BlackMagic Camera Control (over SDI)

Used to send BlackMagic Camera Control data over SDI out on a SKAARHOJ controller, alternatively over UDP to a receiving device such as SKAARHOJ ETH-SDI Link or ETH-B4 Link.

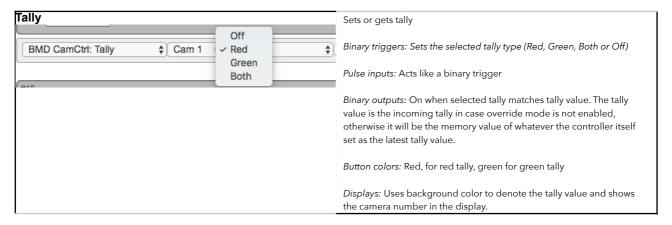
SDI as the output is used whenever an IP address is 0.0.0.0 (four zeros), otherwise IP mode is used. Notice that for IP mode, two submodes exist, BASE mode and DIRECT mode (default). See note in the bottom of this document.

In SDI mode there are a few facts to mention:

- Tally: By default on power-up, incoming tally data on SDI will be forwarded through on the SDI output. Only if/when a tally state is set by the controller itself will "override" mode be turned on and incoming tally data is blocked out and only controller-generated tally data is outputted. The logic behind this is that sometimes a SKAARHOJ controller should just be transparent to tally input data and at other times it should generate tally data and block any incoming data. Letting this depend on whether a controller actively ever tries to set tally data itself is an easy way to assume the intended function.
- Camera control data: By default no incoming camera control data (CCU data) will be passed through the controller. This makes sense as a default since usually the SKAARHOJ controller is expected to be the source of camera control data and block out any incoming data. However, a special mode exists, "Momentary Override" (see bottom of document) which if set will only enable override mode for as long as it takes to send data out, then disable it again thus letting incoming camera control data pass through. This mode makes sense if you wish to allow devices upstream to send camera control data through the SKAARHOJ controller. This is relevant if there are dedicated controllers for dedicated cameras, for instance if you daisy chain SKAARHOJ controllers together. Notice however, that any incoming data while a controller is in override mode is simply blocked out and lost: In other words; if a controller upstream sends iris information simultaneously with a downstream controller, the upstream controller data is lost because it's blocked out at that time.

BMD CamCtrl: Focus BMD CamCtrl: Iris BMD CamCtrl: Sensor Gain BMD CamCtrl: Shutter BMD CamCtrl: White Balance BMD CamCtrl: Lift BMD CamCtrl: Gamma BMD CamCtrl: Gain BMD CamCtrl: Hue BMD CamCtrl: Contrast BMD CamCtrl: Saturation BMD CamCtrl: Bars BMD CamCtrl: Detail BMD CamCtrl: CCU Settings BMD CamCtrl: Reset BMD CamCtrl: Servo BMD CamCtrl: Tally BMD CamCtrl: Zoom BMD CamCtrl: IP mode

SKAARHOJ DEVICE CORES



Device configuration options exist:

- Index 0: UDP Addressing set to BASE mode: If "1", then BASE mode is On, otherwise Off (DIRECT mode). DIRECT mode (the default behaviour) means that all commands for any camera is sent to the IP address configured for the device core. This is the "intuitive" behaviour of course and the mode you would use if you want to forward data to a ETH-SDI Link. BASE mode on the other hand forwards data to a number of different IP addresses, basically the "device core IP address + camera number". So for instance, if the device core IP address is 192.168.10.80 and you send iris data to camera 1, it would be forwarded to a ETH-B4 Link (or similar) device on 192.168.10.81 (80+1).
- Index 1: **Momentary Override**: If "1" the controller will only override incoming camera control data at times when it sends out its own data, otherwise it will be transparent to incoming data.