WINTER DOMAIN CAMP

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Q1. Balanced brackets(Easy) Sol.

OUTPUT:

```
3
()
YES
([[
NO
][{}[()]
NO
```

Q2. Reverse a queue(medium)

Sol.

```
//Reverse a queue(medium).
  2 #include <iostream>
  4 using namespace std;
  5 void reverseQueue(queue<int>& q) {
         if (q.empty()) {
              return;
          int front = q.front();
          q.pop();
reverseQueue(q);
 11
          q.push(front);
 14 void printQueue(queue<int> q) {
          while (!q.empty()) {
             cout << q.front() << " ";
              q.pop();
          cout << endl;
     int main() {
          // Example 1
         queue<int> q1;
int arr1[] = {5, 24, 9, 6, 8, 4, 1, 8, 3, 6};
for (int num : arr1) {
 24
              q1.push(num);
          cout << "Original Queue: ";</pre>
          printQueue(q1);
         reverseQueue(q1);
          cout << "Reversed Queue: ";</pre>
 34
          printQueue(q1);
          // Example 2
          queue<int> q2;
39
        int arr2[] = \{8, 7, 2, 5, 1\};
40 -
        for (int num : arr2) {
41
            q2.push(num);
        cout << "Original Queue: ";</pre>
        printQueue(q2);
46
47
        reverseQueue(q2);
        cout << "Reversed Queue: ";</pre>
50
       printQueue(q2);
51
52
       return 0;
53
  }
```

OUTPUT:

```
Original Queue: 5 24 9 6 8 4 1 8 3 6
Reversed Queue: 6 3 8 1 4 8 6 9 24 5
Original Queue: 8 7 2 5 1
Reversed Queue: 1 5 2 7 8
```

Q3. Balanced parenthesis scoring (medium) Sol.

```
//balanced paranthesis scoring
4 #include <string>
5 using namespace std;
7 int scoreOfParentheses(string s) {
       stack<int> st;
        st.push(0); // Initialize stack with a base score of 0
        for (char c : s) {
           if (c == '(') {
12 -
                st.push(0); // Push a new frame for an inner score
13
            } else {
14 -
                int innerScore = st.top();
                st.pop();
17
                int outerScore = st.top();
                st.pop();
                int currentScore = outerScore + max(2 * innerScore, 1);
                st.push(currentScore); // Update the score in the stack
21
        return st.top();
26 - int main() {
        // Example 1
        string s1 = "()";
        cout << "Score of \"()\": " << scoreOfParentheses(s1) << endl;</pre>
        // Example 2
        string s2 = "(())";
        cout << "Score of \"(())\": " << scoreOfParentheses(s2) << endl;</pre>
        // Example 3
        string s3 = "()()";
        cout << "Score of \"()()\": " << scoreOfParentheses(s3) << endl;</pre>
       return 0;
38
```

OUTPUT:

```
Score of "()": 1
Score of "(())": 2
Score of "()()": 2
```

Q4.Variation game of zuma(hard) Sol.

```
1 //Variation game of zuma(hard).
2 #include <iostream>
3 #include <string>
 4 #include <unordered map>
 5 #include <algorithm>
 6 #include<climits>
7 using namespace std;
9 // Function to remove consecutive groups of three or more balls
10 string removeConsecutive(string board) {
11
        int n = board.size();
12
        bool reduced = true;
13
       while (reduced) {
14 -
            reduced = false;
15
            int i = 0;
16
17
            while (i < n) {
18 -
                int j = i;
19
                while (j < n && board[j] == board[i]) {</pre>
20 -
21
                    j++;
                }
22
23
24 -
                if (j - i >= 3) {
                    board = board.substr(0, i) + board.substr(j);
25
                    reduced = true;
27
                    n = board.size();
                    break;
28
29
30
                i = j;
31
32
        }
33
34
        return board;
36
37
38 // Helper function for DFS
```

```
39 int dfs(string board, unordered map<char, int>& hand) {
        board = removeConsecutive(board);
40
41
        if (board.empty()) return 0;
42
        int ans = INT MAX;
44
        int n = board.size();
45
46 -
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
47 -
            for (auto& [color, count] : hand) {
48
                if (count <= 0) continue;
49
                string newBoard = board.substr(0, i) + color + board.substr(i);
50
51
                hand[color]--;
                int temp = dfs(newBoard, hand);
52
53
                if (temp != -1) {
54
                    ans = min(ans, temp + 1);
55
56
                hand[color]++;
57
        }
58
59
60
        return ans == INT MAX ? -1 : ans;
61 }
62
63 // Main function to calculate the minimum number of balls
64 int findMinInsertions(string board, string hand) {
        unordered_map<char, int> handCount;
65
        for (char c : hand) {
66 -
            handCount[c]++;
        }
68
69
70
        return dfs(board, handCount);
71 }
72
73 int main() {
74
       // Example 1
        string board1 = "WRRBBW";
        string hand1 = "RB";
```

```
cout << "Minimum insertions for \"WRRBBW\": " << findMinInsertions(board1, hand1) << endl;

// Example 2
string board2 = "WWRRBBWW";
string hand2 = "WRBRW";
cout << "Minimum insertions for \"WWRRBBWW\": " << findMinInsertions(board2, hand2) << endl;

// Example 3
string board3 = "G";
string hand3 = "GGGGGG";
cout << "Minimum insertions for \"G\": " << findMinInsertions(board3, hand3) << endl;

return 0;
}</pre>
```

Output:

```
Minimum insertions for "WRRBBW": -1
Minimum insertions for "WWRRBBWW": 2
Minimum insertions for "G": 2
...Program finished with exit code 0
```

Q5.Poisonous plant.(very hard)

Sol.

```
1 #include <iostream>
   using namespace std;
int poisonousPlants(vector<int>& p) {
   int n = p.size();
   vector<int> days(n, 0); // Tracks
        vector<int> days(n, 0); // Tracks the days each plant takes to die
        stack<int> s; // Monotonic stack for indices
11
        int maxDays = 0;
12
13
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
14
             while (!s.empty() && p[s.top()] >= p[i]) {
15
                 s.pop();
16
17
             if (!s.empty()) {
18
                 days[i] = days[s.top()] + 1;
19
20
21
22
23
24
             s.push(i);
            maxDays = max(maxDays, days[i]);
        return maxDays;
25
   int main() {
26
27
28
        // Example 1
        vector<int> p1 = {3, 6, 2, 7, 5};
        cout << "Days until no plants die for example 1: " << poisonousPlants(p1) << endl;</pre>
29
        // Example 2
30
        vector<int> p2 = {6, 5, 8, 4, 7, 10, 9};
31
        cout << "Days until no plants die for example 2: " << poisonousPlants(p2) << endl;</pre>
32
        return 0;
33
   }
```

OUTPUT:

```
Days until no plants die for example 1: 1
Days until no plants die for example 2: 2
...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```