

Experiment-4

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Branch: BE-CSE

Semester: 6th

Subject Name: Project Based Learning in

Java

UID:22BCS50104

Section/Group: 643/B

D.Performance: 27/02/2025

Subject Code: 22CSH-359

1. Aim: Develop Java programs using core concepts such as data structures, collections, and multithreading to manage and manipulate data.

2. Easy Level:

Write a Java program to implement an ArrayList that stores employee details (ID, Name, and Salary). Allow users to add, update, remove, and search employees.

3. Implementation/Code:

```
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Scanner;
class Employee {
  int id;
  String name;
  double salary;
  public Employee(int id, String name, double salary) {
     this.id = id;
    this.name = name;
     this.salary = salary;
  public String toString() {
     return "ID: " + id + ", Name: " + name + ", Salary: " + salary;
public class EmployeeManagement {
  private static ArrayList<Employee> employees = new ArrayList<>();
  private static Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
  public static void main(String[] args) {
```



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```
while (true) {
       System.out.println("\n1. Add Employee\n2. Update Employee\n3. Remove Employee\n4.
Search Employee\n5. Display All\n6. Exit");
       System.out.print("Choose an option: ");
       int choice = scanner.nextInt();
       switch (choice) {
         case 1 -> addEmployee();
         case 2 -> updateEmployee();
         case 3 -> removeEmployee();
         case 4 -> searchEmployee();
         case 5 -> displayEmployees();
         case 6 -> {
            System.out.println("Exiting...");
            return;
         default -> System.out.println("Invalid choice! Try again.");
  private static void addEmployee() {
    System.out.print("Enter ID: ");
    int id = scanner.nextInt();
    scanner.nextLine(); // Consume newline
    System.out.print("Enter Name: ");
    String name = scanner.nextLine();
    System.out.print("Enter Salary: ");
    double salary = scanner.nextDouble();
    employees.add(new Employee(id, name, salary));
    System.out.println("Employee added successfully.");
  }
  private static void updateEmployee() {
    System.out.print("Enter Employee ID to Update: ");
    int id = scanner.nextInt();
    for (Employee e : employees) {
       if (e.id == id) {
         scanner.nextLine(); // Consume newline
         System.out.print("Enter New Name: ");
         e.name = scanner.nextLine();
         System.out.print("Enter New Salary: ");
         e.salary = scanner.nextDouble();
```



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```
System.out.println("Employee updated successfully.");
       return;
     }
  System.out.println("Employee not found!");
private static void removeEmployee() {
  System.out.print("Enter Employee ID to Remove: ");
  int id = scanner.nextInt();
  employees.removeIf(e -> e.id == id);
  System.out.println("Employee removed successfully.");
private static void searchEmployee() {
  System.out.print("Enter Employee ID to Search: ");
  int id = scanner.nextInt();
  for (Employee e : employees) {
     if (e.id == id) {
       System.out.println(e);
       return;
     }
  System.out.println("Employee not found!");
private static void displayEmployees() {
  if (employees.isEmpty()) {
     System.out.println("No employees to display.");
  } else {
     employees.forEach(System.out::println);
```



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4. OUTPUT:

0	.	4		input
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			Employee	
			Employee	
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ID:	101	, N	ame: Aarukh khan, Sala	ry: 500000.0
			loyee	
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5. Medium Level:

Create a program to collect and store all the cards to assist the users in finding all the cards in a given symbol using Collection interface.

6. Code:

```
import java.util.*;
class CardCollection {
  private static Map<String, List<String>> cardMap = new HashMap<>();
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    addCard("SPADE", "Ace of Spades");
    addCard("SPADE", "King of Spades");
     addCard("HEART", "Queen of Hearts");
    addCard("DIAMOND", "Jack of Diamonds");
    addCard("CLUB", "10 of Clubs");
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.print("Enter card type (SPADE, HEART, DIAMOND, CLUB): ");
    String type = scanner.next().toUpperCase(); // Convert input to uppercase
    List<String> cards = cardMap.get(type);
    if (cards != null) {
       System.out.println("Cards found: " + cards);
     } else {
       System.out.println("No cards found for this type.");
    scanner.close();
  }
  private static void addCard(String type, String card) {
    cardMap.computeIfAbsent(type, k -> new ArrayList<>()).add(card);
```



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7. Output:

```
Enter card type (SPADE, HEART, DIAMOND, CLUB): HEART Cards found: [Queen of Hearts]

...Program finished with exit code 0

Press ENTER to exit console.
```

8. Hard Level:

Develop a ticket booking system with synchronized threads to ensure no double booking of seats. Use thread priorities to simulate VIP bookings being processed first.

9. Code:-



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```
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           } else {
              System.out.println(passenger + " failed to book. Not enough seats.");
           }
         } finally {
           lock.unlock();
    class Passenger extends Thread {
      private TicketBookingSystem system;
      private String passengerName;
      private int seats;
      public Passenger(TicketBookingSystem system, String passengerName, int seats, int priority) {
         this.system = system;
         this.passengerName = passengerName;
         this.seats = seats;
         this.setPriority(priority);
       }
      public void run() {
         system.bookTicket(passengerName, seats);
       }
    }
    public class TicketBookingApp {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
         TicketBookingSystem system = new TicketBookingSystem();
```

Passenger p1 = new Passenger(system, "VIP-1", 2, Thread.MAX_PRIORITY);

Passenger p2 = new Passenger(system, "User-1", 1, Thread.NORM_PRIORITY);



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```
Passenger p3 = new Passenger(system, "VIP-2", 1, Thread.MAX_PRIORITY);

Passenger p4 = new Passenger(system, "User-2", 2, Thread.NORM_PRIORITY);

Passenger p5 = new Passenger(system, "User-3", 1, Thread.NORM_PRIORITY);

p1.start();

p2.start();

p3.start();

p4.start();

p5.start();
```

10. Output:-

}

```
VIP-1 successfully booked 2 seat(s).
User-1 successfully booked 1 seat(s).
VIP-2 successfully booked 1 seat(s).
User-2 failed to book. Not enough seats.
User-3 successfully booked 1 seat(s).

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

11. Learning outcomes:

- 1. Collections in Java: Learn ArrayList, HashMap, and Collection interfaces for efficient data storage and retrieval.
- **2. CRUD Operations:** Implement basic operations like Add, Update, Remove, and Search using Java collections.
- **3. Multithreading & Synchronization:** Use synchronized and ReentrantLock to handle concurrent access and prevent race conditions.
- **4.** Thread Priorities: Assign priorities (MAX_PRIORITY, NORM_PRIORITY) to ensure important tasks (e.g., VIP bookings) execute first.