

Experiment - 4

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Subject: PBLJ Subject Code: 22CSH-359

1) **Aim:** Develop Java programs using core concepts such as data structures, collections, and multithreading to manage and manipulate data.

2) Problem Statement:

- a. Write a Java program to implement an Array List that stores employee details (ID, Name, and Salary). Allow users to add, update, remove, and search employees.
- b. Create a program to collect and store all the cards to assist the users in finding all the cards in a given symbol using Collection interface.
- c. Develop a ticket booking system with synchronized threads to ensure no double booking of seats. Use thread priorities to simulate VIP bookings being processed first.

3) Algorithm:

a. Employee Management (Using Array List)

- ➤ Initialize an Array List to store employees.
- ➤ Display a menu with options: Add, Update, Remove, Search, and Exit.
- > Add Employee:
 - Take user input for ID, Name, and Salary.
 - Create an Employee object and add it to the list.

➤ Update Employee:

- Ask for the Employee ID.
- If found, update Name and Salary.

> Remove Employee:

- Ask for the Employee ID.
- Remove matching employee from the list.

> Search Employee:

- Ask for the Employee ID.
- If found, display details.
- > Repeat until the user chooses to exit.

b. Card Collection (Using Collections)

- ➤ Initialize an Array List to store Card objects.
- Display a menu with options: Add Card, Find Cards by Symbol, and Exit.
- > Add Card:
 - Ask for card symbol (e.g., Hearts, Diamonds).
 - Ask for card value(A,2,3,...J,Q,K).
 - Create a Card object and store it in the list.
- > Find Cards by Symbol:
 - Ask for a symbol.
 - Search and display all cards with that symbol.
- > Repeat until the user chooses to exit.

c. Ticket Booking System (Multithreading)

- ➤ Create a Ticket Booking System with a limited number of seats.
- > Implement synchronized booking to prevent double booking.
- > Create Customer threads with different priorities (VIP first).
- **Each Customer thread:**
 - Tries to book a ticket.
 - If seats are available, booking is confirmed, and the seat count decreases.
 - If not, booking fails.
- > Start all customer threads and process bookings.
- > Stop when all threads have completed execution.

4) Program:

a. Employee Management:

```
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Scanner;

class Employee {
   int id;
   String name;
   double salary;

// Constructor to initialize employee details
   public Employee(int id, String name, double salary) {
      this.id = id;
      this.name = name;
      this.salary = salary;
   }
}
```

```
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  public void display() {
     System.out.println("ID: " + id + ", Name: " + name + ", Salary: " + salary);
  }
  // Method to update employee details
  public void updateDetails(String name, double salary) {
     this.name = name;
    this.salary = salary;
}
public class EmployeeManagement {
  private static ArrayList<Employee> employeeList = new ArrayList<>();
  private static Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    while (true) {
       System.out.println("\n--- Employee Management ---");
       System.out.println("1. Add Employee");
       System.out.println("2. Update Employee");
       System.out.println("3. Remove Employee");
       System.out.println("4. Search Employee");
       System.out.println("5. Display All Employees");
       System.out.println("6. Exit");
       System.out.print("Choose an option: ");
       int choice = scanner.nextInt();
       scanner.nextLine(); // Consume newline character
       switch (choice) {
         case 1:
            addEmployee();
            break;
         case 2:
            updateEmployee();
            break;
         case 3:
            removeEmployee();
            break:
         case 4:
            searchEmployee();
            break;
         case 5:
            displayAllEmployees();
            break;
```

```
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       case 6:
          System.out.println("Exiting...");
          return;
       default:
          System.out.println("Invalid choice. Try again.");
  }
}
// Method to add employee
private static void addEmployee() {
  System.out.print("Enter Employee ID: ");
  int id = scanner.nextInt();
  scanner.nextLine(); // Consume newline character
  System.out.print("Enter Employee Name: ");
  String name = scanner.nextLine();
  System.out.print("Enter Employee Salary: ");
  double salary = scanner.nextDouble();
  Employee newEmployee = new Employee(id, name, salary);
  employeeList.add(newEmployee);
  System.out.println("Employee added successfully.");
}
// Method to update employee
private static void updateEmployee() {
  System.out.print("Enter Employee ID to update: ");
  int id = scanner.nextInt();
  scanner.nextLine(); // Consume newline character
  for (Employee employee : employeeList) \{
     if (employee.id == id) {
       System.out.print("Enter new Name: ");
String name = scanner.nextLine();
       System.out.print("Enter new Salary: ");
       double salary = scanner.nextDouble();
       employee.updateDetails(name, salary);
       System.out.println("Employee details updated.");
       return;
  System.out.println("Employee not found.");
```

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```
// Method to remove employee
private static void removeEmployee() {
  System.out.print("Enter Employee ID to remove: ");
  int id = scanner.nextInt();
  for (Employee employee : employeeList) {
     if (employee.id == id) {
       employeeList.remove(employee);
       System.out.println("Employee removed.");
       return;
  System.out.println("Employee not found.");
// Method to search employee by ID
private static void searchEmployee() {
  System.out.print("Enter Employee ID to search: ");
  int id = scanner.nextInt();
  for (Employee employee : employeeList) {
     if (employee.id == id) {
       employee.display();
       return;
  System.out.println("Employee not found.");
// Method to display all employees
private static void displayAllEmployees() {
  if (employeeList.isEmpty()) {
     System.out.println("No employees to display.");
     for (Employee employee : employeeList) {
       employee.display();
 }
}
```

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```
b. Card Collection:
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Collection;
import java.util.Scanner;
class Card {
  private String suit;
  private String rank;
  // Constructor to initialize card details
  public Card(String suit, String rank) {
     this.suit = suit;
     this.rank = rank;
  }
  // Getter for suit
  public String getSuit() {
     return suit;
  // Getter for rank
  public String getRank() {
     return rank;
  }
  // Display card details
  public void displayCard() {
     System.out.println(rank + " of " + suit);
}
class Deck {
  private Collection<Card> cards;
  // Constructor to initialize the deck
  public Deck() {
     cards = new ArrayList<>();
     createDeck();
  }
  // Method to create a standard deck of 52 cards
  private void createDeck() {
     String[] suits = {"Hearts", "Diamonds", "Clubs", "Spades"};
     String[] ranks = {"2", "3", "4", "5", "6", "7", "8", "9", "10", "Jack", "Queen", "King",
```

```
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"Ace"};
     for (String suit : suits) {
       for (String rank : ranks) {
          cards.add(new Card(suit, rank));
     }
  }
  // Method to find cards by suit
  public Collection<Card> findCardsBySuit(String suit) {
     Collection<Card> result = new ArrayList<>();
     for (Card card : cards) {
       if (card.getSuit().equalsIgnoreCase(suit)) {
          result.add(card);
    return result;
  // Method to display all cards in the deck
  public void displayAllCards() {
     for (Card card : cards) {
       card.displayCard();
public class Main {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
     Deck deck = new Deck();
     while (true) {
       System.out.println("\n--- Card Deck Management ---");
       System.out.println("1. Display all cards");
       System.out.println("2. Find cards by suit");
       System.out.println("3. Exit");
       System.out.print("Choose an option: ");
       int choice = scanner.nextInt();
       scanner.nextLine(); // Consume the newline character
       switch (choice) {
          case 1:
```

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```
System.out.println("\nDisplaying all cards in the deck:");
            deck.displayAllCards();
            break;
         case 2:
            System.out.print("Enter the suit (Hearts, Diamonds, Clubs, Spades): ");
            String suit = scanner.nextLine();
            Collection<Card> foundCards = deck.findCardsBySuit(suit);
            if (foundCards.isEmpty()) {
              System.out.println("No cards found for the suit: " + suit);
            } else {
              System.out.println("\nCards found with suit " + suit + ":");
               for (Card card : foundCards) {
                 card.displayCard();
               }
            break;
         case 3:
            System.out.println("Exiting...");
            scanner.close();
            System.out.println("\nMade by Shivam 22BCS50010"); // Display the author
message
            return;
         default:
            System.out.println("Invalid choice. Please try again.");
  c. Ticket Booking System:
  class SeatBooking {
     private boolean[] seats; // Array to represent available seats (true means booked)
     // Constructor to initialize all seats as available
     public SeatBooking(int numberOfSeats) {
       seats = new boolean[numberOfSeats];
     }
     // Synchronized method to book a seat
     public synchronized boolean bookSeat(int seatNumber) {
       if (seatNumber < 0 || seatNumber >= seats.length) {
          System.out.println("Invalid seat number.");
          return false;
       if (seats[seatNumber]) {
```

```
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       System.out.println("Seat " + seatNumber + " is already booked.");
       return false;
     }
     // Book the seat
     seats[seatNumber] = true;
     System.out.println(Thread.currentThread().getName() + " successfully booked seat " +
   seatNumber);
     return true;
  }
  // Method to display available seats
  public void displayAvailableSeats() {
     System.out.print("Available seats: ");
     for (int i = 0; i < seats.length; i++) {
       if (!seats[i]) {
         System.out.print(i + " ");
     System.out.println();
}
class BookingThread extends Thread {
  private SeatBooking seatBooking;
  private int seatNumber;
  // Constructor
  public BookingThread(SeatBooking seatBooking, int seatNumber, String name) {
     super(name); // Set thread name (VIP or regular)
     this.seatBooking = seatBooking;
     this.seatNumber = seatNumber;
  }
  @Override
  public void run() {
     try {
       // Simulate some processing time
       Thread.sleep(1000);
     } catch (InterruptedException e) {
       e.printStackTrace();
    // Attempt to book the seat
     if (!seatBooking.bookSeat(seatNumber)) {
```

```
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       System.out.println(Thread.currentThread().getName() + " failed to book seat " +
   seatNumber);
}
public class Main {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     SeatBooking seatBooking = new SeatBooking(10); // Create a booking system with 10
   seats
    // Create threads for VIP and regular customers
    BookingThread vipCustomer = new BookingThread(seatBooking, 2, "VIP Customer");
    BookingThread regularCustomer1 = new BookingThread(seatBooking, 2, "Regular
   Customer 1");
    BookingThread regularCustomer2 = new BookingThread(seatBooking, 3, "Regular
   Customer 2");
    // Set thread priorities (VIP has higher priority)
    vipCustomer.setPriority(Thread.MAX_PRIORITY); // VIP gets highest priority
    regularCustomer1.setPriority(Thread.NORM PRIORITY); // Regular customers get
   normal priority
    regularCustomer2.setPriority(Thread.NORM PRIORITY); // Regular customers get
   normal priority
    // Display available seats before booking
    seatBooking.displayAvailableSeats();
    // Start the threads
    vipCustomer.start();
    regularCustomer1.start();
    regularCustomer2.start();
    try {
       // Wait for all threads to finish
       vipCustomer.join();
       regularCustomer1.join();
       regularCustomer2.join();
     } catch (InterruptedException e) {
       e.printStackTrace();
    // Display available seats after booking
    seatBooking.displayAvailableSeats();
```

}

5) OUTPUT:

1. Employee Management:

```
- Employee Management ---
1. Add Employee
Update Employee
3. Remove Employee
4. Search Employee
Display All Employees
Exit
Choose an option: 1
Enter Employee ID: 1001
Enter Employee Name: Shivam
Enter Employee Salary: 50000
Employee added successfully.
--- Employee Management ---

    Add Employee

2. Update Employee
3. Remove Employee
4. Search Employee
5. Display All Employees
6. Exit
Choose an option: 4
Enter Employee ID to search: 1001
ID: 1001, Name: Shivam, Salary: 50000.0
--- Employee Management ---

    Add Employee

2. Update Employee
3. Remove Employee
4. Search Employee
Display All Employees
Exit
Choose an option:
```

2. Card Collection:

```
--- Card Deck Management ---
1. Display all cards
Find cards by suit
3. Exit
Choose an option: 2
Enter the suit (Hearts, Diamonds, Clubs, Spades): hearts
Cards found with suit hearts:
2 of Hearts
3 of Hearts
4 of Hearts
5 of Hearts
6 of Hearts
7 of Hearts
8 of Hearts
9 of Hearts
10 of Hearts
Jack of Hearts
Queen of Hearts
King of Hearts
Ace of Hearts
--- Card Deck Management ---
1. Display all cards
Find cards by suit
3. Exit
Choose an option: 3
Exiting...
... Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```



3. Ticket Booking System:

```
Available seats: 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
VIP Customer successfully booked seat 2
Regular Customer 2 successfully booked seat 3
Seat 2 is already booked.
Regular Customer 1 failed to book seat 2
Available seats: 0 1 4 5 6 7 8 9
```

- 6) Learning Outcomes:
- a. Object-Oriented Design(Classes for real-world entities)
- b. Core Programming Skills(Loops, conditionals, methods for inventory operations)
- c. DataStructureUsage(ArrayListfordynamicdatamanagement)
- d. User-FriendlySystems(Intuitiveinterfacewitherrorhandling)

