**Experiment - 5****Student Name: Md Rameez Ahmad****UID: 22BCS10314****Branch: B.ECSE****Section: IOT-643-A****Semester: 6th****DOP: 24/02/25****Subject: PBLJ****Subject Code: 22CSH-359**

1) **Aim:** Develop Java programs using autoboxing, serialization, file handling, and efficient data processing and management.

2) Problem Statement:

- a. Write a Java program to calculate the sum of a list of integers using autoboxing and unboxing. Include methods to parse strings into their respective wrapper classes (e.g., `Integer.parseInt()`).
- b. Create a Java program to serialize and deserialize a Student object. The program should: Serialize a Student object (containing id, name, and GPA) and save it to a file. Deserialize the object from the file and display the student details. Handle `FileNotFoundException`, `IOException`, and `ClassNotFoundException` using exception handling.
- c. Create a menu-based Java application with the following options. 1. Add an Employee 2. Display All 3. Exit If option 1 is selected, the application should gather details of the employee like employee name, employee id, designation and salary and store it in a file. If option 2 is selected, the application should display all the employee details. If option 3 is selected the application should exit.

3) Algorithm:**a. Sum of a List of Integers Using Autoboxing and Unboxing:**

- Initialize a list of integers.
- Convert a list of string numbers into integers using `Integer.parseInt()`.
- Use autoboxing to store the integers in an `ArrayList<Integer>`.
- Iterate through the list and use unboxing to sum the integers.
- Display the sum.

b. Serialization & Deserialization of Student Object:

- Create a Student class with attributes: ID, Name, and GPA.
- Implement `Serializable` interface in the Student class.
- Serialize the object using `ObjectOutputStream` and save it in a file.
- Deserialize the object using `ObjectInputStream` and display its attributes.
- Handle exceptions: `FileNotFoundException`, `IOException`, and `ClassNotFoundException`.

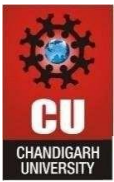
c. Menu-based Employee Management System:

- Create an `Employee` class with attributes: ID, Name, Designation, and Salary.
- Implement a menu-driven system:

Option 1: Take employee details as input and save to a file.

Option 2: Read from the file and display all employee records.

Option 3: Exit the application.



- Use serialization to store and retrieve employee data.

4) Program:

a. Sum of a List of Integers Using Autoboxing and Unboxing:

```
import java.util.ArrayList; import
java.util.List;

public class AutoBoxingSum {    public static
void main(String[] args) {        // Given list of
strings representing numbers
    String[] strNumbers = {"10", "20", "30", "40", "50"};

    // Autoboxing: Converting string array into a list of Integers
    List<Integer> numbers = new ArrayList<>();
    for (String str : strNumbers) {
        numbers.add(Integer.parseInt(str)); // Autoboxing
    }

    // Calculating the sum with unboxing
    int sum = 0;        for (Integer
num : numbers) {            sum +=
num; // Unboxing
    }

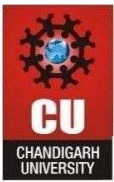
    // Displaying the sum
    System.out.println("Sum of numbers: " + sum);
}
}
```

b. Serialization & Deserialization of Student Object:

```
import java.io.*;

// Student class implementing Serializable class
Student implements Serializable {    private static
final long serialVersionUID = 1L;    int id;
    String name;
    double gpa;

    public Student(int id, String name, double gpa) {
        this.id = id;
        this.name = name;
        this.gpa = gpa;
    }
}
```



```
public void display() {
    System.out.println("ID: " + id + ", Name: " + name + ", GPA: " + gpa);
}

public class StudentSerialization {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        String filename = "student_data.ser";

        // Creating a student object
        Student student = new Student(101, "Alice", 3.9);

        // Serialization
        try (ObjectOutputStream out = new ObjectOutputStream(new
        FileOutputStream(filename))) {
            out.writeObject(student);
            System.out.println("Student object serialized successfully.");
        } catch (IOException e) {
            System.err.println("Error during serialization: " + e);
        }

        // Deserialization
        try (ObjectInputStream in = new ObjectInputStream(new FileInputStream(filename))) {
            Student deserializedStudent = (Student) in.readObject();
            System.out.println("Deserialized Student details:");
            deserializedStudent.display();
        } catch
        (FileNotFoundException e) {
            System.err.println("File not found: " + e);
        } catch (IOException e) {
            System.err.println("I/O error: " + e);
        } catch (ClassNotFoundException e) {
            System.err.println("Class not found: " + e);
        }
    }
}
```

c. Menu-based Employee Management System:

```
import java.io.*; import
java.util.ArrayList; import
java.util.List;
import java.util.Scanner;
```



DEPARTMENT OF

COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

Discover. Learn. Empower.

```
class Employee implements Serializable {
    private static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;
    int id;
    String name, designation;
    double salary;

    public Employee(int id, String name, String designation, double salary) {
        this.id = id;    this.name = name;
        this.designation = designation;
        this.salary = salary;
    }

    public void display() {
        System.out.println("ID: " + id + ", Name: " + name + ", Designation: " + designation + ", Salary: "
+ salary);
    }
}

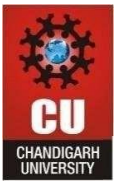
public class EmployeeManagement {
    static final String FILE_NAME = "employees.ser";

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        List<Employee> employees = loadEmployees();

        while (true) {
            System.out.println("\nMenu:\n1. Add Employee\n2. Display All\n3. Exit");
            System.out.print("Choose an option: ");
            int choice = scanner.nextInt();

            switch (choice) {
            case 1:
                // Adding an employee
                System.out.print("Enter Employee ID: ");
                int id = scanner.nextInt();
                scanner.nextLine(); // Consume newline
                System.out.print("Enter Name: ");
                String name = scanner.nextLine();
                System.out.print("Enter Designation: ");
                String designation = scanner.nextLine();
                System.out.print("Enter Salary: ");    double
                salary = scanner.nextDouble();

                employees.add(new Employee(id, name, designation, salary));
                saveEmployees(employees);
                System.out.println("Employee added successfully!");
            }
```



DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

Discover. Learn. Empower.

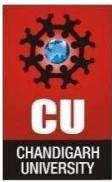
```
        break;
    case
2:
        // Displaying all employees
        System.out.println("\nEmployee Details:");
    if (employees.isEmpty()) {
        System.out.println("No employee records found.");
    } else {
        for (Employee emp : employees) {
            emp.display();
        }
    }
    break;
    case
3:
        // Exit the program
        System.out.println("Exiting the application...");
    scanner.close();        System.exit(0);
        break;

default:
        System.out.println("Invalid choice. Try again.");
    }
}

// Load employees from the file
public static List<Employee> loadEmployees() {
    try (ObjectInputStream in = new ObjectInputStream(new FileInputStream(FILE_NAME))) {
    return (List<Employee>) in.readObject();    } catch (FileNotFoundException e) {
    return new ArrayList<>();
    } catch (IOException | ClassNotFoundException e) {
    e.printStackTrace();        return new ArrayList<>();
    }
}

// Save employees to the file
public static void saveEmployees(List<Employee> employees) {
    try (ObjectOutputStream out = new ObjectOutputStream(new FileOutputStream(FILE_NAME))) {
    out.writeObject(employees);    } catch (IOException e) {        e.printStackTrace();
    }
}
}
```

5) OUTPUT:



DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

Discover. Learn. Empower.

a. Sum of a List of Integers Using Autoboxing and Unboxing:

```
Sum of numbers: 150
```

b. Serialization & Deserialization of Student Object:

```
Student object serialized successfully.  
Deserialized Student details:  
ID: 101, Name: Alice, GPA: 3.9
```

c. Menu-based Employee Management System:

Menu:

1. Add Employee
2. Display All
3. Exit

Choose an option: 1

Enter Employee ID: 101

Enter Name: John Doe

Enter Designation: Developer

Enter Salary: 60000

Employee added successfully!

Menu:

1. Add Employee
2. Display All
3. Exit

Choose an option: 2

Employee Details:

ID: 101, Name: John Doe, Designation: Developer, Salary: 60000.0

Menu:

1. Add Employee
2. Display All
3. Exit





DEPARTMENT OF

Discover. Learn. Empower.

COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

6) Learning Outcomes:

Understand and implement **autoboxing and unboxing** in Java.

Learn **serialization and deserialization** to store and retrieve objects.

Gain proficiency in **file handling** for data storage and retrieval.

Develop **exception handling** skills for robust applications.

Design and implement a **menu-driven application** for user interaction.

Work with **object-oriented programming (OOP) concepts** in Java.

Build real-world **data management applications** using Java.



DEPARTMENT OF

COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING