

Experiment - 5

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Subject: PBLJ Subject Code: 22CSH-359

1) **Aim:** Develop Java programs using autoboxing, serialization, file handling, and efficient data processing and management.

2) Problem Statement:

- a. Write a Java program to calculate the sum of a list of integers using autoboxing and unboxing. Include methods to parse strings into their respective wrapper classes (e.g., Integer.parseInt()).
- b. Create a Java program to serialize and deserialize a Student object. The program should: Serialize a Student object (containing id, name, and GPA) and save it to a file. Deserialize the object from the file and display the student details. Handle FileNotFoundException, IOException, and ClassNotFoundException using exception handling.
- c. Create a menu-based Java application with the following options. 1.Add an Employee 2. Display All 3. Exit If option 1 is selected, the application should gather details of the employee like employee name, employee id, designation and salary and store it in a file. If option 2 is selected, the application should display all the employee details. If option 3 is selected the application should exit.

3) Algorithm:

a. Sum of a List of Integers Using Autoboxing and Unboxing:

- Initialize a list of integers.
- Convert a list of string numbers into integers using Integer.parseInt().
- Iterate through the list and use unboxing to sum the integers.
- Display the sum.

b. Serialization & Descrialization of Student Object:

- Create a Student class with attributes: ID, Name, and GPA.
- Implement Serializable interface in the Student class.
- Serialize the object using ObjectOutputStream and save it in a file.
- Deserialize the object using ObjectInputStream and display its attributes.
- Handle exceptions: FileNotFoundException, IOException, and ClassNotFoundException.

c. Menu-based Employee Management System:

- Create an Employee class with attributes: ID, Name, Designation, and Salary.
- Implement a menu-driven system:

Option 1: Take employee details as input and save to a file.

Option 2: Read from the file and display all employee records.

Option 3: Exit the application.

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• Use serialization to store and retrieve employee data.

4) Program:

```
a. Sum of a List of Integers Using Autoboxing and Unboxing:
import java.util.ArrayList; import
java.util.List;
public class AutoBoxingSum {
                                 public static
void main(String[] args) {
                               // Given list of
strings representing numbers
     String[] strNumbers = {"10", "20", "30", "40", "50"};
    // Autoboxing: Converting string array into a list of Integers
    List<Integer> numbers = new ArrayList<>();
    for (String str : strNumbers) {
       numbers.add(Integer.parseInt(str)); // Autoboxing
     }
    // Calculating the sum with unboxing
    int sum = 0;
                      for (Integer
num : numbers) {
                         sum +=
num; // Unboxing
     }
     // Displaying the sum
     System.out.println("Sum of numbers: " + sum);
}
  b. Serialization & Deserialization of Student Object:
import java.io.*;
// Student class implementing Serializable class
Student implements Serializable {
                                     private static
final long serialVersionUID = 1L;
                                     int id;
  String name;
double gpa;
  public Student(int id, String name, double gpa) {
     this.id = id;
this.name = name;
this.gpa = gpa;
  }
```

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```
public void display() {
    System.out.println("ID: " + id + ", Name: " + name + ", GPA: " + gpa);
}
public class StudentSerialization {
public static void main(String[] args) {
String filename = "student_data.ser";
    // Creating a student object
    Student student = new Student(101, "Alice", 3.9);
    // Serialization
    try (ObjectOutputStream out = new ObjectOutputStream(new
FileOutputStream(filename))) {
                                       out.writeObject(student);
       System.out.println("Student object serialized successfully.");
     } catch (IOException e) {
       System.err.println("Error during serialization: " + e);
    // Deserialization
    try (ObjectInputStream in = new ObjectInputStream(new FileInputStream(filename))) {
       Student deserializedStudent = (Student) in.readObject();
System.out.println("Deserialized Student details:");
deserializedStudent.display();
                                   } catch
(FileNotFoundException e) {
       System.err.println("File not found: " + e);
     } catch (IOException e) {
       System.err.println("I/O error: " + e);
     } catch (ClassNotFoundException e) {
       System.err.println("Class not found: " + e);
```

c. Menu-based Employee Management System:

```
import java.io.*; import java.util.ArrayList; import java.util.List; import java.util.Scanner;
```

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```
class Employee implements Serializable {
private static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;
  String name, designation;
double salary;
  public Employee(int id, String name, String designation, double salary) {
this.id = id;
                this.name = name;
    this.designation = designation;
    this.salary = salary;
  }
  public void display() {
    System.out.println("ID: " + id + ", Name: " + name + ", Designation: " + designation + ", Salary: "
+ salary);
  }
}
public class EmployeeManagement {
  static final String FILE NAME = "employees.ser";
  public static void main(String[] args) {
Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
    List<Employee> employees = loadEmployees();
    while (true) {
       System.out.println("\nMenu:\n1. Add Employee\n2. Display All\n3. Exit");
       System.out.print("Choose an option: ");
int choice = scanner.nextInt();
       switch (choice) {
case 1:
            // Adding an employee
            System.out.print("Enter Employee ID: ");
            int id = scanner.nextInt();
scanner.nextLine(); // Consume newline
            System.out.print("Enter Name: ");
            String name = scanner.nextLine();
            System.out.print("Enter Designation: ");
            String designation = scanner.nextLine();
System.out.print("Enter Salary: ");
                                               double
salary = scanner.nextDouble();
            employees.add(new Employee(id, name, designation, salary));
saveEmployees(employees);
            System.out.println("Employee added successfully!");
```

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```
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           break;
          case
2:
           // Displaying all employees
           System.out.println("\nEmployee Details:");
if (employees.isEmpty()) {
              System.out.println("No employee records found.");
            } else {
              for (Employee emp : employees) {
                 emp.display();
break;
          case
3:
            // Exit the program
           System.out.println("Exiting the application...");
scanner.close();
                           System.exit(0);
            break;
default:
            System.out.println("Invalid choice. Try again.");
  }
  // Load employees from the file
  public static List<Employee> loadEmployees() {
    try (ObjectInputStream in = new ObjectInputStream(new FileInputStream(FILE_NAME))) {
return (List<Employee>) in.readObject();
                                          } catch (FileNotFoundException e) {
return new ArrayList<>();
    } catch (IOException | ClassNotFoundException e) {
e.printStackTrace();
                           return new ArrayList<>();
  }
  // Save employees to the file
  public static void saveEmployees(List<Employee> employees) {
    try (ObjectOutputStream out = new ObjectOutputStream(new FileOutputStream(FILE_NAME))) {
                                                                 e.printStackTrace();
out.writeObject(employees);
                              } catch (IOException e) {
```

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a. Sum of a List of Integers Using Autoboxing and Unboxing:

Sum of numbers: 150

b. Serialization & Descrialization of Student Object:

```
Student object serialized successfully.

Deserialized Student details:

ID: 101, Name: Alice, GPA: 3.9
```

c. Menu-based Employee Management System:

```
Menu:

    □ Сору

1. Add Employee
2. Display All
3. Exit
Choose an option: 1
Enter Employee ID: 101
Enter Name: John Doe
Enter Designation: Developer
Enter Salary: 60000
Employee added successfully!
Menu:
1. Add Employee
2. Display All
3. Exit
Choose an option: 2
Employee Details:
ID: 101, Name: John Doe, Designation: Developer, Salary: 60000.0
Menu:
1. Add Employee
2. Display All
                                     \downarrow
3. Exit
```



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6) Learning Outcomes:

Understand and implement autoboxing and unboxing in Java.

Learn serialization and deserialization to store and retrieve objects.

Gain proficiency in file handling for data storage and retrieval.

Develop exception handling skills for robust applications.

Design and implement a menu-driven application for user interaction.

Work with object-oriented programming (OOP) concepts in Java.

Build real-world data management applications using Java.



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