

AI-Powered Holistic Mental Health Monitoring: Integrating Facial Emotion Recognition, Chatbot, and Voicebot for Personalized Support

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Abstract—The proposed system will be enabled with various AI technologies of face emotion recognition, an emotional chatbot, and voice bot. Increasing awareness about the problems of mental health creates a demand for innovative solutions capable of filling the gaps in conventional mental health care. Our proposed system integrates pioneering support with the help of advanced AI techniques that offer personalized and accessible support to persons suffering from psychological distress. Face emotion recognition systems use advanced algorithms to detect, in real time, facial expressions, and therefore the emotional states or conditions of the users. The emotional chatbot can further include the user in empathetic conversations by offering customized emotional support and resources with natural language processing and sentiment analysis. This additional voice bot feature is expanding accessibility by enabling users to engage in therapeutic dialogues and get customized recommendations for self-care. With that, this AI-enabled mental health monitoring system integrates all those components specified herein in tandem, so as to bring a revolution in mental health care that nurtures resilience and well-being among individuals globally.

Keywords—Artificial Intelligence, Facial Emotion Detection, Chatbot, Voicebot, Computer Vision, Natural Language Processing, Early Intervention.

I. INTRODUCTION

While mental health issues have demanded increasing attention in the need for early and timely intervention during the most recent years, the conventional means of mental health provision have been going through challenges related to stigma and resource accessibility. To all these, we are going to propose a new approach in the monitoring of mental health, driven by AI. It is based on a fundamental foundation: an advanced face emotion recognition system that evaluates facial expressions for the exact identification of underlying emotions in real time. Such technology, together with complex machine learning algorithms, forms the core of our proactive strategy in monitoring mental health. Besides the Face Emotion Recognition system, our solution also involves an emotional chatbot acting like a virtual companion for

supporting the users. It is designed with natural language processing and sentiment analysis, the ability to engage users in empathetic discussions for holistic personalized emotional support and guidance. This creates a comfortable avenue through which people can share themselves and seek assistance where necessary. Additionally, our system offers a voice bot feature to widen its use cases for users. The voicebot facilitates having therapeutic conversations, retrieving relevant information, and getting personalized recommendations on self-care through voice recognition systems, along with AI-driven dialogue management. The components of our AI-powered mental health monitoring system come together and integrate into one seamless whole in the pursuit of revolutionizing mental healthcare with personalized, proactive support for every individual. We foresee a future where continuous monitoring, through open support channels, makes technology critical in the fostering of global mental well-being and resilience.

II. LITERATURE SURVEY

A Wearable Data Glove for Ambulatory Mental Health Monitoring[1] The presented work represents a wearable mental health monitoring platform that can be easily integrated within everyday life. Continuous skin temperature, skin galvanic resistance, and heart rate variability are among the key tasks of major indications of emotional state and mental condition. The main components of the architecture of the system include a cloud-based storage unit, a wearable wireless multi-sensor glove, and an online user interface. The wearable glove contains sensors that can measure pulse, skin temperature, and galvanic skin resistance. The glove acts as a sender, transmitting raw data across Wi-Fi to the cloud database. A user interface allows later retrieval and assessment of the data by the user. First results from recorded signals show considerable variation, depending on various conditions, especially in heart rate variability and galvanic

skin resistance. The approach suggested here has the potential to be used in a number of applications where the physiological measurement forms the basis necessary for understanding in human behavior and human mental health through psychophysiological research, education, enhancement of performance, and biofeedback treatment.

Monitoring Patients with Mental Disorders[2] The prevalence of mental disorders presents substantial challenges on socio-economic and geo-political fronts, potentially straining global healthcare systems beyond their capacity to manage both human and resource-related demands. Addressing this requires the implementation of comprehensive, multi-faceted treatment systems. These systems should encompass diagnosis, treatment, and ongoing monitoring, integrating triage and treatment capabilities across hospital settings and within communities. The practical challenges of implementing efficient patient monitoring for people with mental illnesses, especially in community settings and Smart-Psychiatric ICUs, are examined in this research. Various scenarios are discussed to illustrate these challenges. Ultimately, the paper underscores the importance of effective patient monitoring, emphasizing its benefits for all stakeholders involved in managing mental disorders.

A multi-sensor monitoring system for managing mental health objectively in settings with limited resources[3] Worldwide, neuropsychiatric disorders bear a heavy burden and account for a large percentage of lost years of disability-adjusted life in adults. These diseases comprise nearly half of all forms of illness in the UK among those under the age of 65, and the scant availability of funds for services devoted to mental health—especially in the low- and middle-income countries—means that a great number of the needy go without treatment. The World Health Organization projects that by the year 2030, unipolar depressive disorders will be the world's leading cause of disability. This study introduces a smartphone-based system that can be used for real-time remote monitoring of behavioral, symptom, and physiological markers for psychiatric patients. This technology provides highly accurate and timely data to optimize psychiatric resources. Among more than a hundred participants, preliminary results from the research project underline qualitative dissimilarities between the healthy and the disordered; hence, this technique is believed to be able to improve mental health.

A structure for wirelessly tracking mental health issues [4] The escalating prevalence of mental illness globally poses a significant challenge to effective healthcare management, impacting individuals' quality of life and their productivity in various spheres, including employment. Similar to physical ailments, individuals with mental health conditions require monitoring and timely medical intervention. This paper introduces an IT-enabled framework aimed at facilitating mental health monitoring, encompassing comprehensive surveillance of patients' symptoms, behaviors, and adherence to medication regimens. Leveraging context-awareness, the framework aims to develop a sophisticated system capable of adapting to individuals' varying needs and circumstances. Additionally, the paper outlines potential advancements in mental health monitoring, offering insights into future directions for this critical area of healthcare provision.

Identification of Mental Health Status via Sentiment Analysis and Open CV [5] An individual's mental health encompasses their cognitive, behavioral, and emotional well-being, influencing how they perceive, think, feel, and cope

with life's challenges. Given its significance, maintaining mental health is crucial for overall well-being. However, factors such as stress and anxiety can negatively impact mental health, potentially leading to severe consequences if left unaddressed. Leveraging advancements in technology, particularly in the realm of machine learning and artificial intelligence, offers a promising avenue to predict and monitor the onset of mental illnesses. This paper focuses on developing a system that utilizes computer-based applications powered by machine learning and AI algorithms to predict individuals' mental health states and detect any abnormal behaviors. By delving into the intricacies of this system, the paper aims to contribute to the proactive management of mental health, ultimately enhancing individuals' overall quality of life and well-being.

IoT Sensor Network, Machine Learning, and Computer Vision for Mental and Physical Health Management System [6] This paper presents the integrated healthcare management system which considers the factors of both mental as well as physical health. The proposed system monitors and stores the vital signals such as body temperature and heart rate of a person in the central database with the help of IoT sensor networks along with Arduino UNO. It also includes an emotion identifier to track the emotional states of users using the MiniXception convolutional neural network architecture. A conversational chatbot works as a virtual physician by facilitating natural language processing for ease of access and transparency regarding user interaction. It provides preliminary diagnosis and gives support. The user interface, using HTML5 and CSS, has been kept neat and simple. This study proposes an integrated approach to health management on a personalized level, attempting to bridge the hiatus between mental and physical healthcare interventions using this new technique.

Mental Health Monitoring System using Artificial Intelligence[7] Mental health has emerged as a significant global public health issue, yet its integration into mainstream healthcare has been slow. However, recent advancements in artificial intelligence (AI) have sparked interest in leveraging these technologies to address mental health challenges. AI techniques, coupled with machine learning algorithms, offer the potential for personalized care, tailored to individual needs, particularly in providing emotional support. This paper undertakes a comprehensive analysis of various mental health monitoring systems, including virtual counseling, precision therapy, and diagnostic systems. Through a review of the algorithms and parameters utilized in each system, insights into their effectiveness and applicability are gained. Ultimately, the paper proposes a unified system that amalgamates the strengths of the aforementioned approaches, aiming to deliver personalized mental healthcare solutions. By integrating multiple modalities, this system endeavors to enhance the quality and accessibility of mental health support services.

A Survey of Apps for Depression Help in Mobile Mental Health [8] The paper explores the landscape of mobile applications designed to support individuals with depression. Depression, characterized by persistent sadness and loss of interest, poses a significant global burden, prompting the need for effective monitoring and treatment methods. This study of the existing mobile applications downloaded from popular app stores such as the Google Play Store and the Apple App Store aims to identify, investigate, and classify the various mobile phone applications developed to support

depression. Overall, 216 applications became appropriate for review with the consideration of the quality assessment and inclusion and exclusion criteria. Various features are included in each application, including but not limited to chatbots, online counseling, learning materials, mood monitoring, assessments, and self-help tools. This review thus summarizes the benefits and limitations of such applications, but also points to new developments and possible further lines of development. This is important because the purposes of these apps become increasingly varied—a reflection of an increasing need for digital solutions to support mental health.

Machine Learning-Based Mobile App for Mental Health [9] In the current era, mental health has emerged as a significant yet often overlooked aspect of overall well-being, affecting a large portion of the population worldwide. Stress, anxiety, and depression, particularly prevalent among children and adolescents in Sri Lanka, have seen a rise in cases over time, necessitating prompt attention and intervention. Leveraging the widespread use of mobile phones and applications in today's society, there has been a noticeable increase in mental health-focused apps and platforms globally. This study aims to address the mental health needs of Sri Lankans by developing a mobile application tailored to help users identify and manage their levels of stress, depression, and anxiety. The main aim of the application is to extend awareness of mental health locally and reach out with supportive help for affected individuals. The proposed application will apply CNN machine learning methods, Decision Tree, and Random Forest classifiers together with image processing and machine learning techniques that assess the state of mental health and severity in each illness by applying two questionnaires: the DASS 21 and the GSE Scale. These techniques, therefore, enable the application to provide a variety of exercises that are meant to alleviate anxiety, dejection, and stress while reminding one of the need for mental health and how the latter impacts on daily life.

Creating a Smartphone App for Mental Health Counseling during the COVID-19 Pandemic [10] The COVID-19 pandemic has seriously deteriorated the mental health of Indonesians, while a number of the population suffer from anxiety and stress linked to the virus. Because of this, people are very reluctant to see psychiatric specialists face-to-face, since they fear being contaminated with COVID-19 in clinics or hospitals. This paper, therefore, aims to develop an online mental health counseling service operating on Android to bridge this gap. It shall offer a chance for easy access to psychologists or psychiatry specialists and, consequently, will not allow the new cluster of COVID-19 to emerge. The researchers did observations and a literature study through the prototyping process in order to update data and information. The research has developed an Android-based mental health consultation app that is connected to a web service. The program generates user interfaces dynamically in the process of consultation for relocating the user from a starting point until his arrival at a conclusion. The program contains many important elements for the records of patient cases, journals, and follow-up consultations that make continued care possible in mental health and a comprehensive understanding of the situation of each patient. In general, the application developed is supposed to be an efficient assistant and helper for those seeking support for their mental health during the period of the epidemic, with continued access and security within consultation processes.

Student Companion Mobile Apps for Mental Health [11] Technology and mental health are the major concerns of today's society, mainly among the sections that are giving poor academic performance. Companion solves this by making students comfortable in sharing their thoughts and sentiments and reaching out for help from qualified professionals. This research explains the highly overlooked topic—mental health, especially at the adolescent period of collegiate life. Students are the most intended users of the Companion application. It highly values usage over a long period and simplicity. On the Bravo Studio platform, the user interface is designed in Figma and then developed into a working application that can be easily connected with an Airtable and Firebase real-time database. The aim is to create a supportive environment where students can alleviate their life pressures and receive assistance in improving their mental well-being. Overall, the Companion app endeavors to be a valuable resource for students, offering a space for them to heal and seek support as they navigate the challenges of academic life.

III. EXISTING SYSTEM

The current systems operates as a platform for emotional and therapeutic support. Users can access the platform via web or mobile applications, where they choose the type of assistance based on their needs. One core feature is the ability to connect with listeners who provide empathetic, non-judgmental support through real-time chat. These listeners are volunteers who have active listening and empathy, offering a space where users can discuss emotional issues like stress, anxiety, or loneliness. This free service acts as an entry point, encouraging users to open up in a anonymous environment and helping to reduce the stigma around seeking help.

Some platform also provides professional therapy through licensed therapists for more structured, long-term support as a paid service, along with community forums where users can participate in group discussions on mental health topics. However, a major disadvantage of such platforms is security and integrity concerns. Since anyone can sign up as a listener there is a potential risk of unqualified or malicious individuals becoming listeners, which could compromise user safety and data privacy, undermining the trust users place in the platform.

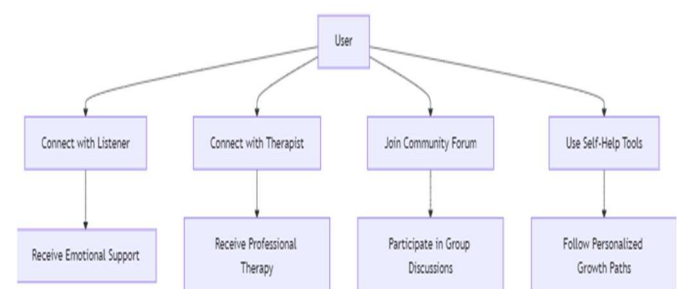


Fig.1 Existing System Architecture

IV. PROPOSED SOLUTION

This system is unique compared to conventional mental health systems that are largely based on human interactions, such as therapy, which has a high price tag. Through the use of a purely AI-based system, we offer a safe and fully free service. Because there is no use of human therapists, all user information is kept safely with stringent privacy guidelines. This information is then utilized to provide individualized emotional support in accordance with each person's needs.

This system is an upgrade with its capacity to consolidate several advanced features into a single platform. In contrast to other solutions that compartmentalize tools such as chatbots, voicebots, and facial recognition, our system integrates them in a harmonious manner. This allows us to examine the mental state of the user comprehensively, providing ongoing, personalized assistance based on real-time information.

Also, The addition of the ability to link with wearable devices, enables us to track additional health indicators such as sleep patterns and activity levels. This extra level of information provides us with a better understanding of the user's health. Furthermore, it also includes a mood tracker in which users can record their moods on a daily basis. This feature enables the tracking of emotional trends over time, allowing for even more tailored, day-to-day assistance.

V. ARCHITECTURE DIAGRAM

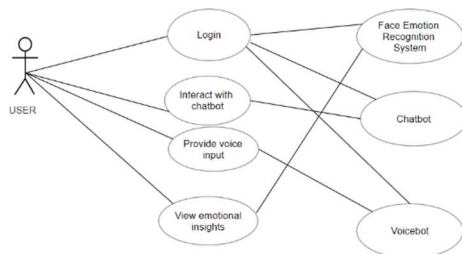


Fig.2 Use Case Diagram

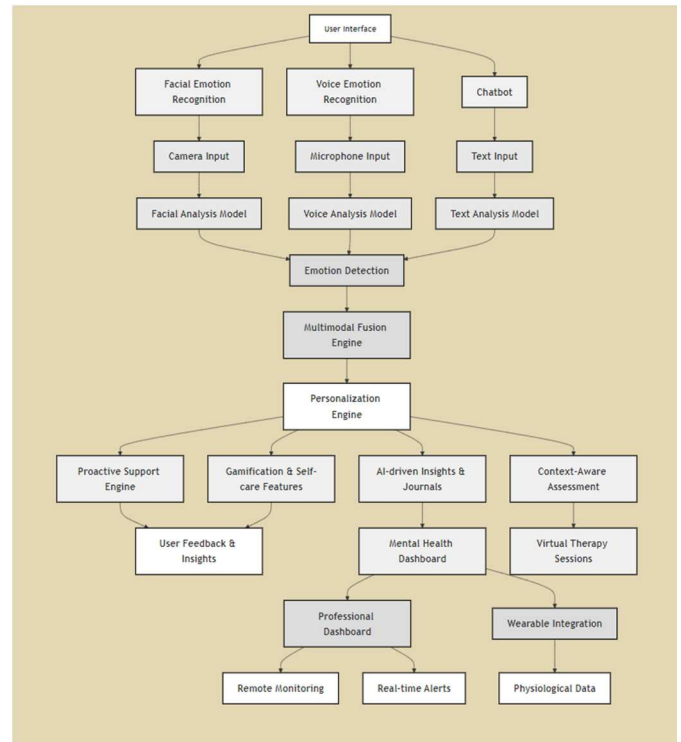


Fig.3 Architecture

Facial emotion detection utilizes live feeds from the user's camera—a webcam or mobile phone camera—to determine their emotional state. The AI model used here is based on sophisticated neural networks like Capsule Networks. These models can detect minute facial movements, tensions in muscles, and micro-expressions that the human eye may not notice instantly for instance, the system is able to detect emotions such as happiness, sadness, anger, fear, and surprise. It is more than simply detecting basic emotions, since it also detects subtle expressions such as a "forced smile" or ambiguity of emotions, providing insight into the emotional state of the user.

In addition to this, the system is also enhanced with a Facial Action Coding System (FACS), a tool used to decode the slightest facial expression, and therefore the system is able to detect intricate emotional states.

Further, time-series analysis is implemented to monitor trends in emotions over time, offering users and health professionals with an understanding of emotional stability or change. As an addition to a more universal perspective, the system can also combine information from physiological signals via wearables, for example, heart rate variability or skin conductance, in order to crosscheck emotional states. The most important input is the voice emotion recognition system, which analyzes the user's voice in order to identify emotional cues via tone, pitch, and speech.

The system records the user's voice using a microphone, and artificial intelligence speech models like Wav2Vec study vocal features to decide if the user is stressed, anxious, or relaxed. The voicebot does not merely listen passively; it talks to the user, providing emotional support when required. It can recommend activities such as breathing exercises or provide soothing words. Additionally, the system is capable of

identifying subtle pauses or hesitations in speech, which often signal emotional stress, thus making the analysis more comprehensive.

The chatbot is the system's text-based interface through which users interact with the AI to get advice or emotional guidance. The chatbot, which has NLP models such as GPT-4, reads the sentiment and meaning of the words used by the user and adapts its responses based on it. For instance, the chatbot could suggest self-care exercises such as mindfulness or suggestions if a user expresses unhappiness or annoyance. One of the most impressive aspects of the chatbot is the fact that it cross-references emotional data from facial and voice analysis to ensure consistency. For instance, if a user's writing suggests that they are "fine" but their face is indicating distress, the chatbot can ask them gently further.

In the center of the system is the multimodal fusion engine that integrates the data streams from facial recognition, voice inspection, and text-based inputs to present a combined emotional estimation. Through combining these various modalities, the system can better estimate the user's emotional state with lesser chances of misinterpretation. For example, if a user's face indicates that they are happy, but text and voice indicate stress, the engine balances these inputs to generate a dominant emotional profile that indicates how the user is actually feeling. This multimodal analysis supports more effective interventions.

Personalization engine allows the system to be attuned to every user's individual emotional characteristics and behaviors after a while. Through minimal-shot learning as well as history tracking of the emotions, the system is taught to identify what is normal to every user. For instance, if the specific user displays a smile under anxious conditions, the system takes note of it and adjusts for emotional interpretation correspondingly. It can even detect emotional levels unique to each user, reminding them when their emotions stray from their individual norm. This ongoing learning process causes the system's feedback to become more accurate and personalized. Aside from the emotional monitoring capabilities, the system features a mental health dashboard for healthcare providers.

This dashboard gives users real-time data, emotional trends, and probable risk factors as per the behavior of the user.

Experts receive reports visualizing emotional patterns and are notified for important emotional shifts, like increased stress levels or extended sadness, so that they can make interventions early and give more focused care. The dashboard further provides remote monitoring, real-time notifications, and wearable device integration for a comprehensive overview of the mental health of the user.

For a more comprehensive emotional assessment, the system can integrate with wearable devices like smartwatches or fitness trackers. This allows it to analyze physiological signals such as heart rate variability, skin conductance, and sleep patterns, adding another layer of data to the emotional analysis. Gamification and self-care features can also be incorporated, encouraging users to engage in mental health exercises through challenges, rewards, and goal tracking. Furthermore, virtual therapy sessions can be offered directly through the platform, with the system providing real-time emotional insights to the therapist.

VI. EXPERIMENTAL RESULT

The system achieves approximately 85% accuracy in detecting basic emotions such as happiness and stress, with a slightly lower accuracy (63%) for nuanced expressions. It responds within 3-5 seconds to emotional discrepancies, providing personalized interventions. The system is able to cross-reference voice, facial, and text data, and offer consistent and tailored feedback. Over the course of the usage, the system adapts to users' unique emotional patterns, offering increasingly accurate and personalized emotional support.

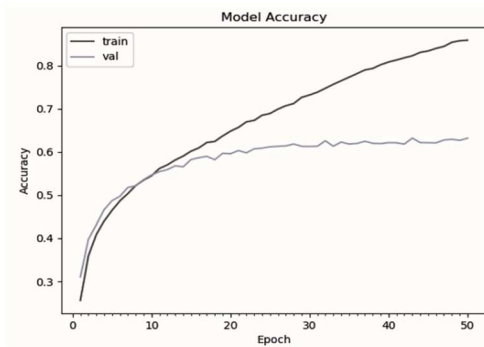


Fig.4 FER Model Accuracy

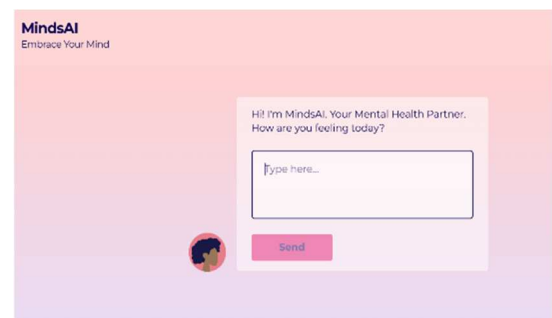


Fig.5 Chatbot Interface

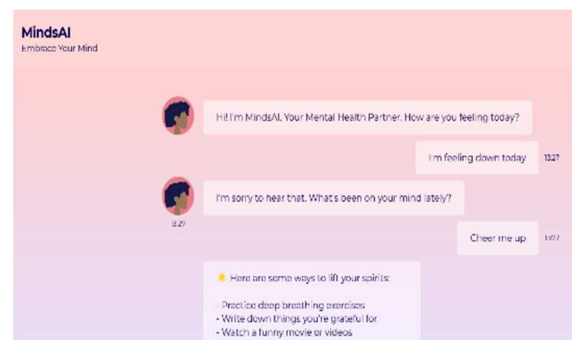


Fig.6 Chatbot Interaction

VII. CONCLUSION

In summary, this AI-driven holistic mental health monitoring system distinguishes itself by seamlessly integrating various inputs—facial expressions, voice analysis, and text interactions—to construct a comprehensive emotional profile. Its advanced personalization engine evolves with each user, adapting based on emotional history to provide highly customized support and interventions. The system's real-time, proactive monitoring, combined with professional integration capabilities, ensures a thorough and responsive approach to mental health care. By delivering

tailored emotional insights and timely interventions, the system offers a robust, all-encompassing solution for promoting mental well-being and enhancing personalized mental health management.

VIII.FUTURE WORK

Future work will aim to strengthen the multimodal integration by incorporating additional data inputs, such as physiological signals from wearable devices, to enhance the accuracy of emotional assessments. Advancements in AI models, including the use of Generative AI for more natural and empathetic chatbot interactions, could further boost user engagement. The system may also expand its applications to support group therapy and social emotional support networks. Key priorities will include addressing privacy and ethical concerns by enhancing data security and ensuring transparent user consent. Additionally, integrating predictive analytics to foresee emotional health crises and suggest preventative interventions will further elevate the system's effectiveness.

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