# URCap Screwdriver Driver

# Universal Robots A/S

Version 1.14.0

#### Abstract

As of URCap API version 1.8, a driver framework is introduced for version 3.11.0/5.5.0 of PolyScope. This allows for adding functionality to PolyScope to support certain devices and having program nodes with UI as well as other contributions for free. This document will describe how to create a screwdriver driver with minimal Java code. Support for screwdriver drivers is introduced in Polyscope version 5.6.0 and is not available on CB3 robots.

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# 1 Introduction

A driver in the context of PolyScope can be thought of as a way of having a specific device behaving in a uniform way when used in PolyScope.

In the case of a screwdriver driver, this means the driver will integrate into the builtin Screwdriving program node and installation node in PolyScope which will allow for programming and setting up the screwdriver, respectively. The screwdriver driver will be selectable in the Screwdriving installation node together with the default builtin user-defined screwdriver. When the end user selects the screwdriver driver, the screwdriver can be configured in the installation (if a custom installation UI is specified by the driver) and the screwdriver will also be the screwdriver used in the Screwdriving program node.

A screwdriver is defined as a device which can, as a minimum, start driving a screw and stop. How it performs these operations is defined using script code. A screwdriver can optionally register additional capabilities it might support. Doing this opens up the program node for further configuration by the user. This only applies for some of the capabilities, since some of them are not configurable by the user. The relevant user-defined parameters are accessible when generating script code for a given operation or capability.

In the following sections, starting from section 3. Building a Screwdriver Driver, a basic screwdriver driver will be constructed and then expanded to support various physical capabilities.

# 2 General Information about URCap Development

The URCap SDK includes the separate URCap Tutorial Swing document.

Here you can find general information about development of URCaps, such as how to the specify your URCap's compatibility with the different robot series (section 12.1. Robot Series Compatibility) which is mandatory, and how to deploy and install a URCap using Maven (section 6. Deployment with Maven).

The sections 7. Contribution of an Installation Node, 8. Contribution of a Program Node and 9. Contribution of a Daemon are not relevant, if your URCap is a "pure" screwdriver driver URCap that does not include any additional installation node contribution(s), program node contribution(s) or daemon contribution(s).

# 3 Building a Screwdriver Driver

PolyScope uses the OSGi framework to run. This means that to register a screwdriver driver, it is necessary to construct a bundle with an Activator. In the Activator, an implementation of the ScrewdriverContribution must be registered within the OSGi framework.

When PolyScope starts, it will pick up the screwdriver driver and construct an installation node. See appendix A. Activator for an example of this.

In the following subsections the implementation of the ScrewdriverContribution interface will be covered.



All methods in the ScrewdriverContribution interface are mandatory to implement, but the implementation for some of them can be left blank.

The getTitle(Locale) must return the title of the screwdriver. It is optional to use the locale parameter depending on whether translations are supported. The title is shown in the Screwdriving program node UI and the installation node UI.

The generateStartScrewdriverScript(ScriptWriter, ScrewdriverParameters) method must generate the necessary script code for starting the screwdriver using the ScriptWriter parameter. If any capabilities are registered, the configuration of these will be accessible through the ScrewdriverParameters parameter.

The generateStopScrewdriverScript(ScriptWriter, ScrewdriverParameters) method must generate the necessary script code for stopping the screwdriver using the the ScriptWriter parameter. If any capabilities are registered the configuration of these will be accessible through the parameter ScrewdriverParameters.

#### 3.2 Optional Functionality

The generatePreambleScript(ScriptWriter) method can be used to generate any script code necessary for initializing the screwdriver. The script code will be added to the preamble section of the final script code generated for a robot program.

If no script code is necessary just leave this method blank.

The configureContribution(ContributionConfiguration) method can be used to configure the contribution itself using the ContributionConfiguration parameter. In the current version of the API only the logo for a screwdriver can be registered. This is shown on the Screwdriving program and installation node and must be a PNG or JPEG file.

The logo will automatically be scaled to fit in the mentioned places.

# 3.3 Capabilities (Optional)

A capability in the context of a screwdriver can be thought of as a physical property the screwdriver supports which in some cases can be configured by the end user.

The configureScrewdriver(ScrewdriverConfiguration, ScrewdriverAPIProvider) method can be used to register any capabilities the screwdriver may support using the ScrewdriverConfiguration interface. For access to PolyScope or robot domain specific information use the ScrewdriverAPIProvider parameter.

The majority of the capabilities are based on execution of script code. When these capabilities are registered, an implementation of the ScriptCodeGenerator interface must be supplied which will be responsible for generating the script code. PolyScope will ask the ScriptCodeGenerator implementation to generate the script code associated with a capability at appropriate times in the given context. Parameters relevant for the script code generation will be provided as input to the script code generation. The generated script code must return a boolean value indicating whether or not the execution of the capability was successful (i.e. a value of True or False).

If the screwdriver, for instance, supports automatic screwfeeding, the following code could be added:

```
1
      screwdriverConfiguration.getScrewdriverCapabilities().
         registerFeedScrewCapability(createFeedScrewScriptCodeGenerator());
2
3
     private ScriptCodeGenerator < FeedScrewParameters >
         createFeedScrewScriptCodeGenerator() {
4
        return new ScriptCodeGenerator < FeedScrewParameters > () {
5
          @Override
6
         public void generateScript(ScriptWriter scriptWriter,
              FeedScrewParameters parameters) {
7
            // Feed the screw
8
            scriptWriter.appendLine("set_standard_digital_out(0, _True)");
9
            // Wait for the screw feeding to complete
10
            scriptWriter.sleep(1.0);
11
            // Check if the screw feeding succeeded
            scriptWriter.appendLine("returnuget_standard_digital_in(1)u==uTrue");
12
13
         }
14
       };
15
     }
```

The available screwdriver capabilities in the API are described in the following subsections.

#### 3.3.1 Program Selection

This capability can be used if the screwdriver supports a selection of different programs, typically defined on an external control box for the screwdriver.

It is required that the generated script code must return a boolean value signifying whether or not the selection of the specified program was successful.

Registering this capability will display a combo box with the list of available screwdriver programs allowing the end user to select the program to use for the screwdriving operation. It will also enable the end user to add a Machine Error Handler to the Screwdriving program node, which provides the possibility of defining the processing steps to take, if the generated script code returns False.

An implementation of the ScrewdriverProgramListProvider interface must be supplied when registering the capability. When needed, PolyScope will request the ScrewdriverProgramListProvider implementation to provide the current list of screwdriver programs.

#### 3.3.2 Feed Screw

This capability can be used if the screwdriver supports a screwfeeder.

It is required that the generated script code must return a boolean value signifying whether or not the screw feeding operation was successful.

Registering this capability will allow the end user to add a Machine Error Handler to the Screwdriving program node, which provides the possibility of defining the processing steps to take, if the generated script code returns False.

#### 3.3.3 Prepare To Start Screwdriver

This capability can be used to perform actions for preparing the screwdriver for a screwdriving operation, i.e. before starting the screwdriver.

It is required that the generated script code must return a boolean value signifying whether or not the preparation of the screwdriver was successful.

Registering this capability will allow the end user to add a Machine Error Handler to the Screwdriving program node, which provides the possibility of defining the processing steps to take, if the generated script code returns False.

#### 3.3.4 Operation Type

This capability specifies if the screwdriver supports selecting the direction to operate in.

Registering this capability will allow the end user to select the direction in the UI of the Screw-driving program node.

In the current implementation of the Screwdriving program node, this is only relevant when enabling the Follow the Screw option. If this capability is not registered, the direction is by default always tighten.

### 3.4 Feedback Capabilities (Optional)

A feedback capability in the context of a screwdriver can be thought of as a type of information, typically status, that the screwdriver is capable of informing PolyScope about.

As with non-feedback capabilities described in previous section, the feedback capabilities are based on execution of script code which is generated by an implementation of the interface ScriptCodeGenerator. The generated script code for a feedback capability must provide the information associated with the feedback capability through a boolean return value.

The available screwdriver feedback capabilities in the API are described in the following subsections.

#### 3.4.1 Drive Screw OK

This capability can be used if the screwdriver can indicate when the ongoing screwdriving operation is done (ended in OK-state).

Registering this capability will allow the end user to add an OK success stop criteria to the Screwdriving node, which provides the possibility of defining the processing steps to take when the screwdriving operation was successful. This is done by selecting the OK success criteria in the Until node under the Screwdriving program node.

The generated script code must return a boolean value signifying whether or not the screwdriving operation was successful. Note that this return value should not be used to indicate that the operation failed, but simply that a success not was not (yet) detected. If the screwdriver can provide feedback on whether or not the the screwing operation failed, the Drive Screw Not OK feedback capability described in the following subsection must be used.

#### 3.4.2 Drive Screw Not OK

This capability can be used if the screwdriver can indicate if something went wrong during an ongoing screwdriving operation (ended in Not OK-state).

Registering this capability will allow the end user to add a Not OK error stop criteria to the Screwdriving node, which provides the possibility of defining the processing steps to take if

the screwdriving operation fails. This is done by adding an Until node under the Screwdriving program node and selecting the Not OK error criteria in the Until node.

The generated script code must return a boolean value signifying whether or not the screwdriving operation failed, i.e. in the case of failure the return value must be True. Note that this return value should not be used to indicate that the operation succeeded, but simply that a failure not was not (yet) detected. If the screwdriver can provide feedback on whether or not the screwing operation was successful, the Drive Screw OK feedback capability described in the previous subsection must be used.

#### 3.4.3 Screwdriver Ready

This capability can be used if the screwdriver can indicate when the screwdriver device is ready to operate (receive commands).

The generated script code must return a boolean value signifying whether or not the screwdriver is ready to operate.

Registering this capability will allow the end user to add a Machine Error Handler to the Screwdriving program node, which provides the possibility of defining the processing steps to take, if the generated script code returns False.

## 3.5 Custom User Configuration (Optional)

The configureInstallation(CustomUserInputConfiguration, ...) method can be used to register any custom user-defined input required for setting up the screwdriver. This could for instance be an IP-address or similar.

A number of widget types are supported, among other checkboxes, integer inputs and combo boxes.

All user inputs require an identifier (id) and a label. The id is the key used for storing the value in the underlying data model and the label is displayed next to the widget in the UI. It is important to never change the id of a user input, since this will break the persistence.

Non-user input widgets can also be added. These can be text labels (with an optional icon) and filler elements for controlling/grouping the layout of the UI.

The UserInput instance (or a sub type thereof) returned when a user input is registered should be stored locally in a class member field. The instance can be used when generating script code (either for the preamble section or a screwdriver operation) using the getValue() method which will return the value selected by the user.

It is possible to listen for changes to the user input in case this should trigger an action. This is done by calling the <code>setValueChangedListener(ValueChangedListener<T>)</code> method supplying a value change listener. The change listener will be called when the user changes the user input as well as when a new installation is loaded or created.

It is also possible to attach an error validator for some of the user inputs (generally the ones where the user enters the input) if need be.

#### 3.5.1 Checkbox

To register a user input for a checkbox, use the following code:

The third parameter (with the value of false) is a default value. This value is only used if the user has not yet changed the value of the user input. In case the user changed the value, the checkbox is initialized using the persisted value.

#### 3.5.2 Combo box

Registering a combo box user input is a little different. There are two ways of registering a combo box input depending on whether the initial selection is valid or not (the invalid selection is a string value guiding the user to make a selection).

A combo box has an initial selection (either valid or invalid), a list of elements to show in the drop-down list, and finally an ElementResolver instance to correctly identify and display the elements in the UI. On top of this, it has the required id and label described previously.

The role of the element resolver is to help persisting the selection in the data model. Since the data model does not support persisting the entire selected object (which can be any type), the element resolver will return a String identifier (id) for the selected element. This id is persisted and when an installation is loaded, it is used to select the correct element.

Each element in the list must have a unique id, which must be constant over time and versions of the URCap, otherwise loading an installation may result in the combo box being unable to correctly initialize with the persisted selection. This could also happen if the contents of the list changed since the selection was made and persisted. In any case, the combo box's selection will be invalid, and a program using this screwdriver will be undefined and unable to run. The user must select a valid element in the combo box to fix the issue.

The implementation of the element resolver can optionally override the <code>getDisplayName(T)</code> method. This gives the screwdriver URCap the option to localize the UI or simply display a more meaningful name than the default implementation, which calls the <code>toString()</code> method on each element. The display name for the selected element is also stored in the data model, so it can be displayed in case the element is no longer in the list.

The code snippet in Listing 1 shows an example of the registration of a combo box with a custom element resolver.

Listing 1: Registering a combo box

```
SelectableUserInput < Mounting > comboBoxInput = customConfiguration.
        registerComboBoxInput("Id", "Mounting", "Select...", Arrays.asList(
        Mounting.values()), new ElementResolver < Mounting > () {
 2
      @Override
      public String getId(Mounting element) {
3
 4
        return element.getId();
 5
 6
 7
 8
      public String getDisplayName(Mounting element) {
9
        return element.getDisplayName();
10
      }
11
   });
12
13
14
15
```

```
16
    public enum Mounting {
17
      TOOL_FLANGE("ToolFlange", "Normal"),
      ANGLE45 ("Angle45", "45 degrees"),
18
19
      ANGLE_NEG_45("Angle-45", "-45degrees");
20
21
      private String id;
22
      private String name;
23
24
      Mounting(String id, String name) {
25
        this.id = id;
26
        this.name = name;
27
28
      public String getId() {
29
30
        return id;
31
32
33
      public String getDisplayName() {
34
        return name;
35
36
   }
```

The resulting combo box displayed in PolyScope can be seen in figure 1.

# Select...

45 degrees -45 degrees

Mounting

Normal

Figure 1: Combo box in PolyScope

# 3.6 Other Configuration (Optional)

This section describes configuration of the installation not directly related to the properties of the screwdriver itself. The configuration is performed in the configureInstallation(...) method using the different parameters as described in the following subsections.

#### 3.6.1 TCP Contribution

It is possible to help the end user by preconfiguring the TCP of the screwdriver using the TCPConfiguration parameter of the configureInstallation(...) method. The TCP is added by calling the method setTCP(String, Pose) with a suggested name for the TCP and the pose for the offset of the TCP as input parameters. Use the ScrewdriverAPIProvider parameter to gain access to the pose factory capable of creating the needed pose for the TCP.

#### 3.6.2 Tool I/O Interface

If the screwdriver is controlled and/or powered through the Tool I/O interface, a request to control the configuration of this interface must be made. This is done using the <code>SystemConfiguration</code> parameter.

Since some of the functionality is not available on CB3 robots, care must be taken to ensure the availability of the functionality before attempting to use it. To do this use the CapabilityManager interface to query the supported system capabilities (note that these capabilities are referring to the robot and are not capabilities of the screwdriver).

After ensuring the necessary system capabilities are available, a request to control the Tool I/O interface can be made. This happens through the ControllableResourceModel interface using the requestControl(ToolIOInterfaceController) method. The argument passed to the method will receive a callback if the end user assigns control to the screwdriver. When this happens the desired configuration of the Tool I/O interface can be applied.

Regardless of whether or not the user has granted the screwdriver the control of the Tool I/O interface, it is not permitted to control the settings directly via script code. The proper procedure is to have the user assign control, manipulate the settings in PolyScope in the callback described previously and let PolyScope generate the script code for applying the settings for the Tool I/O interface.

If read-only access to the Tool I/O interface is sufficient, simply use the ResourceModel interface provided by the aforementioned SystemConfiguration interface.

For more details on this, see the separate Resource Control document.

#### 4 Workflow

Different parts of the implementation of the ScrewdriverContribution interface correspond to different phases in PolyScope. In the following subsections these parts and their phases will be described in detail.

#### 4.1 PolyScope Integration

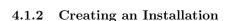
The phases PolyScope go through that will influence the screwdriver driver are:

- Startup
- Creation of an installation
- Loading an installation

#### 4.1.1 Startup

When PolyScope starts, it will look for any registered contributions as previously described. This happens only on startup, so only the instance registered in the OSGi framework will be used. This one and only instance is used for the rest of the lifecycle of PolyScope. This means that no state other than the user input configuration should be maintained. The implementation should therefore rely on PolyScope keeping its state in the underlying data model.

During the startup phase, all methods in the ScrewdriverContribution interface will be called, except for the methods responsible for generating script code.



When creating an installation, the configureScrewdriver(...) and configureInstallation(...) methods are called again.

All user inputs will have the specified default values. Any value change listeners attached to the user inputs are not called (since technically there has been no change in value). This means that any state change that would happen when the default value is set, should also be the starting state of the screwdriver (e.g. if a checkbox determines whether a TCP should be offset with a camera ring, for instance, then the TCP pose offset should reflect the default value of the checkbox).

#### 4.1.3 Loading an Installation

When loading an installation, the same methods are called as when creating a new installation. However, the default value is not being used, if the user has previously modified the value. In this case, the user input will have the persisted value restored and a call to the attached value change listener will be made, so any dependent state can reflect the value (e.g. same scenario as when creating an installation, only here the call will be made and the TCP pose offset can be adjusted according to the actual value of the checkbox).

## 4.2 Script Code Generation

The main part of a screwdriver driver is its script code generation. This determines how the screwdriver is initialized and operated. The script code generation consists of three separate parts:

- $\bullet$  Preamble
- Start Screwdriver operation
- Stop Screwdriver operation

#### 4.2.1 Preamble

The implementation of the <code>generatePreambleScript(ScriptWriter)</code> method should use the <code>ScriptWriter</code> parameter to initialize the screwdriver in such a way that each consecutive operation of the screwdriver (e.g. start screwdriver and stop screwdriver) can be executed without further initialization between each operation. The implementation of this method can reference any custom user input registered, if necessary, but there are no capability parameters as these are tied to the screwdriver operation or capability execution.

#### 4.2.2 Start Screwdriver

The generateStartScrewdriverScript(ScriptWriter, ScrewdriverParameters) method is called when the script code for a screwing operation should be generated. The implementation of this method can also reference any registered custom user input if necessary. It will also have access to the parameter for any relevant capability registered. It is not legal to retrieve a value for a capability not registered. Doing so will throw an exception.

#### 4.2.3 Stop Screwdriver

The generateStopScrewdriverScript(ScriptWriter, ScrewdriverParameters) method is called when the script code for a stop screwdriver operation should be generated. The implementation of this method can also reference any custom user input registered if necessary. It will also have access to the parameter for any relevant capability registered. It is not legal to retrieve a value for a

capability not registered. Doing so will throw an exception. It should be noted that you should make sure to stop the screwdriver when pausing/stopping a program, since this is not done automatically by Polyscope.

#### 4.2.4 Running a Program with Screwdriving nodes

When running a program with Screwdriving program nodes, the following order of execution applies for the script code generated by the screwdriver driver (for each program node):

- Screwdriver Ready
   Exported (if capability is supported) (see 3.4.3. Screwdriver Ready)
   Program Selection (if capability is supported) (see 3.3.1. Program Selection)
- 3. Feed Screw (if capability is supported) (see 3.3.2. Feed Screw)
- 4. Prepare To Drive Screw (if capability is supported) (see 3.3.3. Prepare To Start Screwdriver)
- 5. Start Screwdriver
- 6. Threaded polling of (if selected as success/failure option):
  - (a) Drive Screw OK (if capability is supported) (see 3.4.1. Drive Screw OK)
  - (b) Drive Screw Not OK (if capability is supported) (see 3.4.2. Drive Screw Not OK)
- 7. When the operation completed by any condition:
  - (a) Stop Screwdriver

# 5 Tips

In general, all method implementations should execute fast to provide a smooth PolyScope user experience. This is especially true for custom error validators attached to user inputs, since these get called each time the input changes (e.g. when the user enters something, the error validator is called for each keystroke).

Take an IP address input as an example. The user input itself validates by default that what the user inputs is in fact a valid IP address, but it could seem natural to ensure that the entered IP address is the address used by the device by pinging a server. Since this is time consuming, it might delay the user feedback in PolyScope. Consider solving it by adding a status label informing the user of whether the server on the entered IP address is responding. This way, a change listener could run a separate thread that checks whether the server is accessible on the IP address, and once this check is over update the status label.

The program list provider for the Program Selection capability (see section 3.3.1. Program Selection) must also transfer the current list of screwdriver program fast when PolyScope requests it. This is important, since it ensures a good user experience when the UI can be updated with the available programs to select from as quickly as possible.

Script code should also run fast. This means that the script code for the screwdriver should be the bare minimum needed. This will speed up both the generation itself, but also the compilation and execution performed by the controller.

The script code generated for Drive Screw OK (see section 3.4.1. Drive Screw OK) and Drive Screw Not OK feedback (see section 3.4.2. Drive Screw Not OK) capabilities will be called frequently while the Screwdriving node is executing, so it is absolutely vital that this script code performs well.

# 6 Advanced

In this section, a few advanced topics will be covered.

## 6.1 Backwards Compatibility

If the screwdriver driver evolves over time and any required custom user input changes, backwards compatibility must be considered. As a running example a checkbox determining whether or not a camera ring is mounted will be used.

In the first version of the screwdriver driver this is, as mentioned, simply a checkbox. In the next version of the screwdriver driver the manufacturer now supports a force/torque ring and the camera ring. The checkbox has to be deprecated, since the natural custom user input would now be a combo box. However, it is possible to help the user by preselecting the proper replacement in the combo box. The way to handle this is shown in the code snippet in listing 2.

If the checkbox was checked, the proper replacement is the 'Camera Ring' element in the combo box. On the other hand, if the checkbox was unchecked, the proper replacement is the 'No offset' element in the combo box. This is shown in the helper method <code>convertValue(Boolean)</code>.

When deprecating a user input, it will no longer be shown in the UI and its persisted value will be removed once the user saves the installation (but the value replacing it will now be stored). Note that the id of the user input being deprecated must not be reused for the new user input.

Listing 2: Deprecating a user input

```
2
           @Override
           public void configureInstallation(CustomUserInputConfiguration
                         customConfiguration, SystemConfiguration systemConfiguration,
                        TCPConfiguration tcpConfiguration, ScrewdriverAPIProvider apiProvider) {
                   BooleanUserInput camera = customConfiguration.registerBooleanInput("Camera",
   4
                                   "Camera ring mounted", false);
   5
                   Boolean cameraValue = customConfiguration.deprecateUserInput(camera);
   6
   7
                   {\tt customConfiguration.registerPreselectedComboBoxInput("TCPOffset", "Selectular ComboBoxInput("TCPOffset", "Selectular ComboBoxInput
                               additional umounting", convertValue(cameraValue), Arrays.asList(TCPOffset
                                .values()), new ElementResolver < TCPOffset > () {
   8
                         @Override
  q
                         public String getId(TCPOffset element) {
10
                                return element.toString();
11
12
                  });
13
           }
14
           private TCPOffset convertValue(Boolean cameraValue) {
15
16
                  return cameraValue ? TCPOffset.CAMERA_RING : TCPOffset.NO_OFFSET;
           }
17
18
19
20
                      -----
21
22
           public enum TCPOffset {
23
                   NO_OFFSET
24
                  CAMERA RING.
25
                   FT_SENSOR
           }
26
27
```

# 6.2 Supporting Translations

Supporting translations in a screwdriver driver only applies to custom user inputs and the title of the screwdriver. The rest is handled by PolyScope.

For the title, the Locale is provided as parameter to the getTitle(Locale) method in the interface ScrewdriverContribution.

For the custom user inputs, the Locale can be found in the SystemSettings interface which is accessed through the SystemAPI interface provided by the ScrewdriverAPIProvider interface. The only thing that should be translated are labels and the return value of the getDisplayName(T) method of an ElementResolver implementation (if using combo boxes). Never translate the id of a user input nor change them from version to version of the screwdriver driver as this will break the persistence of the settings for the screwdriver driver.

# 7 Samples

The appendices show listings with the code of an activator, a simple screwdriver, an advanced screwdriver and a screwdriver with a custom UI in the Screwdriving installation node for setting up the screwdriver. For further details of the included screwdriver driver samples, please see the 10.2. Driver Samples section in the separate *URCap Tutorial Swing* document.

# **Appendices**

# A Activator

Listing 3: Activator class registering a simple screwdriver driver

```
package com.ur.urcap.examples.driver.screwdriver.simplescrewdriver;
 2
3
    import com.ur.urcap.api.contribution.driver.screwdriver.
        ScrewdriverContribution;
 4
    import org.osgi.framework.BundleActivator;
   import org.osgi.framework.BundleContext;
5
7
   public class Activator implements BundleActivator {
 8
9
10
      public void start(final BundleContext context) {
11
        context.registerService(ScrewdriverContribution.class, new
            SimpleScrewdriver(), null);
12
13
14
      @Override
15
      public void stop(BundleContext context) {
16
17
   }
18
```

# B Simple Sample

Listing 4: SimpleScrewdriver class containing main functionality of the simple screwdriver driver

```
1 package com.ur.urcap.examples.driver.screwdriver.simplescrewdriver;
```

```
2
 3
   import com.ur.urcap.api.contribution.driver.general.tcp.TCPConfiguration;
 4
   import com.ur.urcap.api.contribution.driver.general.userinput.
        CustomUserInputConfiguration;
   import com.ur.urcap.api.contribution.driver.screwdriver.
       {\tt ContributionConfiguration;}
   import com.ur.urcap.api.contribution.driver.screwdriver.ScrewdriverAPIProvider
7
   import com.ur.urcap.api.contribution.driver.screwdriver.
       ScrewdriverConfiguration;
8
   import com.ur.urcap.api.contribution.driver.screwdriver.
        ScrewdriverContribution;
9
   import com.ur.urcap.api.contribution.driver.screwdriver.ScrewdriverParameters;
10 import com.ur.urcap.api.contribution.driver.screwdriver.SystemConfiguration;
11 import com.ur.urcap.api.domain.script.ScriptWriter;
12
13
   import javax.swing.ImageIcon;
14
   import java.util.Locale;
15
16
17
   public class SimpleScrewdriver implements ScrewdriverContribution {
18
19
      @Override
20
     public String getTitle(Locale locale) {
21
       return "Simple Screwdriver";
22
23
24
     @Override
25
     public void configureContribution(ContributionConfiguration configuration) {
26
        configuration.setLogo(new ImageIcon(getClass().getResource("/logo/logo.png
            ")));
27
     }
28
29
      @Override
30
      public void configureScrewdriver(ScrewdriverConfiguration
          screwdriverConfiguration, ScrewdriverAPIProvider screwdriverAPIProvider)
31
        // Intentionally left empty
32
33
34
      @Override
      public void configureInstallation(CustomUserInputConfiguration
35
          configurationUIBuilder,
36
                        SystemConfiguration systemConfiguration,
37
                        TCPConfiguration tcpConfiguration,
38
                        ScrewdriverAPIProvider apiProvider) {
39
        // Intentionally left empty
40
41
42
      @Override
43
      public void generatePreambleScript(ScriptWriter scriptWriter) {
44
        // Intentionally left empty
45
46
47
      @Override
48
     public void generateStartScrewdriverScript(ScriptWriter scriptWriter,
         ScrewdriverParameters parameters) {
49
        scriptWriter.appendLine("set_standard_digital_out(1, _True)");
     }
50
51
52
     @Override
53
      public void generateStopScrewdriverScript(ScriptWriter scriptWriter,
          ScrewdriverParameters parameters) {
54
        scriptWriter.appendLine("set_standard_digital_out(2, _ False)");
55
     }
  }
56
```

# C Advanced Sample

Listing 5: AdvancedScrewdriver class containing main functionality of the advanced screwdriver driver

```
1
   package com.ur.urcap.examples.driver.screwdriver.advancedscrewdriver;
2
3
   import com.ur.urcap.api.contribution.driver.general.script.ScriptCodeGenerator
   import com.ur.urcap.api.contribution.driver.general.tcp.TCPConfiguration;
5
   import com.ur.urcap.api.contribution.driver.general.userinput.
       CustomUserInputConfiguration;
   import com.ur.urcap.api.contribution.driver.screwdriver.
       ContributionConfiguration;
   import com.ur.urcap.api.contribution.driver.screwdriver.ScrewdriverAPIProvider
8
   import com.ur.urcap.api.contribution.driver.screwdriver.
        ScrewdriverConfiguration;
9
   import com.ur.urcap.api.contribution.driver.screwdriver.
        ScrewdriverContribution;
   import com.ur.urcap.api.contribution.driver.screwdriver.ScrewdriverParameters;
10
  import com.ur.urcap.api.contribution.driver.screwdriver.SystemConfiguration;
12 import com.ur.urcap.api.contribution.driver.screwdriver.capability.
       DriveScrewNotOKParameters;
13
   import com.ur.urcap.api.contribution.driver.screwdriver.capability.
       DriveScrewOKParameters;
   import com.ur.urcap.api.contribution.driver.screwdriver.capability.
14
        FeedScrewParameters;
15
   import com.ur.urcap.api.contribution.driver.screwdriver.capability.
        PrepareToStartScrewdriverParameters;
16
   import com.ur.urcap.api.contribution.driver.screwdriver.capability.
       ProgramSelectionParameters;
   import \verb|| com.ur.urcap.api.contribution.driver.screwdriver.capability.\\
17
       ScrewdriverCapabilities;
18
   import com.ur.urcap.api.contribution.driver.screwdriver.capability.
       ScrewdriverFeedbackCapabilities;
19
   import com.ur.urcap.api.contribution.driver.screwdriver.capability.
        ScrewdriverReadyParameters;
20
   import com.ur.urcap.api.contribution.driver.screwdriver.capability.
        screwdriverprogram.ScrewdriverProgram;
   import com.ur.urcap.api.contribution.driver.screwdriver.capability.
21
        screwdriverprogram.ScrewdriverProgramList;
22
   import com.ur.urcap.api.contribution.driver.screwdriver.capability.
        screwdriverprogram.ScrewdriverProgramListProvider;
23
   import com.ur.urcap.api.domain.script.ScriptWriter;
25
   import javax.swing.ImageIcon;
26
   import java.util.Arrays;
27
   import java.util.List;
   import java.util.Locale;
28
29
30
31
   public class AdvancedScrewdriver implements ScrewdriverContribution {
32
33
     private static final int SCREWDRIVER_READY_STATUS_DIGITAL_INPUT = 0;
     private static final int FEED_SCREW_STATUS_DIGITAL_INPUT = 1;
34
     private static final int DRIVE_SCREW_OK_DIGITAL_INPUT = 2;
35
36
     private static final int DRIVE_SCREW_NOK_DIGITAL_INPUT = 3;
37
     private static final int PROGRAM_SELECTION_DIGITAL_OUTPUT = 0;
38
39
     private static final int REQUEST_FEED_SCREW_DIGITAL_OUTPUT = 1;
     private static final int DRIVE_SCREW_DIGITAL_OUTPUT = 2;
40
41
42
      // Represents a program for the screwdriver
43
     private enum Program {
```

```
44
                LOW("Program_1_id", "Program_1"),
45
                HIGH("Program_2_id", "Program_2");
46
47
                private final String id;
48
                private final String displayName;
49
50
                Program(String id, String displayName) {
51
                    this.id = id;
52
                    this.displayName = displayName;
53
54
55
                String getId() {
56
                    return id;
                }
57
58
59
                String getDisplayName() {
60
                    return displayName;
61
62
           }
63
64
65
            @Override
            public String getTitle(Locale locale) {
66
67
                return "Advanced Screwdriver";
           }
68
69
70
           public void configureContribution(ContributionConfiguration configuration) {
71
72
                configuration.setLogo(new ImageIcon(getClass().getResource("/logo/logo.png
                        ")));
73
            }
74
75
            @Override
76
            public void configureScrewdriver(ScrewdriverConfiguration
                    screwdriverConfiguration, ScrewdriverAPIProvider screwdriverAPIProvider)
77
                ScrewdriverCapabilities capabilities = screwdriverConfiguration.
                        getScrewdriverCapabilities();
78
                {\tt capabilities.register} {\tt ProgramSelectionCapability} (
                        {\tt createScrewdriverProgramListProvider(),}
79
                                                                  createProgramSelectionScriptCodeGenerator());
                capabilities.registerFeedScrewCapability(
80
                        createFeedScrewScriptCodeGenerator());
                capabilities.registerPrepareToStartScrewdriverCapability(
81
                        createPrepareToStartScrewdriverScriptCodeGenerator());
82
                capabilities.registerOperationTypeCapability();
83
                ScrewdriverFeedbackCapabilities feedbackCapabilities =
84
                        screwdriverConfiguration.getScrewdriverFeedbackCapabilities();
85
                feedbackCapabilities.registerScrewdriverReadyCapability(
                        createScrewdriverReadyScriptCodeGenerator());
86
                feedbackCapabilities.registerDriveScrewOKCapability(
                        createDriveScrewOKScriptCodeGenerator());
87
                feedbackCapabilities.registerDriveScrewNotOKCapability(
                        createDriveScrewNotOKScriptCodeGenerator());
           }
88
89
90
           private \ Screwdriver Program List Provider \ create Screwdriver \ create
                    () {
91
                return new ScrewdriverProgramListProvider() {
92
                    @Override
93
                    public void populateList(ScrewdriverProgramList screwdriverProgramList)
94
                        screwdriverProgramList.addAll(retrieveScrewdriverProgramList());
95
                    }
96
               };
           }
97
```

```
98
       // This method "simulates" retrieving the current list of screwdriver
99
           program (typically from the control box for
100
       // the screwdriver).
101
       private List<ScrewdriverProgram> retrieveScrewdriverProgramList() {
102
         List<ScrewdriverProgram> availableScrewdriverPrograms = Arrays.asList(
             createScrewdriverProgram(Program.LOW),
                                               createScrewdriverProgram(Program.HIGH)
103
                                                   );
104
         return availableScrewdriverPrograms;
105
106
107
       private ScrewdriverProgram createScrewdriverProgram(final Program program) {
108
         return new ScrewdriverProgram() {
109
           @Override
110
           public String getId() {
111
             return program.getId();
112
113
114
           @Override
           public String getDisplayName() {
115
116
             return program.getDisplayName();
           }
117
118
      }
119
120
121
      private ScriptCodeGenerator < ProgramSelectionParameters >
           createProgramSelectionScriptCodeGenerator() {
122
         return new ScriptCodeGenerator < ProgramSelectionParameters > () {
123
           @Override
124
           public void generateScript(ScriptWriter scriptWriter,
               ProgramSelectionParameters parameters) {
125
             ScrewdriverProgram screwdriverProgram = parameters.
                 getScrewdriverProgram();
             boolean programSelectionOutputValue = screwdriverProgram.getId().
126
                 equals(Program.HIGH.getId());
127
             scriptWriter.appendLine(generateSetterScriptForDigitalOutput(
128
                 PROGRAM_SELECTION_DIGITAL_OUTPUT, programSelectionOutputValue));
129
             // Note: In a real application, this line should return a boolean
                 indicating whether or not selecting
130
             // the program succeeded.
131
             scriptWriter.appendLine("return_True");
           }
132
133
        };
      }
134
135
136
      // We will request feed screw, wait 0.5 second and then return a status
137
       private ScriptCodeGenerator < FeedScrewParameters >
           createFeedScrewScriptCodeGenerator() {
138
         return new ScriptCodeGenerator < FeedScrewParameters > () {
139
           @Override
           public void generateScript(ScriptWriter scriptWriter,
140
               FeedScrewParameters parameters) {
141
             scriptWriter.appendLine(generateSetterScriptForDigitalOutput(
                 REQUEST_FEED_SCREW_DIGITAL_OUTPUT, true));
142
             // Simulate feeding a screw to the screwdriver
143
             scriptWriter.sleep(0.5);
144
             // Check if the feeding the succeeded
145
             scriptWriter.appendLine("return□" +
                 generateGetterScriptForDigitalInput(
                 FEED_SCREW_STATUS_DIGITAL_INPUT) + "_==_True");
146
           }
147
        };
       }
148
149
```

```
150
            private \ String \ generate Setter Script For Digital Output (int \ digital Output Id \ , but the context of 
                    boolean value) {
151
                 String valueString = value ? "True" : "False";
152
                 return "set_standard_digital_out(" + digitalOutputId + "," + valueString +
                          ")";
            }
153
154
155
             private String generateGetterScriptForDigitalInput(int digitalInputId) {
156
                return "get_standard_digital_in(" + digitalInputId + ")";
157
158
159
            private ScriptCodeGenerator < PrepareToStartScrewdriverParameters >
                    createPrepareToStartScrewdriverScriptCodeGenerator() {
160
                 return new ScriptCodeGenerator < PrepareToStartScrewdriverParameters > () {
161
                    @Override
162
                    public void generateScript(ScriptWriter scriptWriter,
                            PrepareToStartScrewdriverParameters
                            prepareToStartScrewdriverParameters) {
163
                        // Simulate preparing the screwdriver
164
                        scriptWriter.sleep(0.5);
                        // Note: In a real application, this line should return a boolean
165
                                indicating whether or not preparing
166
                        // the screwdriver succeeded.
167
                        scriptWriter.appendLine("return_True");
                    }
168
169
                };
            }
170
171
            private ScriptCodeGenerator < ScrewdriverReadyParameters >
172
                    createScrewdriverReadyScriptCodeGenerator() {
173
                 return new ScriptCodeGenerator < ScrewdriverReadyParameters > () {
174
                    @Override
175
                    public void generateScript(ScriptWriter scriptWriter,
                            ScrewdriverReadyParameters screwdriverReadyParameters) {
                        scriptWriter.appendLine("return" +
176
                                generateGetterScriptForDigitalInput(
                                SCREWDRIVER_READY_STATUS_DIGITAL_INPUT) + "_==_True");
177
                    }
178
                };
179
180
181
             private ScriptCodeGenerator < DriveScrewOKParameters >
                    createDriveScrewOKScriptCodeGenerator() {
182
                 return new ScriptCodeGenerator < DriveScrewOKParameters > () {
183
                    @Override
184
                    public void generateScript(ScriptWriter scriptWriter,
                            DriveScrewOKParameters driveScrewOKParameters) {
                        scriptWriter.appendLine("returnu" +
185
                                generateGetterScriptForDigitalInput(DRIVE_SCREW_OK_DIGITAL_INPUT)
                                + "_==_True");
186
                    }
187
                }:
             }
188
189
190
             private ScriptCodeGenerator < DriveScrewNotOKParameters >
                    createDriveScrewNotOKScriptCodeGenerator() {
191
                 return new ScriptCodeGenerator < DriveScrewNotOKParameters > () {
192
193
                    public void generateScript(ScriptWriter scriptWriter,
                            DriveScrewNotOKParameters driveScrewNotOKParameters) {
                        scriptWriter.appendLine("return□" +
194
                                generateGetterScriptForDigitalInput(DRIVE_SCREW_NOK_DIGITAL_INPUT)
                                  + "_==_True");
195
                    }
196
                };
            }
197
198
```

```
199
                      @Override
                      public void configureInstallation(CustomUserInputConfiguration
200
                                   configurationUIBuilder,
201
                                                                                                                                       SystemConfiguration systemConfiguration,
202
                                                                                                                                       TCPConfiguration tcpConfiguration,
                                                                                                                                       ScrewdriverAPIProvider apiProvider) {
203
204
                             configuration UIBuilder.setDescription Text("This \verb|_is \verb|_ian \verb|_iexample \verb|_iof \verb|_ia \verb|_iexample \verb|_iof \verb|_ia \verb|_iexample \verb|_iof \verb|_ia \verb|_iexample \verb|_iof example |_iof example e
                                          Screwdriver \square Driver \square supporting \square all \square capabilities ");
205
206
207
                      @Override
208
                      public void generatePreambleScript(ScriptWriter scriptWriter) {
209
                             // Intentionally left empty
210
211
212
                      @Override
213
                      public void generateStartScrewdriverScript(ScriptWriter scriptWriter,
                                  ScrewdriverParameters parameters) {
214
                             scriptWriter.appendLine(generateSetterScriptForDigitalOutput(
                                          DRIVE_SCREW_DIGITAL_OUTPUT, true));
215
                      }
216
217
                      @Override
218
                      public void generateStopScrewdriverScript(ScriptWriter scriptWriter,
                                   ScrewdriverParameters parameters) {
219
                             scriptWriter.appendLine(generateSetterScriptForDigitalOutput(
                                          DRIVE_SCREW_DIGITAL_OUTPUT, false));
220
221
              }
```

# D Custom Sample

Listing 6: CustomScrewdriver class containing main functionality of the custom screwdriver driver

```
1
   package com.ur.urcap.examples.driver.screwdriver.customscrewdriver;
 2
   import com.ur.urcap.api.contribution.driver.general.tcp.TCPConfiguration;
4
   import com.ur.urcap.api.contribution.driver.general.userinput.
       CustomUserInputConfiguration;
5
   import com.ur.urcap.api.contribution.driver.general.userinput.enterableinput.
       StringUserInput:
   import com.ur.urcap.api.contribution.driver.general.userinput.selectableinput.
       BooleanUserInput;
    import com.ur.urcap.api.contribution.driver.screwdriver.
       ContributionConfiguration;
   import com.ur.urcap.api.contribution.driver.screwdriver.ScrewdriverAPIProvider
 8
9
   import com.ur.urcap.api.contribution.driver.screwdriver.
       ScrewdriverConfiguration;
10
   import com.ur.urcap.api.contribution.driver.screwdriver.
       ScrewdriverContribution;
11
   import com.ur.urcap.api.contribution.driver.screwdriver.ScrewdriverParameters;
12 import com.ur.urcap.api.contribution.driver.screwdriver.SystemConfiguration;
13 import com.ur.urcap.api.domain.script.ScriptWriter;
14 import com.ur.urcap.api.domain.value.Pose;
15
   import com.ur.urcap.api.domain.value.PoseFactory;
16
   import com.ur.urcap.api.domain.value.simple.Angle;
17
   import com.ur.urcap.api.domain.value.simple.Length;
18
19
   import javax.swing.ImageIcon;
20
   import java.util.Locale;
21
   public class CustomScrewdriver implements ScrewdriverContribution {
```

```
24
25
            private static final String SHOW_POPUP_INPUT_ID = "showPopupInputID";
            private static final String IP_ADDRESS_INPUT_ID = "IPAddressInputID";
26
27
28
            private BooleanUserInput showPopup;
29
            private StringUserInput ipAddress;
30
31
            @Override
32
            public String getTitle(Locale locale) {
33
                return "Custom Screwdriver";
34
35
36
            @Override
37
            public void configureContribution(ContributionConfiguration configuration) {
38
                configuration.setLogo(new ImageIcon(getClass().getResource("/logo/logo.png
                        "))):
39
            }
40
41
            @Override
42
            public void configureScrewdriver(ScrewdriverConfiguration
                    screwdriverConfiguration, ScrewdriverAPIProvider screwdriverAPIProvider)
43
                      Intentionally left empty
            }
44
45
46
            @Override
47
            public void configureInstallation(CustomUserInputConfiguration
                   configurationUIBuilder,
48
                                                 SystemConfiguration systemConfiguration,
49
                                                  TCPConfiguration tcpConfiguration,
50
                                                  ScrewdriverAPIProvider apiProvider) {
51
                addScrewdriverTCP(tcpConfiguration, apiProvider.getPoseFactory());
52
                customizeInstallationScreen(configurationUIBuilder);
            }
53
54
            private void addScrewdriverTCP(TCPConfiguration tcpConfiguration,
55
                    PoseFactory poseFactory) {
56
                Pose tcpOffset = poseFactory.createPose(0, 80, 120, 0, 0, 0, Length.Unit.
                        MM, Angle.Unit.RAD);
57
                tcpConfiguration.setTCP("My_Screwdriver", tcpOffset);
            }
58
59
            {\tt private} \ \ {\tt void} \ \ {\tt customizeInstallationScreen} \\ ({\tt CustomUserInputConfiguration} \\ {\tt customizeInstallationScreen} \\ ({\tt customizeInstalla
60
                    configurationUIBuilder) {
61
                this.showPopup = configurationUIBuilder.registerBooleanInput(
                        SHOW_POPUP_INPUT_ID, "Show_popup", true);
62
                this.ipAddress = configurationUIBuilder.registerIPAddressInput(
                        IP_ADDRESS_INPUT_ID, "IP_Address", "127.0.0.1");
63
            }
64
65
            public void generatePreambleScript(ScriptWriter scriptWriter) {
66
67
                // Intentionally left empty
            }
68
69
70
            @Override
71
            public void generateStartScrewdriverScript(ScriptWriter scriptWriter,
                    ScrewdriverParameters parameters) {
72
                if (showPopup.getValue()) {
                     scriptWriter.appendLine("popup(\"IPuAddress:u" + ipAddress.getValue() +
73
                              '\",blocking=True)");
74
75
                scriptWriter.appendLine("#startuscrewdriveruatuIPuAddress:u" + ipAddress.
                        getValue());
76
            }
77
78
            @Override
```