Date:2023-01-20

Aim:

S.No: 44

Write a program to find the sum of n elements by allocating memory by using malloc() function.

At the time of execution, the program should print the message on the console as:

```
Enter n value :
```

For example, if the user gives the input as:

```
Enter n value : 4
```

Next, the program should print the message on the console as:

```
Enter 4 values :
```

For example, if the user gives the **input** as:

```
Enter 4 values : 1 5 4 2
```

then the program should **print** the result as:

```
The sum of given array elements : 12
```

Note: Write the functions **allocateMemory()**, **read()** and **sum()** in **UsingMalloc.c**).

Source Code:

SumOfArray1.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "UsingMalloc.c"

void main() {
    int *p, n, i;
    printf("Enter n value : ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    p = allocateMemory(n);
    printf("Enter %d values : ", n);
    read(p, n);
    printf("The sum of given array elements : %d\n", sum(p, n));
}
```

UsingMalloc.c

```
int *allocateMemory(int n);
void read(int*,int);
int sum(int*,int);
int*allocateMemory(int n)
{
   int*p;
   p=(int*)malloc(n*sizeof(int));
   return p;
```

```
void read(int*p,int n)
   int i,x;
   for(i=0;i<n;i++)
      scanf("%d",p);
      p++;
   }
}
int sum(int*p,int n)
   int i,sum=0;
   for(i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
   sum=sum+p[i];
   return sum;
}
```

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

```
Test Case - 1
User Output
Enter n value : 4
Enter 4 values : 1 4 5 2
The sum of given array elements : 12
```

```
Test Case - 2
User Output
Enter n value : 3
Enter 3 values : 10 20 30
The sum of given array elements : 60
```

```
Test Case - 3
User Output
Enter n value : 4
Enter 4 values : -5 -6 -4 -2
The sum of given array elements : -17
```