Linked Lists

Aim:

Write a program to implement stack using linked lists.

```
Sample Input and Output:
    1. Push 2. Pop 3. Display 4. Is Empty 5. Peek 6. Exit
    Enter your option : 1
    Enter element : 33
    Successfully pushed.
    1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit
    Enter your option : 1
    Enter element : 22
    Successfully pushed.
    1. Push 2. Pop 3. Display 4. Is Empty 5. Peek 6. Exit
    Enter your option : 1
    Enter element : 55
    Successfully pushed.
    1. Push 2. Pop 3. Display 4. Is Empty 5. Peek 6. Exit
    Enter your option : 1
    Enter element : 66
    Successfully pushed.
    1. Push 2. Pop 3. Display 4. Is Empty 5. Peek 6. Exit
    Enter your option : 3
    Elements of the stack are : 66 55 22 33
    1. Push 2. Pop 3. Display 4. Is Empty 5. Peek 6. Exit
    Enter your option : 2
    Popped value = 66
    1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit
    Enter your option : 2
    Popped value = 55
    1. Push 2. Pop 3. Display 4. Is Empty 5. Peek 6. Exit
    Enter your option : 3
    Elements of the stack are: 22 33
    1. Push 2. Pop 3. Display 4. Is Empty 5. Peek 6. Exit
    Enter your option : 5
    Peek value = 22
    1. Push 2. Pop 3. Display 4. Is Empty 5. Peek 6. Exit
    Enter your option: 4
    Stack is not empty.
    1. Push 2. Pop 3. Display 4. Is Empty 5. Peek 6. Exit
    Enter your option : 6
```

Source Code:

```
StackUsingLL.c
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "StackOperationsLL.c"

int main() {
```

```
int op, x;
   while(1) {
      printf("1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit\n");
      printf("Enter your option : ");
      scanf("%d", &op);
      switch(op) {
         case 1:
            printf("Enter element : ");
            scanf("%d", &x);
            push(x);
            break:
         case 2:
            pop();
            break;
         case 3:
            display();
            break;
         case 4:
            isEmpty();
            break;
         case 5:
            peek();
            break;
         case 6:
            exit(0);
      }
   }
}
```

StackOperationsLL.c

```
struct node
   int data;
   struct node *link;
};
struct node *top = NULL;
void push(int a)
{
   struct node *t=(struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node*));
   t->data=a:
   t->link=NULL;
   if(top==NULL)
   top=t;
   else
   {
      t->link=top;
      top=t;
   }
   printf("Successfully pushed.\n");
}
void pop()
   if(top==NULL)
   printf("Stack is underflow.\n");
```

```
else
   {
      printf("Popped value = %d\n",top->data);
      struct node * p=top;
      top=top->link;
      p->link=NULL;
      free(p);
   }
}
void display()
   if(top==NULL)
   printf("Stack is empty.\n");
   else
   {
      printf("Elements of the stack are : ");
      struct node *p=top;
      while(p!=NULL)
         printf("%d ",p->data);
         p=p->link;
      printf("\n");
   }
}
void isEmpty()
   if(top==NULL)
   printf("Stack is empty.\n");
   else
   printf("Stack is not empty.\n");
}
void peek()
{
   if(top==NULL)
   printf("Stack is underflow.\n");
   printf("Peek value = %d\n",top->data);
}
```

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit1
Enter your option : 1
Enter element : 33
Successfully pushed. 1
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit1
Enter your option : 1
Enter element : 22
Successfully pushed. 1
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit1

Enter your option : 1 Enter element : 55 Successfully pushed. 1 1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 1 Enter your option : 1 Enter element : 66 Successfully pushed. 3 1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 3 Enter your option : 3 Elements of the stack are : 66 55 22 33 2 1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 2 Enter your option : Popped value = 662 1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 2 Enter your option : 2 Popped value = 553 1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 3 Enter your option : 3 Elements of the stack are : 22 33 5 1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 5 Enter your option : 5 Peek value = 224 1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 4 Enter your option : 4 Stack is not empty. 6 1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 6 Enter your option : 6

Test Case - 2
User Output
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit2
Enter your option : 2
Stack is underflow. 3
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit3
Enter your option : 3
Stack is empty.5
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit5
Enter your option : 5
Stack is underflow. 4
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit4
Enter your option : 4
Stack is empty.1
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit1
Enter your option : 1
Enter element : 23
Successfully pushed. 1
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit1
Enter your option : 1
Enter element : 24
Successfully pushed. 3

1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit3
Enter your option : 3
Elements of the stack are : 24 23 5
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit5
Enter your option : 5
Peek value = 242
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit2
Enter your option : 2
Popped value = 24 2
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 2
Enter your option : 2
Popped value = 23 2
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 2
Enter your option : 2
Stack is underflow. 4
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit 4
Enter your option : 4
Stack is empty. 6
1.Push 2.Pop 3.Display 4.Is Empty 5.Peek 6.Exit6
Enter your option : 6