

AI ASSISTED CODING – LAB ASSIGNMENT 4.2

Advanced Prompt Engineering – Zero-shot, One-shot, and Few-shot Techniques

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Task 1: Zero-Shot Prompting – Prime Number Check

Prompt (Zero-Shot)

Write a Python function to determine whether a given number is prime.

AI Generated Code

```
python

def is_prime(n):
    if n <= 1:
        return False
    for i in range(2, n):
        if n % i == 0:
            return False
    return True

Copy code
```

Sample Output

Input: 7 → Output: Prime

Input: 10 → Output: Not Prime

Observation

Since no examples were given, the AI generated a basic solution.

The logic is correct but not optimized.

Conclusion

Zero-shot prompting gives working code, but it may not be efficient or well-optimized.

Task 2: One-Shot Prompting – Sum of Elements in a List

Prompt (One-Shot)

Example:

Input: [1, 2, 3, 4]

Output: 10

Write a Python function to calculate the sum of elements in a list.

AI Generated Code

python

 Copy code

```
def list_sum(arr):
    total = 0
    for i in arr:
        total += i
    return total
```

Sample Output

Input: [5, 10, 15]

Output: 30

Observation

The single example helped the AI clearly understand the requirement.

The code is simple and correct.

Conclusion

One-shot prompting improves clarity and reduces confusion compared to zero-shot prompting.

Task 3: Few-Shot Prompting – Extract Digits from Alphanumeric String

Prompt (Few-Shot Examples)

Input: "a1b2c3" → Output: "123"

Input: "x9y8" → Output: "98"

Input: "abc" → Output: ""

Write a Python function to extract digits from an alphanumeric string.

AI Generated Code

```
python
```

 Copy code

```
def extract_digits(s):
    result = ""
    for ch in s:
        if ch.isdigit():
            result += ch
    return result
```

Sample Output

Input: "p4q5r6"

Output: "456"

Observation

Because multiple examples were provided, the AI generated accurate and reliable code.

Conclusion

Few-shot prompting helps the AI understand patterns better and handle different cases correctly.

Task 4: Comparison – Zero-Shot vs Few-Shot (Vowel Count)

Zero-Shot Prompt

Write a Python function to count vowels in a string.

Zero-Shot Code

```
python
```

 Copy code

```
def count_vowels(s):
    count = 0
    for ch in s:
        if ch in "aeiou":
            count += 1
    return count
```

Few-Shot Prompt

Examples:

"hello" → 2

"aeiou" → 5

"xyz" → 0

Write a Python function to count vowels in a string.

Few-Shot Code

python

 Copy code

```
def count_vowels(s):
    count = 0
    for ch in s.lower():
        if ch in "aeiou":
            count += 1
    return count
```

Comparison

Feature	Zero-Shot	Few-Shot
Handles uppercase	No	Yes
Accuracy	Medium	High
Code quality	Basic	Better

Observation

Few-shot prompting improved accuracy by handling uppercase letters and edge cases.

Conclusion

Examples help the AI generate more complete and correct code.

Task 5: Few-Shot Prompting – Minimum of Three Numbers

Prompt (Few-Shot Examples)

Input: (3, 7, 5) → Output: 3

Input: (10, 2, 8) → Output: 2

Input: (6, 6, 9) → Output: 6

Write a Python function to find the minimum of three numbers without using min().

AI Generated Code

python

 Copy code

```
def minimum(a, b, c):
    if a <= b and a <= c:
        return a
    elif b <= a and b <= c:
        return b
    else:
        return c
```

Sample Output

Input: (4, 9, 1)

Output: 1

Observation

The examples helped the AI cover all comparison cases correctly.

Conclusion

Few-shot prompting is very effective when logic depends on conditions and comparisons.