SEHH2240 Database Systems



CC Food Delivery Platform

Prepared by Class 201 Group B4

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1. Idea of Creating a Food Delivery Platform

People are increasingly seeking convenience in their daily lives. Due to the COVID-19 epidemic, people try to avoid going out. However, eating is a must for the public. When people do not want to go out and cook, they must use food delivery services. We anticipated that the demand for food delivery services will increase, so we decided to open a food delivery platform.

2. Introduction of Food Delivery Platform

Food delivery platform is a database system which aims at storing different data that will be used during food delivery. Via searching this database system, our staff will be able to acknowledge the detail of the order. They will be able to meet customer's requirements and deliver the food correctly Also, customers can track which staff is responsible for their order. Customers can contact the staff with the phone number provided in the UI.

3. Background Description of Business

Relationships Between Users

For this system, managers of CCFood and business partners of CCFood will be the user. The end-users of CCFood system will be clients, staff and restaurants.

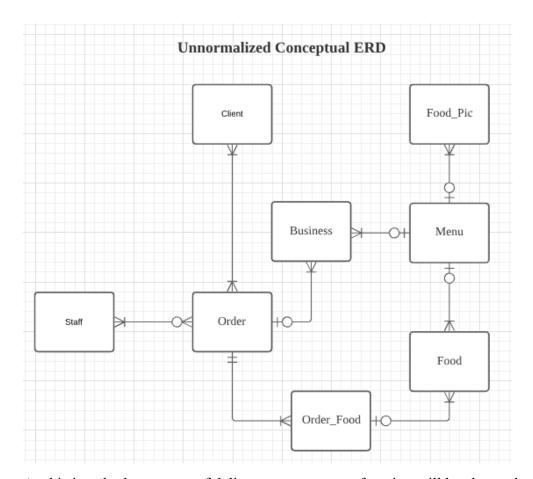
For the client of CCFood. They can choose and order food from our platform. We provide many kinds of food. Different food will provide by different restaurant. If client have any special requirement with the food, they can point out and let our stuff to fulfill.

For the staff of CCFood, they can check the order from the platform. Customers' address can be checked from the database and they can deliver food to the right location.

For food, customer can choose and order the food by our food rank.

For the order, each order contain one or many foods ordered by customer, each order will be delivered by one of the staff of CCFood.

For the business partners, they can check how many orders they have taken from our platform and check their turnover. Let them know how many order and sales they gain from our platform.



As this is only the concept of delivery system, more function will be changed on and database will be normalized thought 3NF in the future.

4. Data dictionary

Business (BID, BName, BPassword, BPhone, BEmail, BAddress1, BAddress2,

BAddress3)

Client (CID, CName, CPassword, CPhone, CEmail, CAddress1, CAddress2,

CAddress3)

Event (EID, BID, ECode, EStartDate, EEndDate, EMessage, EDiscount)

Food (FID, FName, FType, FPrice, FSize, FPic, BID)

Food_Truck (CID, FID, FQuantity)

Order (OID, CID, SID, OTime, OTime Search, O Message)

Order Food (OID, FID, OFQuantity)

Staff (SID, SName, SPassword, SPhone, SEmail)

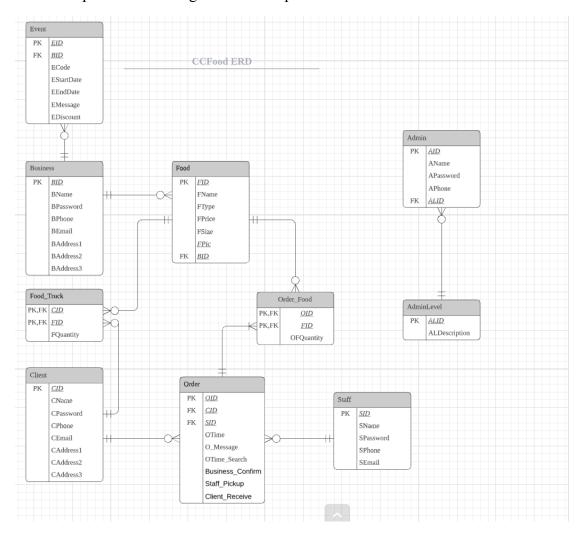
Admin (AID, AName, APassword, APhone, ALID)

AdminLevel (ALID, ALDescription)

5. Conceptual design

Entity Relationship Modeling and Normalization

Base on the background description of business relationships between Users relationship above. we design a more complete ERD and add more function in it.



In this ERD, some of the function are added and many M:N relationships are broken down in 1:M and M:1 relationship.

For the entity Food and Order, a composite entity order food are added to resolve the M:N relationship between Food and Order. For this table, O_ID and F_ID are used as a composite key. Since each order may have many or one Order_Food only, Order and Order_Food are in 1:M relationship Food and Order_Food are in 1 to 0-or-many relationship since the food are popular and order by many clients or may not order by

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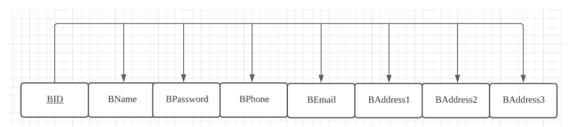
any clients.

For the entity Client and Food, a composite entity Food_Truck are added to resolve the M:N relationship between Food and Client. For this table. C_ID and F_ID are used as a Composite key. Food and Food_Truck are in 1 to 0-or-many relationship since Food_Truck can store many or none of specific kind of food. Food_Truck and Client are in 0-or-many to 1 relationship since there can be no food truck or many food trucks to provide food to a client.

For the entity Business, since our company will held different events to attract more customers, the entity Event are added to record the different event at specific date. Such as we will have 50% off at 20/4.

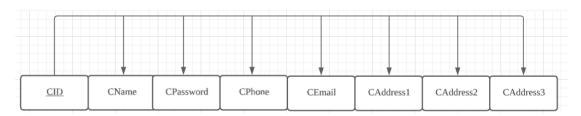
6. Dependency Diagram

a. Business



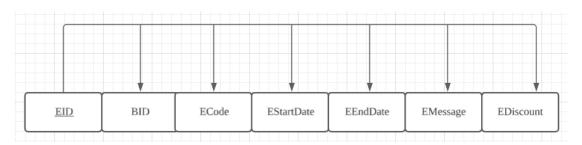
Relational Schema: Business (<u>BID</u>, BName, BPassword, BPhone, BEmail, BAddress1, BAddress2, BAddress3)

b. Client



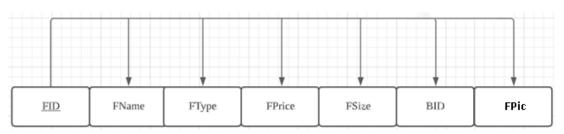
Relational Schema: Client (<u>CID</u>, CName, CPassword, CPhone, CEmail, CAddress1, CAddress2, CAddress3)

c. Event



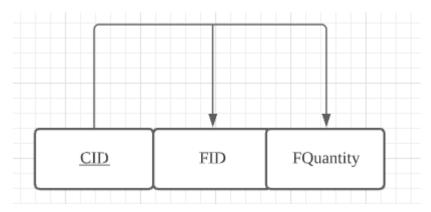
Relational Schema: Event (<u>EID</u>, BID#, ECode, EStartDate, EEndDate, EMassage, EDiscount)

d. Food



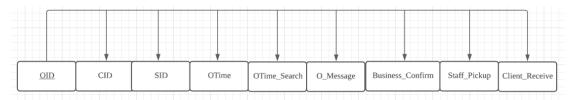
Relational Schema: Food (FID, FName, FType, FPrice, FSize, BID#, FPic)

e. Food Truck



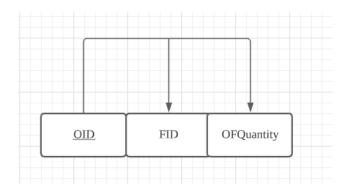
Relational Schema: Food_Truck (CID, FID#, FQuantity)

f. Order



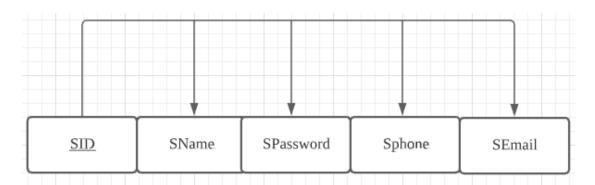
Relational Schema: Order (<u>OID</u>, CID#, SID#, OTime, OTime_Search, O_Message, Business_Confirm, Staff_Pickup, Client_Receive)

g. Order_Food



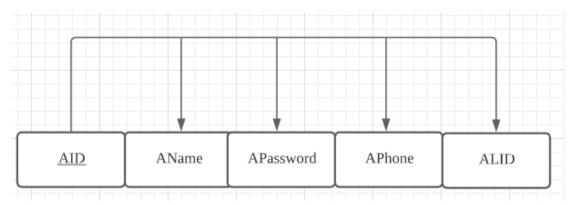
Relational Scheme: Order_Food (OID, FID#, OFQuantity)

h. Staff



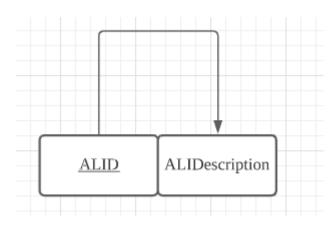
Relational Scheme: Staff (SID, SName, SPassword, Sphone, SEmail)

i. Admin



Relational Scheme: Admin (AID, AName, APassword, APhone, ALID#)

j. AdminLevel



Relational Scheme: AdminLevel (ALID, ALIDescription)

7. Logic design

The following tables and attributes are all implemented within the environment of Microsoft Access.

a. Business

This table stores the information of our business partners for registration.

Busin	Business							
	Attribute	Data Type	Description	Size	Rule			
PK	BID	AutoNumber	Business ID					
	BName	Short Text	Business Name		Not Null			
	BPassword	Long Text	Business Password	576	Not Null			
	BPhone	Number	Business Phone	8	*			
	BEmail	Long Text	Business Email	50				
	BAddress1	Long Text	Business Address Area		Not Null			
	BAddress2	Long Text	Business Address Street					
	BAddress3	Long Text	Business Address Room					

b. Client

This table stores the personal information of our customers for registration.

Clien	Client							
	Attribute	Data Type	Description	Size	Rule			
PK	CID	AutoNumber	Client ID					
	CName	Short Text	Client Name		Not Null			
	CPassword	Long Text	Client Password	576	Not Null			
	CPhone	Number	Client Phone	8	*			
	CEmail	Long Text	Client Email	50				
	CAddress1	Long Text	Client Address Area					
	CAddress2	Long Text	Client Address Street					
	CAddress3	Long Text	Client Address Room					

c. Event

This table stores the details of events hold by different business partners.

Event						
	Attribute	Data Type	Description	Size	Rule	
PK	EID	AutoNumber	Event ID			
FK	BID	AutoNumber	Business ID			

ECode	Long Text	Event Code	Not Null
EStartDate	Number	Event Start Date	
EEndDate	Long Text	Event End Date	
EMessage	Long Text	Event Description	
EDiscount	Long Text	Event Discount	

d. Food

This table stores the details of different foods.

Food						
	Attribute	Data Type	Description	Size	Rule	
PK	FID	AutoNumber	Food ID			
	FName	Long Text	Food Name		Not Null	
	FType	Long Text	Food Type			
	FPrice	Number	Food Price			
	FSize	Long Text	Food Size			
FK	BID	AutoNumber	Business ID			
	FPic	Attachment	Food Picture			

e. Food_Truck

This table stores the food items that customers selected temporarily.

Food_Truck						
	Attribute	Data Type	Description	Size	Rule	
PK	CID	Number	Client ID			
FK	FID	Number Food ID				
	FQuantity	Number	Food Number			

f. Order

This table acts as a receipt which mainly stores the date and time of the order being processed successfully, types, quantity and the price of food, total cost and an order ID.

Order							
	Attribute	Data Type	Description	Size	Rule		
PK	OID	AutoNumber	Order ID				
FK	CID	Number	Client ID				
FK	SID	Number	Staff ID				
	OTime	Date/Time	Order Time in hour				
	OTime_Search	Date/Time	Order Time in day				

O_Message	Long Text	Order Message	
Business_Confirm	Yes/No	Confirm finished making	
		by Restaurant	
Staff_Pickup	Yes/No	Confirm Picked up by	
		Staff	
Client_Receive	Yes/No	Confirm received by	
		Client	

g. Order_Food

This Table acts as a receipt for the restaurants to know what their customers have ordered. The order ID is for verifying with our staff by confirming the same order ID received by both business partners and our staff.

Order_	Order_Food						
	Attribute	Data Type	Description	Size	Rule		
PK	OID	Number	Order ID				
FK	FID	Number	Food ID				
	OFQuantity	Number	Quantity				

h. Staff

This table stores the personal information of our staff.

The west stores are personal internation of the state.							
Staff	Staff						
	Attribute	Data Type	Description	Size	Rule		
PK	SID	AutoNumber	Staff ID				
	SName	Short Text	Staff Name		Not Null		
	SPassword	Long Text	Staff Password	576	Not Null		
	SPhone	Number	Staff Phone number	8	*		
	SEmail	Long Text	Staff E-mail	50			

i. Admin

This table stores the personal information of the database administrators.

Admi	Admin					
	Attribute Data Type Description		Size	Rule		
PK	AID AutoNumber Admin ID					
	AName Long Text Ad		Admin Name		Not Null	
	APassword	Long Text	Admin Password	576	Not Null	
	APhone	Number	Admin Phone number	8	*	
FK	ALID	AutoNumber	Admin Level ID		Not Null	

j. AdminLevel

This table lists out the level of the administrators with descriptions.

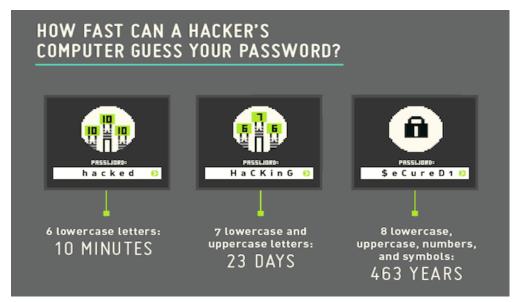
Admi	AdminLevel					
	Attribute Data Type Description Size Rule					
PK	ALID	AutoNumber	Admin Level ID			
	ALDescription	Long Text	Admin Level description		Not Null	

^{*:}Number have be inside the range 20000000-39999999,500000000-69999999,90000000-99999999 due to Hong Kong's phone number starts at 2,3,5,6,9.

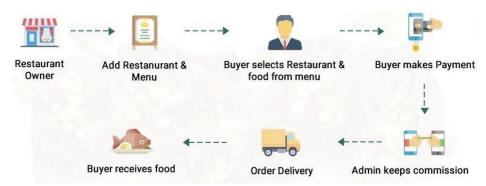
8. Data Security Control

a. Password Security

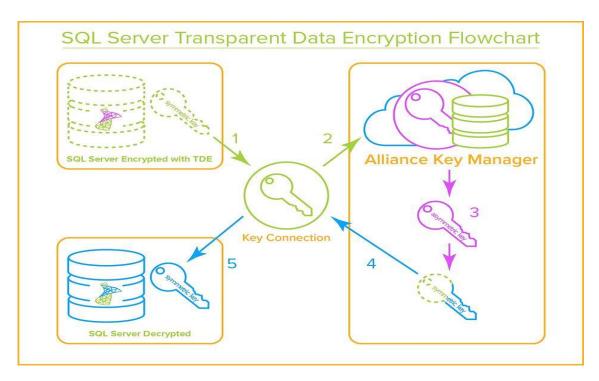
Uppercase and lowercase letters, numbers and symbols are required to be included in password to increase the security level. Besides, we use type check, length check or field check instead of some simple checking to ensure the security as well.



However, if the password is stored in an insecure way, these restrictions would be invalid. In SQL, a password is usually stored in the database, so we need to be very careful when storing the password. But the password is stored in the table in plain text which is vulnerable to attacks. If an attacker accesses the database, he can steal the password of clients or even the administrators. Therefore, the password in the database should be encrypted well and made as complicated as possible to avoid being illegally decrypted.



Users are required to input password during the making payment process in which password is necessary to be encrypted.



- 1. The SQL server requests the Data Encryption Key (DEK) to be decrypted by the Key Encryption Key (KEK).
- 2. The key connection sends a decryption request to Alliance Key Manager (AKM).
- 3. AKM decryption and KEK's DEK.
- 4. AKM sends the decrypted DEK to the Key connection.
- 5.Key connection sends the decrypted DEK to SQL Server so that the database can be decrypted.

This Process can significantly ensure the security by using SHA1(SHA-256 XOR Salt) method to encrypt.

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| CHB) |
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Screenshot for password encryption.

9. Implementation Details

Flowcharts of the Program

i. Flowcharts for customers

Program Procedures	Description		
1	Customers would register by filling their personal		
	information through a program.		
2	Personal information of customers will be validated and		
	stored in the database system.		
3	Customers can select their wanted items from different		
	registered shops by using different functions (food rank,		
	types of food).		
4	The selected items will be stored in the Food truck		
	temporarily such that customers can double check what		
	they have selected.		
5	Customers can pay the bill through online payment.		
6	Customers will receive a digital receipt with customers'		
	name, time and date, items ordered, price of each item and		
	total cost.		
7	Customers can wait for their ordered food.		

ii. Flowcharts for business partners

Program Procedures	Description
1	Business partners would register by filling their personal
	information through a program.
2	Information of business partners will be validated and
	stored in the database system.
3	Business partners can input their products with pictures
	to the program for customers to select.
4	Once there is an order on their own restaurant, they will
	receive a receipt showing the name and quantity of food
	with the order ID.
5	Business partners can verify our staff by confirming the
	same order ID received by both business partners and our
	staff.

Queries Design

Target	Query Name	SQL	Description
Business	1.Business rank	SELECT b.BName,	Show out which
partner	in total	SUM(of.OFQuantity) AS Quantity	Business partner are
		FROM Food AS f, Order_Food AS	most popular and the
		[of], Business AS b	quantity of food
		WHERE of.FID = f.FID AND f.BID	ordered.
		= b.BID	
		GROUP BY b.BName	
		ORDER BY SUM(of.OFQuantity)	
		DESC;	
	2.Business rank	SELECT TOP 5 b.BName,	Show out top 5
	in total (Top5)	SUM(of.OFQuantity) AS Quantity	Business partner
		FROM Food AS f, Order_Food AS	which are most
		[of], Business AS b	popular and the
		WHERE of.FID = f.FID AND f.BID	quantity of food
		= b.BID	ordered.
		GROUP BY b.BName	
		ORDER BY SUM(of.OFQuantity)	
		DESC;	
Client	1.Food rank for	SELECT b.BName, f.FName AS	Show out which
	hamburger	Name, f.FPrice AS Price,	business partner
		SUM(of.OFQuantity) AS Quantity	having highest number
		FROM Food AS f, Order_Food AS	of sales of hamburger
		[of], Business AS b	so client can refer this
		WHERE of.FID = f.FID AND f.BID	rank to order.
		= b.BID AND f.FType =	
		"Hamburger"	
		GROUP BY b.BName, f.FName,	
		f.FSize, f.FPrice, f.FSize	
		ORDER BY SUM(of.OFQuantity)	
		DESC;	
	2.Food rank for	SELECT b.BName, f.FName AS	Show out which
	noodles	Name, f.FPrice AS Price,	business partner
		SUM(of.OFQuantity) AS Quantity	having highest numbe

	T	T
	FROM Food AS f, Order_Food AS [of], Business AS b WHERE of.FID = f.FID AND f.BID = b.BID AND f.FType = "Noodles" GROUP BY b.BName, f.FName, f.FSize, f.FPrice, f.FSize ORDER BY SUM(of.OFQuantity) DESC;	of sales of noodles so client can refer this rank to order.
3.Food rank for rice	SELECT b.BName, f.FName AS Name, f.FPrice AS Price, SUM(of.OFQuantity) AS Quantity FROM Food AS f, Order_Food AS [of], Business AS b WHERE of.FID = f.FID AND f.BID = b.BID AND f.FType = "Rice" GROUP BY b.BName, f.FName, f.FSize, f.FPrice, f.FSize ORDER BY SUM(of.OFQuantity) DESC;	Show out which business partner having highest amount of sales of rice so client can refer this rank to order.
4.Food rank for snacks	SELECT b.BName, f.FName AS Name, f.FPrice AS Price, SUM(of.OFQuantity) AS Quantity FROM Food AS f, Order_Food AS [of], Business AS b WHERE of.FID = f.FID AND f.BID = b.BID AND f.FType = "Snacks" GROUP BY b.BName, f.FName, f.FSize, f.FPrice, f.FSize ORDER BY SUM(of.OFQuantity) DESC;	Show out which business partner having highest amount of sales of snacks so client can refer this rank to order.
5.Food rank for spaghetti	SELECT b.BName, f.FName AS Name, f.FPrice AS Price, SUM(of.OFQuantity) AS Quantity FROM Food AS f, Order_Food AS [of], Business AS b	Show out which business partner having highest amount of sales of spaghetti so client can refer this

		WHERE of.FID = f.FID AND f.BID	rank to order.
		= b.BID AND f.FType = "Spaghetti"	
		GROUP BY b.BName, f.FName,	
		f.FSize, f.FPrice, f.FSize	
		ORDER BY SUM(of.OFQuantity)	
		DESC;	
	6.Food rank in	SELECT b.BName, f.FName AS	Display the data of
	last year(2021)	Name, f.FPrice AS Price,	highest sales of food
		SUM(of.OFQuantity) AS Quantity	sold out last year, such
		FROM Food AS f, Order_Food AS	as BName,
		[of], Business AS b, [Order] AS o	name,price,and
		WHERE of.FID = f.FID AND f.BID	quantity for client
		= b.BID AND of.OID=[o].[OID]	reference.
		AND	
		Year([o].[OTime_Search])=2021	
		GROUP BY b.BName, f.FName,	
		f.FSize, f.FPrice, f.FSize	
		ORDER BY SUM(of.OFQuantity)	
		DESC;	
	7.Food rank in	SELECT b.BName,	Display the data of
	total	SUM(of.OFQuantity) AS Quantity	highest sales of food
		FROM Food AS f, Order_Food AS	sold out, such as
		[of], Business AS b	BName,
		WHERE of.FID = f.FID AND f.BID	name,price,and
		= b.BID	quantity for client
		GROUP BY b.BName	reference.
		ORDER BY SUM(of.OFQuantity)	
		DESC;	
	8.Food rank in	SELECT TOP 5 b.BName, f.FName	Display the data of
	total (TOP5)	AS Name, f.FPrice AS Price,	TOP 5 sales of food
		SUM(of.OFQuantity) AS Quantity	sold out, such as
		FROM Food AS f, Order_Food AS	BName,
		[of], Business AS b	name,price,and
		WHERE of.FID = f.FID AND f.BID	quantity for client
		= b.BID	reference.
		GROUP BY b.BName, f.FName,	
1		f.FSize, f.FPrice, f.FSize	

		ORDER BY SUM(of.OFQuantity)	
		DESC;	
CCFood	1.Food Truck	SELECT Food.FName, Food.FSize,	Display the data of
		Food.FPrice,	food in food truck
		SUM(Food_truck.FQuantity) AS	such as
		Quantity	foodname,foodsize(the
		FROM Client, Food_Truck, Food	place that food
		WHERE Client.CID =	consuming),food price
		Food_truck.CID AND	and the quantity.
		Food_Truck.FID = Food.FID	
		GROUP BY Food.FName,	
		Food.FSize, Food.FPrice	
		ORDER BY	
		SUM(Food_truck.FQuantity) DESC;	
	2.Money flow in	SELECT f.FName AS Name,	Display the amount of
	last month	SUM(of.OFQuantity) AS Quantity,	food sold and the
		SUM(of.OFQuantity* f.FPrice) AS	money gain last
		[Total Flow]	month.
		FROM Food AS f, Order_Food AS	
		[of], [Order] AS o	
		WHERE of.FID = f.FID AND	
		of.OID = o.OID AND	
		year(o.OTime_Search) = 2021 AND	
		month(o.OTime_Search) = 4	
		GROUP BY f.FName, f.FSize,	
		f.FPrice, f.FSize	
		ORDER BY SUM(of.OFQuantity)	
		DESC;	
	3.Money flow in	SELECT f.FName AS Name,	Display the amount of
	last month	Sum(of.OFQuantity) AS Quantity,	food sold and the
		Sum(of.OFQuantity*f.FPrice) AS	money gain in last
		[Total Flow]	month.
		FROM Food AS f, Order_Food AS	
		[of], [Order] AS o	
		WHERE (((of.FID)=[f].[FID]) AND	
		((of.OID)=[o].[OID]) AND	
		((Year([o].[OTime_Search]))=2021))	
		GROUP BY f.FName, f.FSize,	

	f.FPrice, f.FSize ORDER BY Sum(of.OFQuantity) DESC;	
4.Money flow in	SELECT f.FName AS Name,	Display the amount of
total	SUM(of.OFQuantity) AS Quantity,	food sold and the
	SUM(of.OFQuantity* f.FPrice) AS	money gain.
	[Total Flow]	
	FROM Food AS f, Order_Food AS	
	[of]	
	WHERE of.FID = f.FID	
	GROUP BY f.FName, f.FSize,	
	f.FPrice, f.FSize	
	ORDER BY SUM(of.OFQuantity)	
	DESC;	

10. Security measure of our database

a. Filter

For our database, the password should have security. Therefore, we added some restrictions when users enter passwords, such as using special characters, mixing letters and numbers, not using simple words, and using type check, length check and field integrity check for restrictions.

In our SQL, all passwords are stored in database. However, storing passwords in plain text form in a table is very vulnerable to attacks, because if an attacker accesses the database, he can steal the passwords of users and even administrators. So, the passwords in the database should be encrypted and made as secure as possible from illegal decryption.

```
For example,
"SELECT * FROM Client
WHERE (name = ' " & username & " ') "
and (password = ' " & password & " '); "
Are the SQL of login

when the password and username was fill in maliciously:
username = " 1' OR '1'='1 "
password = " 1' OR '1'='1 "
The SQL became to:

SELECT * FROM Client
WHERE (name = '1' OR '1'='1')
and (password = '1' OR '1'='1');

Thus, the actual SQL command will be executed as:
```

SELECT * FROM Client;

Which cause everyone can login with no username and password.

It might cause data leakage, such as confidential corporate and personal information, account information, passwords, etc., or hacking of data structures.

Therefore, some limitations was added for username and password as follow:

```
(一般)

Option Compare Database
Option Explicit

Public Function f(strIn As String) As String

strIn = Replace(strIn, """, """)
strIn = Replace(strIn, ";", """)
strIn = Replace(strIn, ";", """)
f = strIn

End Function
```

11. User interface and Form design

The user interface and the form designs shown as above:

a. For Business Partners

i. The user interface for business partners.



ii. The login screen for business partnersIf the Login button are selected, the login form will be shown.



After user input their user name and password, they can click the Login button to login.

The close button is for user to close the form.

iii. The Business Registration Form

If the Register button are clicked, the business registration from will be shown.

=	■ Business ×						
	Business	Registration	n Form				
▶							
	Name:						
	Password:						
	Phone Number:	0					
	Email:						
	Address						
		Save	Close				

This form is or business registrant, input the Name, Password, Phone Number, Email, Address and click the save button to save their information to our database.

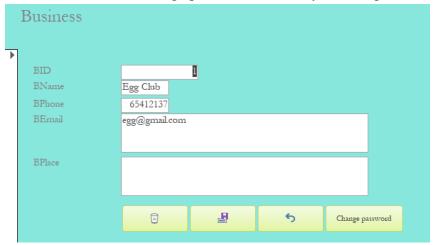
For changing the password, users only need to input their old password and new password. To prevent users from entering the wrong password, user need to input the password twice.

iv. Password Change Screen

Password Change Screen	×
Egg Club	
Old Password	
New Password	
Confirm new password	
Change Close	

v. Interface for Business modify record

This is the interface for Business modify their record, there are four buttons below, user can delete, save change password or redo by selecting these buttons.



vi. Interface after login

This is the user interface for Business Partners after login:



There three button in this user interface: Edit your record, Food record and Exit.

When Edit your record button are clicked, the form of modify record for business partner will be shown.

When Food record button are clicked, the food record of that business partner will be shown.

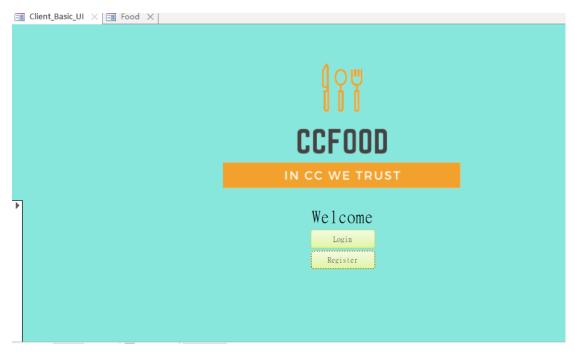
When the exit record are clicked, user will return to the previous screen

After exit button clicked:



b. For Clients

i. Interface for clients



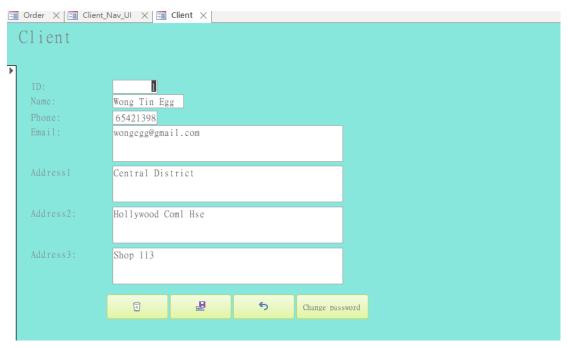
The interface look like as same as the interface of business.

The button Login and Close's function are same with the button in the login screen of business partner, but the data of client will be stored at database of client.

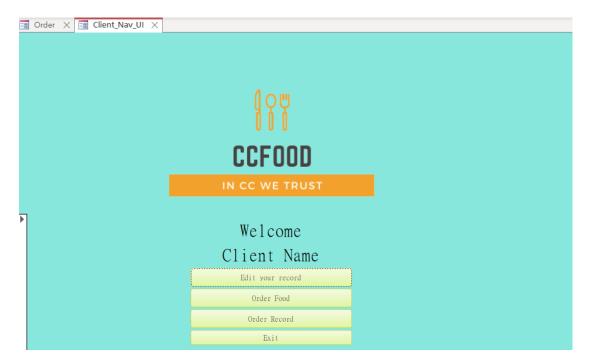
ii. Login screen for client



iii. Form for client edit data

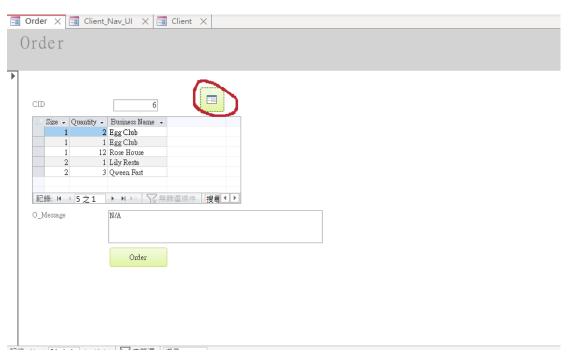


This is the interface for client modify their record, there are four buttons below, user can delete, save change password or redo by selecting these buttons. As same as the Form for business partner edit their data.



iv. Form for order food

This is the form for client to order food. Clients can click the button clicked to choose food they want.



After the button are clicked, the menu are shown(shown in the picture below)client can see the data of different food such as Food Name, Type,Size,Price,taurant Name and the picture of food in the form. These data are locked to avoid that client change these data mistakenly. User can input the quantity and click add to car to order food.

c. For Staff

i. Basic UI for Staff



This is the basic user interface for staff, after login button are clicked, the login screen will be shown, just like the business and client interface.

The button Login and Close's function are same with the button in the login screen of business partner, but the data of staff will be stored at database of staff.

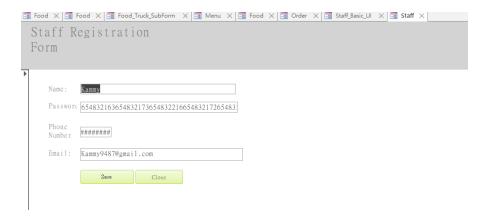
ii. Login Screen For Staff

🖪 Login Screen			×
User Name	e: [
Password:			
	Login	Close	

iii. Password Changing Form



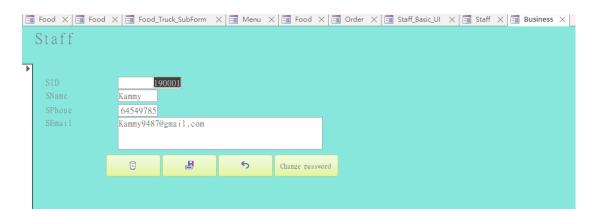
iv. Staff Registration Form



v. Interface for staff after login



vi. Form for staff to edit their data



12. VBA

a. VBA for Business

This VBA is for Business users to change their password by alter database record after checking is the input value match system record or not.

```
Debase (4) - Form Bunness_Change Password (医氏)

(一般)

Detain Compare Database
Option Explicit

Private Sub Detail_Paint()
Me.Label14.Caption = Fornst[Business_Nau_UI].Label123.Caption
End Sub

Private Sub btnChange_Click()
Din rs ns Recordset

Set rs = CurrentDb.OpenRecordset("Business", dbOpenSnapshot, dbReadOnly)
rs.FindFirst "BName="" & Me.Label14.Caption & """

If rstBPassword <> enc(Nz(Me.txtOldPassword, "")) Then
Me.lbluProngOldPass.Usible = True
Me.txtIdlaPassword_SetFocus
Exit Sub
End If
Me.lbluProngOldPass_Usible = False

If Me.txtNewPassword_SetFocus
Exit Sub
End If

If (Me.txtNewPassword_SetFocus
Exit Sub
End If

Me.lbluProngNewPass_Usible = False
DoCnd_RunSQL "UPPATE Business SET BPassword = "" & enc(Me.txtNewPassword) & "" Where BName = "" & Me.Label14.Caption & "" ;"
DoCnd_Close acForn, Me.name
End Sub
```

This VBA is for Business users to input the data into the database after filtering bad words.

```
Dtabase (4) - Form_Business_Data_Entry (程式碼)

Command16

Option Compare Database
Option Explicit

Private Sub Command16_Click()

BName.Value = f(BName.Value)
BPassword.Value = enc(BPassword.Value)
BPhone.Value = f(BPhone.Value)
BEmail.Value = f(BEmail.Value)
BPlace.Value = f(BPlace.Value)

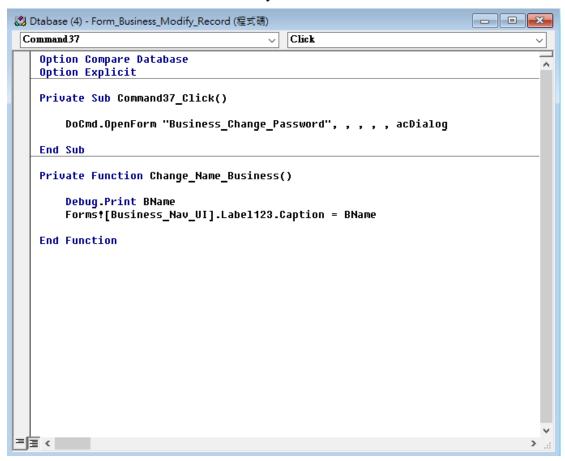
DoCmd.Close acForm, Me.name

End Sub
```

This VBA is for Business users to login after checking is the input value match system record or not.

```
- - X
🚨 Dtabase (4) - Form_Business_Login (程式碼)
                                                           √ Click
    Option Compare Database
Option Explicit
    Private Sub btnLogin_Click()
Dim rs As Recordset
         Set rs = CurrentDb.OpenRecordset("Business", dbOpenSnapshot, dbReadOnly)
         rs.FindFirst "BName='" & Me.txtUserName & "'"
          If rs.NoMatch Then
               Me.lblWrongUser.Visible = True
               Me.txtUserName.SetFocus
               Exit Sub
         Me.lblWrongUser.Visible = False
          If rs!BPassword <> enc(Nz(Me.txtPassword, "")) Then
               Me.lblWrongPass.Visible = True
               Me.txtPassword.SetFocus
               Exit Sub
         End If
         Me.lblWrongPass.Uisible = False
DoCmd.OpenForm "Business_Nav_UI", , , , acWindowNormal
Forms![Business_Nav_UI].Label123.Caption = Me.txtUserName
         DoCmd.Close acForm, Me.name
DoCmd.Close acForm, "Business_Basic_UI"
    End Sub
```

This VBA is for Business users to modify their record.



This VBA is for navigating Business users to their own interface after login.

```
Dtabase (7)-Form_Business_Nav_U(電気制)

(一般)

Dption Compare Database
Option Explicit

Private Sub Command1A_Click()

DoCmd.OpenForn "Business_Modify_Record", , , "BName = "" & Me.Label123.Caption & """, , acDialog

End Sub

Private Sub Command157_Click()

DoCmd.OpenForn "Order_Record_Info", , , "[Business Name] = "" & Me.Label123.Caption & """, , acDialog, "BNU"

End Sub

Private Sub Command69_Click()

Din Result As Integer

Result As Integer

Result As Integer

Result - DLookup("BID", "Business", "BName = "" & Me.Label123.Caption & """)
DoCmd.OpenForn "Food Modify_Record", , , "BID = " & Result, , acDialog

Formst[Business_Nav_UI].Label123.Caption = Me.Label123.Caption

End Sub
```

b. VBA for Client

This VBA is for Client to change their password by alter database record after checking is the input value match system record or not.

```
🖄 Dtabase (7) - Form_Client_Change_Password (程式碼)
                                                                                       ∨ Click
 btnChange
    Option Compare Database
Option Explicit
    Private Sub Detail_Paint()
          Me.Label14.Caption = Forms![Client_Nav_UI].Label123.Caption
    Private Sub btnChange_Click()
Dim rs As Recordset
          Set rs = CurrentDb.OpenRecordset("Client", dbOpenSnapshot, dbReadOnly)
          rs.FindFirst "CName="" & Me.Label14.Caption & """
          If rs!CPassword <> enc(Nz(Me.txtOldPassword, """)) Then
Me.lblWrongOldPass.Visible = True
Me.txtOldPassword.SetFocus
Exit Sub
End If
          Me.lblWrongOldPass.Visible = False
          If Me.txtNewPassword <> Me.txtConfirmPassword Then
Me.lblWrongNewPass.Visible = True
Me.txtNewPassword.SetFocus
Exit Sub
End If
          If (Me.txtNewPassword <> Me.txtConfirmPassword) Or IsMull(Me.txtNewPassword) Or IsMull(Me.txtConfirmPassword) Then Me.lDlWrongNewPass.Visible = True Me.txtNewPassword.SetFocus Exit Sub
          End If
Me.lblWrongNewPass.Visible = False
          DoCmd.RunSQL "UPDATE Client SET CPassword = '" & enc(Me.txtNewPassword) & "' Where CName ='" & Me.Label14.Caption & '' ;"
          DoCmd.Close acForm, Me.Name
    End Sub
```

This VBA is for Client users to input the data into the database after filtering bad words. same as the VBA for Business users to entry data, but this is for Client.

This VBA is for Client to login after checking is the input value match system record or not.

```
🙇 Dtabase (7) - Form_Client_Login (程式碼)
                                                                                                           - - X
                                                          v (宣告)
    Option Compare Database
    Option Explicit
    Private Sub btnLogin_Click()
         Dim rs As Recordset
         Set rs = CurrentDb.OpenRecordset("Client", dbOpenSnapshot, dbReadOnly)
         rs.FindFirst "CName="" & Me.txtUserName & """
         If rs.NoMatch Then
              Me.1b1WrongUser.Visible = True
              Me.txtUserName.SetFocus
              Exit Sub
         End If
         Me.lblWrongUser.Visible = False
         If rs!CPassword <> enc(Nz(Me.txtPassword, "")) Then
              Me.lblWrongPass.Visible = True
              Me.txtPassword.SetFocus
              Exit Sub
         End If
         Me.lblWrongPass.Visible = False
DoCmd.OpenForm "Client_Nav_UI", , , , acWindowNormal
Forms*[Client_Nav_UI].Label123.Caption = Me.txtUserName
         DoCmd.Close acForm, Me.Name
DoCmd.Close acForm, "Client_Basic_UI"
    End Sub
```

This VBA is for Client users to modify their record.

```
②Dtabase (7) - Form_Client_Modify_Record (程式等)

(一般)

Option Compare Database
Option Explicit

Private Sub Command37_Click()

DoCmd.OpenForm "Client_Change_Password", , , , acDialog

End Sub

Private Function Change_Name_Client()

Forms*[Client_Nav_UI].Label123.Caption = CName
End Function
```

This VBA is for navigating Client users to their own interface after login.

```
② Dtabase (7) - Form_Client_Nav_U(資文語)

(一能)

Dption Compare Database
Option Explicit

Private Sub Command14_Click()

DoCmd.OpenForm "Client_Modify_Record", , , "CMame = '" & Me.Label123.Caption & "'", , acDialog

End Sub

Private Sub Command150_Click()

DoCmd.OpenForm "Order_Record_Info", , , "[Client Name] = '" & Me.Label123.Caption & "'", , acDialog, "CNU"

End Sub

Private Sub Command69_Click()

Dim rs As Recordset

Set rs = CurrentDb.OpenRecordset("Client", dbOpenSnapshot, dbReadOnly)

rs.FindFirst "CMame='" & Me.Label123.Caption & "'"

DoCmd.OpenForm "Client_Order", , , "CID = " & rstCID, , acDialog

End Sub
```

This VBA is for Client users to input their order. After clients order their food, it will find the matches record of order and move it from Food Truck to Order Food.

```
🐉 Dtabase (7) - Form_Client_Order (程式碼)
 (一般)
                                                                                                              v (宣告)
       Option Compare Database
      Private Sub Command12_Click()
Dim ID As Long
              Set db = CurrentDb
Dim rs As Recordset
              Randomize
ID = 190000 + Int((19 - 1 + 1) * Rnd + 1)
             Debug.Print ID
             If IsNull(Me.O_Message) Then
Me.O_Message = "N/A"
End If
              db.Execute ("INSERT INTO Orders(CID,SID,O_Message) VALUES (" & Me.CID & "," & ID & ",'" & Me.O_Message & "')")
             Dim rec, rec2, rec3 As Recordset

Do While True

Set rec3 = db.OpenRecordset("SELECT TOP 1 * FROM Orders Where CID = " & Me.CID & " ORDER BY OID DESC;")

Debug_Print rec3:0ID

Set rec = db.OpenRecordset("SELECT * FROM Order_Food Where OID = " & rec3:0ID & ";")

Set rec2 = db.OpenRecordset("SELECT * FROM Food_Truck Where CID = " & Me.CID & ";")

If rec2.EOF Then

Exit Sub

End If
                    rec.AddNew
                    rec("010") = rec3!01D
rec("FID") = rec2!FID
rec("0FQuantity") = rec2!FQuantity
                     rec.Update
                    db.Execute ("DELETE FROM Food_Truck Where CID = " & Me.CID & " AND FID = " & rec2!FID & ";")
       End Sub
```

This VBA is for the menu. It provides a user interface for Client User to select the foods to order, provides two search functions filtering by Food Type of Restaurant Name, and also provides a clear function to clear the filter.

```
🚨 Dtabase (7) - Form_Menu (程式碼)
                                                                                                        √ (宣告)
     Option Compare Database
      Private Sub Command66 Click()
Set db = CurrentDb
Dim inClD, inFlD, inQ As Integer
inClD = Formst[Client_Order].ClD
inFlD = Me.FlD
inQ = Me.Quantity
Dim rs As Recordset
            Set rs = db.OpenRecordset("SELECT * FROM Food_Truck Where CID = " & inCID & " AND FID = " & inFID & ";", dbOpenSnapshot, dbReadOnly)
           If rs.EOF Then
db.Execute ("INSERT INTO Food_Truck VALUES (" & inCID & "," & inFID & "," & inQ & ")")
Else
db.Execute ("UPDATE Food_Truck SET FQuantity = " & rs!FQuantity + inQ & " WHERE CID = " & inCID & " AND FID = " & inFID & ";")
End If
            Debug.Print inCID, inFID, inQ
Me.Quantity = Null
      End Sub
      Private Sub Command88_Click()
            DoCmd.OpenForm "Menu", , , "FType = ''' & Me.Filter_Type & '''', , acWindowMormal
Me.Filter_Restaurant = Mull
      End Sub
      Private Sub Command89 Click()
            DoCmd.OpenForm "Menu", , , "BHame = '" & Me.Filter_Restaurant & "'", , acWindowNormal
Me.Filter_Type = Null
      End Sub
      Private Sub Command90 Click()
            DoCmd.OpenForm "Menu", , , "FType IS NOT NULL AND BName IS NOT NULL", , acWindowNormal
He.Filter_Type = Null
Me.Filter_Restaurant = Null
      End Sub
```

This VBA is for the form Order_Record_Info, each type of user (business, staff, client) can tick different boxes by the confirm button to confirm the process of the takeaway.

```
🖄 Dtabase (7) - Form_Order_Record_Info (程式碼)
                                               ~ (宣告)
    Option Compare Database
    Private Sub Form_Load()
        If Me.OpenArgs = "BNU" Then
            Me.BC.Visible = True
            Me.SC.Visible = False
        Me.CC.Visible = False
ElseIf Me.OpenArgs = "SNU" Then
Me.BC.Visible = False
            Me.SC.Visible = True
            Me.CC.Visible = False
        ElseIf Me.OpenArgs = "CNU" Then
            Me.BC.Visible = False
            Me.SC.Visible = False
            Me.CC.Visible = True
        End If
    End Sub
    Private Sub BC_Click()
        DoCmd.RunSQL "UPDATE Orders SET Business_Confirm = Yes Where OID = " & Me.OID & ";"
    End Sub
    Private Sub SC_Click()
        DoCmd.RunSQL "UPDATE Orders SET Staff_Pickup = Yes Where OID = " & Me.OID & ";"
    End Sub
    Private Sub CC_Click()
        DoCmd.RunSQL "UPDATE Orders SET Client_Receive = Yes Where OID = " & Me.OID & ";"
```

This VBA is for staff to change their password by alter database record after checking is the input value match system record or not.

This VBA is for staff entry their data.

```
🖄 Dtabase (7) - Form_Staff_Data_Entry (程式碼)
                               (宣告)
   Option Compare Database
   Option Explicit
   Private Sub Command16_Click()
        SName.Value = f(SName.Value)
        SPassword.Value = enc(SPassword.Value)
        SPhone.Value = f(SPhone.Value)
        SEmail.Value = f(SEmail.Value)
        DoCmd.Close acForm, Me.Name
   End Sub
```

This VBA is for staff to login after checking is the input value match system record or not.

```
- - X
🙇 Dtabase (7) - Form_Staff_Login (程式碼)
(一般)
                                              (宣告)
    Option Compare Database
   Option Explicit
    Private Sub btnLogin_Click()
        Dim rs As Recordset
        Set rs = CurrentDb.OpenRecordset("Staff", dbOpenSnapshot, dbReadOnly)
        rs.FindFirst "SName='" & Me.txtUserName & "'"
        If rs.NoMatch Then
            Me.1blWrongUser.Visible = True
            Me.txtUserName.SetFocus
            Exit Sub
        End If
        Me.lblWrongUser.Visible = False
        If rs!SPassword \Leftrightarrow enc(Nz(Me.txtPassword, "")) Then
            Me.lblWrongPass.Visible = True
            Me.txtPassword.SetFocus
            Exit Sub
        End If
        Me.lblWrongPass.Visible = False
        DoCmd.OpenForm "Staff_Nav_UI", , , , acWindowNormal
        Forms![Staff_Nav_UI].Label123.Caption = Me.txtUserName
        DoCmd.Close acForm, Me.Name
DoCmd.Close acForm, "Staff_Basic_UI"
   End Sub
```

This VBA is for staff to modify their record.

```
Dtabase (7) - Form_Staff_Modify_Record (程式碼)

(一般)

Dption Compare Database
Option Explicit

Private Sub Command37_Click()

DoCmd.OpenForm "Staff_Change_Password", , , , , acDialog
End Sub

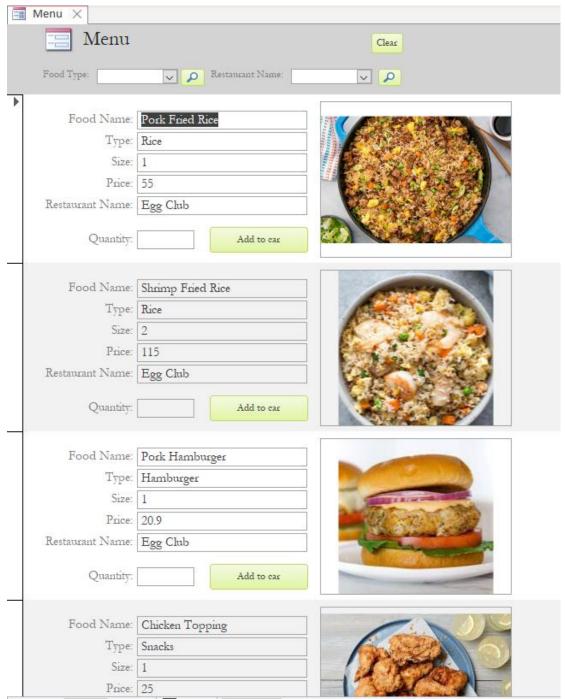
Private Function Change_Name_Staff()

Debug.Print SName
Forms*[Staff_Nav_UI].Label123.Caption = SName
End Function
```

This VBA is for navigating Staff to their own interface after login.

c. For all of the users

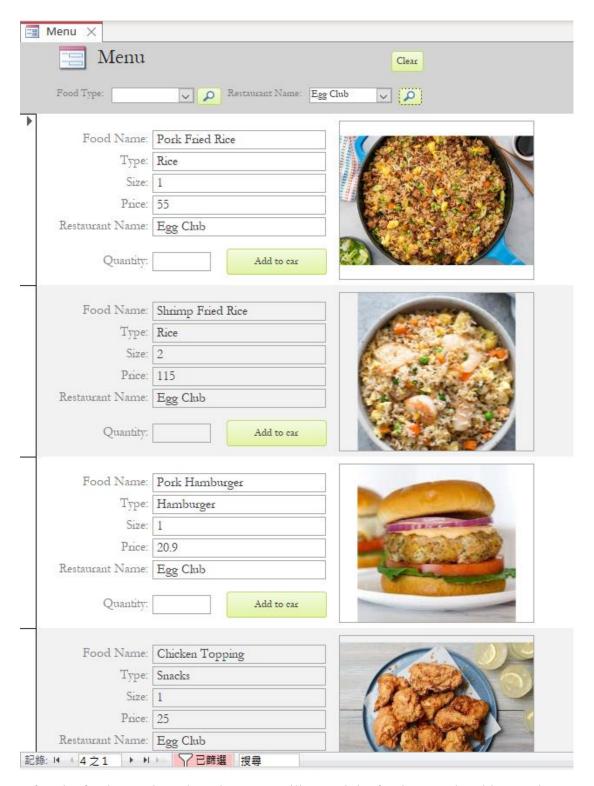
vii. Menu



Also, our platform has so many kinds of food. or the convenience of our customers, we add a search function. Y can select the food type you want by clicking the arrow next to Food Type. for example, user can select a specific type of food such as hamburger. After the button with magnifying glass clicked, the form will only show the food of hamburger.

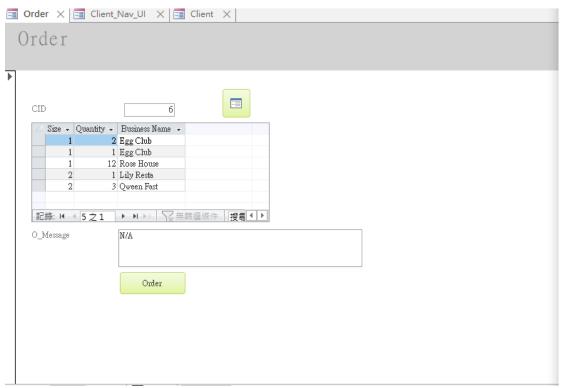


Also, user can search their favorite restaurant too. for example, our user only wants to eat the food from egg club (or other restaurant), they can select and the food from that restaurant will only be shown in menu.

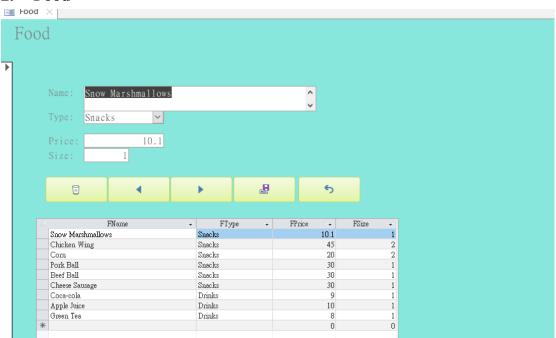


After the food are selected, Order Form will record the food you ordered let you have a chance to change your mind or check that is there any food you misclicked. Also, you can type any specific requirement you want (such as less sugar, no salt, extra tissue, etc) in the box of O_Message. After client check that there no mistake, they can click the order button.

1. Order

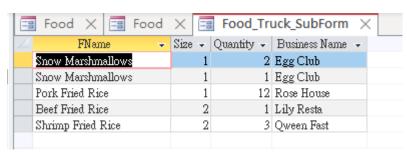


2. Food



3. Food record

FName	▼ FType	▼ FPrice ▼	FSize
Snow Marshmallows	Snacks	10.1	
Pork Fried Rice	Rice	55	
Beef Fried Rice	Rice	130	
Shrimp Fried Rice	Rice	115	
Chicken Noodles	Noodles	70	
Beef Noodles	Noodles	95	
Vegetable Noodles	Noodles	80	
Juicy Steak	Steak	85	
Borscht .	Soup	20	
Chicken Soup	Soup	15	
Lobster Soup	Soup	50	
Chicken Wing	Snacks	45	
Beef Hamburger	Hamburger	35.5	
Chicken Hamburger	Hamburger	28.5	
Pork Hamburger	Hamburger	32.5	
French Fries	Snacks	15	
Com	Snacks	20	
Beef Hamburger	Hamburger	33.9	
Chicken Hamburger	Hamburger	22.9	
Pork Hamburger	Hamburger	20.9	
Ice Cream	Snacks	10	
Chicken Set	Snacks	40	
Chicken Topping	Snacks	25	
Chicken Spleen	Snacks	25	
White Sauce Chicken King Rice	Rice	30	
Mushroom Rice	Rice	30	
Spicy Chicken Rice	Rice	32	
Beef Rice	Rice	34	
Curry Beef Rice	Rice	35	
Mushroom Spaghetti	Spaghetti	42	
Spaghetti Bolognese	Spaghetti	45	
Spaghetti Carbone	Spaghetti	45	
Yangzhou Fried Rice	Rice	30	
Western Fried Rice	Rice	30	
Satay Beef Noodle	Noodles	32	
Pork Ball	Snacks	30	
Beef Ball	Snacks	30	
Cheese Sausage	Snacks	30	
Coca-cola	Drinks	9	
Apple Juice	Drinks	10	
Green Tea	Drinks	8	
	and a second	0	



4. Order info

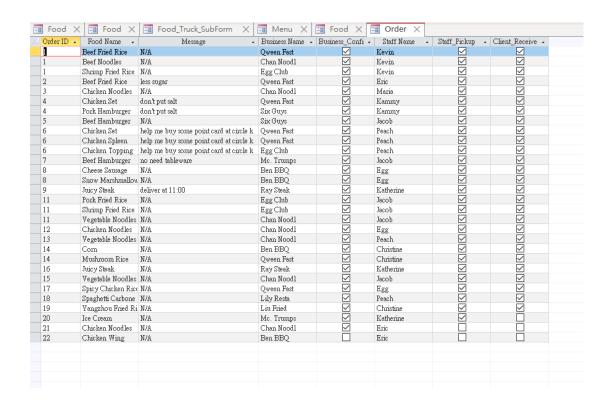
Before

This is the form for record the order info, such as client name, food ordered, order message, the amount of food, restaurant and client's address.our staff can delivery the right food to the right place by following this form's data. By clicking the 2 button under order message, staff can change the data shown to the previous or next order.

4 ☐ Staff X ☐ Business X ☐ Staff_Nav_UI X ☐ Order X ☐ Order Info X ☐ Staff_Basic_UI X Order Info Restaurant Qween Fast Order ID: 2 Time: 9:00 Date: 31/12/2020 Client Name: Jason Chan Address: Kwun Tong Hung To Rd Staff Name: Eric Message: less sugar Client Wong Tai Sin Volvo Garden Flat 24C $\overline{\checkmark}$ $\overline{}$ ✓ Order ID - Food Name - Business Name 2 Beef Fried Rice Qween Fast 記錄: ◄ ◀ 1 之 1 → ▶ ▶ ▼ 無篩選條件 | 搜尋 ◆ 🔄 Staff X 🔄 Business X 🖼 Staff_Nav_UI X 🔄 Order X 🔄 Order Info X 🔄 Staff_Basic_UI X Order Info Restaurant | Chan Noodl | Name: Order ID: 3 Time: 9:30 Date: 21/3/2021 Address: Tsim Sha Tsui Client Name: Steven Tsa Lippo Sun Plaza Staff Name: Maria Shop 115B Message: N/A Client Mong Kok Address: 18 Mong Kok Road Shop 003 $\overline{}$ Order ID - Food Name - Business Name 3 Chicken Noodles Chan Manual 記錄: № ◆ 1之1 ▶ № ▼ 無篩選條件 搜尋

It clearly shows that when the right arrow button are clicked, the order id changed and the data of the form became another order.

This is the form of order that record the order of each staff deliver.



13. Report design

a. Food_Rank_In_Total_Report:

This report shows the quantity of each food and there price and ordered by the quantity.

Food_Rank_In_To	otal	
Quantity	y Name	Price
8	3 Vegetable Noodles	80
7	7 Chicken Noodles	70
5	5 Com	20
4	Beef Fried Rice	130
3	Shrimp Fried Rice	115
3	Juicy Steak	85
3	6 Chicken Set	40
2	2 Spaghetti Carbone	45
2	2 Chicken Spleen	25
1	I Ice Cream	10
1	Beef Hamburger	33.9
1	Pork Hamburger	32.5
1	Cheese Sausage	30
1	Pork Fried Rice	55
1	Chicken Topping	25
1	Mushroom Rice	30
1	Spicy Chicken Rice	32
1	Beef Noodles	95
1	Snow Marshmallows	10.1
1	Beef Hamburger	35.5
1	Chicken Wing	45
1	Yangzhou Fried Rice	30
2021年4月16日		第1頁,共1頁

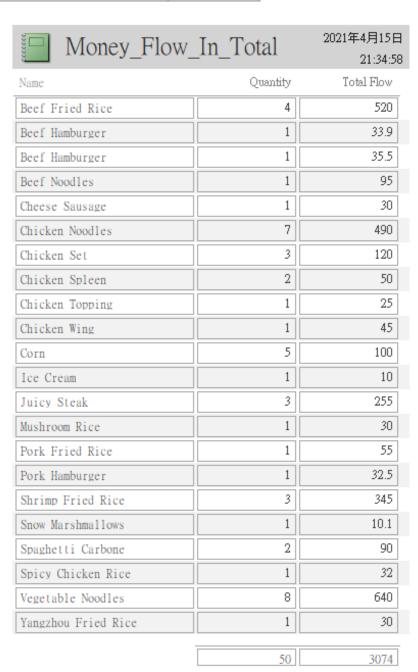
Food_Rank_In_Total

b. Money_Flow_In_Total_Report

This report displays the amount each food sold and the money flow.

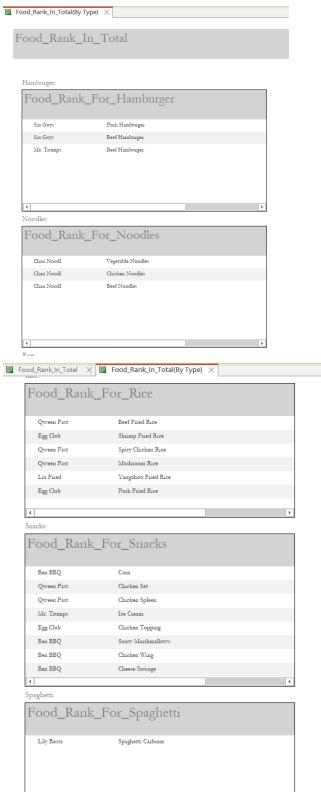
The two boxes under the column Quantity and Total Flow show out the amount of food sold out and the total flow specifically.

Money_Flow_In_Total



第1頁,共1頁

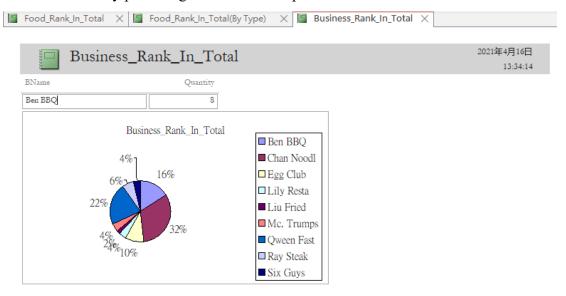
c. Food_Rank_In_Total Report (By Type)



This report shows out the food rank and classification by species, Business partner can use this table to determine their market share of a food item on our platform.

d. Business_Rank_In_Total

This report shows out the business rank in total. Business partner can see this report after then login our platform as a business partner. For different Buniness Name, they can see how many percentage he have in out platform.



e. Food_Rank_For_Specific_Food

This is the report of food rank of hamburger.



This is the report of food rank of noodle.



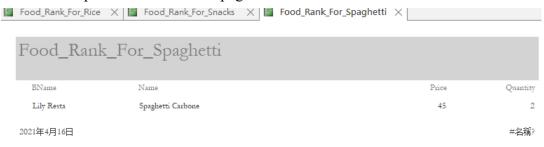
This is the report of food rank of rice.



This is the report of food rank of snacks.



This is the report of food rank of spaghetti.



14. Work Distribution List

Task	Start Date	Finish Date	Responsible
Outline	10/03/2021	11/03/2021	All
Adding Data	01/04/2021	10/04/2021	All
Design Form	08/04/2021	11/04/2021	Wong Tin Yau
Design Query	08/04/2021	11/04/2021	Wong Tin Yau
Making SQL	08/04/2021	11/04/2021	Kwok Chun Wing
			Wong Tin Yau
Word Report	01/04/2021	13/04/2021	Cho Shing Yin
			Kwok Chun Wing
			Wong Cho Hin
PowerPoint	01/04/2021	14/04/2021	Cho Shing Yin
			Wong Cho Hin
Debug	09/04/2021	15/04/2021	All

15. Conclusion

During designing this database, we encountered many difficulties, such as the normalization, resolve M: N relationship. We put lots of effort and research to solve the problem. Finally, we use energy and persistence to conquer all things. We also learnt that building a small database also consume a lot of time. We need to think how to design tables and how to make a report or a query to present the data clearly.

While designing the database, we gained a better understanding of how a food delivery platform works. We need to care the needs of business partners, customers and our staffs. We have to think about their actual use when designing the UI, forms and queries.

All in all, we gained a lot while making this platform. Although there are still spaces for improvement, it is hoped that this food delivery platform can really provide convenience for users in daily life.

16. Reference

https://www.foodnetwork.com/ (Food Photos)

https://stackoverflow.com/

https://www.youtube.com/