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Visualizing World's Biggest Data Breaches and Hacks Over Time (2004 - 2024)

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Introduction

The surge in digital data transmission has amplified the susceptibility of information systems to security breaches. Our project utilizes the dataset from Information is Beautiful [1] on the world's biggest data breaches to augment the existing visualization.

The dataset provides awareness of the scale and impact of data breaches across various sectors and organizations and highlights the importance of data security for businesses and individuals.

We plan to add features to the visualization, normalize the data and run comparative analyses, and develop models to predict future breaches. Our objective is to transform this visualization into a more dynamic and analytical tool that not only reflects previous data breaches but also provides insights into potential future trends.

The dataset is obtained from Information is Beautiful [1], which contains information on the world's biggest data breaches. The dataset includes the date of the breach, the organization involved, the method of the breach, the number of records lost, the sector of the organization and more.
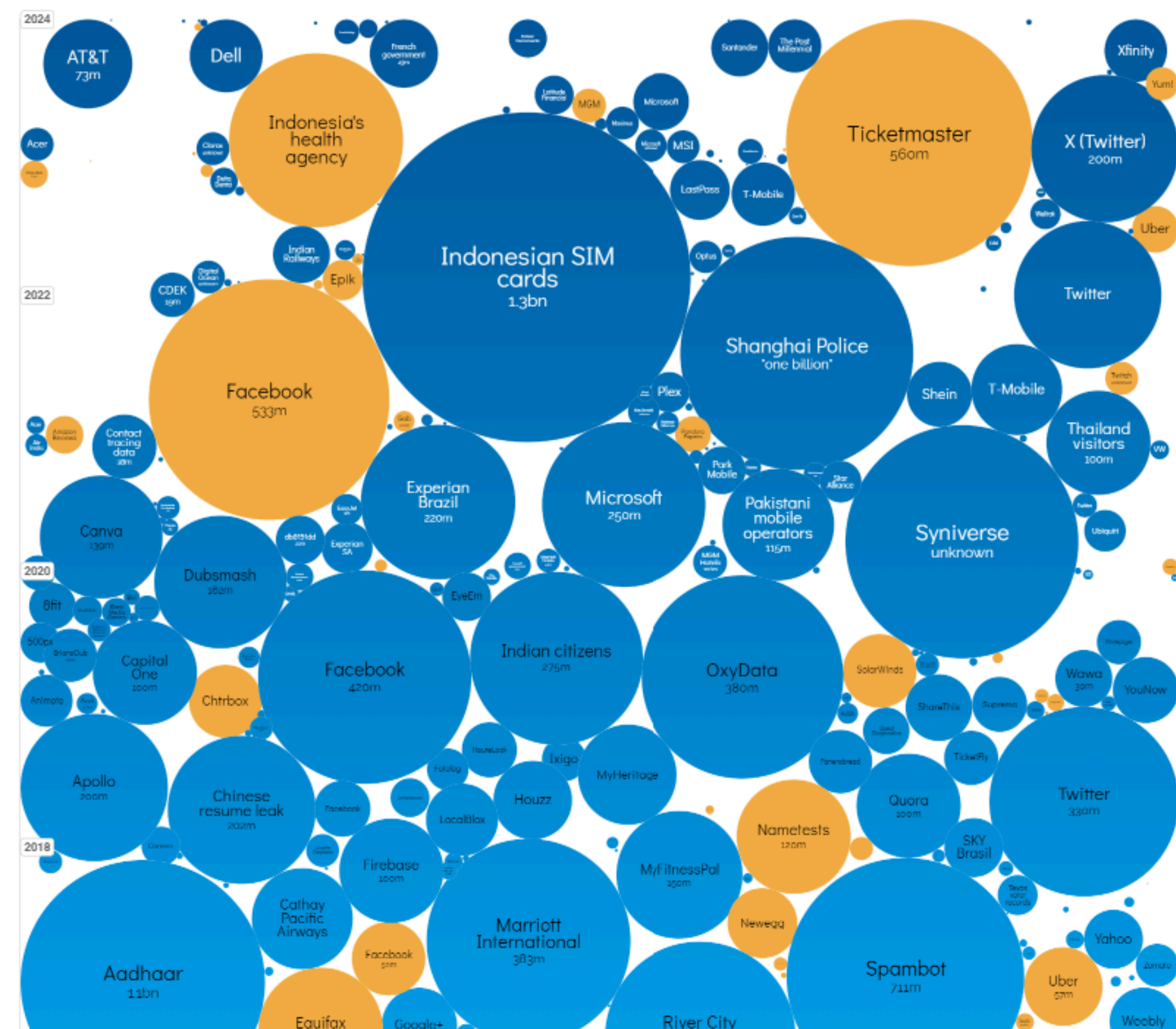
Previous Visualization

Figure 1: This bubble chart illustrates the scale and impact of major global data breaches, categorized by the organization and number of records lost, published by Information is Beautiful. [1]

Strengths

- **Visual Impact:** The use of large, coloured bubbles immediately draws attention and effectively communicates the relative scale of data breaches. The varying bubble sizes enable quick visual comparisons between the magnitudes of different breaches, helping to identify which incidents had the largest impact.

- **Interactivity:** Interactive elements allow users to filter breaches by sector and type, facilitating a customized exploration of the data.

- **Information Density:** A significant amount of information is compactly displayed, providing quick insights into data breaches across different organisations and record lost.

- **Chronological Clarity:** The layout organizes data breaches chronologically, making it easy to track the frequency and evolution of breaches over time

Suggested Improvements

1. **Enhanced Filtering:** Introduce advanced filtering options to enable users to segment breaches by industry, year, data sensitivity, or breach method, enhancing the customization and depth of analysis.

2. **Trend Analysis:** Introduce trend analysis features to identify patterns and correlations in data breaches over time, enabling users to gain insights into potential risk factors and emerging trends.

3. **Colour-Coding:** Utilize colour-coding to represent different breach types, data sensitivity or sectors, enhancing visual clarity and enabling users to quickly identify key information. Include a legend to explain colour codes and improve interpretability.

4. **Overlapping Resolution:** Implement a solution to address overlapping, such as Transparency (Alpha), jittering, grouping, or dynamic resizing, to ensure that all data points are clearly visible and distinguishable.

5. **Legend and Annotations:** Include a legend to explain the meaning of bubble sizes and colours, providing context for users unfamiliar with the visualization. Add annotations to highlight significant breaches or trends, guiding users' attention to key insights.

6. **Improved Scaling Factors:** Implement better scaling factors in logarithmic scale to accommodate a wider range of records, ensuring that small and large breaches are both visible and accurately represented.

Implementation

Data

- The columns inside the dataset are being renamed to improve readability and consistency and only necessary columns are being retained for visualisation.
- The columns 'year' and 'records_lost' are converted to numeric after removing non-numeric characters.
- The missing values in 'data_sensitivity' were replaced with the median while the rows with missing values in 'story' and 'source_link' were removed.
- The team also group data by 'method' and 'data_sensitivity' and arrange it by year to identify the data patterns easier.

Software

We used the Quarto publication framework and the R programming language, along with the following third-party packages:

- shiny to create the web application framework.
- plotly which used for creating interactive plots.
- tidyverse for data transformation, including ggplot2 for visualization based on the grammar of graphics, and dplyr for data manipulation.
- scales for scaling and formatting data in visualizations

Improved Visualization

Visualization (Interactive)

Conclusion

Bibliography

[1] T. E. David McCandless, "World's Biggest Data Breaches, information is beautiful". [Online]. Available: https://informationisbeautiful.net/visualizations/worlds-biggest-data-breaches-hacks/