

HTML Elements

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An HTML element is defined by a start tag, some content, and an end tag.

HTML Elements

The HTML **element** is everything from the start tag to the end tag:

<tagname>Content goes here...</tagname>

Examples of some HTML elements:

<h1>My First Heading</h1>

My first paragraph.

Start tag	Element content	End tag
<h1></h1>	My First Heading	
<	My first paragraph.	
	none	none



Nested HTML Elements

HTML elements can be nested (this means that elements can contain other elements).

All HTML documents consist of nested HTML elements.

The following example contains four HTML elements (<html> , <body> , <h1> and):

Example

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<h1>My First Heading</h1>
My first paragraph.
</body>
</html>
```

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Example Explained

The <html> element is the root element and it defines the whole HTML document.

It has a start tag <html> and an end tag </html>.

Then, inside the <html> element there is a <body> element:

```
<body>
```

```
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The <body> element defines the document's body.
It has a start tag <body> and an end tag </body>.
Then, inside the <body> element there are two other elements: <h1> and :
  <h1>My First Heading</h1>
  My first paragraph.
The <h1> element defines a heading.
It has a start tag \langle h1 \rangle and an end tag \langle h1 \rangle:
  <h1>My First Heading</h1>
The  element defines a paragraph.
It has a start tag \langle p \rangle and an end tag \langle /p \rangle:
  My first paragraph.
```

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Never Skip the End Tag

Some HTML elements will display correctly, even if you forget the end tag:

Example

```
<html>
<body>
This is a paragraph
This is a paragraph
</body>
</html>
```

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However, never rely on this! Unexpected results and errors may occur if you forget the end tag!

Empty HTML Elements

HTML elements with no content are called empty elements.



HTML is Not Case Sensitive

HTML tags are not case sensitive: <P> means the same as .

The HTML standard does not require lowercase tags, but W3C **recommends** lowercase in HTML, and **demands** lowercase for stricter document types like XHTML.

At W3Schools we always use lowercase tag names.

HTML Exercises

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Test Yourself With Exercises

Exercise:

Insert the correct end tag for the HTML heading.

<h1>This is a heading



Start the Exercise

HTML Tag Reference

W3Schools' tag reference contains additional information about these tags and their attributes.

Tag	Description	
<html></html>	Defines the root of an HTML document	
<body></body>	Defines the document's body	
<h1> to <h6></h6></h1>	Defines HTML headings	

For a complete list of all available HTML tags, visit our <u>HTML Tag Reference</u>.

Video: HTML Elements