

S.No: 1	Exp. Name: <i>sample programs on operator precedence and associativity</i>	Date: 2023-09-12
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Aim:

Write a java program to demonstrate operator precedence and associativity

Source Code:

OperatorPrecedence.java

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class OperatorPrecedence{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        int x,result;
        System.out.print("Enter a num: ");
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        x=sc.nextInt();
        result=x++ +x++*--x/x++ - --x+3>>1|2;
        System.out.println("The operation going is x++ + x++ * --x / x++ - --x + 3 >> 1 | 2");
        System.out.println("result = "+result);
    }
}
```

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Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1

User Output

Enter a num:

4

The operation going is x++ + x++ * --x / x++ - --x + 3 >> 1 | 2

result = 3

Test Case - 2

User Output

Enter a num:

-3

The operation going is x++ + x++ * --x / x++ - --x + 3 >> 1 | 2

result = 2

S.No: 2	Exp. Name: <i>Sample program on java to demonstrate Control structures</i>	Date: 2023-09-12
---------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------	------------------

Aim:

write a java program that uses if-else control statement and print the result

Source Code:

Control.java

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class Control{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        int x,y,z;
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter first num : ");
        x=sc.nextInt();
        System.out.print("Enter second num : ");
        y=sc.nextInt();
        z=x+y;
        if(z<20){
            System.out.println("x + y is less than 20");
        }
        else{
            System.out.println("x + y is greater than 20");
        }
    }
}
```

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Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
Enter first num :
13
Enter second num :
5
x + y is less than 20

Test Case - 2
User Output
Enter first num :
24
Enter second num :
10
x + y is greater than 20

S.No: 3	Exp. Name: <i>Sample Program to demonstrate constructor</i>	Date: 2023-10-06
---------	--------------------------------------------------------------------	------------------

Aim:

Write a program to demonstrate constructor class

Source Code:

Student.java

```
class Student{
    int num;
    String name;
    //method to display the value of num and name
    void display(){
        System.out.println(num+" "+name);
    }
    public static void main(String args[]){
        //creating objects
        Student s1=new Student();
        Student s2=new Student();
        //displaying values of the object
        s1.display();
        s2.display();
    }
}
```

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Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
0 null
0 null

S.No: 4	Exp. Name: <i>Sample program to demonstrate destructor</i>	Date: 2023-10-06
---------	-------------------------------------------------------------------	------------------

Aim:

Write a program to demonstrate destructor class

Source Code:

DestructorExample.java

```
public class DestructorExample{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        DestructorExample de=new DestructorExample();
        de.finalize();
        de=null;
        System.gc();
        System.out.println("Inside the main() method");
    }
    protected void finalize()
    {
        System.out.println("Object is destroyed by the Garbage Collector");
    }
}
```

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Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
Object is destroyed by the Garbage Collector
Inside the main() method
Object is destroyed by the Garbage Collector

S.No: 5	Exp. Name: A program to print Half pyramid pattern	Date: 2023-09-12
---------	-----------------------------------------------------------	------------------

Aim:

Write a Java program to print Half Pyramid pattern.

Source Code:

HalfPyramid.java

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class HalfPyramid{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter no of rows : ");
        int rows=sc.nextInt();
        for(int i=1;i<=rows;i++)
        {
            for(int j=1;j<=i;j++)
            {
                System.out.print("* ");
            }
            System.out.print("\n");
        }
    }
}
```

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Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1

User Output

```
Enter no of rows :
5
*
* *
* * *
* * * *
* * * * *
```

Test Case - 2

User Output

```
Enter no of rows :
3
*
* *
* * *
```

Test Case - 3

User Output

Enter no of rows :

```
10
*
* *
* * *
* * * *
* * * * *
* * * * * *
* * * * * * *
* * * * * * * *
* * * * * * * * *
```

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S.No: 6	Exp. Name: A program to print Inverted Half pyramid pattern	Date: 2023-09-12
---------	--------------------------------------------------------------------	------------------

Aim:

Write a Program to Print Inverted Half Pyramid Pattern

Source Code:

HalfPyramidRev.java

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class HalfPyramidRev{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter no of rows : ");
        int rows=sc.nextInt();
        for(int i=1;i<=rows;i++){
            for(int j=rows;j>=i;j--){
                System.out.print("* ");
            }
            System.out.print("\n");
        }
    }
}
```

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Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1

User Output

Enter no of rows :

5

* * * * *

* * * *

* * *

* *

*

Test Case - 2

User Output

Enter no of rows :

3

* * *

* *

*

S.No: 7	Exp. Name: A program to print Hollow Inverted Half Pyramid Pattern	Date: 2023-09-12
---------	---------------------------------------------------------------------------	------------------

Aim:

Write a Program to Print Hollow Inverted half Pyramid Pattern

Source Code:

HollowHalfPyramidRev.java

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class HollowHalfPyramidRev{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter no of rows : ");
        int n=sc.nextInt();
        for(int i=1;i<=n;i++){
            for(int j=n;j>=i;j--){
                if((j==n)|| (i==j)|| (i==1)){
                    System.out.print("* ");
                }
                else{
                    System.out.print("  ");
                }
            }
            System.out.print("\n");
        }
    }
}
```

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Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
Enter no of rows :
5
* * * * *
* * *
* *
* *
*

Test Case - 2
User Output
Enter no of rows :
3
* * *
* *
*

Aim:

Write a Program to Print Pyramid Pattern

Source Code:

Pyramid.java

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Pyramid{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter no of rows : ");
        int rows=sc.nextInt();
        for(int i=1;i<=rows;i++){
            for(int k=1;k<=rows-i;k++){
                System.out.print(" ");
            }
            for(int j=1;j<=i;j++){
                System.out.print("*"+" ");
            }
            System.out.print("\n");
        }
    }
}
```

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Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1

User Output

Enter no of rows :

5

*
* *
* * *
* * * *
* * * * *

Test Case - 2

User Output

Enter no of rows :

6

*
* *
* * *
* * * *
* * * * *

S.No: 9	Exp. Name: <i>A program to print Inverted Pyramid Pattern</i>	Date: 2023-09-12
---------	----------------------------------------------------------------------	------------------

Aim:

Write a Program to Print inverted Pyramid Pattern

Source Code:

PyramidRev.java

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class PyramidRev{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter no of rows : ");
        int rows=sc.nextInt();
        for(int i=rows;i>=1;i--){
            for(int k=1;k<=rows-i;k++){
                System.out.print(" ");
            }
            for(int j=1;j<=i;j++){
                System.out.print("*"+" ");
            }
            System.out.print("\n");
        }
    }
}
```

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Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1

User Output

Enter no of rows :

5

* * * * *

* * * *

* * *

* *

*

Test Case - 2

User Output

Enter no of rows :

6

* * * * * *

* * * * *

* * * *

* * *

*

S.No: 10	Exp. Name: A program to print Hollow Pyramid Pattern	Date: 2023-09-12
----------	-------------------------------------------------------------	------------------

Aim:

Write a Program to print the Hollow pyramid pattern

Source Code:

PyramidGap.java

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class PyramidGap{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        int i,n,j;
        Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter no of rows : ");
        n = input.nextInt();
        for(i=1;i<=n;i++){
            for(j=1;j<=n-i;j++){
                System.out.print(" ");
            }
            for(j=1;j<=i;j++){
                if(j==1||j==i||i==n){
                    System.out.print("* ");
                }
                else{
                    System.out.print(" ");
                }
            }
            System.out.println();
        }
    }
}
```

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Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1	
User Output	
Enter no of rows :	
5	
*	
* *	
* * *	
* * *	
* * * *	

Test Case - 2	
User Output	
Enter no of rows :	
6	

*
* *
* *
* *
* *
* * * * *

Aim:

Write Java program on use of Inheritance.

Create a class Vehicle

- contains the data members **color** of String type and **speed** and **size** of integer data type.
- write a method **setVehicleAttributes()** to initialize the data members

Create another class Car which is derived from the class Vehicle

- contains the data members **cc** and **gears** of integer data type
- write a method **setCarAttributes()** to initialize the data members
- write a method **displayCarAttributes()** which will display all the attributes.

Write another class InheritanceDemo with **main()** it receives five arguments **color**, **speed**, **size**, **cc** and **gears**.

Source Code:**InheritanceDemo.java**

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class Vehicle{
    String color;
    int speed;
    int size;
    void setVehicleAttributes(String c,String s,String sp){
        color = c;
        speed = Integer.parseInt(s);
        size = Integer.parseInt(sp);
    }
}
class Car extends Vehicle {
    int CC;
    int gears;
    void setCarAttributes(String c,String s,String sp,String cce,String gear){
        setVehicleAttributes(c,s,sp);
        CC = Integer.parseInt(cce);
        gears = Integer.parseInt(gear);
        displayCarAttributes();
    }
    void displayCarAttributes(){
        System.out.println("Color of Car : "+color);
        System.out.println("Speed of Car : "+speed);
        System.out.println("Size of Car : "+size);
        System.out.println("CC of Car : "+CC);
        System.out.println("No of gears of Car : "+gears);
    }
}
public class InheritanceDemo{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        Car b1 = new Car();
        b1.setCarAttributes(args[0],args[1],args[2],args[3],args[4]);
    }
}
```

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
Color of Car : Blue
Speed of Car : 100
Size of Car : 20
CC of Car : 1000
No of gears of Car : 5

Test Case - 2
User Output
Color of Car : Orange
Speed of Car : 120
Size of Car : 25
CC of Car : 900
No of gears of Car : 5

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S.No: 12	Exp. Name: <i>write a java program to prevent inheritance using abstract class.</i>	Date: 2023-10-10
----------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	------------------

Aim:

write a java program to prevent inheritance using abstract class.

- Create an abstract class **Shape**
- Create a class **Rectangle** which extends the class **Shape**
- Class Rectangle contains a method **draw** whcih prints **drawing rectangle**
- Create another class **circle1** which extends **Shape**
- Class circle1 contains a method **draw** whcih prints **drawing circle**
- Create a main class **TestAbstraction1**
- Create object for the class circle1 and called the method draw

Source Code:

TestAbstraction1.java

```
abstract class shape{
    abstract void draw();
}
class Rectangle extends shape
{
    void draw()
    {
        System.out.println("drawing rectangle");
    }
}
class Circle1 extends shape
{
    void draw()
    {
        System.out.println("drawing circle");
    }
}
class TestAbstraction1{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        shape s = new Circle1();
        s.draw();
    }
}
```

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Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
drawing circle

Aim:

write a program on dynamic binding

Source Code:

Demo.java

```
class Human
{
    public void walk()
    {
        System.out.println("Human walks");
    }
}
class Demo extends Human
{
    public void walk()
    {
        System.out.println("Boy walks");
    }
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        Human obj=new Demo();
        Human obj2=new Human();
        obj.walk();
        obj2.walk();
    }
}
```

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Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1

User Output

Boy walks

Human walks

S.No: 14

Exp. Name: **Sample program on method overloading**

Date: 2023-10-10

Aim:

Write a program on method overloading

Source Code:

Sample.java

```
class DisplayOverloading
{
    public void disp(char c)
    {
        System.out.println(c);
    }
    public void disp(char c,int num)
    {
        System.out.println(c + " " +num);
    }
}
class Sample
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        DisplayOverloading obj=new DisplayOverloading();
        obj.disp('a');
        obj.disp('a',10);
    }
}
```

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Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1

User Output

a
a 10

Aim:

Write a program on method overriding

Source Code:**Bike.java**

```
class Vehicle{
    void run(){
        System.out.println("Bike is good");
    }
}
class Safe extends Vehicle
{
    void run()
    {
        System.out.println("Bike is running safely");
    }
}
class Bike
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        Vehicle obj=new Safe();
        obj.run();
    }
}
```

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Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!**Test Case - 1****User Output**

Bike is running safely

S.No: 16	Exp. Name: <i>Write a Java program to implement Interface</i>	Date: 2023-11-05
----------	----------------------------------------------------------------------	------------------

Aim:

Write a Java program that implements an **interface**.

Create an interface called `Car` with two abstract methods `String getName()` and `int getMaxSpeed()`. Also declare one **default** method `void applyBreak()` which has the code snippet

```
System.out.println("Applying break on " + getName());
```

In the same interface include a **static** method `Car getFastestCar(Car car1, Car car2)`, which returns `car1` if the **maxSpeed** of `car1` is greater than or equal to that of `car2`, else should return `car2`.

Create a class called `BMW` which implements the interface `Car` and provides the implementation for the abstract methods `getName()` and `getMaxSpeed()` (make sure to declare the appropriate fields to store `name` and `maxSpeed` and also the constructor to initialize them).

Similarly, create a class called `Audi` which implements the interface `Car` and provides the implementation for the abstract methods `getName()` and `getMaxSpeed()` (make sure to declare the appropriate fields to store `name` and `maxSpeed` and also the constructor to initialize them).

Create a **public** class called `MainApp` with the `main()` method.

Take the input from the command line arguments. Create objects for the classes `BMW` and `Audi` then print the fastest car.

Note:

Java 8 introduced a new feature called `default` methods or `defender` methods, which allow developers to add new methods to the interfaces without breaking the existing implementation of these interface. These **default** methods can also be overridden in the implementing classes or made abstract in the extending interfaces. If they are not overridden, their implementation will be shared by all the implementing classes or sub interfaces.

Below is the syntax for declaring a `default` method in an **interface** :

```
public default void methodName() {
    System.out.println("This is a default method in interface");
}
```

Similarly, **Java 8** also introduced `static` methods inside interfaces, which act as regular static methods in classes. These allow developers group the utility functions along with the interfaces instead of defining them in a separate helper class.

Below is the syntax for declaring a `static` method in an **interface** :

```
public static void methodName() {
    System.out.println("This is a static method in interface");
}
```

Note: Please don't change the package name.

Source Code:

```
q11284/MainApp.java

package q11284;
interface Car {
    public String getName();
    public int getMaxSpeed();
    public default void applyBreak(){
        System.out.println("applying Break on "+getName());
    }
    public static Car getFastestCar(Car a,Car b){
        if(a.getMaxSpeed()>b.getMaxSpeed())
            return a;
        else
            return b;
    }
}

class BMW implements Car {
    String name;
    int speed;
    public BMW(String n,String s){
        speed=Integer.parseInt(s);
        name=n;
    }
    public String getName(){
        return name;
    }
    public int getMaxSpeed(){
        return speed;
    }
}
class Audi implements Car {
    String name;
    int speed;
    public Audi(String n,String s){
        speed=Integer.parseInt(s);
        name=n;
    }
    public String getName(){
        return name;
    }
    public int getMaxSpeed(){
        return speed;
    }
}
public class MainApp {
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        BMW bmw=new BMW(args[0],args[1]);
        Audi audi=new Audi(args[2],args[3]);
        Car max=Car.getFastestCar(bmw,audi);
        System.out.println("Fastest car is : "+max.getName());
    }
}
```

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Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
Fastest car is : BMW
Test Case - 2
User Output
Fastest car is : Maruthi

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Aim:

Write a Java program to create an exception.

Source Code:

q221/Exception1.java

```
package q221;
public class Exception1
{
    public static void main(String arg[])
    {
        int d=0;
        try
        {
            int a=42/d;
        }
        catch(ArithmException e)
        {
            System.out.println("Exception caught : divide by zero occurred");
        }
    }
}
```

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Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!**Test Case - 1****User Output**

Exception caught : divide by zero occurred

S.No: 18

Exp. Name: **Write the code for handling the exception**

Date: 2023-11-05

Aim:

Write a Java code for handling the exception.

Source Code:

q222/handleError.java

```
package q222;
import java.util.Random;
public class handleError {
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        int a = 0, b = 0, c = 0;
        Random r = new Random(100);
        for(int i=0;i<32;i++)
        {
            try
            {
                b=r.nextInt();
                c=r.nextInt();
                a=12345/(b/c);
            }
            catch(ArithmecticException e)
            {
                System.out.println("Division by zero.");
                a=0;
            }
            System.out.println("a: "+a);
        }
    }
}
```

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Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1

User Output

a: 12345

Division by zero.

a: 0

a: -1028

Division by zero.

a: 0

a: 12345

a: -12345

Division by zero.

a: 0

a: 3086

a: 12345

a: -12345

Division by zero.
a: 0
a: -12345
a: 12345
a: 342
a: 12345
a: -12345
a: 12345
a: -12345
Division by zero.
a: 0
a: -4115
Division by zero.
a: 0
a: -4115
a: 6172
a: 6172
Division by zero.
a: 0
Division by zero.
a: 0
Division by zero.
a: 0
a: 12345
a: -280
a: -12345
Division by zero.
a: 0

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S.No: 19	Exp. Name: <i>Write the code to create an exception using the predefined exception</i>	Date: 2023-11-05
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Aim:

Write a Java code to create an exception using the predefined exception

Source Code:

q223/exception2.java

```
package q223;
public class exception2
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        int d,a;
        try
        {
            d=0;
            a=42/d;
        }
        catch(ArithmeticException e)
        {
            System.out.println("Exception raised -Division by zero.");
        }
        System.out.println("After catch statement.");
    }
}
```

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Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
Exception raised -Division by zero. After catch statement.

S.No: 20	Exp. Name: <i>Write the code for creating your own exception</i>	Date: 2023-11-05
----------	-------------------------------------------------------------------------	------------------

Aim:

Write a Java code for creating your own exception

Source Code:

q224/demo.java

```
package q224;
class MyException extends Exception {
    private int ex;
    MyException(int a){
        ex=a;
    }
    public String toString(){
        return "MyException["+ex+"] is less than zero";
    }
}
public class demo{
    static void sum(int a,int b) throws MyException{
        if(a<0)
            throw new MyException(a);
        else
            System.out.println(a+b);
    }
    public static void main(String args[]){
        try{
            sum(-10,10);
        }
        catch(MyException e){
            System.out.println(e);
        }
    }
}
```

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Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1

User Output

MyException[-10] is less than zero

S.No: 21

Exp. Name: **program that takes inputs 5 numbers, each between 10 and 100**

Date: 2023-11-27

Aim:

Write java program that inputs 5 numbers, each between 10 and 100 inclusive. As each number is read display it only if it's not a duplicate of any number already read. Display the complete set of unique values input after the user enters new values

Source Code:

Duplicate.java

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class Duplicate{
    static boolean isDuplicate(int ele,int arr[]){
        for(int i=0;i<5;i++){
            if(ele == arr[i]){
                return true;
            }
        }
        return false;
    }
    public static void main(String[] args){
        Scanner inp = new Scanner(System.in);
        int num[]={};
        System.out.println("Enter 5 unique values between 10 & 100 ");
        int c=0;
        while(c<5){
            int element = inp.nextInt();
            if(element>10 && element<100){
                if(isDuplicate(element,num) == true){
                    System.out.println("Duplicate value found, retry");
                }else{
                    num[c]=element;
                    c++;
                }
            }else{
                System.out.println("Entered value must be in between 10 &
100");
            }
        }
        System.out.print("The five unique values are :");
        for(int i=0;i<5;i++){
            System.out.print(num[i]+ " ");
        }
    }
}
```

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Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1

User Output

Enter 5 unique values between 10 & 100

25
15
30
0
Entered value must be in between 10 & 100
34
89
The five unique values are :25 15 30 34 89

Test Case - 2
User Output
Enter 5 unique values between 10 & 100
48
92
34
92
Duplicate value found, retry
39
23
The five unique values are :48 92 34 39 23

S.No: 22

Exp. Name: ***A program to illustrate threads***

Date: 2023-12-09

Aim:

Write Java program(s) on creating multiple threads, assigning priority to threads, synchronizing threads, suspend and resume threads

Source Code:

TestThread.java

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```

class RunnableDemo implements Runnable{
    public Thread t;
    public String threadName;
    boolean suspended = false;
    RunnableDemo(String name){
        threadName=name;
        System.out.println("Creating " + threadName);
    }
    public void run(){
        System.out.println("Running "+threadName);
        try{
            for(int i=10;i>0;i--){
                System.out.println("Thread: "+ threadName +", "+i);
                Thread.sleep(100);
                synchronized(this){
                    while(suspended){
                        wait();
                    }
                }
            }
        }catch(InterruptedException e){
            System.out.println("Thread "+ threadName+" interrupted.");
        }
        System.out.println("Thread "+threadName+" exiting.");
    }
    public void start(){
        System.out.println("Starting "+ threadName);
        if(t==null){
            t=new Thread(this,threadName);
            t.start();
        }
    }
    void suspend(){
        suspended = true;
    }
    synchronized void resume(){
        suspended = false;
        notify();
    }
}
public class TestThread{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        RunnableDemo R1 = new RunnableDemo("Thread-1");
        R1.start();
        RunnableDemo R2 = new RunnableDemo("Thread-2");
        R2.start();
        try{
            Thread.sleep(100);
            R1.suspend();
            System.out.println("Suspending First Thread");
            Thread.sleep(100);
            R1.resume();
            System.out.println("Resuming First Thread");
            System.out.println("Suspending thread Two");
            R2.suspend();
        }
    }
}

```

```

    }
    catch(InterruptedException e){
        System.out.println("Caught: "+e);
    }
    try{
        System.out.println("Waiting for threads to finish.");
        R1.t.join();
        R2.t.join();
    }catch(InterruptedException e){
        System.out.println(e);
    }System.out.println("Main thread exiting.");
}
}

```

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Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
Creating Thread-1
Starting Thread-1
Creating Thread-2
Starting Thread-2
Running Thread-1
Running Thread-2
Thread: Thread-2, 10
Thread: Thread-1, 10
Suspending First Thread
Thread: Thread-2, 9
Thread: Thread-2, 8
Resuming First Thread
Suspending thread Two
Thread: Thread-1, 9
Thread: Thread-1, 8
Resuming thread Two
Waiting for threads to finish.
Thread: Thread-2, 7
Thread: Thread-1, 7
Thread: Thread-2, 6
Thread: Thread-1, 6
Thread: Thread-2, 5
Thread: Thread-1, 5
Thread: Thread-2, 4
Thread: Thread-1, 4
Thread: Thread-2, 3
Thread: Thread-1, 3
Thread: Thread-2, 2
Thread: Thread-1, 2
Thread: Thread-2, 1
Thread: Thread-1, 1

Thread Thread-1 exiting.

Main thread exiting.

S.No: 23

Exp. Name: **Write the code to print a file into n parts**

Date: 2023-12-11

Aim:

Write a Java code to print a file into **n** parts

Source Code:

q226/split1.java

```
package q226;
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;
public class split1 {
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        try{
            String inputfile="test.txt";
            double no1=10.0;
            File file=new File(inputfile);
            Scanner input=new Scanner(file);
            int count=0;
            while(input.hasNextLine()){
                input.nextLine();
                count++;
            }
            System.out.println("Lines in the file: "+count);
            double temp=(count/no1);
            int temp1=(int)temp;
            int nof=0;
            if(temp1==temp)
                nof = temp1;
            else
                nof=temp1+1;
            System.out.println("No. of files to be generated :" +nof);
            BufferedReader br=new BufferedReader(new FileReader(inputfile));
            String strLine;
            for(int j=1;j<=nof;j++){
                FileWriter fw = new FileWriter("File" +j+ ".txt");
                for(int i=1;i<=no1;i++){
                    strLine=br.readLine();
                    if(strLine!=null){
                        strLine=strLine +"\r\n";
                        fw.write(strLine);
                    }
                }
                fw.close();
            }
            br.close();
        }
        catch(Exception e){
            System.out.println("Error: "+e.getMessage());
        }
    }
}
```

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test.txt

Insert text here : 1614065200486

line1

line2

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1

User Output

Lines in the file: 3

No. of files to be generated :1

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S.No: 24	Exp. Name: <i>program to create a super class called Figure that it returns the area of a rectangle and triangle</i>	Date: 2023-11-05
----------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	------------------

Aim:

Write a java program to create a super class called Figure that receives the dimensions of two dimensional objects. It also defines a method called area that computes the area of an object. The program derives two sub-classes from Figure. The first is Rectangle and second is Triangle. Each of the sub classes override area() so that it returns the area of a rectangle and triangle respectively

Source Code:

AbstractAreas.java

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```

import java.util.*;
abstract class Figure{
    double dim1;
    double dim2;
    double dim3;
    double dim4;
    Figure(double a,double b){
        dim1=a;
        dim2=b;
        dim3=a;
        dim4=b;
    }
    abstract void area();
}
class Rectangle extends Figure{
    Rectangle(double a,double b)
    {
        super(a,b);
    }
    void area() {
        double Area=dim1*dim2;
        System.out.println("Rectangle:");
        System.out.println("Area is "+Area);
    }
}
class Triangle extends Figure{
    Triangle(double a,double b)
    {
        super(a,b);
    }
    void area(){
        double Area=(dim3*dim4)/2;
        System.out.println("Triangle:");
        System.out.println("Area is "+Area);
    }
}
class AbstractAreas{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        System.out.println("Enter lenght and breadth of Rectangle :");
        Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
        double dim1=input.nextDouble();
        double dim2=input.nextDouble();
        System.out.println("Enter height and side of Triangle :");
        Scanner input1 = new Scanner(System.in);
        double dim3=input1.nextDouble();
        double dim4=input1.nextDouble();
        Rectangle r=new Rectangle(dim1,dim2);
        Triangle t=new Triangle(dim3,dim4);
        Figure figuref;
        figuref = r;
        figuref.area();
        figuref=t;
        figuref.area();
    }
}

```

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
Enter lenght and breadth of Rectangle :
12
14
Enter height and side of Triangle :
7
5
Rectangle:
Area is 168.0
Triangle:
Area is 17.5

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Test Case - 2
User Output
Enter lenght and breadth of Rectangle :
4
8
Enter height and side of Triangle :
5
3
Rectangle:
Area is 32.0
Triangle:
Area is 7.5

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S.No: 25	Exp. Name: <i>Write a Java program demonstrating the usage of Threads</i>	Date: 2023-11-27
----------	----------------------------------------------------------------------------------	------------------

Aim:

Write a Java program that uses three threads to perform the below actions:

1. First thread should print "Good morning" for every 1 second for 2 times
2. Second thread should print "Hello" for every 1 seconds for 2 times
3. Third thread should print "Welcome" for every 3 seconds for 1 times

Write appropriate **constructor** in the `Printer` class which implements `Runnable` interface to take three arguments : **message**, **delay** and **count** of types `String`, `int` and `int` respectively.

Write code in the `Printer.run()` method to print the **message** with appropriate **delay** and for number of times mentioned in **count**.

Write a class called `ThreadDemo` with the `main()` method which instantiates and executes three instances of the above mentioned `Printer` class as threads to produce the desired output.

[Note: If you want to sleep for **2** seconds you should call `Thread.sleep(2000);` as the `Thread.sleep(...)` method takes milliseconds as argument.]

Note: Please don't change the package name.

Source Code:

q11349/ThreadDemo.java

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```

package q11349;
public class ThreadDemo {
    public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
        Thread t1 = new Thread(new Printer("Good morning", 1, 2));
        Thread t2 = new Thread(new Printer("Hello", 1, 2));
        Thread t3 = new Thread(new Printer("Welcome", 3, 1));
        t1.start();
        t2.start();
        t3.start();
        t1.join();
        t2.join();
        t3.join();
        System.out.println("All the three threads t1, t2 and t3 have completed
execution.");
    }
}
class Printer implements Runnable {
    String message;
    int delay,count;
    Printer(String a,int b,int c)
    {
        message=a;
        delay=b;
        count=c;
    }
    public void run()
    {
        for(int i=0;i<count;i++)
        {
            System.out.println(message);
            try{
                Thread.sleep(delay*1000);
            }
        }
    catch(InterruptedException ie)
        {
            System.out.println(ie);
        }
    }
}

```

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Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1	
User Output	
Good morning	
Hello	
Welcome	
Good morning	
Hello	
All the three threads t1, t2 and t3 have completed execution.	

S.No: 26

Exp. Name: **Program to find and replace pattern in a given file.**

Date: 2023-12-11

Aim:

Write a java program to find and replace patterns in a given file. Replace the string "**This is test string 20000**" with the input string.

Note: Please don't change the package name.

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Source Code:

q29790/ReplaceFile.java

```
package q29790;
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;
class ReplaceFile {
    public static void main(String args[]){
        try{
            File file = new File("file.txt");
            BufferedReader reader = new BufferedReader(new FileReader(file));
            String line , oldtext=new String();
            while((line = reader.readLine()) !=null)
            {
                if(oldtext==null)
                    oldtext = line +"\r\n";
                else
                    oldtext += line + "\r\n";
            }
            reader.close();
            System.out.print("Previous string: "+oldtext);
            String newtext = oldtext.replaceAll("This is test string 20000","New
string");
            System.out.println("New String: "+newtext);
        }
        catch(IOException ioe)
        {
            ioe.printStackTrace();
        }
    }
}
```

file.txt

This is test string 20000. The test string is replaced with your input string, check the string you entered is now visible here.

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1

User Output

New string

Previous string: This is test string 20000. The test string is replaced with your input string, check the string you entered is now visible here.

New String: New string. The test string is replaced with your input string, check the string you entered is now visible here.

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S.No: 27	Exp. Name: <i>A java program to demonstrate that the catch block for type Exception A catches the exception of type Exception B and Exception C.</i>	Date: 2023-11-05
----------	-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	------------------

Aim:

Use inheritance to create an exception superclass called Exception A and exception subclasses Exception B and Exception C, where Exception B inherits from Exception A and Exception C inherits from Exception B. Write a java program to demonstrate that the catch block for type Exception A catches the exception of type Exception B and Exception C.

Note: Please don't change the package name.

Source Code:

q29793/TestException.java

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```

package q29793;
import java.lang.*;
@SuppressWarnings("serial")
class ExceptionA extends Exception {
    String message;
    public ExceptionA(String message) {
        this.message = message;
    }
}
@SuppressWarnings("serial")
class ExceptionB extends ExceptionA {
//Write constructor of class ExceptionB with super()
ExceptionB(String message){
    super(message);
}

}
@SuppressWarnings("serial")
class ExceptionC extends ExceptionB {
//Write constructor of class ExceptionC with super()
ExceptionC(String message){
    super(message);
}

}
@SuppressWarnings("serial")
public class TestException {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        try {
            getExceptionB();
        }
        catch(ExceptionA ea) {
            System.out.println("Got exception from Exception B");
        }
        try {
            getExceptionC();
        }
        catch(ExceptionA ea) {
            System.out.println("Got exception from Exception C");
        }
    }
    public static void getExceptionB() throws ExceptionB {
        throw new ExceptionB("Exception B");
    }
    public static void getExceptionC() throws ExceptionC {
        throw new ExceptionC("Exception C");
    }
}

```

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Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
Got exception from Exception B

Got exception from Exception C

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S.No: 28

Exp. Name: ***Stack Implementation***

Date: 2023-12-11

Aim:

Create an interface for stack with push and pop operations. Implement the stack in two ways fixed-size stack and Dynamic stack (stack size is increased when the stack is full).

Note: Please don't change the package name.

Source Code:

q29794/StaticAndDynamicStack.java

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```

package q29794;
interface IntStack {
    void push(int item);
    int pop();
}
class FixedStack implements IntStack{
    private int stck[];
    private int tos;
    FixedStack(int size) {
        stck=new int[size];
        tos=-1;
    }
    public void push(int item) {
        if(tos==stck.length-1)
            System.out.println("Stack is full and increased");
        else
            stck[++tos]=item;
    }
    public int pop() {
        if(tos<0) {
            System.out.println("Stack underflow");
            return 0;
        }
        else
            return stck[tos--];
    }
}
class StaticAndDynamicStack{
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        FixedStack mystack=new FixedStack(0);
        FixedStack mystack1=new FixedStack(5);
        FixedStack mystack2=new FixedStack(10);
        for(int i=0;i<1;i++)
            mystack.push(i);
        for(int i=0;i<5;i++)
            mystack1.push(i);
        for(int i=0;i<10;i++)
            mystack2.push(i);
        System.out.println("Stack in mystack1:");
        for(int i=0;i<5;i++)
            System.out.println(mystack1.pop());
        System.out.println("Stack in mystack2 :");
        for(int i=0;i<4;i++)
            System.out.println(mystack2.pop());
        mystack2.pop();
        for(int i=1;i<6;i++)
            System.out.println(mystack2.pop());
        System.out.println(mystack.pop());
    }
}

```

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Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1

User Output

Stack is full and increased

Stack in mystack1:

4

3

2

1

0

Stack in mystack2 :

9

8

7

6

4

3

2

1

0

Stack underflow

0

S.No: 29	Exp. Name: Create multiple threads to access the contents of a stack	Date: 2023-11-27
----------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------	------------------

Aim:

Create multiple threads to access the contents of a stack. Synchronize thread to prevent simultaneous access to push and pop operations.

Note: Please don't change the package name.

Source Code:

q29795/StackThreads.java

```
package q29795;
import java.util.*;
class NewThread implements Runnable{
    Thread t;
    int n;
    Stack<Integer> STACK=new Stack<Integer>();
    NewThread(int size){
        n=size;
        t=new Thread(this);
        t.start();
    }
    synchronized public void run(){
        STACK.push(n);
        System.out.println(STACK.pop());
    }
}
class StackThreads{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        System.out.println("Enter the size of the stack");
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        int k=sc.nextInt();
        for(int i=1;i<=k;i++){
            NewThread ob=new NewThread(i);
        }
    }
}
```

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Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
Enter the size of the stack
4
1
2
3
4

Test Case - 2

User Output

Enter the size of the stack

9

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

S.No: 30

Exp. Name: **Write java program(s) that use collection framework classes.(TreeMap class)**

Date: 2023-12-19

Aim:

Write a java program(s) that use collection framework classes.(TreeMap class)

Source Code:

Treemap.java

```
import java.util.*;
public class Treemap{
    public static void main(String[] args){
        Scanner inp = new Scanner(System.in);
        TreeMap<Integer, String> treeMap = new TreeMap<Integer, String>();
        System.out.print("No.Of Mapping Elements in TreeMap:");
        int num = inp.nextInt();
        for(int i=0;i<num;i++){
            System.out.print("Integer:");
            int key = inp.nextInt();
            inp.nextLine();
            System.out.print("String:");
            String value = inp.nextLine();
            treeMap.put(key,value);
        }
        for(Map.Entry m: treeMap.entrySet()){
            System.out.println(m.getKey()+"->"+m.getValue());
        }
    }
}
```

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Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1

User Output

No.Of Mapping Elements in TreeMap:

2

Integer:

1

String:

HELLO

Integer:

2

String:

WORLD

1->HELLO

2->WORLD

Test Case - 2

User Output

No.Of Mapping Elements in TreeMap:

3

Integer:

25

String:

UNIVERSITY

Integer:

26

String:

KNOWLEDGE

Integer:

27

String:

TECHNOLOGIES

25->UNIVERSITY

26->KNOWLEDGE

27->TECHNOLOGIES

S.No: 31

Exp. Name: **Write java program(s) that use collection framework classes.(TreeSet class)**

Date: 2023-11-27

Aim:

Write java program(s) that use collection framework classes.(TreeSet class)

Source Code:

TreeSetclass.java

```
import java.util.*;
public class TreeSetclass{
    public static void main(String[] args){
        Scanner inp = new Scanner(System.in);
        TreeSet<String> treeSet = new TreeSet<String>();
        System.out.print("No.Of Elements in TreeSet:");
        int num = inp.nextInt();
        inp.nextLine();
        for(int i=0;i<num;i++){
            System.out.print("String:");
            treeSet.add(inp.nextLine());
        }
        Iterator<String> itr = treeSet.iterator();
        System.out.println("TreeSet Elements by Iterating:");
        while(itr.hasNext()){
            System.out.println(itr.next());
        }
    }
}
```

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Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1

User Output

No.Of Elements in TreeSet:

3

String:

Never

String:

Give

String:

Up

TreeSet Elements by Iterating:

Give

Never

Up

Test Case - 2

User Output

No.Of Elements in TreeSet:
2
String:
Hello
String:
There
TreeSet Elements by Iterating:
Hello
There

S.No: 32	Exp. Name: <i>Write java program(s) that use collection framework classes.(LinkedHashMap class)</i>	Date: 2023-12-03
----------	------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	------------------

Aim:

Write a java program(s) that use collection framework classes.(LinkedHashMap class)

Source Code:

LinkedHashMapclass.java

```
import java.util.*;
public class LinkedHashMapclass{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        Scanner inp = new Scanner(System.in);
        LinkedHashMap<String,String> linkedHashMap = new
LinkedHashMap<String,String>();
        System.out.print("No.Of Mapping Elements in LinkedHashMap:");
        int num = inp.nextInt();
        inp.nextLine();
        for(int i=0;i<num;i++){
            System.out.print("String:");
            String Key = inp.nextLine();
            System.out.print("Corresponding String:");
            String value = inp.nextLine();
            linkedHashMap.put(Key,value);
        }
        System.out.println("LinkedHashMap entries : ");
        for(Map.Entry m : linkedHashMap.entrySet()){
            System.out.println(m.getKey()+"="+m.getValue());
        }
    }
}
```

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Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
No.Of Mapping Elements in LinkedHashMap:
3
String:
ONE
Corresponding String:
hi
String:
TWO
Corresponding String:
hello
String:
THREE
Corresponding String:

```
everyone
LinkedHashMap entries :
ONE=hi
TWO=hello
THREE=everyone
```

Test Case - 2

User Output

```
No.Of Mapping Elements in LinkedHashMap:
```

```
4
```

```
String:
```

```
1x1
```

```
Corresponding String:
```

```
1
```

```
String:
```

```
1x2
```

```
Corresponding String:
```

```
2
```

```
String:
```

```
1x3
```

```
Corresponding String:
```

```
3
```

```
String:
```

```
1x4
```

```
Corresponding String:
```

```
4
```

```
LinkedHashMap entries :
```

```
1x1=1
```

```
1x2=2
```

```
1x3=3
```

```
1x4=4
```

S.No: 33

Exp. Name: **Write java program(s) that use collection framework classes.(HashMap class)**

Date: 2023-12-03

Aim:

Write a java program(s) that use collection framework classes.(HashMap class)

Source Code:

HashMapclass.java

```
import java.util.*;
public class HashMapclass{
    public static void main(String args[]){
        Scanner inp = new Scanner(System.in);
        HashMap<String, Integer> hashMap = new HashMap<String, Integer>();
        System.out.print("No.Of Mapping Elements in HashMap:");
        int num = inp.nextInt();
        for(int i=0;i<num;i++){
            inp.nextLine();
            System.out.print("String:");
            String Key = inp.nextLine();
            System.out.print("Integer:");
            int value = inp.nextInt();
            hashMap.put(Key, value);
        }
        for(Map.Entry m : hashMap.entrySet()){
            System.out.println("Key = "+m.getKey()+" , Value = "+m.getValue());
        }
        System.out.println(hashMap);
    }
}
```

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Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
No.Of Mapping Elements in HashMap:
3
String:
hi
Integer:
1
String:
hello
Integer:
2
String:
world
Integer:
3

```
Key = world, Value = 3  
Key = hello, Value = 2  
{hi=1, world=3, hello=2}
```

Test Case - 2

User Output

No.Of Mapping Elements in HashMap:

3

String:

Students

Integer:

200

String:

Teachers

Integer:

5

String:

Principal

Integer:

1

Key = Teachers, Value = 5

Key = Students, Value = 200

Key = Principal, Value = 1

{Teachers=5, Students=200, Principal=1}

S.No: 34

Exp. Name: **Write java program(s) that use collection framework classes.(LinkedList class)**

Date: 2023-12-03

Aim:

Write a java program(s) that use collection framework classes.(LinkedList class)

Source Code:

Linkedlist.java

```
import java.util.*;
public class Linkedlist{
    public static void main(String[] args){
        LinkedList<String> ll = new LinkedList<String>();
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("No.Of Strings in LinkedList:");
        int cap = sc.nextInt();
        for(int i=1;i<=cap;i++){
            System.out.println("Enter the String:");
            Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);
            String st = s.nextLine();
            ll.add(st);
        }
        System.out.println("LinkedList:"+ll);
        System.out.println("The List is as follows:");
        for(String st1 : ll){
            System.out.println(st1);
        }
    }
}
```

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Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1

User Output

No.Of Strings in LinkedList:

3

Enter the String:

Hi

Enter the String:

Hello

Enter the String:

World

LinkedList:[Hi, Hello, World]

The List is as follows:

Hi

Hello

World

Test Case - 2

User Output

No.Of Strings in LinkedList:

2

Enter the String:

Human

Enter the String:

Being

LinkedList:[Human, Being]

The List is as follows:

Human

Being

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S.No: 35

Exp. Name: **Write java program(s) that use collection framework classes.(ArrayList class)**

Date: 2023-12-03

Aim:

Write a java program(s) that use collection framework classes.(ArrayList class)

Source Code:

ArrayListExample.java

```
import java.util.*;
public class ArrayListExample{
    public static void main(String[] args){
        ArrayList<Integer> al = new ArrayList<Integer>();
        System.out.println("Enter ArrayList length: ");
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        int cap = sc.nextInt();
        for(int i=1;i<=cap;i++){
            al.add(i);
        }
        System.out.println("ArrayList printing by using Iterator: ");
        for(int i : al){
            System.out.println(i);
        }
    }
}
```

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Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1

User Output

Enter ArrayList length:

5

ArrayList printing by using Iterator:

1

2

3

4

5

Test Case - 2

User Output

Enter ArrayList length:

3

ArrayList printing by using Iterator:

1

2

3

S.No: 36

Exp. Name: **Write java program(s) that use collection framework classes.(HashTable class)**

Date: 2023-12-03

Aim:

Write a java program(s) that use collection framework classes.(HashTable class)

Source Code:

HashTableclass.java

```
import java.util.*;
public class HashTableclass{
    public static void main(String[] args){
        Scanner inp = new Scanner(System.in);
        Hashtable<Integer,String> hashTable = new Hashtable<Integer,String>();
        System.out.print("No.Of Mapping Elements in HashTable:");
        int num = inp.nextInt();
        for(int i=0;i<num;i++){
            System.out.print("Rank:");
            int key = inp.nextInt();
            inp.nextLine();
            System.out.print("Name:");
            String value = inp.nextLine();
            hashTable.put(key,value);
        }
        for(Map.Entry<Integer,String> m : hashTable.entrySet()){
            System.out.println("Rank : "+m.getKey()+"\t\t Name :
"+m.getValue());
        }
    }
}
```

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Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
No.Of Mapping Elements in HashTable:
3
Rank:
4
Name:
Robert
Rank:
5
Name:
John
Rank:
6
Name:
Jennifer

Rank : 5	Name : John
Rank : 4	Name : Robert

Test Case - 2	
User Output	
No.Of Mapping Elements in HashTable:	
3	
Rank:	
1	
Name:	
Jon	
Rank:	
2	
Name:	
Robert	
Rank:	
3	
Name:	
Jennifer	
Rank : 3	Name : Jennifer
Rank : 2	Name : Robert
Rank : 1	Name : Jon

