



Universidad de Oviedo



**SOFTWARE**  
ARCHITECTURE

# Software Architecture

Lab. 12

Monitoring & profiling

2021-22

Jose Emilio Labra Gayo  
Pablo González  
Irene Cid  
Hugo Lebrede

# Monitoring and profiling

**Monitoring:** Observe the behaviour at runtime while software is running

Dashboards

Usually, after deployment

**Profiling:** Measure performance of a software while it is running

Identify parts of a system that contribute to a performance problem

Show where to concentrate the efforts

Usually before deployment

# Monitoring & profiling

Monitors an application while it is running

Records performance (CPU & memory usage)

JavaScript:

Chrome (Timeline), Firefox Developer Edition (Performance tool)

Server-side:

JVisualVM, JProfiler, YourKit, JConsole

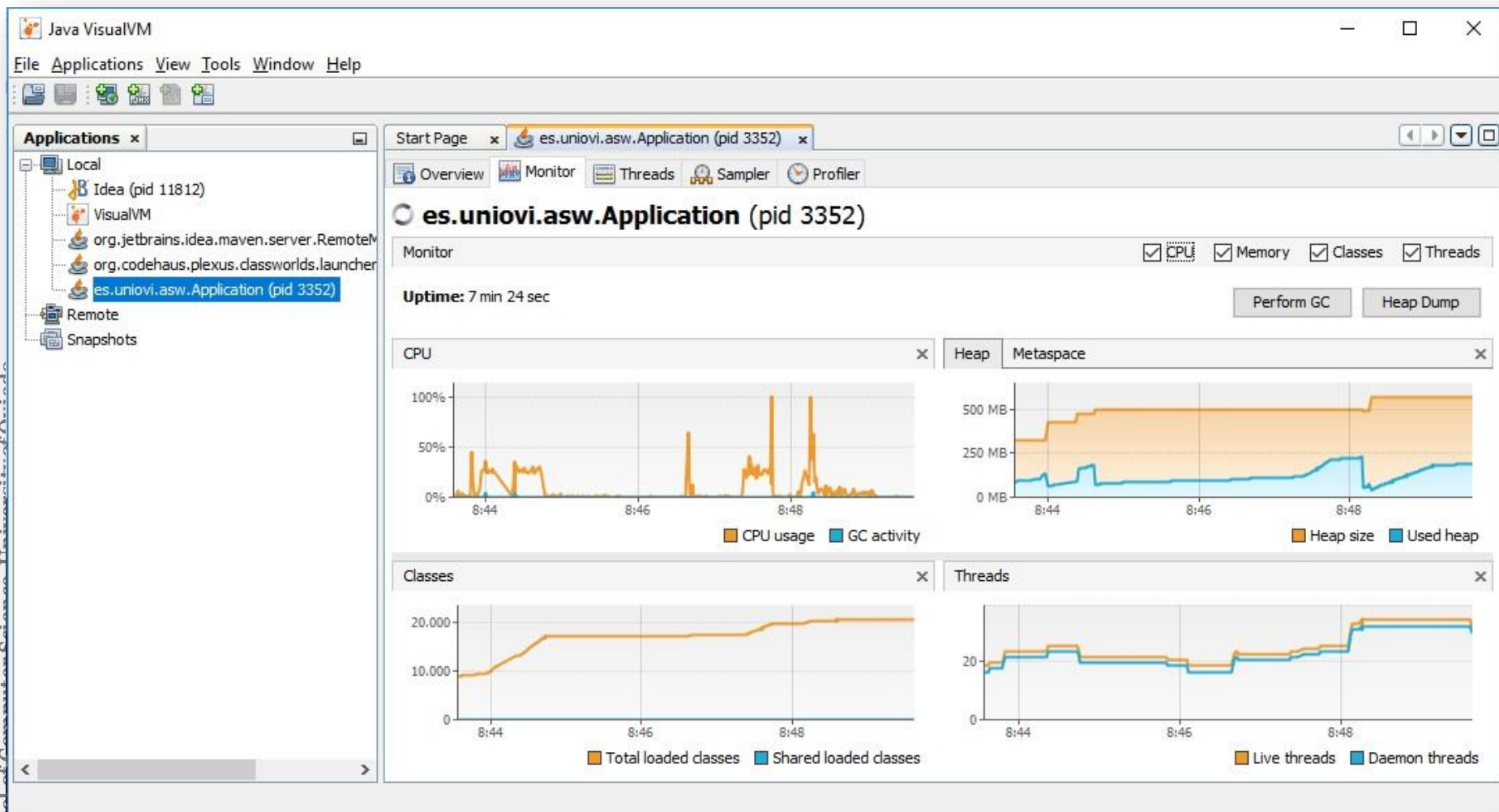
Monitoring: Graphite, Datadog, Prometheus, Graphana

VisualVM

<https://visualvm.github.io/>

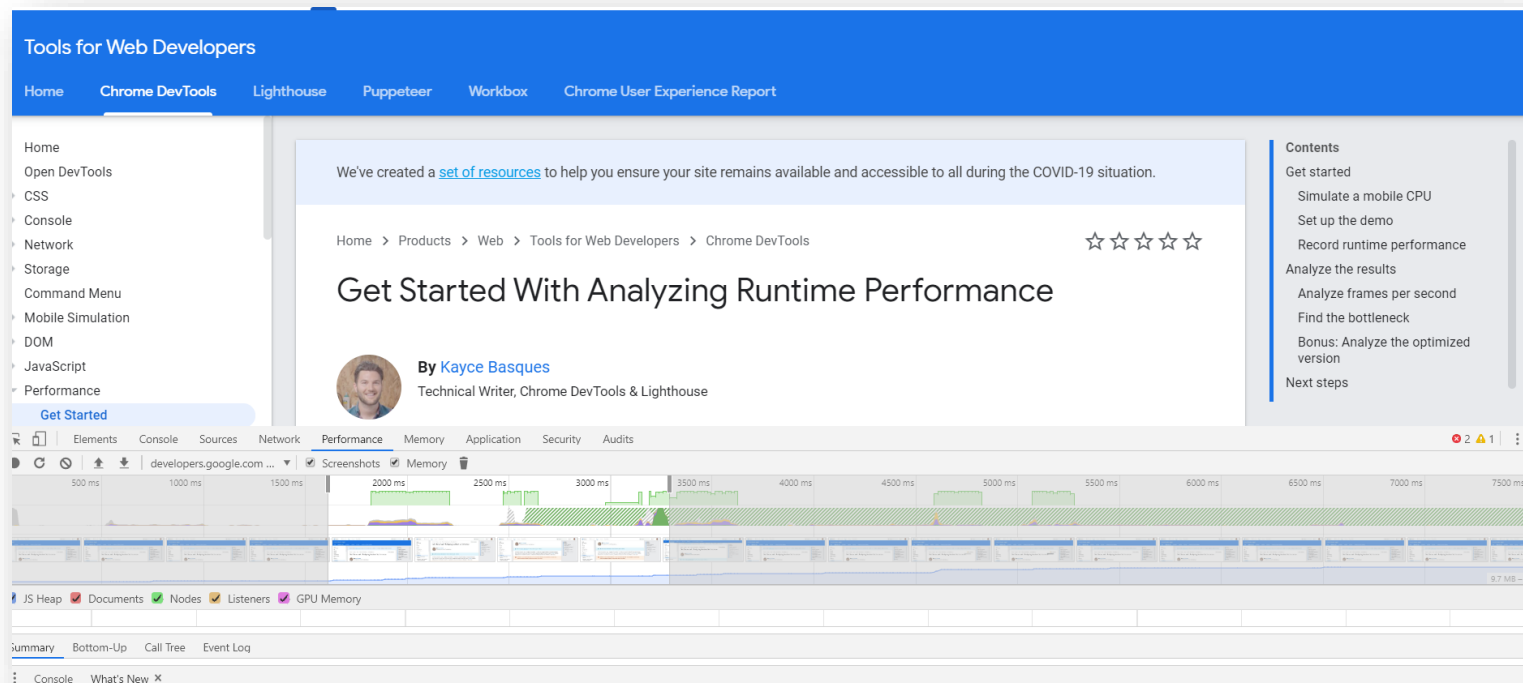
jvisualvm

# Java/server JVisualVM



# Browser: developer tools

## Profiling/check performance



<https://developers.google.com/web/tools/chrome-devtools/evaluate-performance>

# Example with Google Chrome

## Incognito mode

At the top right, click the three dots and then New Incognito Window.

Windows, Linux, or Chrome OS: Press Ctrl + Shift + n.

Mac: Press ⌘ + Shift + n.

## DevTools

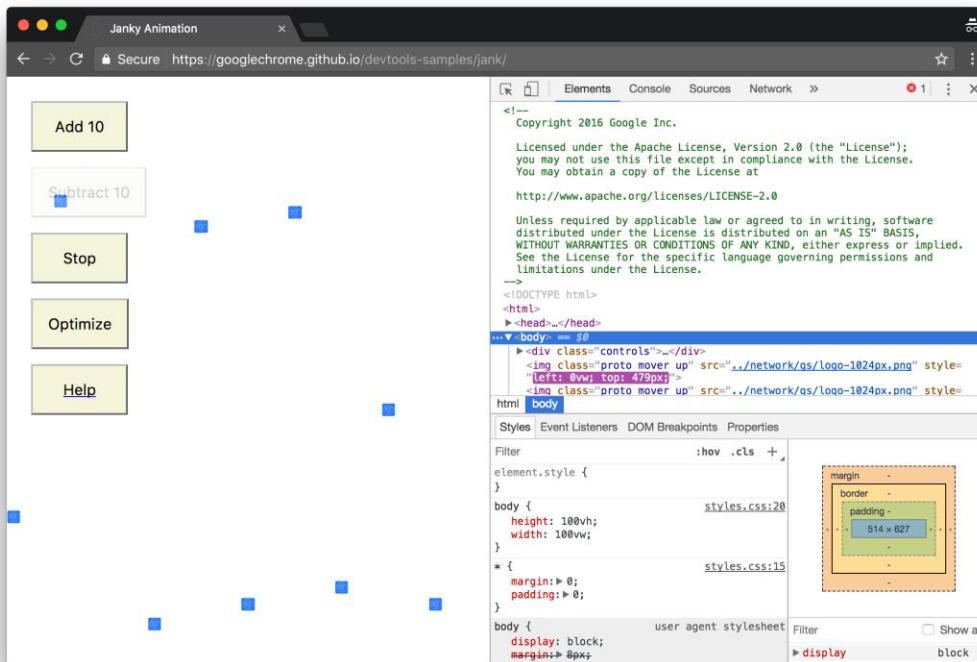
Windows, Linux: Control+Shift+I

Mac: Command+Option+I

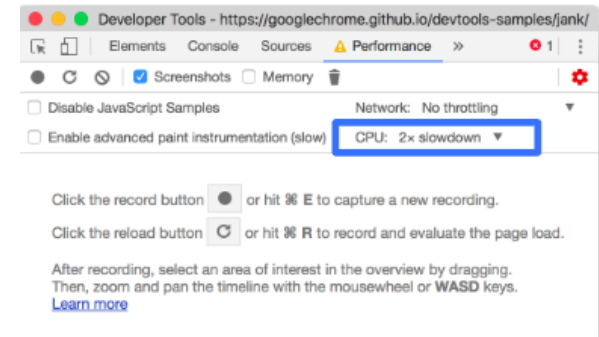


# Example with Google Chrome

<https://googlechrome.github.io/devtools-samples/jank/>



Performance > CPU > 2 x Slowdown

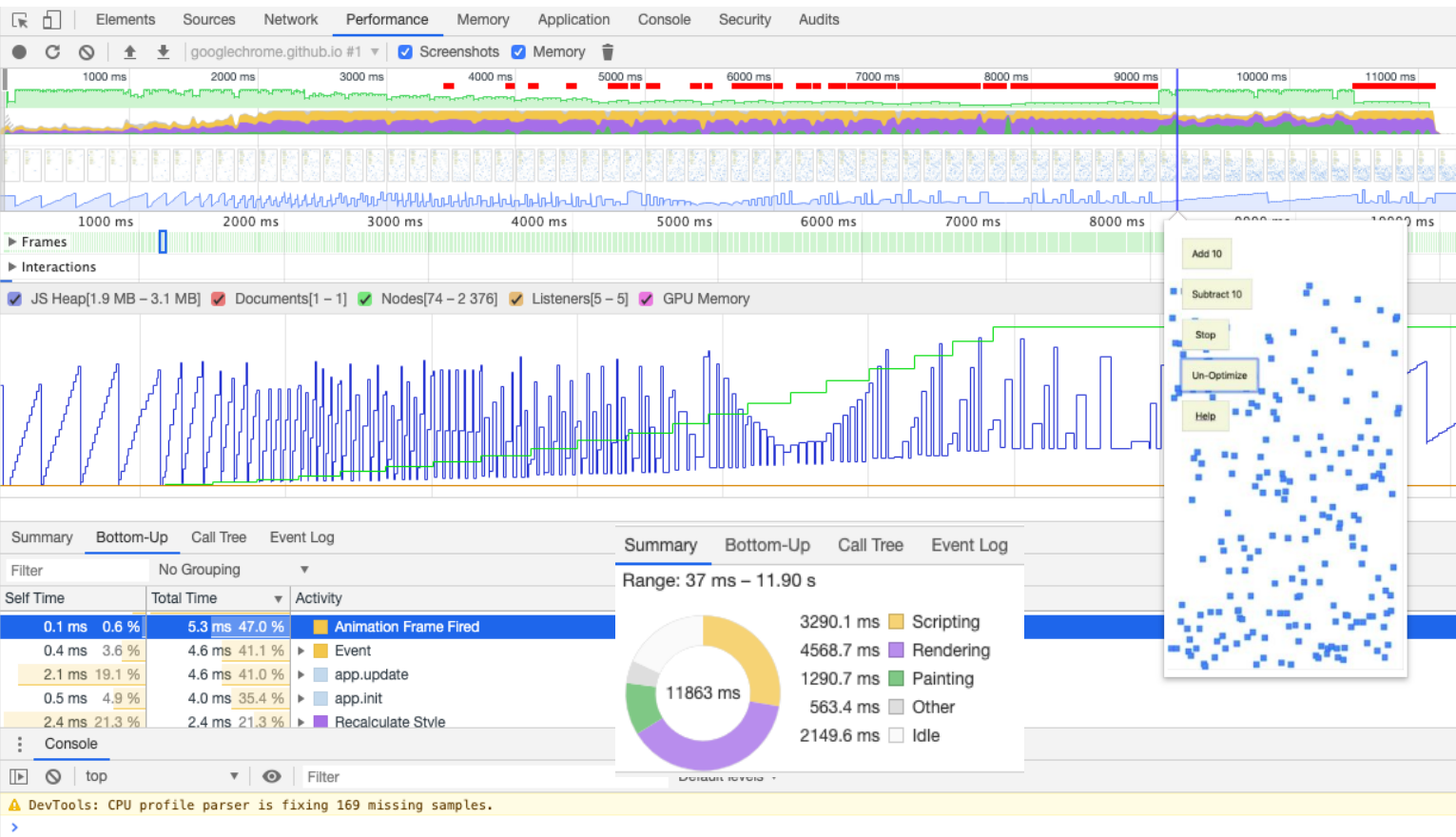


Performance > Record  
 click Add 10 (20 times)  
 try Optimize / Un-optimize  
 Stop

# Example with Google Chrome

Profile result:

Frames per Second →  
CPU →



Bottleneck →



# Other tools for browser

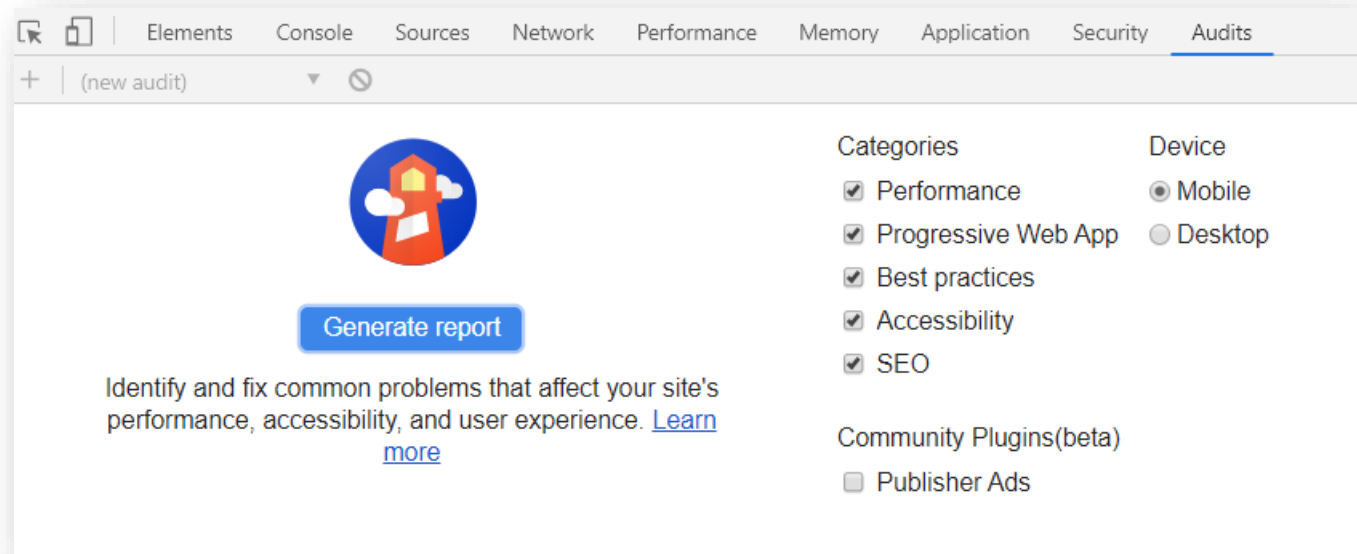
## RAIL model:

Response, Animation, Idle, Load

<https://developers.google.com/web/fundamentals/performance/rail>

<https://webpagetest.org/easy>

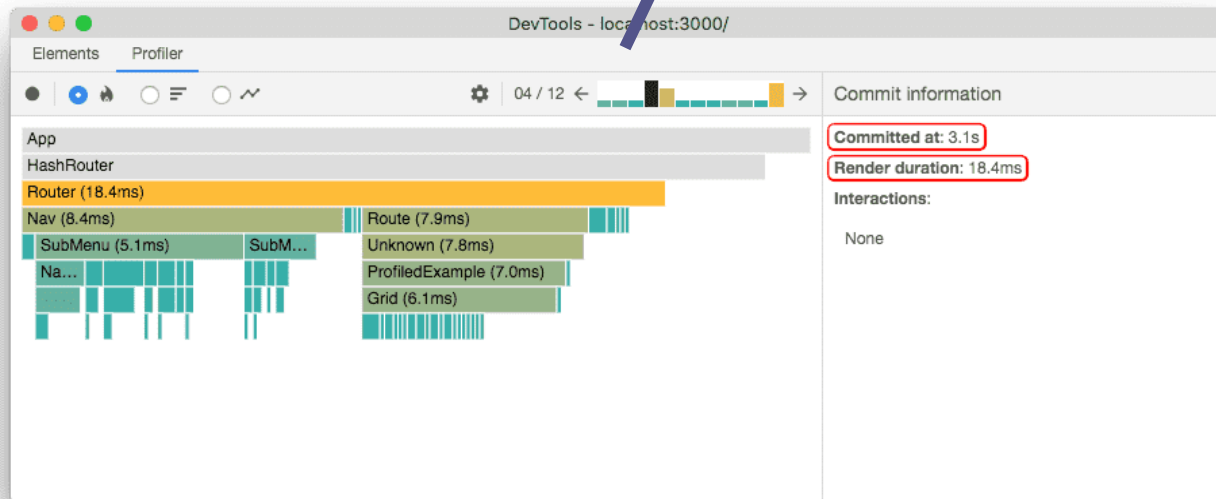
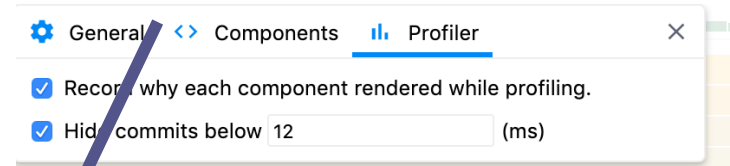
## Lighthouse (with Chrome)



# React Developer Tools

React works in two stages:

- Render
- Commit



# React Developer Tools

The screenshot shows the React Developer Tools Profiler interface. The top part displays a form with the following fields:

- Dirección: avda galicia
- Locality: Oviedo
- Postal Code: 33005
- Region: Asturias

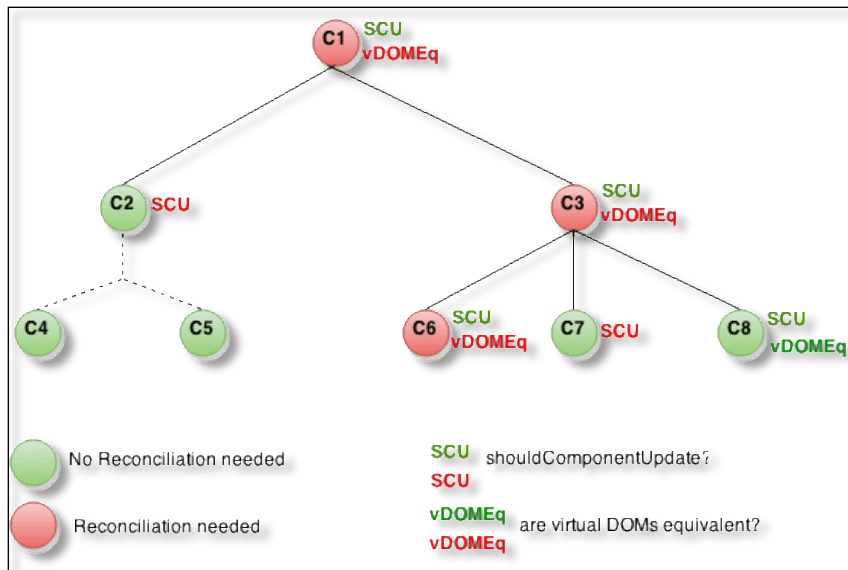
The Profiler panel is open, showing a list of renders. The 'Ranked' view is selected, and the 'Why did this render?' panel is open for the selected render. The 'Why did this render?' panel shows the following information:

- Why did this render?**
  - Props changed: (fieldData, modifyFormObject, formObject, onSave)
- Rendered at:**
  - 4.1s for 17.3ms
  - 4.5s for 83.8ms
  - 4.6s for 19.9ms
  - 4.7s for 19.9ms
  - 5s for 16.1ms** (highlighted)
  - 6.6s for 21.4ms

The list of renders in the Profiler panel includes:

- Bf (0.2ms)
- Xd key="subject:.\_:userprofile\_shex\_UserProfileAddress\_\_parts\_4" (0.2ms)
- Anonymous (Memo) (0.2ms)
- Context.Consumer (0.2ms)
- Xd key="subject:.\_:userprofile\_shex\_UserProfileEmail\_\_parts\_1" (0.2ms)
- Xd key="subject:.\_:userprofile\_shex\_UserProfile\_\_parts\_0" (0.1ms)
- Bf key="928d078d-f6d4-4558-9cad-681ed06be0d1" (0.1ms)
- Bf key="790e97ce-bf12-4c9b-9ce9-425b28df22fb" (0.1ms)
- Bf key="24a59de4-8ab1-43a2-b705-9ce2737ca53e" (0.1ms)
- Xd key="subject:formHeading" (0.1ms)
- Xd key="subject:.\_:userprofile\_shex\_UserProfileAddr..."

# React DOM – Virtual DOM



```
class CounterButton extends React.PureComponent {
  constructor(props) {
    super(props);
    this.state = {count: 1};
  }

  render() {
    return (
      <button
        color={this.props.color}
        onClick={() => this.setState(state => ({count: state.count
+ 1}))}>
        Count: {this.state.count}
      </button>
    );
  }
}
```

```
shouldComponentUpdate(nextProps, nextState) {
  if (this.props.color !== nextProps.color) {
    return true;
  }
  if (this.state.count !== nextState.count) {
    return true;
  }
  return false;
}
```

# Server side monitoring

- Cloud platforms like Heroku provide monitoring solutions
  - Also available in Google Cloud, Amazon AWS.
  - In the case of Heroku, this solution is not free
- There is also the option to set up our own monitoring solution
- Which software to use: *Prometheus* and *Grafana*
- Guide: [https://github.com/arquisoft/dede\\_0/tree/master/rest-api#monitoring-prometheus-and-grafana](https://github.com/arquisoft/dede_0/tree/master/rest-api#monitoring-prometheus-and-grafana)



# Server side monitoring

- We need a library that can extract some metrics from our restapi
  - *`npm install prom-client express-prom-bundle`*  

```
const metricsMiddleware:RequestHandler = promBundle({includeMethod: true});  
app.use(metricsMiddleware);
```
  - If we launch the restapi, in *`/metrics`* we will be able to see some row data that would be used by Graphana to plot nice charts
  - We can choose which metrics to measure [[doc](#)]

# Server side monitoring

- Graphana cannot use this data directly, we need Prometheus

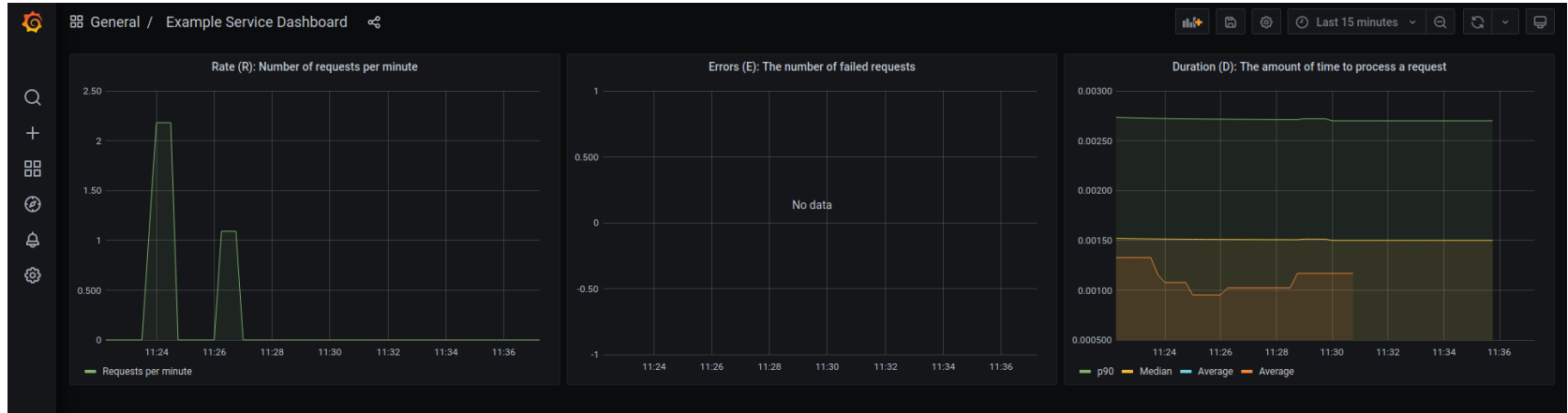


- Prometheus will retrieve the data exposed by the restapi and store it so it can be consumed by Graphana
- We will work with a docker image [prom/prometheus] that can be configured through a single file

```
restapi > monitoring > prometheus > ! prometheus.yml
1  global:
2    scrape_interval: 5s
3  scrape_configs:
4    - job_name: "example-nodejs-app"
5      static_configs:
6        - targets: ["restapi:5000"]
```

# Server side monitoring

- How to configure Grafana
  - Grafana will use Prometheus as data source
  - We also have a docker image for running it [grafana/grafana]
  - We need to configure the datasource and the dashboard (which charts to plot)





# Links

## Monitoring & Profiling

Get Started With Analyzing Runtime Performance

<https://developers.google.com/web/tools/chrome-devtools/evaluate-performance/>

How to Use the Timeline Tool

<https://developers.google.com/web/tools/chrome-devtools/evaluate-performance/timeline-tool#profile-js>

## Presentation

Presentation Zen Garr Reynolds

<https://www.presentationzen.com/>

<https://www.amazon.com/gp/product/0321811984>