

## 2021/05/28\_x64汇编与逆向\_第5课\_异常处理的识别

笔记本： x64汇编与逆向

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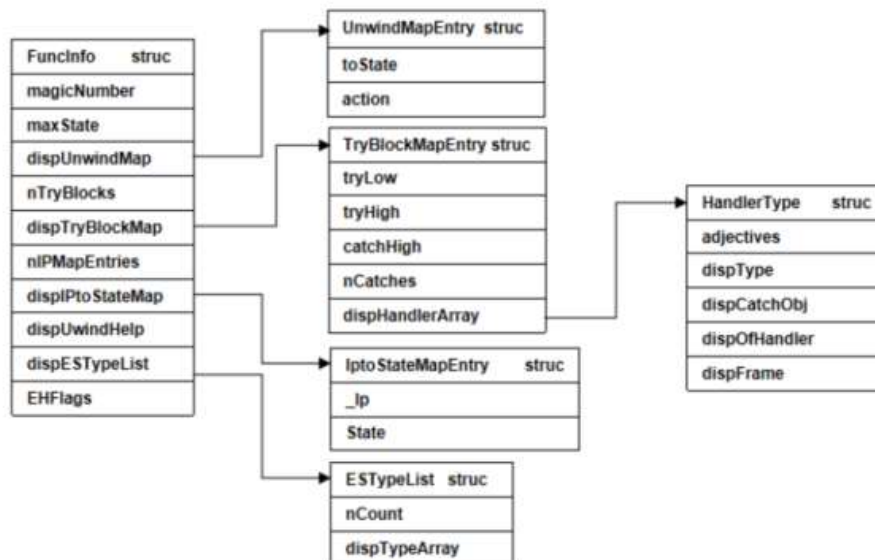
## 课前会议

平坦优化：代码混淆中经常见到的行为。通过空间换时间（重复相关操作）。

代码预执行（InterCPU硬件支持）

## 异常处理

64位异常相关结构体表：



32位程序使用SEH注册异常，通过SEH注册异常，其效率较低（函数入口注册，函数出口注销），当函数被多次调用时就需要多次执行注册、注销操作。

解决上述效率问题，微软做法就是作一个全局的异常表，存储各个函数对应的异常处理（由系统注册，存储在PE文件中。多做一个节（.pdata），用来存储整个软件所有函数的异常处理相关结构体）。

VS使用的异常处理表版本：

- VS2013之前使用 SEH
- VS2013 x64 \_\_CxxFrameHandler3 FH3
- VS2019 update1 x64 \_\_CxxFrameHandler3 FH3
- VS2019 update2 x64 \_\_CxxFrameHandler4 FH3 FH4
- VS2019 update3 x64 \_\_CxxFrameHandler4 FH4

## 异常相关结构体

### RUNTIME\_FUNCTION

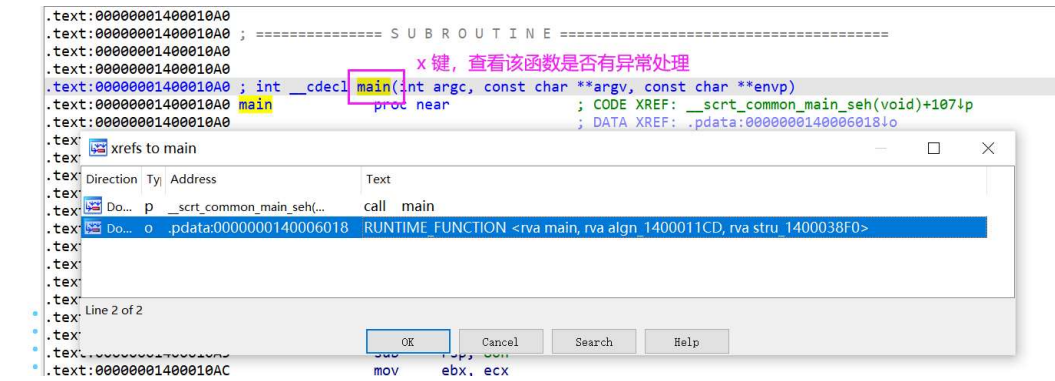
```

RUNTIME_FUNCTION struct ; (sizeof=0xC, mappedto_3)
FunctionStart    dd ?      ; offset rva
FunctionEnd      dd ?      ; offset rva pastend
UnwindInfo       dd ?      ; offset rva
RUNTIME_FUNCTION ends
  
```

- FunctionStart: 函数起始地址
- FunctionEnd: 函数结束地址
- UnwindInfo: 展开信息地址（指向异常处理结构体（UNWIND\_INFO））

表结构成员偏移为RVA的好处：表的大小可以更小，支持随机基址。

X 键查看该函数是否存在异常处理:

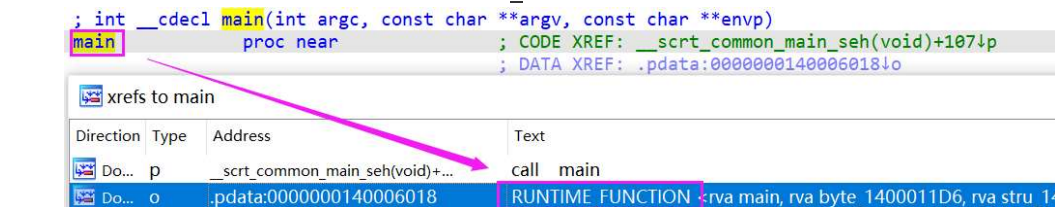


## FuncInfo

```
FuncInfo      struc ; (sizeof=0x28, mappedto_6)
magicNumber   dd ?   ; base 16
maxState      dd ?   ; base 10
pUnwindMap    dd ?   ; offset rva
nTryBlocks    dd ?   ; base 10
pTryBlockMap  dd ?   ; offset rva
nIPMapEntries dd ?   ; base 10
pIPtoStateMap dd ?   ; offset rva
dispUnwindHelp dd ?   ; base 10
pESTypeList   dd ?   ; offset rva
EHFlags       dd ?   ; base 16
FuncInfo      ends
```

## 通过函数引用定位异常信息并还原代码

- 通过该方法可以定位对应 RUNTIME FUNCTION



- 通过 RUNTIME FUNCTION 参数3定位 UNWIND INFO HDR结构体

```
RUNTIME_FUNCTION <rva main, rva byte_1400011D6, rva stru_1400038F0>
```

- 通过 UNWIND\_INFO\_HDR 结构体的参数4及参数5确定\_CxxFrameHandler3 的版本以及 FuncInfo 结构信息。

```
stru_1400038F0 UNWIND_INFO_HDR <19h, 15h, 2, 0>
; DATA XREF: .pdata:0000000140006018↓
UNWIND_CODE <0Ch, 0F2h> ; UWOP_ALLOC_SMALL
UNWIND_CODE <5, 30h> ; UWOP_PUSH_NONVOL
dd rva __CxxFrameHandler3
dd rva stru_1400032F0 → FuncInfo
```

- 通过 FuncInfo 结构的参数4以及参数5可以确定该函数中对应的 try-catch 数量以及TryBlockMapEntry结构信息。

```

stru_1400032F0 FuncInfo <19930522h, 4, rva stru_140003900, 2, rva stru_140003920, 3, \
; DATA XREF: .rdata:00000001400038FC!o
; .rdata:00000001400039E4!o
rva stru_1400039C0, 72, 0, 1>
TryBlockMapEntry

```

- 通过 TryBlockMapEntry 结构信息可以获取 try-catch 对应的 catch 个数以及 HandlerType 结构信息。
- 通过 HandlerType 结构信息获取对应的 catch 实现代码。

```

stru_140003920 TryBlockMapEntry <0, 0, 1, 3, rva stru_140003948>
; DATA XREF: .rdata:stru_1400032F0!o
; int `RTTI Type Descriptor'
TryBlockMapEntry <2, 2, 3, 3, rva stru_140003984>
stru_140003948 HandlerType <0, rva ??_R0H@8, 80, rva loc_140001EF0, 56>
; DATA XREF: .rdata:stru_140003920!o
; int `RTTI Type Descriptor'
HandlerType <0, rva ??_R0N@8, 88, rva loc_140001F18, 56> ; double `RTTI Type
HandlerType <0, rva ??_R0_J@8, 96, rva loc_140001F40, 56> ; __int64 `RTTI Ty
stru_140003984 HandlerType <0, rva ??_R0H@8, 104, rva loc_140001F68, 56>
; DATA XREF: .rdata:0000000140003934!o
; int `RTTI Type Descriptor'
HandlerType <0, rva ??_R0N@8, 112, rva loc_140001F90, 56> ; double `RTTI Typ
HandlerType <0, rva ??_R0_J@8, 120, rva loc_140001FB8, 56> ; __int64 `RTTI T

```

- 通过 FuncInfo 结构的参数获取 try 的范围，根据上下文的汇编代码进行还原即可。

```

stru_1400032F0 FuncInfo <19930522h, 4, rva stru_140003900, 2, rva stru_140003920, 3, \
; DATA XREF: .rdata:00000001400038FC!o
; .rdata:00000001400039E4!o
IPToStateMap
rva stru_1400039C0, 72, 0, 1>

```

高版本中，当两个try-catch连续时，第一个try-catch可能不会显示对应的结束表IPToStateMap

```

stru_1400039C0 IPToStateMap <rva loc_14000113E, 0>
; DATA XREF: .rdata:stru_1400032F0!o
IPToStateMap <rva loc_14000117C, 2>
IPToStateMap <rva byte_1400011D5, -1>

```

## UNWIND\_INFO\_HDR

```

UNWIND_INFO_HDR struct ; (sizeof=0x4, mappedto_4)
Ver3_Flags      db ?      ; base 16
PrologSize      db ?      ; base 16
CntUnwindCodes  db ?      ; base 16
FrReg_FrRegOff  db ?      ; base 16
UNWIND_INFO_HDR ends

```

- Ver3\_Flags：低3位Version，高5位Flags  
Flags标识存在 UNW\_LFAG\_EHANDLER(1)，则 UNWIND\_CODE 结构后会跟随一个函数地址和一个 FuncInfo
- PrologSize：序言大小（在函数入口保存环境代码的字节大小）
- CntUnwindCodes：展开代码数组大小，标识后续跟着多少个 UNWIND\_CODE 结构，必须2字节对齐，不对齐地址用零填充。

```

.rdata:00000001400039CC stru_1400039CC UNWIND_INFO_HDR <1, 9, 1, 0>
.rdata:00000001400039CC ; DATA XREF: .pdata:0000000140006084!o
.rdata:00000001400039D0 UNWIND_CODE <9, 62h> ; UWOP_ALLOC_SMALL
.rdata:00000001400039D2 align 4

```

- FrReg\_FrRegOff：低4位为帧寄存器，高4位为帧寄存器偏移量

```

.rdata:00000001400038F0 stru_1400038F0 UNWIND_INFO_HDR <19h, 0Ch, 2, 0>
.rdata:00000001400038F0 ; DATA XREF: .pdata:0000000140006018lo
.rdata:00000001400038F4 UNWIND_CODE <0Ch, 0F2h> ; UWOP_ALLOC_SMALL
.rdata:00000001400038F6 UNWIND_CODE <5, 30h> ; UWOP_PUSH_NONVOL
.rdata:00000001400038F8 dd rva _CxxFrameHandler4 ; 异常处理函数
.rdata:00000001400038FC dd rva byte_140003900 ; 记录FUNCTION地址(RVA)
.rdata:0000000140003900 byte_140003900 db 38h ; DATA XREF: .rdata:00000001400038FCfo
.rdata:0000000140003901 db 0Dh
.rdata:0000000140003902 db 39h ; 9
.rdata:0000000140003903 db 0
.rdata:0000000140003904 db 0
.rdata:0000000140003905 db 12h
.rdata:0000000140003906 db 39h ; 9
.rdata:0000000140003907 db 0
.rdata:0000000140003908 db 0
.rdata:0000000140003909 db 65h ; e
.rdata:000000014000390A db 39h ; 9

```

在VS中将 `_CxxFrameHandler4` 修改为 `_CxxFrameHandler3` 需要在项目属性 --> C/C++ --> 命令行 --> /d2FH4-(关闭 `_CxxFrameHandler4`)。注意: /d2FH4 开启 `_CxxFrameHandler4`。

## \_\_CxxFrameHandler3

相比32位的 `FuncInfo` (共5个成员), 64位 `FuncInfo` 结构体 (共10个成员, 大部分记录展开信息, `pIPtoStateMap`指向新增加的表 `IPtoStateMapEntry`) 扩展了一些成员。

```

FuncInfo      struc ; (sizeof=0x28, mappedto_6)
magicNumber   dd ?   ; base 16
maxState      dd ?   ; base 10
pUnwindMap    dd ?   ; offset rva
nTryBlocks    dd ?   ; base 10
pTryBlockMap  dd ?   ; offset rva
nIPMapEntries dd ?   ; base 10
pIPtoStateMap dd ?   ; offset rva
dispUnwindHelp dd ?   ; base 10
pESTypeList   dd ?   ; offset rva
EHFlags       dd ?   ; base 16
FuncInfo      ends

```

```

.rdata:00000001400032F0 stru_1400032F0 FuncInfo <19930522h, 4, rva stru_140003900, 2, rva stru_140003920, 3, \
.rdata:00000001400032F0 ; DATA XREF: .rdata:00000001400038FClo
.rdata:00000001400032F0 IPtoStateMap ; .rdata:00000001400039E4lo
.rdata:00000001400032F0 rva stru_140003900, 72, 0, 1> 新增加(主要)

```

## IPtoStateMap

结构如下: 该结构体可以确定try-catch "try" 块的范围。

```

IPtoStateMap  struc ; (sizeof=0x8, mappedto_11)
pc            dd ?   ; offset rva
state        dd ?   ; base 10
IPtoStateMap  ends

```

- pc: EIP
- start: 下标 (ida识别try-catch范围就是依靠该下标)

```
.rdata:00000001400039C0 stru_1400039C0 IPtoStateMap <rva loc_14000113E, 0>
.rdata:00000001400039C0 ; DATA XREF: .rdata:stru_1400032F0f0
.rdata:00000001400039C8 IPtoStateMap <rva loc_14000117C, 2>
.rdata:00000001400039D0 IPtoStateMap <rva byte_1400011D5, -1>
```

## TryBlockMapEntry

```
TryBlockMapEntry struc ; (sizeof=0x14, mappedto_8)
tryLow dd ? ; base 10
tryHigh dd ? ; base 10
catchHigh dd ? ; base 10
nCatches dd ? ; base 10
pHandlerArray dd ? ; offset rva
TryBlockMapEntry ends
```

- nCatches: case数量
- pHandlerArray: 指向 HandlerType 结构体

## HandlerType

```
HandlerType struc ; (sizeof=0x14, mappedto_9)
adjectives dd ? ; base 16
pType dd ? ; offset rva
dispCatchObj dd ? ; base 10
addressOfHandler dd ? ; offset rva
dispFrame dd ? ; base 10
HandlerType ends
```

- adjectives: 类型
- pType: RTTI
- dispCatchObj: catch对象
- addressOfHandler: Handler地址 (catch实现代码位置)



```

stru_140003948 HandlerType <0, rva ??_R0H@8, 80, rva loc_140001EF0, 56>
; DATA XREF: .rdata:stru_140003920f0
; int `RTTI Type Descriptor'
HandlerType <0, rva ??_R0N@8, 88, rva loc_140001F18, 56> ; double `RTTI Type Descriptor'
HandlerType <0, rva ??_R0_J@8, 96, rva loc_140001F40, 56> ; __int64 `RTTI Type Descriptor'
.data:0000000140005050 ; int `RTTI Type Descriptor'
.data:0000000140005050 ??_R0H@8 dq offset ??_7type_info@@6B@; pVFTable
.data:0000000140005050 ; DATA XREF: .rdata:stru_140003948f0
.data:0000000140005050 ; .rdata:stru_140003984f0 ...
.data:0000000140005050 dq 0 ; spare ; reference to RTTI's vftable
.data:0000000140005050 db '.H',0 ; name
.data:0000000140005063 align 8
.data:0000000140005068 ; __int64 `RTTI Type Descriptor'
.data:0000000140005068 ??_R0_J@8 dq offset ??_7type_info@@6B@; pVFTable
.data:0000000140005068 ; DATA XREF: .rdata:0000000140003970f0
.data:0000000140005068 ; .rdata:00000001400039ACf0 ...
.data:0000000140005068 dq 0 ; spare ; reference to RTTI's vftable
.data:0000000140005068 db '._J',0 ; name
.data:000000014000507C align 20h
.data:0000000140005080 ; public class type_info /* mdisp:0 */
.data:0000000140005080 ; class type_info `RTTI Type Descriptor'
.data:0000000140005080 ??_R0?AVtype_info@@@8 dq offset ??_7type_info@@6B@
; DATA XREF: .rdata:000000014000350Cf0
; .rdata:type_info::`RTTI Base Class Descriptor at
; reference to RTTI's vftable
.data:0000000140005080 dq 0 ; internal runtime reference
.data:0000000140005088 aAvTypeInfo db '._?AVtype_info@@',0 ; type descriptor name

```

识别catch处理的类型

## 通过函数内部Throw定位catch实现代码

### 1. 通过\_ThrowInfo 参数4 rva值 定位catchable具体实现

```

loc_140001123: ; CODE XREF: main+371j
mov     rax, 1234567812345678h
mov     [rsp+88h+pExceptionObject], rax
lea     rdx, __TI1_J ; pThrowInfo
lea     rcx, [rsp+88h+pExceptionObject] ; pExceptionObject

loc_14000113E: ; DATA XREF: .rdata:stru_1400039C0f0
; try {
call    _CxxThrowException

.rdata:0000000140003AC0 __TI1_J _ThrowInfo <0, 0, 0, 3B00h>
; DATA XREF: main+92f0
; main+EBf0
; attributes
; align 20h
; const _ThrowInfo __TI1H
.rdata:0000000140003AE0 __TI1H _ThrowInfo <0, 0, 0, 3B88h>
; DATA XREF: main+CAf0
; main+123f0
; attributes
; align 20h
; count of catchable type addresses following
; catchable type `__int64'
.rdata:0000000140003B00 __CTA1_J dd 1
; CT??_R0_J@8
.rdata:0000000140003B04 align 10h

```

### 2. 定位 RTTI

```

.rdata:0000000140003B70 __CT??_R0_J@8 dd CT_IsSimpleType ; DATA XREF: .rdata:0000000140003B04f0
; attributes
.rdata:0000000140003B74 dd rva ??_R0_J@8 ; __int64 `RTTI Type Descriptor'
; mdisp
.rdata:0000000140003B78 dd 0 ; pdisp
.rdata:0000000140003B7C dd -1 ; vdisp
.rdata:0000000140003B80 dd 0 ; size of thrown object
.rdata:0000000140003B84 dd 8 ; reference to optional copy constructor
.rdata:0000000140003B88 dd 0
.rdata:0000000140003B8C db 0
.rdata:0000000140003B8D db 0
.rdata:0000000140003B8E db 0
.rdata:0000000140003B8F db 0

```

### 3. 查找引用定位对应的 HandlerType 表

```

.data:0000000140005068 ??_R0_J@8 dq offset ??_7type_info@@6B@; pVFTable
; DATA XREF: .rdata:0000000140003970f0
; .rdata:00000001400039ACf0 ...
; spare ; reference to RTTI's vftable
; name
.data:0000000140005068 dq 0
.data:0000000140005068 db '._J',0
.data:000000014000507C align 20h
.data:0000000140005080 ; public class type_info /* mdisp:0 */
.data:0000000140005080 ; class type_info `RTTI Type Descriptor'

```

查找引用定位对应的 HandlerType 表

Direction	Type	Address	Text
Up	o	.rdata:0000000140003970	HandlerType <0, rva ??_R0_J@8, 96, rva loc_140001F40, 56>; __int64 `RTTI Type Descriptor'
Up	o	.rdata:00000001400039AC	HandlerType <0, rva ??_R0_J@8, 120, rva loc_140001FB8, 56>; __int64 `RTTI Type Descriptor'
Up	o	.rdata:0000000140003B74	dd rva ??_R0_J@8; __int64 `RTTI Type Descriptor'

### 4. 通过 HandlerType 表参数4定位catch具体的实现代码

```

HandlerType <0, rva ??_R0_J@8, 96, rva loc_140001F40, 56>; __int64 `RTTI

```

```

.text:0000000140001F40 ; __unwind { // __CxxFrameHandler3
.text:0000000140001F40 ; catch( __int64 ) // owned by 14000113E
.text:0000000140001F40 mov     [rsp+88h+var_78], rdx
.text:0000000140001F45 push    rbp
.text:0000000140001F46 sub     rsp, 20h
.text:0000000140001F4A mov     rbp, rdx
.text:0000000140001F4D lea     rcx, aLongLong ; "long long \n"
.text:0000000140001F54 call    sub_140001060
.text:0000000140001F59 nop
.text:0000000140001F5A lea     rax, loc_1400010DB
.text:0000000140001F61 add     rsp, 20h
.text:0000000140001F65 pop     rbp
.text:0000000140001F66 retn

```

IPtoStateMap 参数2的值可用来匹配 TryBlockMapEntry 参数1的值，用来确定对应的 catch 代码：

```

stru_1400039C0 IPtoStateMap <rva loc_14000113E, 0>
; DATA XREF: .rdata:stru_1400032F0fo
IPtoStateMap <rva loc_14000117C, 2>
IPtoStateMap <rva byte_1400011D5, -1>
stru_140003920 TryBlockMapEntry <0, 0, 1, 3, rva stru_140003948>
; DATA XREF: .rdata:stru_1400032F0fo
TryBlockMapEntry <2, 2, 3, 3, rva stru_140003984>
stru_140003948 HandlerType <0, rva ??_R0H@8, 80, rva loc_140001EF0, 56>
; DATA XREF: .rdata:stru_140003920fo
; int `RTTI Type Descriptor'
HandlerType <0, rva ??_R0N@8, 88, rva loc_140001F18, 56> ; double `RTTI Type De
HandlerType <0, rva ??_R0_J@8, 96, rva loc_140001F40, 56> ; __int64 `RTTI Type

```

## \_\_CxxFrameHandler4

相关结构体声明在 ehdata4.h 和 ehdata4\_export.h 头文件中。

解决\_\_CxxFrameHandler3中 .pdata节 ExceptionDir 中存储 RUNTIME\_FUNCTION 信息较多的情况（占用空间较大），在 \_\_CxxFrameHandler4 中将原有的所有结构体都该为了变长结构体，结构体中的有效成员数量不确定。所有成员都有下面的位段结构：用来表示结构体中有效的成员

```

struct FuncInfoHeader
{
    union
    {
#pragma warning(push)
#pragma warning(disable: 4201) // nonstandard extension used: nameless struct/union
        struct
        {
            uint8_t isCatch          : 1; // 1 if this represents a catch funclet, 0 otherwise
            uint8_t isSeparated      : 1; // 1 if this function has separated code segments, 0 otherwise
            uint8_t BBT              : 1; // Flags set by Basic Block Transformations
            uint8_t UnwindMap        : 1; // Existence of Unwind Map RVA
            uint8_t TryBlockMap      : 1; // Existence of Try Block Map RVA
            uint8_t EHs              : 1; // EHs flag set
            uint8_t NoExcept         : 1; // NoExcept flag set
            uint8_t reserved         : 1;
        };
#pragma warning(pop)
        uint8_t value;
    };
};

```

## FuncInfo4



```

.rdata:00000001400038FC          dd rva unk_140003900      ; FuncInfo4
.rdata:0000000140003900 unk_140003900 db 38h ; 8          ; DATA XREF: .rdata:00000001400038FCto
.rdata:0000000140003900          ; FuncInfo4
.rdata:0000000140003901          dd 390Dh          ; dispUnwindMap
.rdata:0000000140003905          dd 3912h          ; dispTryBlockMap
.rdata:0000000140003909          dd 3965h          ; dispIPtoStateMap
.rdata:000000014000390D          db 8
.rdata:000000014000390E          db 8
.rdata:000000014000390F          db 10h          38H: 0011 1000
.rdata:0000000140003910          db 18h
static_assert(sizeof(FuncInfoHeader) == sizeof(uint8_t), "Size of FuncInfoHeader not 1 Byte");

struct FuncInfo4
{
    FuncInfoHeader header;
    uint32_t bbtFlags;          // flags that may be set by BBT processing

    int32_t dispUnwindMap;      // Image relative offset of the unwind map
    int32_t dispTryBlockMap;    // Image relative offset of the handler map
    int32_t dispIPtoStateMap;   // Image relative offset of the IP to state map
    uint32_t dispFrame;         // displacement of address of function frame wrt establisher frame

    FuncInfo4()
    {
        header.value = 0;
        bbtFlags = 0;
        dispUnwindMap = 0;
        dispTryBlockMap = 0;
        dispIPtoStateMap = 0;
        dispFrame = 0;
    }
};

```

## HandlerTypeHeader

```

struct HandlerTypeHeader
{
    // See contAddr for description of these values
    enum contType
    {
        NONE = 0b00,
        ONE = 0b01,
        TWO = 0b10,
        RESERVED = 0b11
    };
    union
    {
#pragma warning(push)
#pragma warning(disable: 4201) // nonstandard extension used: nameless struct/union
        struct
        {
            uint8_t adjectives : 1; // Existence of Handler Type adjectives (bitfield)
            uint8_t dispType : 1; // Existence of Image relative offset of the corresponding type descriptor
            uint8_t dispCatchObj : 1; // Existence of Displacement of catch object from base
            uint8_t contIsRVA : 1; // Continuation addresses are RVAs rather than function relative, used for separated code
            uint8_t contAddr : 2; // 1. 00: no continuation address in

```

```

metadata, use what the catch funclet returns
// 2. 01: one function-relative continuation address
// 3. 10: two function-relative continuation addresses
// 4. 11: reserved
uint8_t unused      : 2;
};

#pragma warning(pop)
uint8_t value;
};
};

```

```

.rdata:0000000140003921      db     6                ; HandlerMap1
.rdata:0000000140003922      db    16h              16H: 0001 0110
.rdata:0000000140003923      dd    5050h             ; catch1
.rdata:0000000140003927      db    90h              ; catch1对应的处理代码 -- "catch int\n"
.rdata:0000000140003928      dd    1EE0h             ; catch1对应的处理代码 -- "catch int\n"
.rdata:000000014000392C      db    64h ; d
.rdata:000000014000392D      db    16h
.rdata:000000014000392E      dd    5038h             ; catch2
.rdata:0000000140003932      db    0A0h
.rdata:0000000140003933      dd    1F0Bh             ; catch2对应的处理代码 -- "catch double\n"
.rdata:0000000140003937      db    0E8h
.rdata:0000000140003938      db    16h
.rdata:0000000140003939      dd    5068h             ; catch3
.rdata:000000014000393D      db    0B0h
.rdata:000000014000393E      dd    1F36h             ; catch3对应的处理代码 -- "catch long long\n"
.rdata:0000000140003942      db    64h ; d
.rdata:0000000140003943      db     6                ; HandlerMap2
.rdata:0000000140003944      db    16h
.rdata:0000000140003945      dd    5050h             ; catch1
.rdata:0000000140003949      db    0C0h
.rdata:000000014000394A      dd    1F61h             ; catch1对应的处理代码 -- "catch int\n"
.rdata:000000014000394E      db    0ECh
.rdata:000000014000394F      db    16h
.rdata:0000000140003950      dd    5038h             ; catch2
.rdata:0000000140003954      db    0D0h
.rdata:0000000140003955      dd    1F8Ch             ; catch2对应的处理代码 -- "catch double\n"
.rdata:0000000140003959      db    0F0h

```

## IPtoStateMap

记录函数中异常开始的偏移值，不在记录rva，函数地址有编译器记录。

通过下面方式可计算try-catch起始地址以及结束地址：

```

.rdata:00000001400028BA      db     4                ; IPtoStateMap
.rdata:00000001400028BB      db    0AEh             ; AE >> 1 = 57 + 1400010A0(main函数首地址) = 1400010F7
.rdata:00000001400028BC      db     2
.rdata:00000001400028BD      db    7Ch ; |          ; 7C >> 1 = 3E + 1400010F7 = 140001135
.rdata:00000001400028BE      db     0
.rdata:00000001400028BF      db     0

```