

Deep Logical Circuits

Generalization through Interpretation

Contribution:

Algorithm:

Neural Network -> Boolean Formula

<->linear decision tree

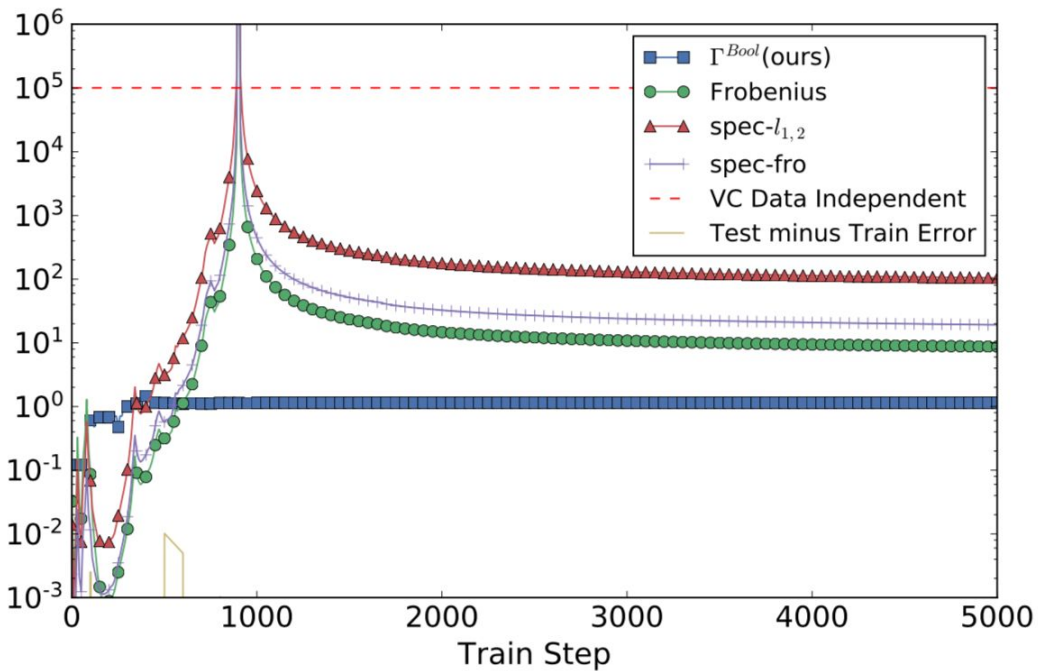
Allows:

- Very tight gen bounds
 - & Interpretability

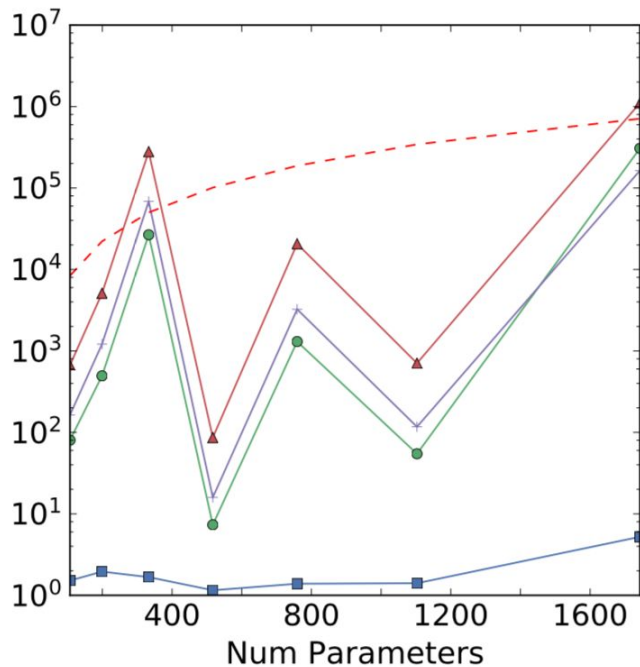
Should answer together:

- “Did it learn?”
- “What did it learn?”

Spoilers

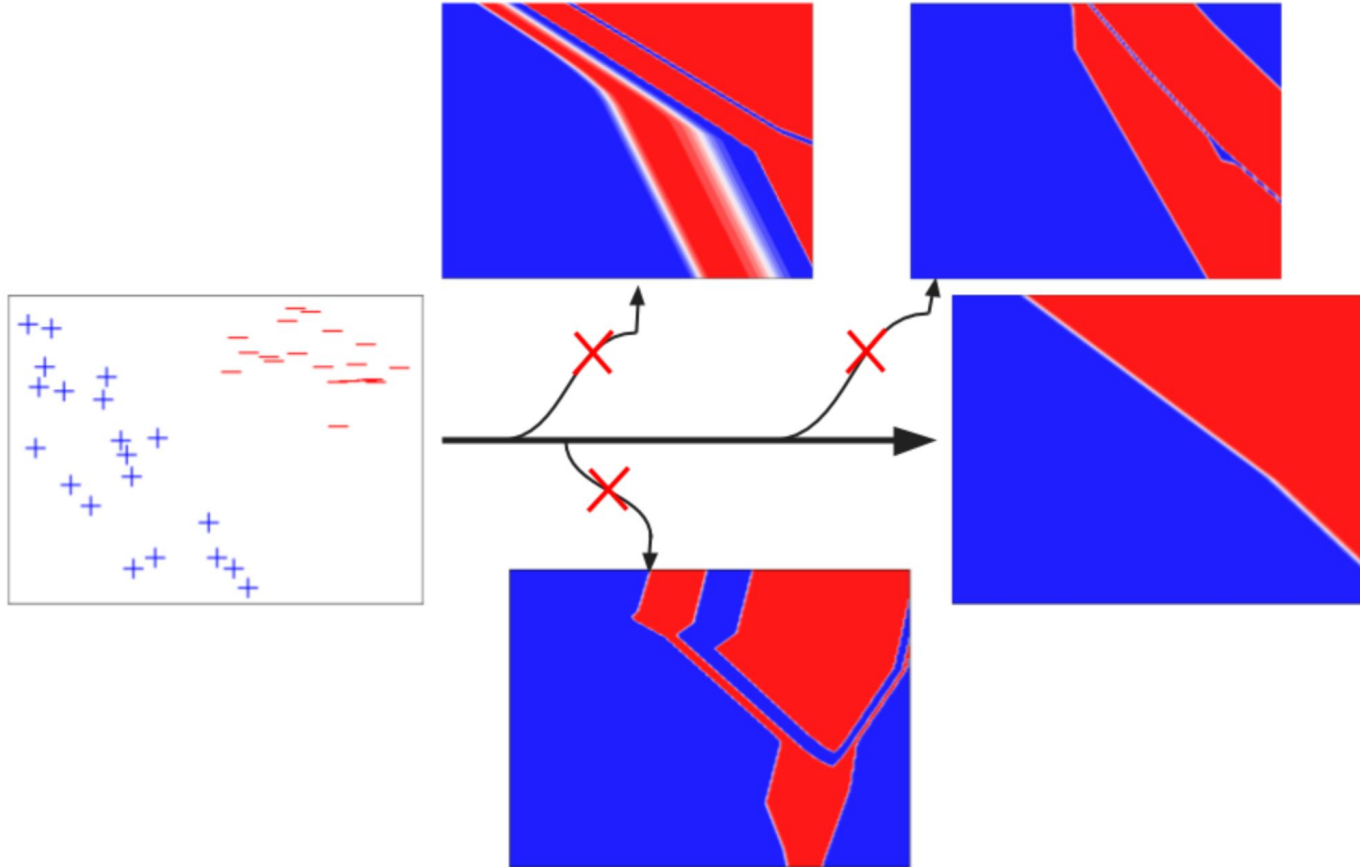


(a) Capacity vs Training Step

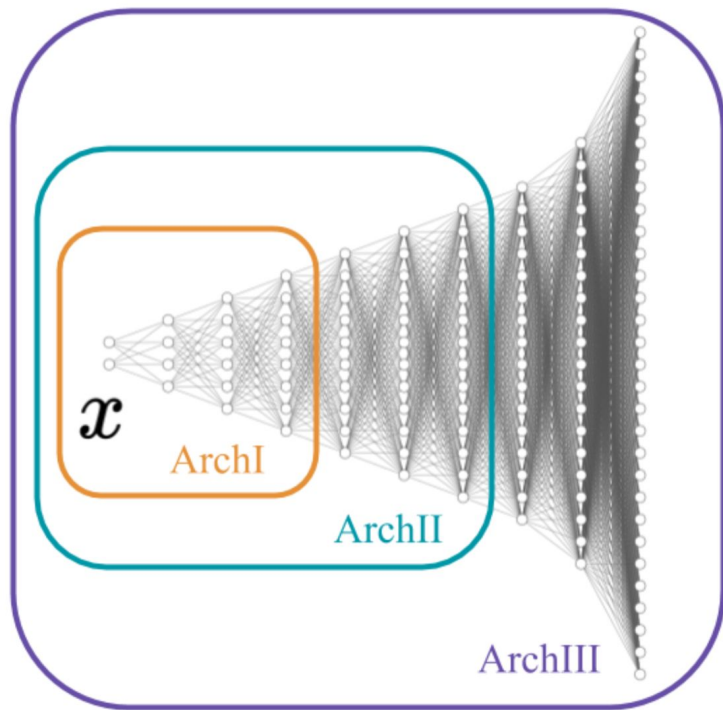


(b) Capacity vs Num Parameters

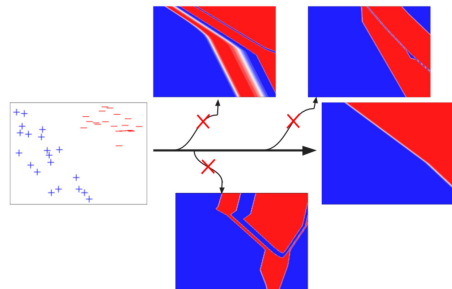
Linear Data : “Why does deep learning work”



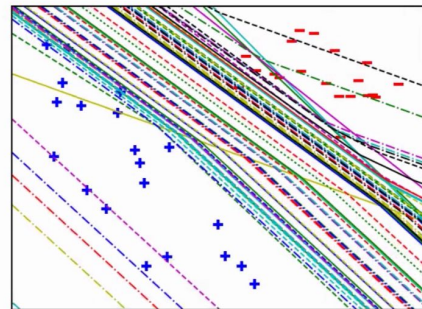
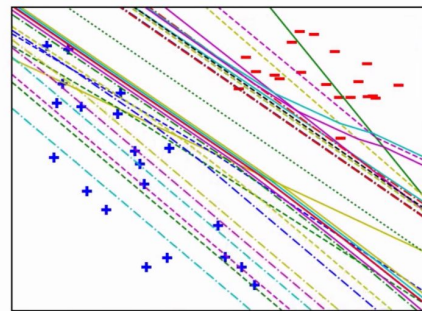
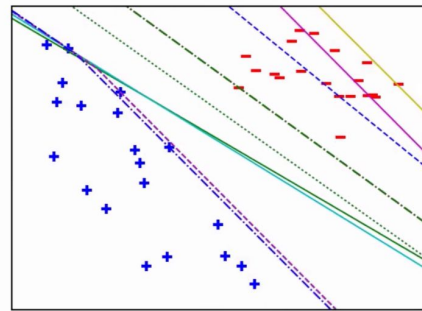
Looking closer: Neuron by Neuron



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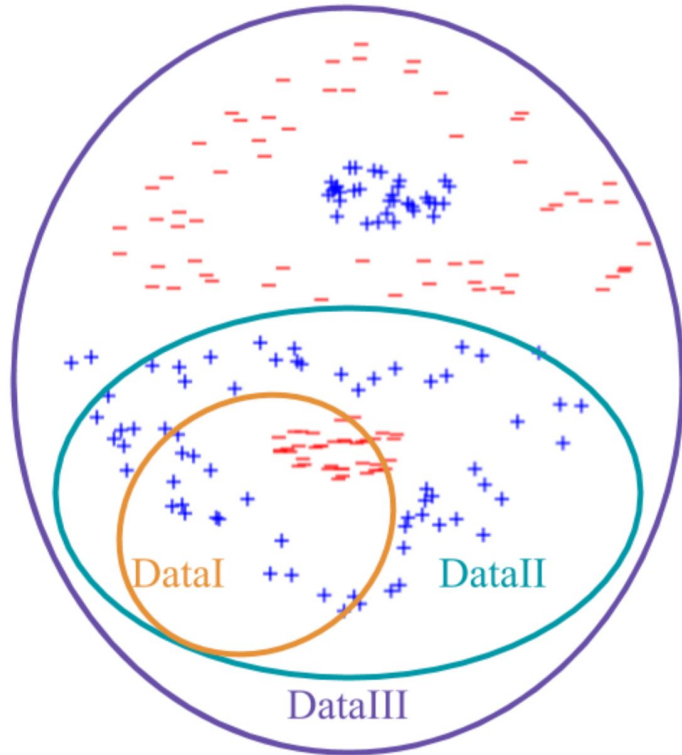


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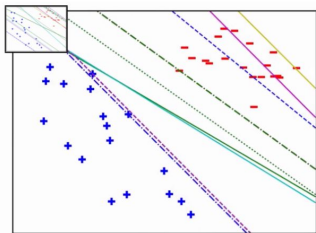


Regularity even has
combinatorial description

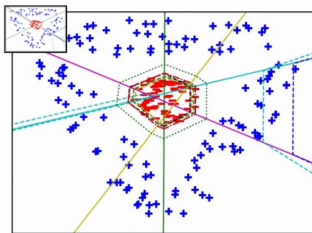
More complicated data



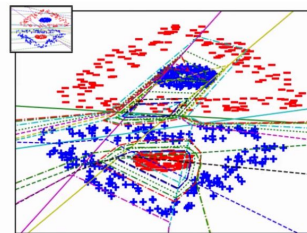
More complicated data -> Similar Conclusion



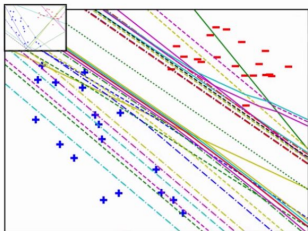
(a) DataI ArchI



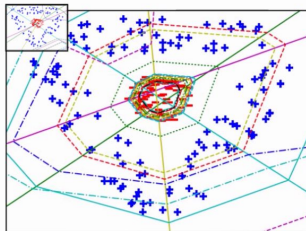
(b) DataII ArchI



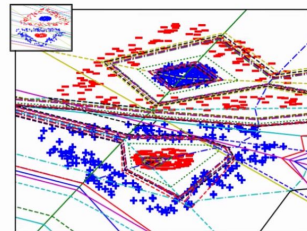
(c) DataIII ArchI



(d) DataI ArchII



(e) DataII ArchII



(f) DataIII ArchII

How to Analyze Nonlinear Case

Theorem 3. (Theorem 17 in [Goldberg and Jerrum, 1995]): Let k, n be positive integers and $f : \mathbb{R}^n \times \mathbb{R}^k \mapsto \{0, 1\}$ be a function that can be expressed as a Boolean formula containing s distinct atomic predicates where each atomic predicate is a polynomial inequality or equality in $k + n$ variables of degree at most d . Let $\mathcal{F} = \{f(\cdot, w) : w \in \mathbb{R}^k\}$. Then $VCDim(\mathcal{F}) \leq 2k \log_2(8eds)$.

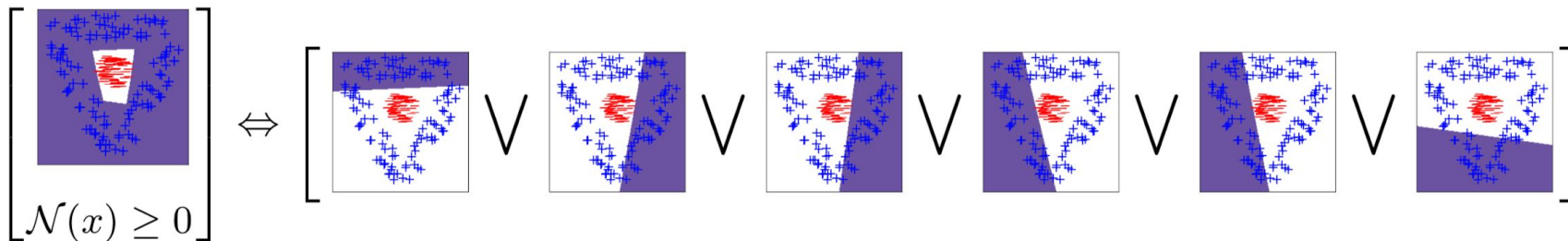
-> Need to express network as boolean formula
(Complexity doesn't depend on depth)

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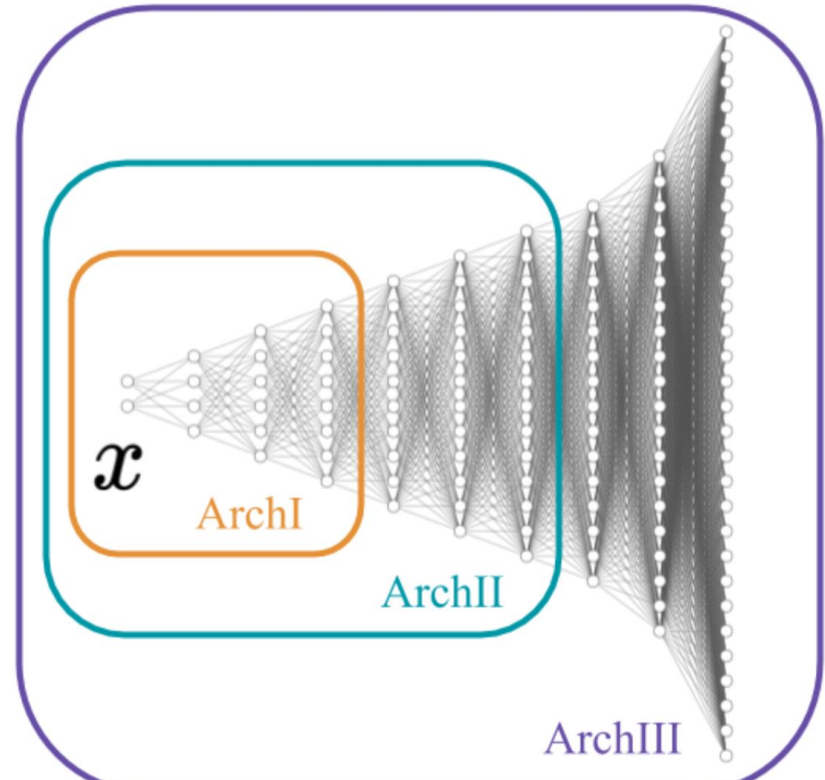
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Example of transformation Output (7e5 param)



Setting

Fully connected networks -> control network complexity



Setting

Fully connected networks -> control network complexity

Synthetic Data -> Control data complexity

