

AI ASSISTED CODING

LAB ASSIGNMENT 8.2 - TEST DRIVEN DEVELOPMENT

WITH AI

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BATCH 04

Task 1 — Even/Odd Number Validator Question

Generate test cases for a function `is_even(n)` and implement it to pass all tests.

PROMPT

Use AI to generate test cases for an even/odd validator that handles zero, negative numbers, and large integers. Implement the function accordingly.

CODE

```
def is_even(n):  
    return n % 2 == 0
```

```
print(is_even(2))  
print(is_even(7))  
print(is_even(0))  
print(is_even(-4))  
print(is_even(9))
```

```
assert is_even(2) ==  
True assert is_even(7)  
== False assert  
is_even(0) == True  
assert is_even(-4) ==  
True assert is_even(9)  
== False
```

```
print("All tests passed")
```

OUTPUT

```
PS D:\3-2 SEM\AI ASSISTED> python -u "d:\3-2 SEM\AI  
True  
False  
True  
True  
False  
All tests passed  
PS D:\3-2 SEM\AI ASSISTED>
```

EXPLANATION

The function checks divisibility by 2 using modulus operator. If remainder is zero, the number is even. Test cases ensure handling of zero, negatives, and large integers.

Task 2 — String Case Converter QUESTION

Generate test cases for `to_uppercase(text)` and `to_lowercase(text)`.

PROMPT

Create functions to convert strings to uppercase and lowercase while handling empty strings and invalid inputs safely.

CODE

```
def to_uppercase(text):  
    if isinstance(text,str):  
        return      text.upper()  
    return  "Invalid  Input"  
  
def  to_lowercase(text):  
    if    isinstance(text,str):  
        return      text.lower()  
    return  "Invalid  Input"  
  
print(to_uppercase("ai  
coding"))
```

```

print(to_lowercase("TES
T"))
print(to_uppercase("")))
print(to_lowercase(None
))
assert
to_uppercase("ai
coding") == "AI CODING"
assert
to_lowercase("TEST") ==
"test"
assert
to_uppercase("") == ""
assert
to_lowercase(None) ==
"Invalid Input"
print("All
tests passed")

```

```

def to_uppercase(text):
|   if isinstance(text,str):
|   |   return text.upper()
|   return "Invalid Input"

def to_lowercase(text):
|   if isinstance(text,str):
|   |   return text.lower()
|   return "Invalid Input"

print(to_uppercase("ai coding"))
print(to_lowercase("TEST"))
print(to_uppercase("")))
print(to_lowercase(None))

assert to_uppercase("ai coding") == "AI CODING"
assert to_lowercase("TEST") == "test"
assert to_uppercase("") == ""
assert to_lowercase(None) == "Invalid Input"

print("All tests passed")

```

OUTPUT

```
PS D:\3-2 SEM\AI ASSISTED> python
AI CODING
test

Invalid Input
All tests passed
PS D:\3-2 SEM\AI ASSISTED>
```

EXPLANATION

Functions check if input is string before conversion to avoid runtime errors. This ensures safe handling of invalid inputs.

Task 3 — List Sum Calculator QUESTION

Generate test cases for sum_list(numbers) to calculate sum safely.

PROMPT

Implement list summation function handling empty lists, negatives, and ignoring non-numeric values.

CODE

```
def sum_list(numbers):
    total = 0
    for n in numbers:
        if isinstance(n,(int,float)):
            total += n
    return total
print(sum_list([1,2,3]))
print(sum_list([]))
print(sum_list([-1,3,-4]))
print(sum_list([2,"a",3]))
```

```

]) assert
sum_list([1,2,3]) == 6
assert sum_list([]) ==
0 assert sum_list([-1,3,-4]) == -2 assert
sum_list([2,"a",3]) ==
5 print("All tests
passed")

```

```

def sum_list(numbers):
    total = 0
    for n in numbers:
        if isinstance(n,(int,float)):
            total += n
    return total

print(sum_list([1,2,3]))
print(sum_list([]))
print(sum_list([-1,3,-4]))
print(sum_list([2,"a",3]))

assert sum_list([1,2,3]) == 6
assert sum_list([]) == 0
assert sum_list([-1,3,-4]) == -2
assert sum_list([2,"a",3]) == 5

print("All tests passed")

```

OUTPUT

```

PS D:\3-2 SEM\AI ASSISTED> python
6
0
-2
5
All tests passed
PS D:\3-2 SEM\AI ASSISTED>

```

EXPLANATION

Loop iterates through list and adds only numeric values. This prevents errors caused by nonnumeric elements.

Task 4 — Student Result Class QUESTION

Generate test cases for StudentResult class with methods add_marks(), calculate_average(), get_result().

PROMPT

Implement class that calculates average and determines pass/fail based on average ≥ 40 .

CODE

```
class StudentResult:  
    def __init__(self):  
        self.marks = []  
    def add_marks(self, mark):  
        if 0 <= mark <= 100:  
            self.marks.append(mark)  
        else:  
            return "Invalid  
Marks"  
    def calculate_average(self):  
        if not self.marks:  
            return 0  
        return sum(self.marks)/len(self.marks)  
    def get_result(self):  
        avg = self.calculate_average()  
        return "Pass" if avg >= 40 else  
        "Fail"  
s = StudentResult()  
s.add_marks(60)  
s.add_marks(70)  
s.add_marks(80)  
print(s.calculate_aver
```

```

ge()

print(s.get_result())
assert s.get_result() ==
"Pass" print("All tests
passed")

class StudentResult:
    def __init__(self):
        self.marks = []

    def add_marks(self,mark):
        if 0 <= mark <= 100:
            self.marks.append(mark)
        else:
            return "Invalid Marks"

    def calculate_average(self):
        if not self.marks:
            return 0
        return sum(self.marks)/len(self.marks)

    def get_result(self):
        avg = self.calculate_average()
        return "Pass" if avg >= 40 else "Fail"

s = StudentResult()
s.add_marks(60)
s.add_marks(70)
s.add_marks(80)

print(s.calculate_average())
print(s.get_result())

assert s.get_result() == "Pass"

print("All tests passed")

```

OUTPUT

```

PS D:\3-2 SEM\AI ASSISTED> python
70.0
Pass
All tests passed
PS D:\3-2 SEM\AI ASSISTED>

```

EXPLANATION

Marks are validated between 0 and 100. Average is calculated and result determined based on threshold rule.

Task 5 — Username Validator QUESTION

Generate test cases for `is_valid_username(username)`.

PROMPT

Create validation function ensuring minimum length 5, no spaces, and only alphanumeric characters.

CODE

```
def is_valid_username(username):
    if not isinstance(username,str):
        return False
    if len(username) < 5:
        return
    False if " " in username:
    return False if not username.isalnum():
        return False return True
print(is_valid_username("user0
1"))
print(is_valid_username("ai"))
print(is_valid_username("user
name"))
```

```

print(is_valid_username("user@  
123"))
assert  

is_valid_username("user01") ==  

True
assert  

is_valid_username("ai") == False
assert is_valid_username("user  
name") == False
assert  

is_valid_username("user@123")  

== False print("All tests passed")

```

```

def is_valid_username(username):
    if not isinstance(username,str):
        return False
    if len(username) < 5:
        return False
    if " " in username:
        return False
    if not username.isalnum():
        return False
    return True

print(is_valid_username("user01"))
print(is_valid_username("ai"))
print(is_valid_username("user name"))
print(is_valid_username("user@123"))

assert is_valid_username("user01") == True
assert is_valid_username("ai") == False
assert is_valid_username("user name") == False
assert is_valid_username("user@123") == False

print("All tests passed")

```

OUTPUT

```

PS D:\3-2 SEM\AI ASSISTED> python
True
False
False
False
All tests passed
PS D:\3-2 SEM\AI ASSISTED>

```

EXPALANATION

Function checks length, spaces, and allowed characters using built-in string methods. Ensures robust validation logic.