

Lecture 14 'Trust' – the Foundational Value in Relationship

About this Material and Effort on Universal Human Values

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We acknowledge, with deep gratitude, the existence, the entire nature and effort by generations of human beings for understanding and living by truth, love and compassion. The UHV effort is in continuation of this human tradition.

Guidelines for this effort and further efforts in this direction:

- Universal the content must be universal applicable to all human beings and be true at all times, in all places Should not depend on sect, creed, nationality, race, gender, etc.
- Rational the content must be amenable to logical reasoning Should not be based on blind beliefs
- Verifiable the student should be able to verify the values on his/her own right (on the basis of their natural acceptance and experiential validation)
 - Should not be asked to believe just because it is stated in the course
- Leading to Harmony the values have to enable us to live in peace and harmony within our own self as well as with others (human being and rest of nature)
 - Should not lead to contradiction, differentiation, sectarianism, struggle, chaos, etc.



Basic Human Aspiration

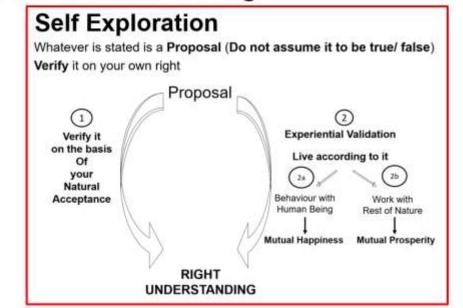
Continuous Happiness and Prosperity

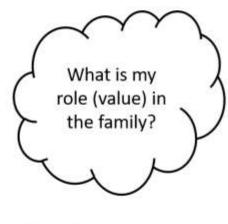
Happiness is to be in Harmony

Program for Fulfilment of Human Aspiration



Process of Understanding







Need to Explore Relationship

- We had explored "can we live in relationship without understanding relationship?" Having right understanding about relationship is necessary for fulfillment in relationship
- We had also explored "the unhappiness in our families is more due to lack of physical facility or more due to lack of fulfillment in relationship?"
- The major issue in family is that of relationship; physical facility (and body) is used as a means

As long as we consider human being to be body, it is not possible to understand relationship; and without understanding relationship, it is not possible to fulfill relationship, even though we do want to fulfill relationship. We are trying to assume relationship on the basis of body and trying to fulfill relationship on the basis of body, and it does not work, inspite of all good intentions

Now we can explore relationship with the clarity of human being, as co-existence of self and body



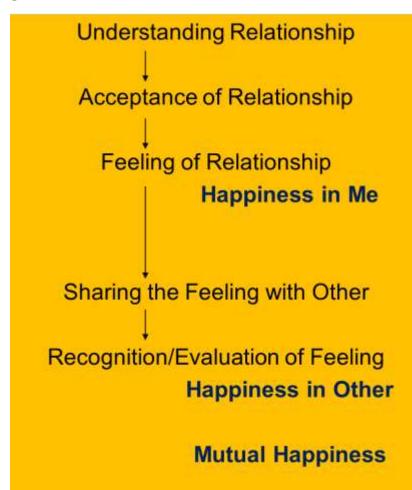
Harmony in the Family

- 1. Relationship is between one self (I₁) and another self (I₂)
- 2. There are feelings in relationship in one self (I_1) for the other self (I_2)
- 3. These feelings can be recognized they are definite (9 Feelings)
- 4. Their fulfilment, evaluation leads to mutual happiness

Feelings in relationship:

- 1- Trust fo"okl FOUNDATION VALUE 6- Reverence J)k
- 2- Respect | Eeku
- 3- Affection Lusq
- 4- Care eerk
- 5- Guidance okRIY;

- 7- Glory xkSjo
- 8- Gratitude —rKrk
- 9- Love izse complete value





Trust (fo"okl)

- Trust = to be assured (vk"oLr gksuk)
 - = to have the clarity that the other wants to make me happy & prosperous
 - = nwljk esjs lq[k] le`f) ds vFkZ esa gS] ,slk Li'V gksuk

Now, let us explore this feeling of trust between two individuals

- You are the first individual
- Think of the other as someone in your family... close friends

And let us ask some simple questions...



Evaluating Trust – Between 2 Individuals

About your Natural Acceptance

- 1a. I want to make myself happy
- 2a. I want to make the other happy
- 3a. The other wants to make herself/himself happy
- 4a. The other wants to make me happy



<u>Intention – Natural Acceptance</u>

What is Naturally Acceptable to You

About your Ability

- 1b. I am able to make myself always happy ?
- 2b. I am able to make the other always happy?
- 3b. The other is able to make herself/himself? always happy
- 4b. The other is able to make me always ?? happy



Competence

What You Are (∑ D, T, E)



Doubt on Intention: Mistrust

About your Natural Acceptance

- 1a. I want to make myself happy
- 2a. I want to make the other happy
- 3a. The other wants to make herself/himself happy
- 4a. The other wants to make me happy

About your Ability

- 1b. I am able to make myself always happy?
- 2b. I am able to make the other always happy?
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<u>Intention – Natural Acceptance</u>

What is Naturally Acceptable to You

Competence

What You Are (∑ D, T, E)



About the Other

About Myself

The other broke a glass

The glass broke by accident

If the other makes a mistake even once...

Even if I make the same mistake 100 times...

I doubt his intention

I never doubt my intention

He makes mistakes intentionally

I make mistakes by accident

 I have a feeling of opposition, get irritated, angry... – I have a feeling "I am special"

- I reinforce "The other is bad", can not improve

 I reinforce "I am good". I do not make effort to improve my own competence



Doubt on intention is a major reason for problems in relationships



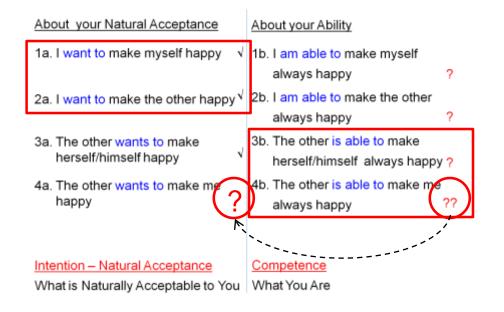
Common Mistake in Relationship

I evaluate myself on the basis of my intention

I evaluate the other on the basis of their competence

I doubt their intention. I assume their lack of competence to be their lack of intention → I feel opposed to the other, I get irritated, angry...

I may not speak to the other for days... or even breakup the relationship... One may have lost many good friends like this...



Doubt on intention is a major reason for problems in relationships

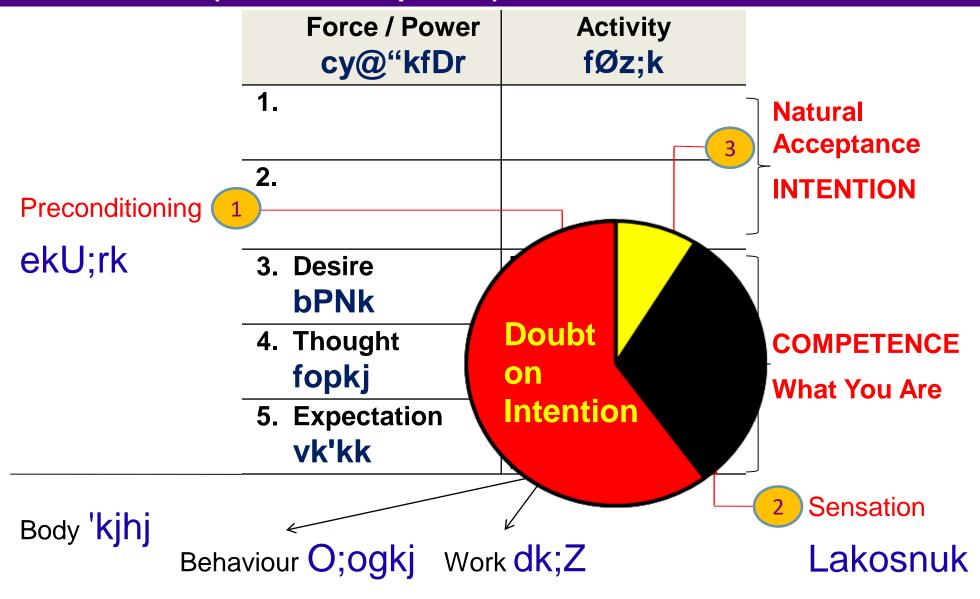


Distinguishing between Intention (Natural Acceptance) and Desire

Desire is not the same as Natural Acceptance

(only a small set of Desires may be guided by Natural Acceptance...

A larger set of desires may be motivated by Preconditioning or Sensation)





If you have unconditional, continuous trust on intention (natural acceptance) of the other and if the other is lacking competence, what will you do:

- a) Try to improve his competence (and also improve your competence)
- Trust on Intention → Response

- b) Get irritated
- c) Get angry
- d) Have a feeling of opposition

Doubt on Intention → Reaction



How many persons, in your family and friends, do you have trust on intention (natural acceptance) — unconditional, continuous?



This is fundamental. Trust on intention is the foundation of relationship

You can get an idea of the state of your understanding about relationship from this exploration...



Trust: To have the clarity that the other intends to make me happy

About your Natural Acceptance

- 1a. I want to make myself happy
- 2a. I want to make the other happy
- 3a. The other wants to make herself/himself happy
- 4a. The other wants to make me happy

About your Ability

- 1b. I am able to make myself always happy ?
- 2b. I am able to make the other always happy?
- 3b. The other is able to make herself/himself?
 always happy
- 4b. The other is able to make me always ?'
 happy

<u>Intention – Natural Acceptance</u>

What is Naturally Acceptable to You

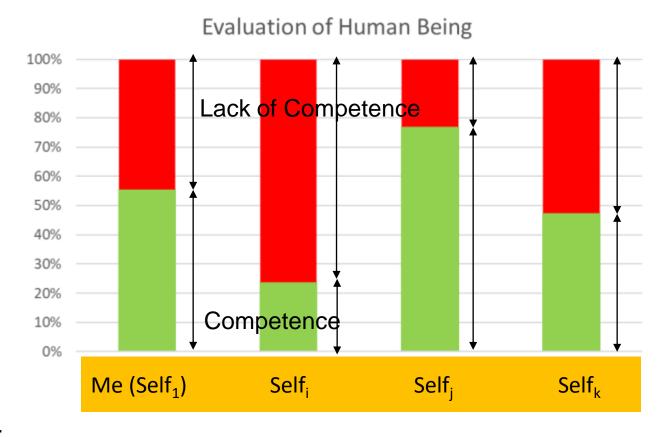
Competence

What You Are $(\sum D, T, E)$



Trust

The Natural
Acceptance
(Intention) is
same in
every human
being



Competence = the % of imagination guided by Natural Acceptance

Competence of various people may be quite different

Take-away:

Trust on Intention (Natural Acceptance)

I am able to see that the other has a natural acceptance (intention) to make me happy s(he) may or may not have the competence to do so



About the Other

About Myself

The glass broke by accident

The glass broke by accident

Even if the other makes the same mistake 100 times...

When I make a mistake even once...

I am clear about his intention

I am clear about my intention

 I know the mistake is due to lack of competence, not a lack of intention I know the mistake is due to lack of competence, not a lack of intention

 I make effort to help improve his competence with a feeling of affection I make effort to improve my own competence (I am willing to learn)

I know that "he may have difficulty understanding... and also, I may have difficulty in explaining..."

Trust on intention is the starting point for mutual development



Trust: The Foundation of Relationship

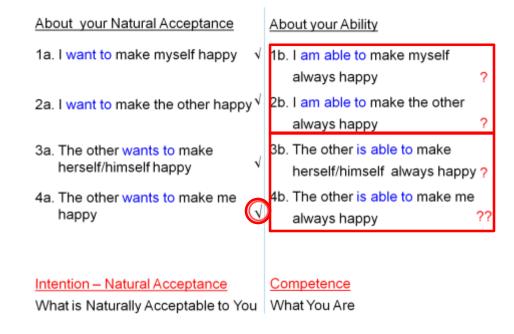
With trust on intention, I feel related to the other (I accept the relationship)

When I make a program with the other

- I evaluate his competence as well as my competence and
- I make the program in accordance with our current mutual competence

I am consistently making effort to learn, to improve my competence

If the other is lacking in competence, I am committed to help the other to improve his competence, without becoming irritated...



Trust on intention is the starting point for mutual development





Understanding Trust

Assuming Trust

Being able to see that all human beings have the same natural acceptance (intention) as me "Trust" on competence is based on events – can keep changing

Trust on intention is founded on understanding (not based on events)

The last 5 times I lent her money, she returned it on time... so I can trust her

It does not keep changing with time or person. So it can be unconditional and continuous

He said he will reach at 11, but look it is after 12 now... he always comes late... so how can I trust him to be on time?

Of course, the competence may or may not be there – in me or in the other

Here we are not looking at the natural acceptance (intention). We are only seeing the competence



Sum Up

- Trust is to have the clarity that the other wants to make me happy & prosperous.
- Trust is the foundation of relationship
- If I am aware of my natural acceptance, I have trust on intention
- I feel related to the other (I accept the relationship)
- When I make a program with the other, it is based on right evaluation of our mutual competence
 - In case the other is lacking in competence
 - I make effort to assure the other
 - I make effort to improve his competence once he is assured in relationship (and not before that)
 - If I lack competence, I become ready to take help from the other to improve my competence

If I am unaware of my natural acceptance, I may have doubt on intention

- I evaluate the other on the basis of his competence and assume the lack of competence to be the lack of intention; and thus feel opposed to him (while I evaluate myself on intention)
- This feeling of opposition shows up as irritation or anger (and it may further lead to fighting, struggle and war)





Assignment for Today

List the members in your family. Now ask the eight questions regarding trust for each person and evaluate. Get into dialogue if required.

- 1a. Do I want to make myself happy?
- 2a. Do I want to make the other happy?
- 3a. Does the other want to make himself/herself happy?
- 4a. Does the other want to make me happy?
- 1b. Am I able to make myself always happy?
- 2b. Am I able to make the other always happy?
- 3b. Is the other able to make himself/herself always happy?
- 4b. Is the other able to make me always happy?

Now evaluate your

intention (natural acceptance) and

level of competence



- 1. How many persons, in your family and friends, do you have trust on intention (natural acceptance) unconditional, continuous?
 - You always make effort to improve mutual competence (your own competence as well as the competence of the other) rather than getting irritated, angry or having a feeling of opposition (even for a moment)
- 2. Can you see that the problems in relationship have more to do with lack of understanding relationship rather than with lack of physical facility?
- 3. When you have a feeling of opposition, get irritated or angry, observe your desire, thought, expectation can you observe the doubt you have on the intention of the other?
- 4. Can you see your own intention (natural acceptance) clearly? [Then you can conclude about the intention of the other also]
- What is the basis for trust on intention...
 - Right understanding (of Human Being, Human Relationship...)
 - Experience of events

What is the basis for trust...

- Right understanding of Human Being
- Experience of events

Feeling based on right understanding can be unconditional, continuous...

What is the role of physical facility

- in understanding trust
- in expressing the feeling of trust

Like this we can find out the role of physical facility in the fulfillment of relationship

Except for the feeling of care, the role of physical facility is not there or is just symbolic

Where would you start

- expect or demand trust from the other
- make effort to develop the feeling of trust in yourself and to express it to the other



Key Points

Lecture 14: 'Trust' – the Foundational Value in Relationship

Basic Human Aspiration

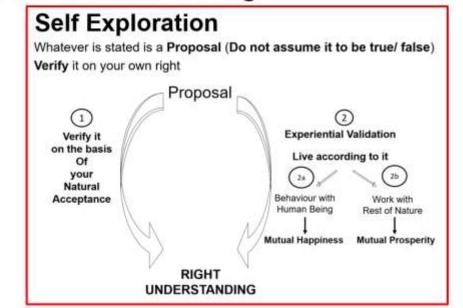
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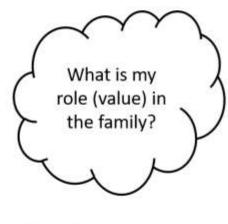
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4- Care eerk

9- Love izse complete value

5- Guidance okRIY;

Understanding Relationship Acceptance of Relationship Feeling of Relationship Happiness in Me Sharing the Feeling with Other Recognition/Evaluation of Feeling **Happiness in Other Mutual Happiness**



Trust (fo"okl)

Trust = to be assured (vk"oLr gksuk)

- = to have the clarity that the other wants to make me happy & prosperous
- = nwljk esjs lq[k] le`f) ds vFkZ esa gS] ,slk Li'V gksuk



Doubt on Intention: Mistrust

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<u>Intention – Natural Acceptance</u>

What is Naturally Acceptable to You

Competence

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FAQs for Lecture 14

'Trust' – the Foundational Value in Relationship

Feelings based on Understanding – Feelings in Me

Understanding Relationship Acceptance of Relationship Role of Education Feeling of Relationship In me – unconditional, continuous **Happiness in Me** Sharing the Feeling with Other Expression of feeling (through Body, as and when required) Recognition/Evaluation of Feeling **Happiness in Other Mutual Happiness** → Harmony in the Family

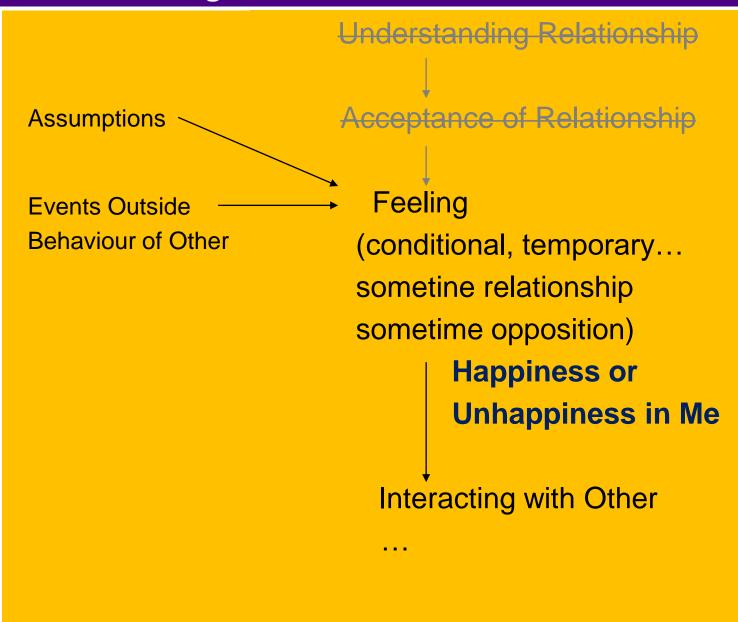


Feelings based on Assumptions, Events – Feelings borrowed from Other

My feelings are conditional, may change from time to time...

My feelings are decided by my own assumptions or outside events / behaviour of other

My state (happiness/unhappiness) is decided/dictated by the other (I am in a state of enslavement)





Question(s): Intention

Response

 Does everybody really have the right intention – they could be corrupt people... thieves, rapists, murderers... terrorists...

 Intention has to with natural acceptance, and we can see that every human being has same natural acceptance, hence, right intention. However, their competence may be different i.e. their desire, thought, expectation may be different. For example, one may have desire to fulfill others while the other may have desire for exploiting other (at that level they could be corrupt people... thieves, rapists, murderers... terrorists). So, at the level of desires, there may be difference. What we are saying is that we have to have trust on intention but, when it comes to making a program with him, we evaluate our mutual competence and decide for the program on the basis of it.



Question(s): Intention

Response

 How can we trust everybody, even people we have never met? Isn't it blindly trusting everyone?

 If a person is making the same mistake again and again, even after drawing his attention to the mistake, can we say his intention is right?

- What we are saying is that we have to have trust on intention but, when it comes to making a program with him, we evaluate our mutual competence and decide for the program on the basis of it. So, it is not a question of blidly trusting the other, deciding the program on the basis of proper evaluation of the competence of the other.
- •Yes. There is problem with his competence; this we can verify for our own case, we have right intention but we keep making many mistakes again and again. Now, we both have to work to improve upon his competence.



Question(s): Trust

Response

• Don't you think that if we keep trusting others and quietly keep accepting their behaviour, then they will keep taking advantage of us?

 Quite likely. This may happen to begin with, but slowly the other person will accept your feeling and there will be some space created in the other, then the dialogue can begin and we can together explore into the proposals regarding relationship. Sometime, we may have to be very tough to draw the attention of the other, but that is making the program based on our mutual competence with the feeling of trust on intention. For example, a mother will stop the child from putting his hand in fire by force, but with a feeling of affection.

• If I start trusting everyone, I will get cheated. I don't think we should start trusting right away. So my question is, for how long should we observe someone before trusting them?

•Till we are able to evaluate his competence properly.



Question(s): Trust

Response

• If someone you rely on or believe in breaks your trust, how can we keep trusting them continuously? And what to do with them?

• As we said, we have to make the program on the basis of proper evaluation of our mutual competence. It is possible that our eveluation may not be correct, and it may have problem. So, we have to work on reevaluating our mutual competence.



Question(s): Helping Other

 Now I can see the problem with my spouse – s(he) doubts my intention! So what should be my next step?

• I have the right intention and I want to help the other to improve his competence, but he does not listen. What should I do?

 How many times, for how long should you help the other to improve their competence?
 10 times? What if the other does not really want to improve?

Response

sanskar

• An interesting case in a workshop- 'now, I understand, the problem is that my wife doubts my intention!' the next step is to have trust on intention of your spouse, and the process may start with it.

•You have the intention, but you have to develop the competence. Only when your behaviour is fulfilling for the other that he will feel assured of you and a dialogue will start. Then, he will be ready to listen to you.

•It depends on competence of both. If, you find that presently, there is problem with your competence (sanskar) as well as the competence of the other, then it may be better to give time and work on improving one's own

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Question(s):

Response

 What is the difference between reaction and response? Reaction and response- described in the next slide



Reaction Response You decide your feeling on your own right You decide your feeling based on the behaviour of the other It depends on whether you like or dislike the It is based on right understanding You always have the right feeling (taste of the) behaviour of the other It is definite and unconditional - If the other behaves properly, you have a The behavior of the other is only an right feeling and may behave properly - If the other misbehaves, you have a wrong indicator of the state of the other With that input you decide your behaviour to feeling and you may also misbehave ensure mutual happiness Your "remote control" is with the others

You decide your own behaviour You are self-organised

Your conduct is definite

Your conduct is indefinite

You are enslaved

Question(s):

Response

• I always thought that desire and intention are exactly the same. Also there is confusion between desire and natural acceptance. Can you clarify these 3 words?

 We have already clarified about these therenatural acceptance, intention and desire.
 Intention has to with natural acceptance, and we can see that every human being has same natural acceptance, hence, right intention. However, their competence may be different i.e. their desire, thought, expectation may be different.

 What do you mean by competence? I mean I can find out their skills – is that their competence?

 Competence means your desire, thought and expectation that you have accumulated as discussed in the session. Skill is a part of it.

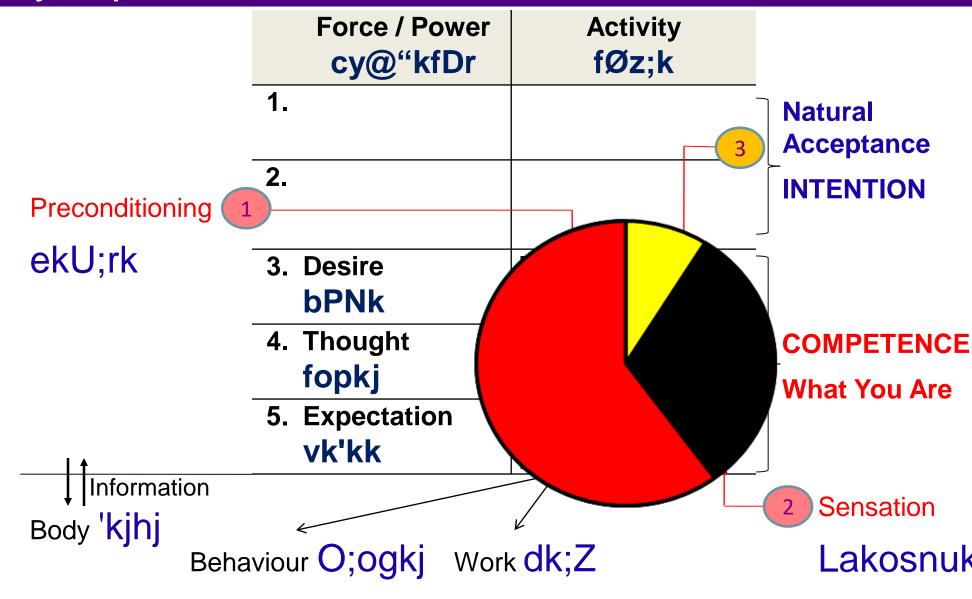


Intention and Desire may be quite different

Intention (natural acceptance), pure

Desire (part of competence) could be motivated by three sources...

Only a fraction of the desires may be in line with intention (natural acceptance)





Competence

Competence = Accumulated imagination (desire, thought and expectation)... (skill is a part of competence, not all of it)

Right evaluation of competence

evaluation of how much of the imagination is motivated by natural acceptance. It includes evaluation of the skills related to work



Contemporary evaluation of competence evaluation of skill

+
evaluation of attitude / likeability

Reflect: How would you evaluate someone who is highly skilled, but poor at teamwork? moderately skilled, but good at teamwork?

