

AI Assisted Coding Lab Ass-6.1

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Task Description #1 (AI-Based Code Completion for Loops)

Task: Use an AI code completion tool to generate a loop-based program.

Prompt:

“Generate Python code to print all even numbers between 1 and N using a loop.”

Expected Output:

- AI-generated loop logic.
- Identification of loop type used (for or while).
- Validation with sample inputs.

The screenshot shows the BLACKBOX AI interface. On the left, there's a sidebar with 'New in v3.5' and 'Free Unlimited Agent Requests'. The main area is titled 'AI-Generated Loop Logic' and contains the following Python code:

```
def print_even_numbers(N):  
    """  
    Prints all even numbers between 1 and N using a for loop.  
    """  
    print(f"Even numbers between 1 and (N):")  
    for i in range(1, N + 1):  
        if i % 2 == 0:  
            print(i)  
  
    ### Identification of Loop Type  
  
    # The AI-generated code uses a `for` loop.  
  
    ### Validation with Sample Inputs  
    # Sample Input 1: N = 10  
    print_even_numbers(10)  
  
    # Sample Input 2: N = 5  
    print_even_numbers(5)  
  
    # Sample Input 3: N = 1  
    print_even_numbers(1)
```

Below the code, the output is shown for three sample inputs:

```
[2]  
Python  
... Even numbers between 1 and 10:  
2  
4  
6  
8  
10  
Even numbers between 1 and 5:  
2  
4  
Even numbers between 1 and 1:  
1
```

Task Description #2 (AI-Based Code Completion for Loop with Conditionals)

Task: Use an AI code completion tool to combine loops and

conditionals.

Prompt:

“Generate Python code to count how many numbers in a list are even and odd.”

Expected Output:

- AI-generated code using loop and if condition.
- Correct count validation.
- Explanation of logic flow.

```
# Task: Generate Python code to count how many numbers in a list are even and odd.
# AI generated code using loop and if condition.
def count_even_odd(numbers):
    """Counts the number of even and odd integers in a list.

    Args:
        numbers (list): A list of integers.

    Returns:
        tuple: A tuple containing (even_count, odd_count).
    """
    even_count = 0
    odd_count = 0
    for num in numbers:
        if num % 2 == 0:
            even_count += 1
        else:
            odd_count += 1
    return even_count, odd_count

# Correct count validation.
print("===== Validation with Sample Inputs")

# Sample Input 1
my_list_1 = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
even, odd = count_even_odd(my_list_1)
print(f"List: {my_list_1}")
print(f"Even numbers: {even}, Odd numbers: {odd}")

# Sample Input 2
my_list_2 = [15, 22, 38, 41, 58]
even, odd = count_even_odd(my_list_2)
print(f"List: {my_list_2}")
print(f"Even numbers: {even}, Odd numbers: {odd}")

# Sample Input 3
my_list_3 = []
even, odd = count_even_odd(my_list_3)
print(f"List: {my_list_3}")
print(f"Even numbers: {even}, Odd numbers: {odd}")

# Explanation of logic flow.
print("===== Explanation of Logic Flow")
print("The count_even_odd function works as follows:")
print("1. Initialization: 'even_count' and 'odd_count' are set to 0.")
print("2. Iteration: A 'for' loop goes through each number in the input list.")
print("3. Conditional Check: Inside the loop, 'if num % 2 == 0' checks if the number is even (remainder is 0 when divided by 2). If true, 'even_count' is incremented; otherwise, 'odd_count' is incremented.")
print("4. Return Value: After checking all numbers, the function returns both 'even_count' and 'odd_count'.")

### Validation with Sample Inputs
List: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
Even numbers: 5, Odd numbers: 5
List: [15, 22, 38, 41, 58]
Even numbers: 3, Odd numbers: 2
List: []
Even numbers: 0, Odd numbers: 0

### Explanation of Logic Flow
The 'count_even_odd' function works as follows:
1. Initialization: 'even_count' and 'odd_count' are set to 0.
2. Iteration: A 'for' loop goes through each number in the input list.
3. Conditional Check: Inside the loop, 'if num % 2 == 0' checks if the number is even (remainder is 0 when divided by 2). If true, 'even_count' is incremented; otherwise, 'odd_count' is incremented.
4. Return Value: After checking all numbers, the function returns both 'even_count' and 'odd_count'.
```

Task Description #3 (AI-Based Code Completion for Class

Attributes Validation)

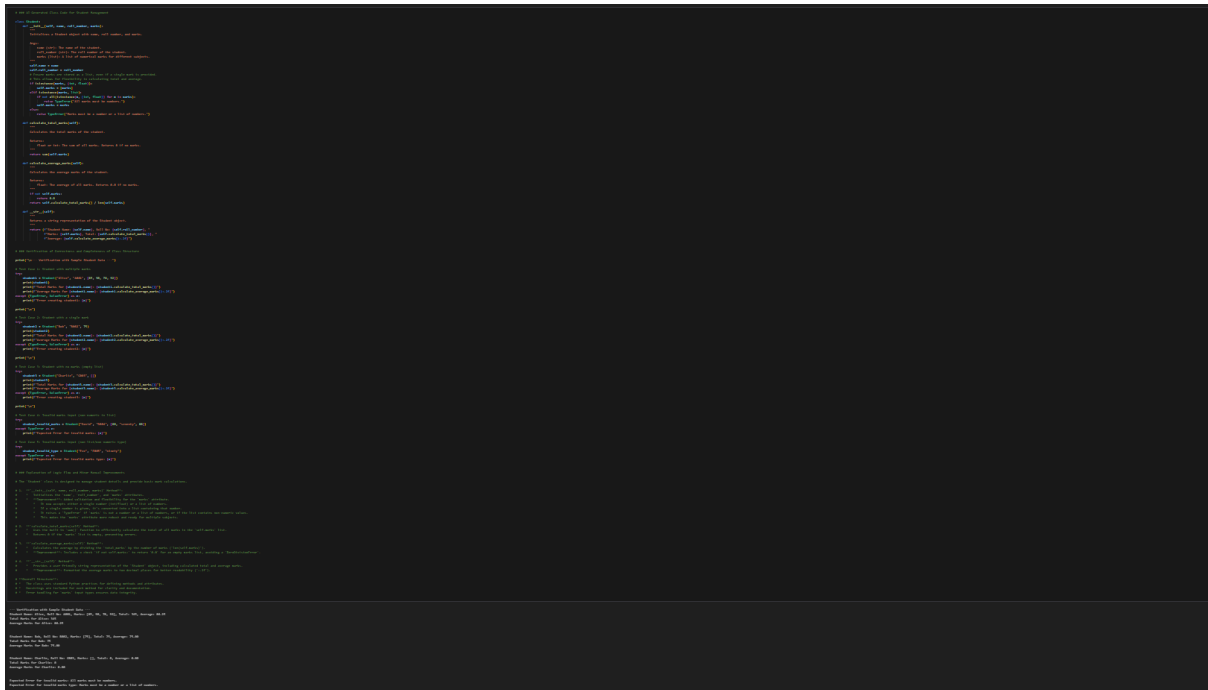
Task: Use an AI tool to complete a Python class that validates user input.

Prompt:

“Generate a Python class User that validates age and email using conditional statements.”

Expected Output:

- AI-generated class with validation logic.
- Verification of condition handling.
- Test cases for valid and invalid inputs.



Task Description 5 (AI-Assisted Code Completion Review)

Task: Use an AI tool to generate a complete Python program using classes, loops, and conditionals together.

Prompt:

“Generate a Python program for a simple bank account system using class, loops, and conditional statements.”

Expected Output:

- Complete AI-generated program.
- Identification of strengths and limitations of AI suggestions.
- Reflection on how AI assisted coding productivity.

```
% Generate + Code + Markdown | Run All ...
# 888 AI-Generated Bank Account System Program

class BankAccount:
    def __init__(self, account_number, owner_name, initial_balance=0.0):
        if not isinstance(account_number, str) or not account_number.isdigit():
            raise ValueError("Account number must be a string containing only digits.")
        if not isinstance(owner_name, str) or not owner_name.strip():
            raise ValueError("Owner name cannot be empty.")
        if not isinstance(initial_balance, (int, float)) or initial_balance < 0:
            raise ValueError("Initial balance must be a non-negative number.")

        self.account_number = account_number
        self.owner_name = owner_name
        self.balance = initial_balance
        print(f"Account {self.account_number} created for {self.owner_name} with initial balance {self.balance:.2f}.")

    def deposit(self, amount):
        if not isinstance(amount, (int, float)) or amount <= 0:
            print("Invalid deposit amount. Amount must be a positive number.")
            return False
        self.balance += amount
        print(f"Deposited {amount:.2f}. New balance: {self.balance:.2f}.")
        return True

    def withdraw(self, amount):
        if not isinstance(amount, (int, float)) or amount <= 0:
            print("Invalid withdrawal amount. Amount must be a positive number.")
            return False
        if amount > self.balance:
            print("Insufficient funds. Withdrawal denied.")
            return False
        self.balance -= amount
        print(f"Withdrew {amount:.2f}. New balance: {self.balance:.2f}.")
        return True

    def get_balance(self):
        return self.balance

    def __str__(self):
        return f"Account Number: {self.account_number} | Owner: {self.owner_name} | Balance: ${self.balance:.2f}"

def run_bank_system():
    print("\n--- Welcome to Simple Bank Account System ---")
    account = None
    while account is None:
        try:
            acc_num = input("Enter new account number (digits only): ")
            owner = input("Enter account owner name: ")
            initial_bal_str = input("Enter initial balance (optional, default 0): ")
            initial_bal = float(initial_bal_str) if initial_bal_str else 0.0
            account = BankAccount(acc_num, owner, initial_bal)
        except ValueError as e:
            print(f"Error creating account: {e} | Please try again.")
        except Exception as e:
            print(f"An unexpected error occurred: {e} | Please try again.")

    while True:
        print("\n--- Menu ---")
        print("1. Deposit")
        print("2. Withdraw")
        print("3. Check Balance")
        print("4. Account Details")
        print("5. Exit")

        choice = input("Enter your choice: ")

        if choice == '1':
            try:
                amount = float(input("Enter amount to deposit: "))
                account.deposit(amount)
            except ValueError:
                print("Invalid input. Please enter a numerical amount.")
        elif choice == '2':
            try:
                amount = float(input("Enter amount to withdraw: "))
                account.withdraw(amount)
            except ValueError:
                print("Invalid input. Please enter a numerical amount.")
        elif choice == '3':
            print(f"Current Balance: {account.get_balance():.2f}")
        elif choice == '4':
            print(str(account))
        elif choice == '5':
            break
        else:
            print("Invalid choice. Please select a valid option (1-5).")

    # Run the program
    run_bank_system()

# 888 Identification of Strengths and Limitations of AI Suggestions

# Strengths:
# 1. "Rapid Prototyping": The AI quickly generated a functional base for a bank account system, saving significant initial development time.
# 2. "Correct Structure": It correctly used a class to encapsulate account logic, leaving room for interactive menu and conditional logic for transaction validation and menu navigation.
# 3. "Basic Validation": The generated code included basic input validation (e.g., positive deposit/withdrawal amounts, sufficient balance, non-empty owner name, digit-only account number) which is crucial for robust applications.
# 4. "Clear Method Separation": Methods like deposit, withdraw, and get_balance are well-defined and follow good object-oriented principles.
# 5. "Interactive Loop": The while True loop for the menu provides a good user experience for interacting with the system.

# Limitations:
# 1. "Limited Persistence": The system lacks any form of data persistence (e.g., saving accounts to a file or database). All data is lost when the program ends.
# 2. "Single Account Management": The program only allows managing one account at a time. A real system would need to manage multiple accounts, perhaps using a list or dictionary of BankAccount objects.
# 3. "Security Gaps": No security measures (e.g., password, PIN) are implemented for transactions or account access.
# 4. "Error Handling Sophistication": While basic validation is present, more robust error handling (e.g., specific error codes, custom exceptions for different types of failures) could be implemented.
# 5. "User Experience (UX) Enhancements": The text-based interface is functional but basic. A more user-friendly interface might involve clearing the screen or providing more detailed feedback.
# 6. "Edge Cases": While some validation is present, more comprehensive checks for edge cases (e.g., very large numbers, specific formatting requirements for account numbers) could be added.

# 888 Reflection on How AI Assisted Coding Productivity

# AI significantly boosts coding productivity by acting as a powerful co-pilot. For this task:
# 1. "Reduced Boilerplate": The AI eliminated the need to write the basic class structure, method definitions, and initial validation from scratch. This is often the most time-consuming and repetitive part of starting a new module.
# 2. "Conceptualization to Code": It translated a high-level prompt ("Bank account system with class, loop, conditionals") directly into working code, bridging the gap between idea and implementation very quickly.
# 3. "Learning and Best Practices": For someone new to Python or object-oriented programming, the generated code serves as a good example of how to structure a class, use properties, and implement basic error handling. It implicitly guides towards common design patterns.
# 4. "Focus on Refinement": Instead of spending time on initial scaffolding, I could immediately focus on identifying areas for improvement, adding advanced features (like data persistence or multiple accounts), and refining the existing logic. This shifts the effort from creation to enhancement.
# 5. "Debugging Reduction": The initial code is generally free of syntax errors and common logical pitfalls, reducing the time spent on early-stage debugging. Any issues are usually conceptual or related to missing features rather than fundamental code errors.

# Overall, AI didn't just assist; it provided a high-quality foundation that accelerated the entire development cycle, allowing for more strategic thinking and less tactical coding.
```

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```
--- Welcome to Simple Bank Account System ---  
Enter new account number (digits only): 6757  
Enter account owner name: gg  
Enter initial balance (optional, default 0):  
Account 6757 created for gg with initial balance 0.00.
```

```
--- Menu ---  
1. Deposit  
2. Withdraw  
3. Check Balance  
4. Account Details  
5. Exit  
Enter your choice: 1  
Enter amount to deposit: 6666  
Deposited 6666.00. New balance: 6666.00.
```

```
--- Menu ---  
1. Deposit  
2. Withdraw  
3. Check Balance  
4. Account Details  
5. Exit  
Enter your choice: 3  
Current Balance: $6666.00
```

```
--- Menu ---  
1. Deposit  
2. Withdraw  
3. Check Balance  
4. Account Details  
5. Exit  
Enter your choice: 5  
Thank you for using our bank system. Goodbye!
```