangleq Timelock(id)$
 IN CASE $lk.type = nLockTime$
 $\rightarrow lk.days * BLOCKS_PER_DAY$
 $\square lk.type = nSequence$
 \rightarrow IF $dependency_map[id] \in ConfirmedTransactions$
 THEN $ConfirmationHeight(dependency_map[id])$
 $+ lk.days * BLOCKS_PER_DAY$
 ELSE $UnreachableHeight$

“Hard” deadline for transaction means that it is unsafe to publish
 the transaction after the deadline

$Deadline(id) \triangleq$
 LET $hs \triangleq \{TimelockExpirationHeight(c_id) :$
 $c_id \in (ConflictingSet(id) \setminus \{id\}) \setminus wont_send\}$
 $higher_hs \triangleq \{h \in hs : h > TimelockExpirationHeight(id)\}$
 IN IF $higher_hs = \{\}$
 THEN $UnreachableHeight$
 ELSE $Min(higher_hs)$

“Soft” deadline for transaction means that after the deadline,
 mining the transaction will mean that it was ‘stalling’ for too long

$SoftDeadline(id) \triangleq$
 LET $dl \triangleq Deadline(id)$
 $h \triangleq TimelockExpirationHeight(id)$
 IN IF $dl = UnreachableHeight$

```

    THEN IF  $id \in EnabledTransactions$ 
      THEN (CHOOSE  $en \in DOMAIN\ per\_block\_enabled :$ 
         $\exists tx \in per\_block\_enabled[en] : tx.id = id$ )
        +  $MAX\_DAYS\_STALLING * BLOCKS\_PER\_DAY$ 
      ELSE IF  $h \neq UnreachableHeight$ 
        THEN  $h + MAX\_DAYS\_STALLING * BLOCKS\_PER\_DAY$ 
        ELSE 0
    ELSE  $dl$ 

 $SigsAvailable(id, sender, to) \triangleq$ 
  LET  $secrets\_shared \triangleq$ 
    UNION  $\{tx.ss \cap all\_secrets : tx \in shared\_knowledge\}$ 
     $sigs\_shared \triangleq$ 
    UNION  $\{tx.ss : tx \in \{tx \in shared\_knowledge : \wedge tx.id = id$ 
       $\wedge tx.to = to\}\}$ 
  IN  $sigs\_shared \cup secrets\_shared \cup signers\_map[sender]$ 

 $DependencySatisfied(id, ids) \triangleq$ 
   $id \in DOMAIN\ dependency\_map \Rightarrow dependency\_map[id] \in ids$ 

 $IsSpendableTx(tx, other\_ids) \triangleq$ 
   $\wedge \{\} = ConflictingSet(tx.id) \cap other\_ids$ 
   $\wedge DependencySatisfied(tx.id, other\_ids)$ 
   $\wedge tx.ss \subseteq SigsAvailable(tx.id, tx.by, tx.to)$ 
   $\wedge Len(blocks) \geq TimelockExpirationHeight(tx.id)$ 

Sending  $tx\_spend\_B$  does not actually expose secrets, because the secrets
are used as keys, and  $sigSecretBob$  would be exposed rather than  $secretBob$ .
Instead of introducing  $revealSecret < Alice | Bob >$ ,  $sigSecret < Alice | Bob >$ 
we simply filter out signatures of  $tx\_spend\_B$  before placing into shared knowledge
 $ShareKnowledge(knowledge) \triangleq$ 
  LET  $knowledge\_filtered \triangleq$ 
     $\{\text{IF } tx.id \neq tx\_spend\_B \text{ THEN } tx \text{ ELSE } [tx \text{ EXCEPT } !.ss = \{\}]:$ 
     $tx \in knowledge\}$ 
     $shared\_knowledge$  may not change here, callers need to check if they care
  IN  $shared\_knowledge' = shared\_knowledge \cup knowledge\_filtered$ 

 $ShareTransactions(ids, by) \triangleq$ 
  LET  $Ss(id) \triangleq (tx\_map[id].ss \cap signers\_map[by]) \setminus all\_secrets$ 

```

$txs \triangleq \{Tx(id, Ss(id), by, SingleDst(id), \text{"direct"}) : id \in ids\}$
 IN $\wedge ShareKnowledge(txs)$
 $\wedge shared_knowledge' \neq shared_knowledge$ not a new knowledge \Rightarrow fail

Txs enabled at the current cycle, used to update *per_block_enabled* vector

$NewlyEnabledTxs \triangleq$
 $\{tx \in$
 UNION
 $\{UNION$
 $\{$
 $\{$
 $Tx(id, tx_map[id].ss, sender, to, \text{"enabled"}) : to \in DstSet(id)$
 $\} : id \in RemainingTransactions$
 $\} : sender \in participants$
 $\} : \wedge \neg \exists etx \in UNION Range(per_block_enabled) : etx.id = tx.id$
 $\wedge IsSpendableTx(tx, ConfirmedTransactions)$
 $\}$

$SendTransactionToMempool(id, sender, to) \triangleq$
 LET $tx \triangleq Tx(id, tx_map[id].ss, sender, to, \text{"mempool"})$
 IN $\wedge IsSpendableTx(tx, SentTransactions)$
 $\wedge Len(blocks) < Deadline(id)$
 $\wedge mempool' = mempool \cup \{tx\}$
 $\wedge ShareKnowledge(\{tx\})$

Give *tx* directly to miner, bypassing global *mempool*

No *Deadline* check because information is not shared,

and after the block is mined, there's no possible contention

unless the block is orphaned. Orphan blocks are not modelled,

and therefore there's no need for additional restriction

as any state space restriction can possibly mask some other issue

$SendTransactionToMiner(id, sender, to) \triangleq$
 $\wedge STEALTHY_SEND_POSSIBLE$
 $\wedge LET tx \triangleq Tx(id, tx_map[id].ss, sender, to, \text{"miner"})$
 IN $\wedge IsSpendableTx(tx, NextBlockConfirmedTransactions)$
 $\wedge next_block' = next_block \cup \{tx\}$

$SendTransaction(id, sender, to) \triangleq$
 $\vee \wedge SendTransactionToMempool(id, sender, to)$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \wedge \text{UNCHANGED } next_block \\
& \vee \wedge SendTransactionToMiner(id, sender, to) \\
& \wedge \text{UNCHANGED } \langle mempool, shared_knowledge \rangle \\
SendSomeTransaction(ids, sender) & \triangleq \\
\text{LET } SendSome(filtered_ids) & \triangleq \\
& \exists id \in filtered_ids \setminus wont_send : \\
& \exists to \in (\text{IF } id \in ContractTransactions \\
& \quad \text{THEN } \{Contract\} \\
& \quad \text{ELSE } tx_map[id].ds \cap \{sender\}) : \\
& SendTransaction(id, sender, to) \\
terminal_ids & \triangleq ids \cap TerminalTransactions \\
\text{IN CASE } PARTICIPANTS_IRRATIONAL & \\
& \rightarrow SendSome(ids) \quad \text{Irrational participants do no prioritization} \\
\Box \text{ ENABLED } SendSome(terminal_ids) & \\
& \rightarrow SendSome(terminal_ids) \quad \text{Can send terminal } tx \Rightarrow \text{do it immediately} \\
\Box \text{ OTHER} & \\
& \rightarrow SendSome(ids \setminus terminal_ids) \\
HasCustody(ids, participant) & \triangleq \\
& \exists id \in ids : \exists tx \in \text{UNION } Range(blocks) : tx.id = id \wedge tx.to = participant \\
\text{Sharing secrets or keys has to occur before deadline to send } tx_success & \\
TooLateToShare & \triangleq Len(blocks) \geq Deadline(tx_success) \\
\text{Participant actions} & \\
\text{Helper operators to declutter the action expressions} & \\
NoSending & \triangleq \text{UNCHANGED } \langle mempool, next_block \rangle \\
NoKeysShared & \triangleq \text{UNCHANGED } signers_map \\
NoKnowledgeShared & \triangleq \text{UNCHANGED } shared_knowledge \\
AliceAction & \triangleq \\
\text{LET } Send(ids) & \triangleq SendSomeTransaction(ids, Alice) \\
Share(ids) & \triangleq ShareTransactions(ids, Alice) \\
SafeToSend(id) & \triangleq \\
& \text{CASE } PARTICIPANTS_IRRATIONAL \\
& \rightarrow \text{TRUE} \quad \text{Unsafe } txs \text{ are OK for irrational Alice} \\
\Box secretAlice \in tx_map[id].ss &
\end{aligned}$$

Once *Alice* shared *tx_success*, should never send out *secretAlice*
 $\rightarrow \vee tx_success \notin \{tx.id : tx \in shared_knowledge\}$
 $\vee id = tx_spend_B$ unless this is a transaction to get *B*
 which does not in fact expose secrets
 $\square \quad \text{OTHER} \rightarrow \text{TRUE}$

IN $\vee \wedge Send(\{id \in RemainingTransactions : SafeToSend(id)\})$
 $\wedge NoKeysShared$
 $\vee \wedge \{tx_lock_A, tx_lock_B\} \subseteq ConfirmedTransactions$
 $\wedge \neg(\{tx_success, tx_timeout\} \subseteq SharedTransactions)$
 $\wedge tx_refund_1 \notin SentTransactions$
 $\wedge Share(\{tx_success, tx_timeout\})$
 $\wedge NoSending \wedge NoKeysShared$
 $\vee \wedge \{tx_lock_A, tx_lock_B\} \subseteq ConfirmedTransactions$
 $\wedge \{tx_success, tx_refund_1, tx_timeout\} \subseteq SharedTransactions$
 $\wedge secretBob \in signers_map[Alice]$ Bob gave *Alice* his secret
 $\wedge sigAlice \notin signers_map[Bob]$ *Alice* did not yet gave *Bob* her key
 $\wedge tx_success \notin ConfirmedTransactions$ Swap went on-chain \Rightarrow no key sharing
 $\wedge \neg TooLateToShare$
 $\wedge signers_map' = [signers_map \text{ Give Alice's key to Bob}$
 $\text{EXCEPT } ![Bob] = @ \cup \{sigAlice\}]$
 $\wedge NoSending \wedge NoKnowledgeShared$

BobAction \triangleq
 LET *Send(ids)* $\triangleq SendSomeTransaction(ids, Bob)$
Share(ids) $\triangleq ShareTransactions(ids, Bob)$
 $tx_success_sigs \triangleq SigsAvailable(tx_success, Bob, Contract)$
 IN $\vee \wedge Send(RemainingTransactions)$
 $\wedge NoKeysShared \wedge \text{UNCHANGED } wont_send$
 $\vee \wedge tx_refund_1 \notin SharedTransactions$
 $\wedge tx_success \notin SentTransactions$
 $\wedge tx_timeout \notin SentTransactions$
 $\wedge Share(\{tx_refund_1\})$
 $\wedge wont_send' = wont_send \cup \{tx_timeout\}$
 $\wedge NoSending \wedge NoKeysShared$
 $\vee \wedge \{tx_lock_A, tx_lock_B\} \subseteq ConfirmedTransactions$
 $\wedge \{tx_success, tx_refund_1, tx_timeout\} \subseteq SharedTransactions$
 $\wedge tx_success \notin SentTransactions$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \wedge tx_timeout \notin SentTransactions \\
& \wedge secretAlice \notin tx_success_sigs \\
& \wedge secretBob \notin signers_map[Alice] \\
& \wedge \neg TooLateToShare \\
& \wedge signers_map' = [signers_map \text{ Give } secretBob \text{ to } Alice \\
& \quad \text{EXCEPT } ![Alice] = @ \cup \{secretBob\}] \\
& \wedge wont_send' = wont_send \setminus \{tx_timeout\} \\
& \wedge NoSending \wedge NoKnowledgeShared
\end{aligned}$$

MempoolMonitorActionRequired \triangleq
 $\exists tx \in mempool : \wedge Len(blocks) + 1 = Deadline(tx.id)$
 $\wedge tx.id \notin NextBlockTransactions$

We update *next_block* directly rather than having to deal with fees and prioritization. What we want to model is the behavior of participants where once they have sent the transaction, they do anything possible to meet the deadline set by the protocol to confirm the transaction. Failure to do so before the deadline is out of scope, even though it could be caused by some unexpected *mempool* behavior.

Exact *mempool* behavior is too low-level and is better modelled separately to check that high-level constraints can be met. Although if we were to have more complex model where the amounts available for each participant are tracked, it might make sense to include the fees and *mempool* behavior into the model of the contract to catch the cases when participants just can't bump fees anymore, for example.

We could just not model the *mempool* monitoring, and constrain state space such that states with late *txs* are invalid, to express that we don't care about the cases when participants fail to get their *txs* confirmed in time. But maybe there could be some interesting behaviors to be modelled if more elaborate monitor action is implemented

MempoolMonitorAction \triangleq
 LET $tx \triangleq \text{CHOOSE } tx \in mempool : Len(blocks) + 1 = Deadline(tx.id)$
 $txs_to_bump \triangleq \{tx\} \cup \{dptx \in mempool :$
 $\quad \wedge tx.id \in \text{DOMAIN } dependency_map$
 $\quad \wedge dptx.id = dependency_map[tx.id]$
 $\quad \wedge dptx.id \notin NextBlockTransactions\}$
 IN $next_block' =$
 $\{nbtx \in next_block : \text{conflicting } txs \text{ are expunged from } next_block$
 $\quad \{\} = DependencyChain(nbtx.id) \cap$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{UNION } \{ \text{ConflictingSet}(bmptx.id) : bmptx \in txs_to_bump \} \} \\ & \cup \{ [bmptx \text{ EXCEPT } !.via = \text{"fee-bump"}] : bmptx \in txs_to_bump \} \end{aligned}$$

Miner action

$$\begin{aligned} \text{IncludeTxIntoBlock} & \triangleq \\ & \wedge \exists tx \in mempool : \\ & \quad \wedge \{ \} = \text{ConflictingSet}(tx.id) \cap \text{NextBlockConfirmedTransactions} \\ & \quad \wedge \text{DependencySatisfied}(tx.id, \text{NextBlockConfirmedTransactions}) \\ & \quad \wedge next_block' = next_block \cup \{ tx \} \\ & \wedge \text{UNCHANGED } \langle blocks, mempool, shared_knowledge \rangle \end{aligned}$$

Needed to restrict the state space, so that model checking is feasible

$$\begin{aligned} \text{CanMineEmptyBlock} & \triangleq \\ & \wedge first_transaction \in \text{ConfirmedTransactions} \\ & \wedge \text{LET } soft_dls \triangleq \{ \text{SoftDeadline}(id) : id \in \text{RemainingTransactions} \} \\ & \quad \text{IN } soft_dls \neq \{ \} \wedge \text{Len}(blocks) + 1 < \text{Max}(soft_dls) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{MineTheBlock} & \triangleq \\ & \text{IF } next_block = \{ \} \\ & \quad \text{THEN } \wedge \text{CanMineEmptyBlock} \\ & \quad \quad \wedge blocks' = \text{Append}(blocks, \{ \}) \\ & \quad \quad \wedge \text{UNCHANGED } \langle mempool, next_block, shared_knowledge \rangle \\ & \quad \text{ELSE } \wedge blocks' = \text{Append}(blocks, next_block) \\ & \quad \quad \wedge mempool' = \\ & \quad \quad \quad \{ tx \in mempool : \text{conflicting } txs \text{ are expunged from } mempool \} \\ & \quad \quad \quad \{ \} = \text{DependencyChain}(tx.id) \cap \\ & \quad \quad \quad \text{UNION } \{ \text{ConflictingSet}(nbtx.id) : nbtx \in next_block \} \} \\ & \quad \quad \wedge next_block' = \{ \} \\ & \quad \quad \wedge \text{ShareKnowledge}(next_block \setminus mempool) \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{MinerAction} \triangleq \text{IncludeTxIntoBlock} \vee \text{MineTheBlock}$$

Auxiliary action for soft-deadline tracking

$$\begin{aligned} \text{UpdateEnabledPerBlock} & \triangleq \\ & per_block_enabled' = \\ & \quad \text{IF } \text{Len}(per_block_enabled) < \text{Len}(blocks) + 1 \\ & \quad \quad \text{THEN } \text{Append}(per_block_enabled, \text{NewlyEnabledTxes}) \\ & \quad \quad \text{ELSE } [per_block_enabled \text{ EXCEPT } ![\text{Len}(blocks) + 1] = @ \cup \text{NewlyEnabledTxes}] \end{aligned}$$

High-level contract spec

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{BobLostByBeingLateOnSuccess} &\triangleq \\
&\wedge \text{HasCustody}(\{tx_spend_B\}, \text{Alice}) \\
&\wedge \text{HasCustody}(\{tx_spend_refund_1\}, \text{Alice}) \\
\text{SwapUnnaturalEnding} &\triangleq \text{BobLostByBeingLateOnSuccess}
\end{aligned}$$

The normal, 'natural' cases.

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{SwapSuccessful} &\triangleq \\
&\wedge \text{HasCustody}(\{tx_spend_B\}, \text{Alice}) \\
&\wedge \text{HasCustody}(\{tx_spend_A, tx_spend_success, tx_spend_timeout\}, \text{Bob}) \\
\text{SwapAborted} &\triangleq \\
&\wedge \text{HasCustody}(\{tx_spend_A, tx_spend_refund_1\}, \text{Alice}) \\
&\wedge \vee \text{HasCustody}(\{tx_spend_B\}, \text{Bob}) \\
&\vee tx_lock_B \notin \text{SentTransactions} \\
\text{SwapDeadlocked} &\triangleq \\
\text{LET } stx &\triangleq Tx(tx_success, tx_map[tx_success].ss, \text{Bob}, \text{Contract}, \text{"test"}) \\
rtx &\triangleq Tx(tx_refund_1, tx_map[tx_refund_1].ss, \text{Alice}, \text{Contract}, \text{"test"}) \\
\text{IN } &\wedge \text{ConfirmedTransactions} = \{tx_lock_A, tx_lock_B\} \\
&\wedge \text{IsSpendableTx}(stx, \text{SentTransactions}) \\
&\wedge \text{IsSpendableTx}(rtx, \text{SentTransactions}) \\
&\wedge \neg \text{ENABLED } \text{AliceAction} \\
&\wedge \neg \text{ENABLED } \text{BobAction}
\end{aligned}$$

All possible endings of the contract

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{ContractFinished} &\triangleq \vee \text{SwapSuccessful} \\
&\vee \text{SwapAborted} \\
&\vee \text{SwapDeadlocked} \\
&\vee \text{PARTICIPANTS_IRRATIONAL} \wedge \text{SwapUnnaturalEnding}
\end{aligned}$$

Actions in the contract when it is not yet finished. Separated into dedicated operator to be able to test `ENABLED ContractAction`

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{ContractAction} &\triangleq \\
&\vee \text{AliceAction} \quad \wedge \text{UNCHANGED } \langle \text{blocks}, \text{wont_send} \rangle \\
&\vee \text{BobAction} \quad \wedge \text{UNCHANGED } \text{blocks} \\
&\vee \text{IF } \text{MempoolMonitorActionRequired}
\end{aligned}$$

THEN *MempoolMonitorAction* \wedge UNCHANGED *unchangedByMM*
 ELSE *MinerAction* \wedge UNCHANGED $\langle \text{signers_map}, \text{wont_send} \rangle$

Invariants

TypeOK \triangleq

LET *TxConsistent*(*tx*, *vias*) \triangleq $\wedge tx.id \in all_transactions$
 $\wedge tx.ss \subseteq tx_map[tx.id].ss$
 $\wedge tx.to \in DstSet(tx.id)$
 $\wedge tx.by \in participants$
 $\wedge tx.via \in vias$

AllSigsPresent(*tx*) $\triangleq tx.ss = tx_map[tx.id].ss$

SigConsistent(*sig*) \triangleq $\wedge sig.id \in all_transactions$
 $\wedge sig.s \in all_sigs$
 $\wedge sig.ds \subseteq participants$

$\cup \text{DOMAIN } dependency_map$

IN $\wedge \forall tx \in \text{UNION } Range(blocks) :$
 $\vee \wedge TxConsistent(tx, \{ "mempool", "miner", "fee-bump" \})$
 $\wedge AllSigsPresent(tx)$
 $\vee Print(\langle \sim TypeOK \text{ blocks}, tx \rangle, FALSE)$
 $\wedge \forall tx \in \text{UNION } Range(per_block_enabled) :$
 $\vee \wedge TxConsistent(tx, \{ "enabled" \})$
 $\wedge AllSigsPresent(tx)$
 $\vee Print(\langle \sim TypeOK \text{ blocks}, tx \rangle, FALSE)$
 $\wedge \forall tx \in next_block :$
 $\vee \wedge TxConsistent(tx, \{ "mempool", "miner", "fee-bump" \})$
 $\wedge AllSigsPresent(tx)$
 $\vee Print(\langle \sim TypeOK \text{ next_block}, tx \rangle, FALSE)$
 $\wedge \forall tx \in mempool :$
 $\vee \wedge TxConsistent(tx, \{ "mempool" \})$
 $\wedge AllSigsPresent(tx)$
 $\vee Print(\langle \sim TypeOK \text{ mempool}, tx \rangle, FALSE)$
 $\wedge \forall tx \in shared_knowledge :$
 $\vee TxConsistent(tx, \{ "mempool", "miner", "fee-bump", "direct" \})$
 $\vee Print(\langle \sim TypeOK \text{ shared_knowledge}, tx \rangle, FALSE)$
 $\wedge \forall p \in \text{DOMAIN } signers_map :$
 $\vee p \in participants \wedge \forall sig \in signers_map[p] : sig \in all_sigs$
 $\vee Print(\langle \sim TypeOK \text{ signers_map}, p \rangle, FALSE)$

OnlyWhenParticipantsAreRational \triangleq
PARTICIPANTS_IRRATIONAL
 $\Rightarrow \text{Assert}(\text{FALSE}, \text{"Not applicable when participants are not rational"})$

NoConcurrentSecretKnowledge \triangleq
 \wedge *OnlyWhenParticipantsAreRational*
 \wedge LET *SecretsShared* \triangleq
 $(\text{all_secrets} \cap \text{UNION } \{tx.ss : tx \in \text{shared_knowledge}\})$
 $\cup (\{\text{secretBob}\} \cap \text{signers_map}[\text{Alice}])$
 $\cup (\{\text{secretAlice}\} \cap \text{signers_map}[\text{Bob}])$
IN $\text{Cardinality}(\text{SecretsShared}) \leq 1$

NoConflictingTransactions \triangleq
LET *ConflictCheck*(*txs*) \triangleq
LET *ids* $\triangleq \{tx.id : tx \in txs\}$
IN $\wedge \text{Cardinality}(\text{ids}) = \text{Cardinality}(txs)$
 $\wedge \forall id \in ids : \text{ConflictingSet}(id) \cap ids = \{id\}$
IN $\wedge \text{ConflictCheck}(\text{UNION } \text{Range}(\text{blocks}) \cup \text{next_block})$
 $\wedge \text{ConflictCheck}(\text{UNION } \text{Range}(\text{blocks}) \cup \text{mempool})$

NoSingleParticipantTakesAll \triangleq
 \wedge *OnlyWhenParticipantsAreRational*
 $\wedge \forall p \in \text{participants} :$
LET *txs_to_p* $\triangleq \{tx \in \text{UNION } \text{Range}(\text{blocks}) : tx.to = p\}$
IN $\text{Cardinality}(\{tx.id : tx \in txs_to_p\}) \leq 1$

TransactionTimelocksEnforced \triangleq
 $\wedge \forall tx \in \text{mempool} : \text{Len}(\text{blocks}) \geq \text{TimelockExpirationHeight}(tx.id)$
 $\wedge \text{STEALTHY_SEND_POSSIBLE}$
 $\Rightarrow \forall tx \in \text{next_block} : \text{Len}(\text{blocks}) \geq \text{TimelockExpirationHeight}(tx.id)$

ExpectedStateOnAbort \triangleq
SwapAborted
 \Rightarrow LET *ids_left* \triangleq IF ENABLED *ContractAction* THEN $\{tx_lock_B\}$ ELSE $\{\}$
IN $\text{RemainingTransactions} \subseteq \{tx_spend_B\} \cup \text{ids_left}$

ExpectedStateOnSuccess \triangleq
SwapSuccessful $\Rightarrow \wedge \neg \text{ENABLED } \text{ContractAction} \vee \text{Print}(\langle \text{ENABLED } \text{AliceAction}, \text{ENABLED } B$
 $\wedge \text{RemainingTransactions} = \{\}$
 $\wedge \text{mempool} = \{\}$

$$\wedge next_block = \{\}$$

Can use this invariant to check if certain state can be reached.

If the CounterExample invariant is violated, then the state has been reached.

$$CounterExample \triangleq \text{TRUE} \wedge \dots$$

Temporal properties

$$ContractEventuallyFinished \triangleq \Diamond ContractFinished$$

Init & Next

$$Init \triangleq$$

$$\wedge blocks = \langle \rangle$$

$$\wedge per_block_enabled = \langle \rangle$$

$$\wedge next_block = \{\}$$

$$\wedge mempool = \{\}$$

$$\wedge shared_knowledge = \{\}$$

$$\wedge wont_send = \{\}$$

$$\wedge signers_map = [Alice \mapsto \{sigAlice, secretAlice\}, \\ Bob \mapsto \{sigBob, secretBob\}]$$

$$Next \triangleq \vee \wedge ContractAction$$

$$\wedge UpdateEnabledPerBlock$$

$$\vee ContractFinished \wedge \text{UNCHANGED } fullState$$

$$Spec \triangleq Init \wedge \Box[Next]_{fullState} \wedge \text{WF}_{fullState}(Next)$$