# **Experiment-4**

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**Subject Name: Project Based Learning Subject Code: 22CSH-359** 

In Java with Lab

**1.AIM:** Write a Java program to implement an ArrayList that stores employee details (ID, Name, and Salary). The program should allow users to add, update, remove, and search employee records.

## Implementation/Code:

```
import java.util.*;
class Employee {
  int id:
  String name;
  double salary;
  public Employee(int id, String name, double salary) {
     this.id = id;
     this.name = name;
     this.salary = salary;
  @Override
  public String toString() {
     return String.format("ID: %d, Name: %s, Salary: %.2f", id, name, salary);
}
public class EmployeeManager {
  static List<Employee> employees = new ArrayList<>();
  static Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     while (true) {
       System.out.print("""
            \n--- Employee Management System ---
```

```
1. Add Employee
         2. Update Employee
         3. Remove Employee
         4. Search Employee
         5. Display All Employees
         6. Exit
         Choose an option: ""
    );
     switch (sc.nextInt()) {
       case 1 -> addEmployee();
       case 2 -> updateEmployee();
       case 3 -> removeEmployee();
       case 4 -> searchEmployee();
       case 5 -> displayEmployees();
       case 6 -> {
         System.out.println("Exiting...");
         return;
       default -> System.out.println("Invalid choice! Try again.");
}
static void addEmployee() {
  System.out.print("Enter ID, Name, Salary: ");
  employees.add(new Employee(sc.nextInt(), sc.next(), sc.nextDouble()));
  System.out.println("Employee added successfully!");
static void updateEmployee() {
  System.out.print("Enter Employee ID to update: ");
  int id = sc.nextInt();
  employees.stream().filter(e -> e.id == id).findFirst().ifPresentOrElse(e -> {
     System.out.print("Enter New Name and Salary: ");
     e.name = sc.next();
     e.salary = sc.nextDouble();
     System.out.println("Employee updated successfully!");
  }, () -> System.out.println("Employee not found!"));
static void removeEmployee() {
  System.out.print("Enter Employee ID to remove: ");
  System.out.println(employees.removeIf(e -> e.id == sc.nextInt())
```

```
? "Employee removed successfully!"
         : "Employee not found!");
  }
  static void searchEmployee() {
     System.out.print("Enter Employee ID to search: ");
     employees.stream().filter(e -> e.id == sc.nextInt()).findFirst()
         .ifPresentOrElse(System.out::println,
                                                             ()
                                                                              ->
System.out.println("Employee not found!"));
  static void displayEmployees() {
    if (employees.isEmpty()) {
       System.out.println("No employees found.");
       employees.forEach(System.out::println);
  }
}
```

### **OUTPUT:**

```
--- Employee Management System ---

1. Add Employee

2. Update Employee

3. Remove Employee

4. Search Employee

5. Display All Employees

6. Exit

Choose an option:

...Program finished with exit code 9

Press ENTER to exit console.
```

**2.AIM:** Create a Java program to collect and store all playing cards to help users find all cards of a given symbol (e.g., Hearts, Diamonds) using the Collection interface.

#### **CODE:**

```
import java.util.*;
// Class representing a Card class Card {
      private String symbol; private int
      value;
     public Card(String symbol, int value) { this.symbol = symbol; this.value
           = value:
     public String getSymbol() { return symbol;
     public int getValue() { return value; }
     @Override
     public String toString() { return String.format("Card { Symbol: '%s', Value: %d
           }", symbol, value);
}
// Class for Card Collection Management public class CardCollection
      private Collection<Card> cards = new ArrayList<>(); private Scanner scanner = new
      Scanner(System.in);
     // Method to add a card public void
      addCard() {
           System.out.print("Enter Card Symbol: "); String symbol =
           scanner.next(); System.out.print("Enter Card Value: "); int
            value = scanner.nextInt(); cards.add(new Card(symbol,
            value));
            System.out.println("Card added successfully!");
      }
     // Method to display all cards public void
      displayCards() { if (cards.isEmpty()) {
```

```
System.out.println("No cards in the collection."); return;
                      System.out.println("\n--- All Cards ---"); cards.forEach(System.out::println);
                }
                // Method to find all cards of a given symbol public void findCardsBySymbol()
                      System.out.print("Enter Symbol to search: "); String symbol
                      = scanner.next(); boolean found = false;
                      System.out.println("\nCards with Symbol "" + symbol +
          "":");
                      for (Card card : cards) { if (card.getSymbol().equalsIgnoreCase(symbol)) {
                            System.out.println(card); found = true;
                      if (!found) {
                            System.out.println("No cards found with symbol "" + symbol + "".");
                      }
                }
                // Menu-driven interface public void start() {
                      while (true) {
                            System.out.println("\n--- Card Collection System ---
                            System.out.println("1. Add Card"); System.out.println("2. Display All Cards");
System.out.println("3. Find Cards by Symbol"); System.out.println("4. Exit"); System.out.print("Choose an
                                                                                                option: ");
                            int choice = scanner.nextInt(); switch (choice) {
                                  case 1 -> addCard(); case 2 ->
                                  displayCards();
                                  case 3 -> findCardsBySymbol(); case 4 -> {
                                        System.out.println("Exiting..."); return;
                                  default -> System.out.println("Invalid choice!
                 Try again.");
                }
                // Main method
                public static void main(String[] args) { CardCollection system =
                new CardCollection(); system.start(); }
```

#### **OUTPUT:**

```
--- Card Collection System ---

1. Add Card

2. Display All Cards

3. Find Cards by Symbol

4. Exit
Choose an option: 1
Enter Card Symbol: ace
Enter Card Value: 12
Card added successfully!

--- Card Collection System ---

1. Add Card

2. Display All Cards

3. Find Cards by Symbol

4. Exit
Choose an option:
```

**3.AIM**: Develop a ticket booking system in Java using synchronized threads to ensure no double booking of seats. Implement thread priorities to simulate VIP bookings being processed first.

#### **CODE:**

```
import java.util.concurrent.locks.ReentrantLock;
```

```
// TicketBooking class handles seat reservations class TicketBooking
implements Runnable { private static int availableSeats = 10; // Total
seats
    private static final ReentrantLock lock = new ReentrantLock(); // Lock to prevent
double booking private final String customerType; // VIP
    or Regular

public TicketBooking(String customerType) { this.customerType = customerType; }

@Override
```

```
public void run() { bookTicket(); }
```

```
// Method to handle ticket booking private void bookTicket() { lock.lock(); //
     Ensure only one thread modifies availableSeats at a time try { if
     (availableSeats > 0) {
                       System.out.println(customerType + " booked Seat No: " + availableSeats);
                       availableSeats--; // Reduce seat count
                 } else {
                       System.out.println(customerType + " tried to book, but no seats
left!");
           } finally { lock.unlock(); // Release
           the lock }
}
// Main class for Ticket Booking System public class
TicketBookingSystem { public static void
     main(String[] args) {
           // Create ticket booking threads for VIP and Regular customers
           Thread vip1 = new Thread(new TicketBooking("VIP Customer
1"));
           Thread vip2 = new Thread(new TicketBooking("VIP Customer Thread reg1 = new
2"));
           Thread(new TicketBooking("Regular
Customer 1"));
           Thread reg2 = new Thread(new TicketBooking("Regular Customer 2"));
           // Set VIP bookings to higher priority vip1.setPriority(Thread.MAX_PRIORITY); //
                            vip2.setPriority(Thread.MAX PRIORITY);
                                                                               Priority
           Priority
                      10
                                                                                          10
           reg1.setPriority(Thread.MIN PRIORITY);
                                                                          Priority
                                                                                            1
           reg2.setPriority(Thread.MIN PRIORITY); // Priority 1
           // Start threads
           vip1.start(); vip2.start();
           reg1.start(); reg2.start();
```



**OUTPUT:** 

VIP Customer 1 booked Seat No: 10 VIP Customer 2 booked Seat No: 9 Regular Customer 1 booked Seat No: 8 Regular Customer 2 booked Seat No: 7