

2303A51596

Batch-25

Assignment-4.4

1. Sentiment Classification for Customer Reviews

Scenario:

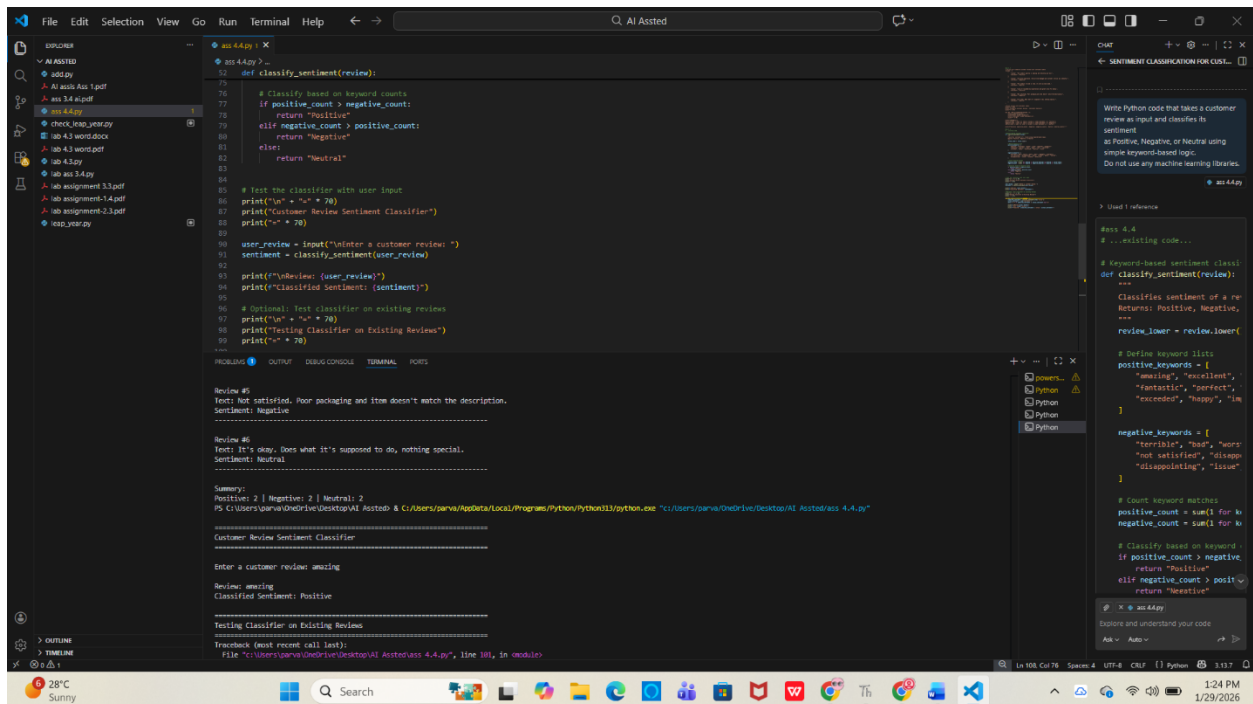
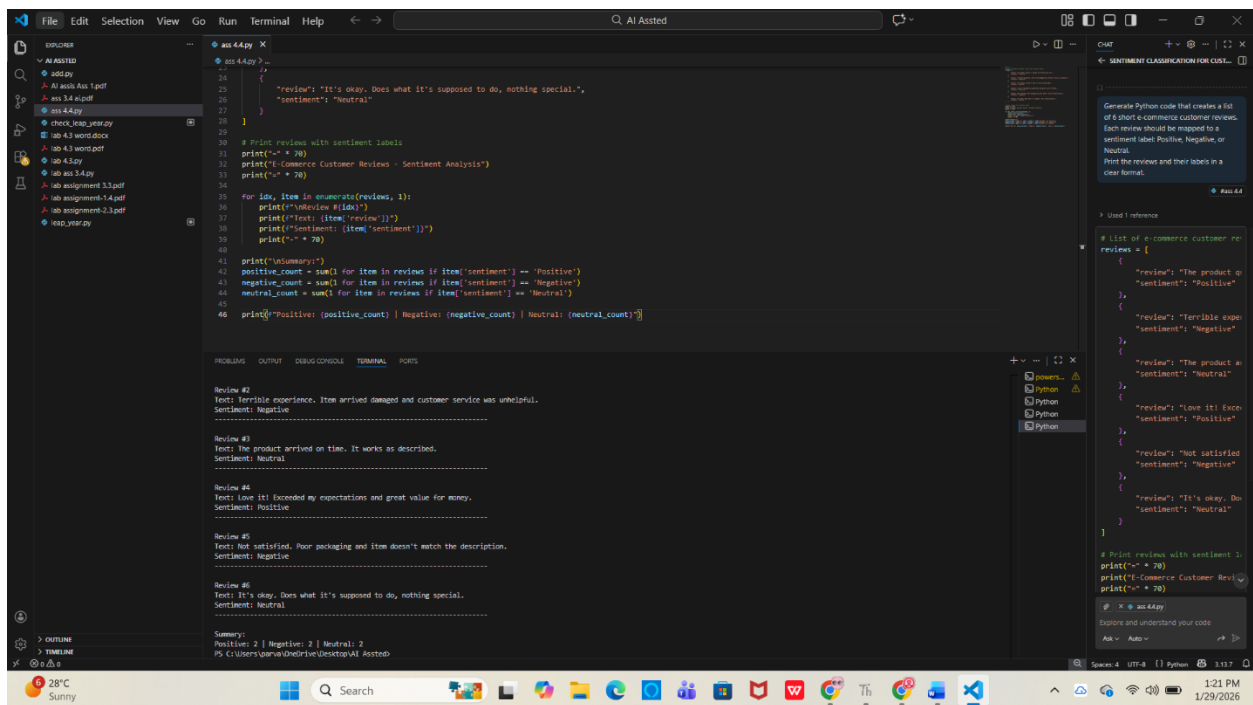
An e-commerce platform wants to analyze customer reviews and classify

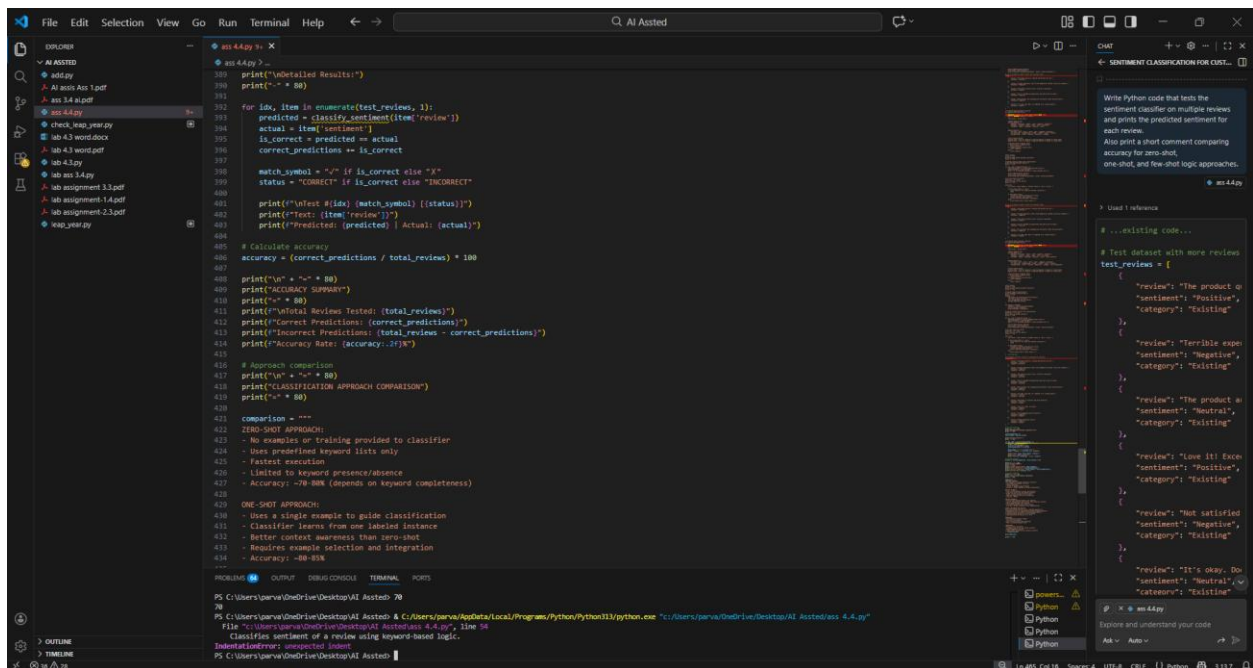
Week2

them into Positive, Negative, or Neutral sentiments using prompt engineering.

Tasks:

- a) Prepare 6 short customer reviews mapped to sentiment labels.
- b) Design a Zero-shot prompt to classify sentiment.
- c) Design a One-shot prompt with one labeled example.
- d) Design a Few-shot prompt with 3–5 labeled examples.
- e) Compare the outputs and discuss accuracy differences.





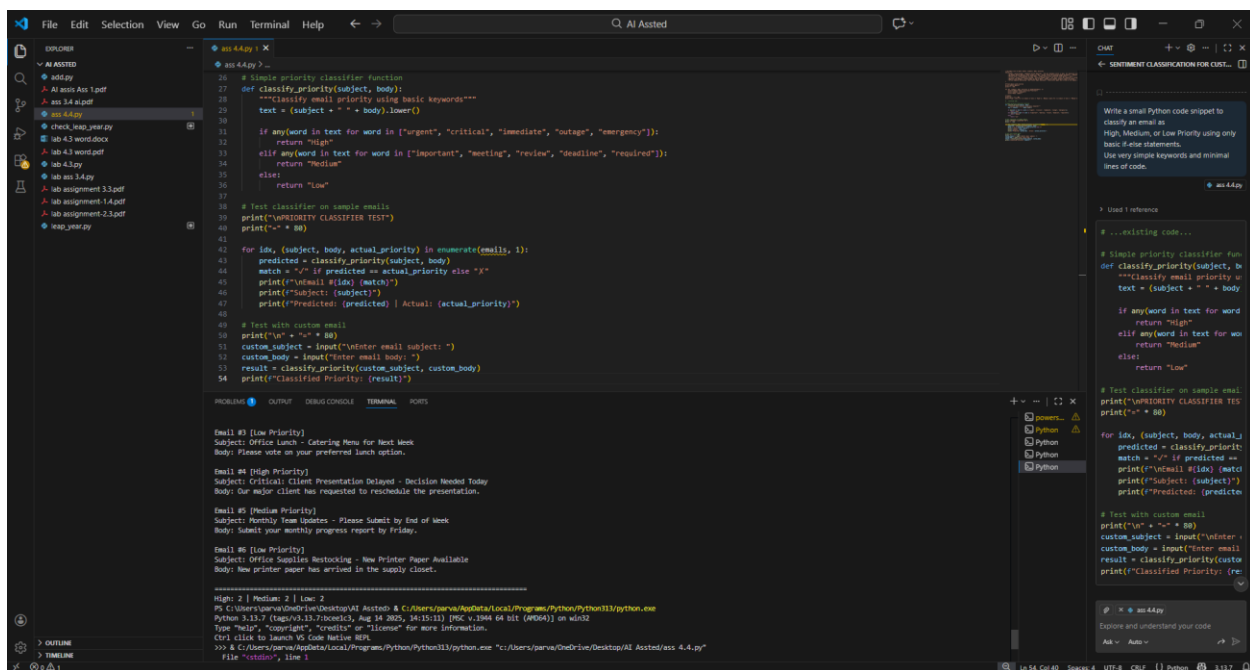
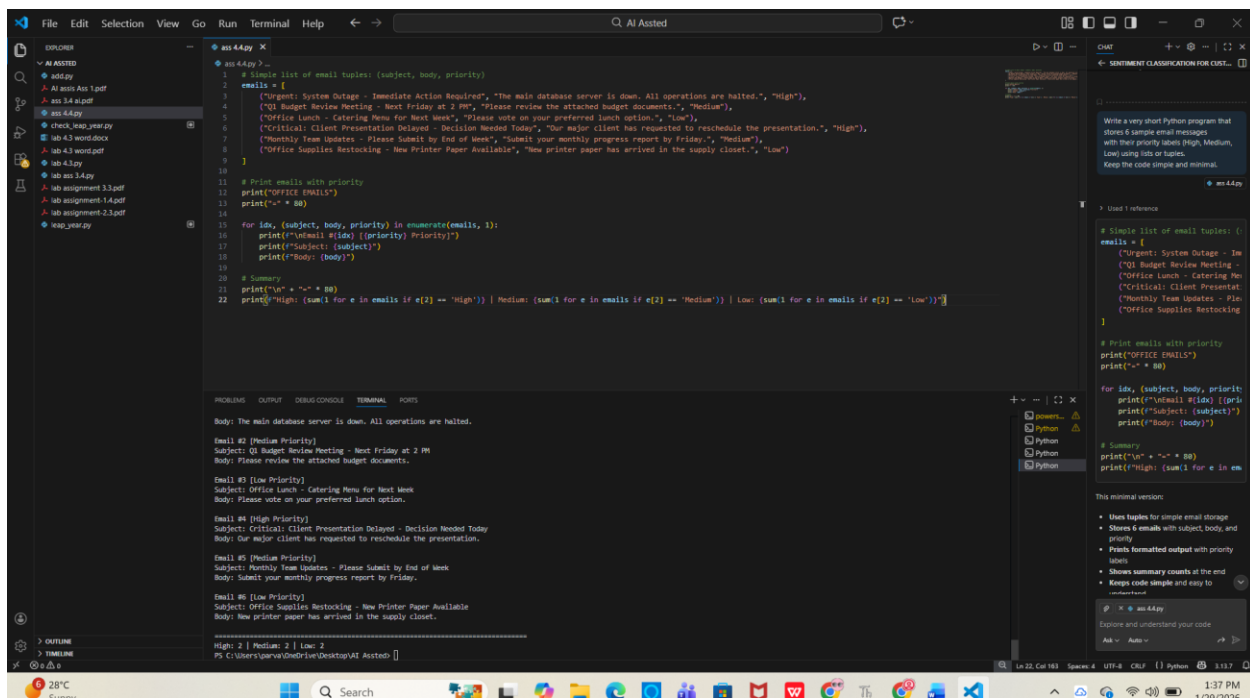
2. Email Priority Classification

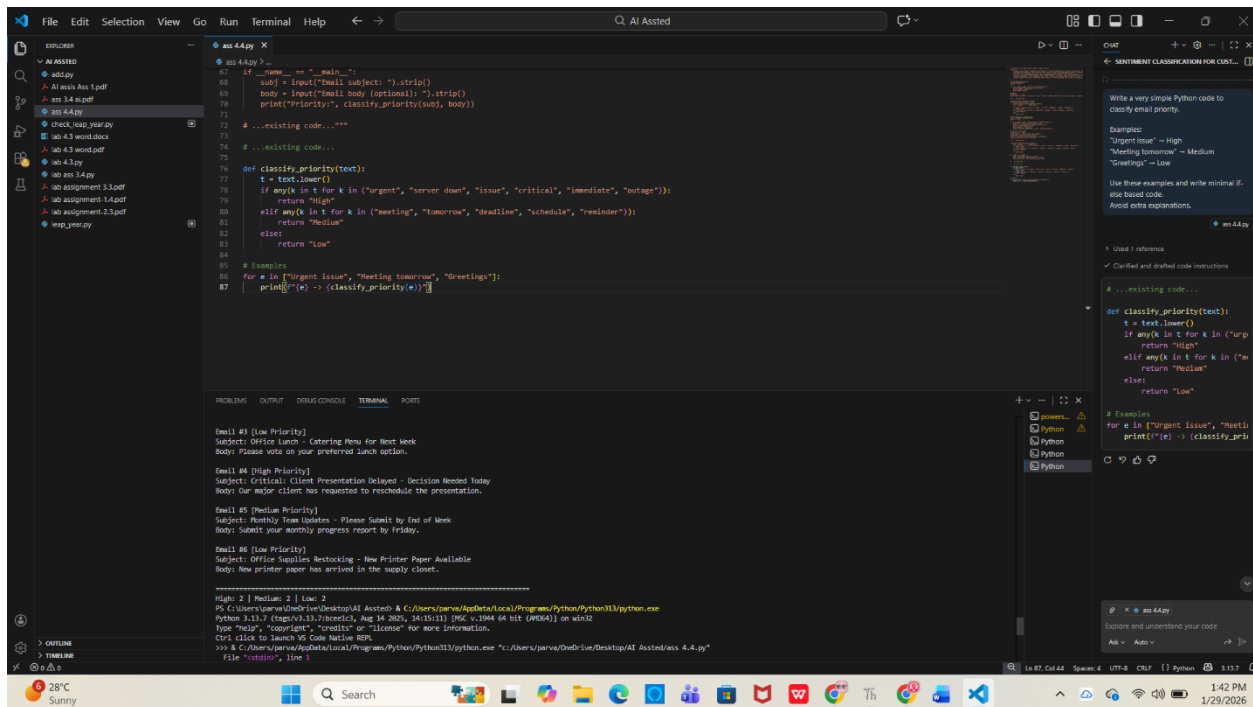
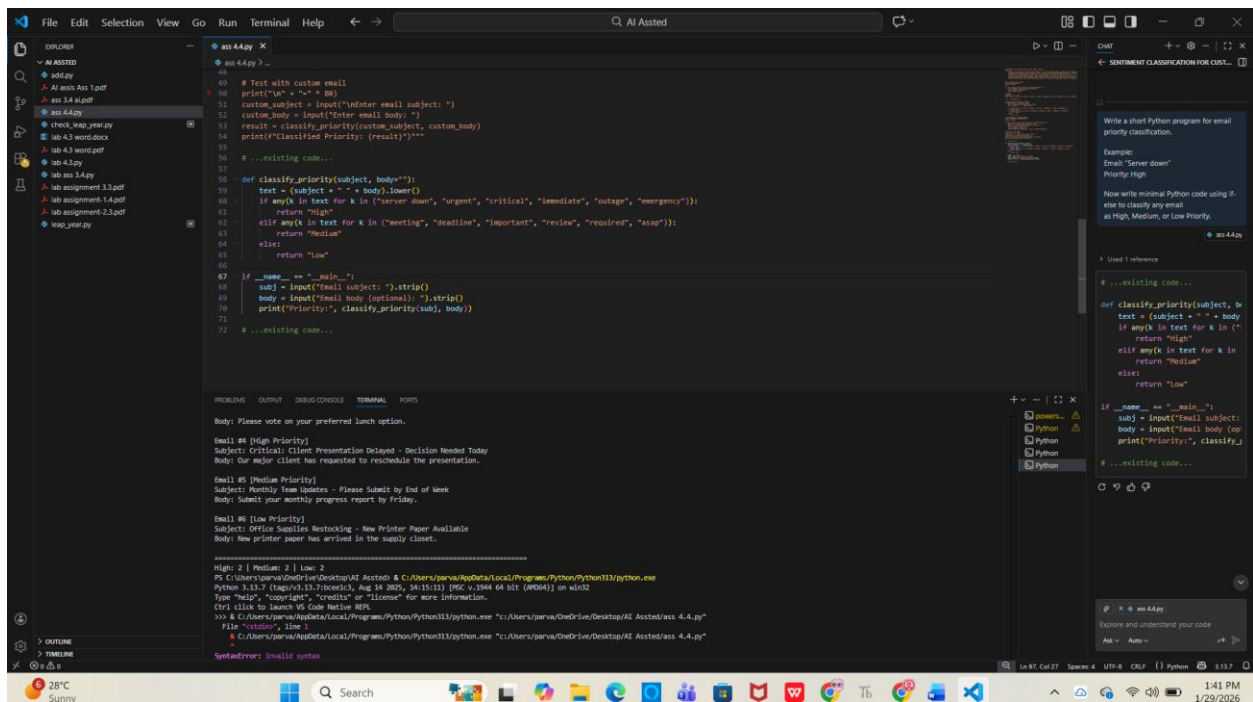
Scenario:

A company wants to automatically prioritize incoming emails into High Priority, Medium Priority, or Low Priority.

Tasks:

1. Create 6 sample email messages with priority labels.
2. Perform intent classification using Zero-shot prompting.
3. Perform classification using One-shot prompting.
4. Perform classification using Few-shot prompting.
5. Evaluate which technique produces the most reliable results and why.





3. Student Query Routing System

Scenario:

A university chatbot must route student queries to Admissions, Exams, Academics, or Placements.

Tasks:

1. Create 6 sample student queries mapped to departments.
2. Implement Zero-shot intent classification using an LLM.
3. Improve results using One-shot prompting.
4. Further refine results using Few-shot prompting.
5. Analyze how contextual examples affect classification accuracy.

The screenshot shows a VS Code editor with a Python script named `ass 4.4.py` in the main editor. The script defines a list of student queries mapped to departments and a loop to print them. The terminal shows several `SyntaxError: invalid syntax` messages, indicating issues with the code. The chat window on the right contains a prompt for a Python program to store student queries and their departments, and a response from the LLM providing a sample list of queries.

```
1 # simple list of student queries (query, department)
2 queries = [
3     ("How do I apply for admission?", "Admissions"),
4     ("When are the exams scheduled?", "Exams"),
5     ("How can I change my course?", "Academics"),
6     ("What are the placement criteria?", "Placements"),
7     ("How do I request a transcript?", "Academics"),
8     ("What is the application deadline?", "Admissions"),
9 ]
10
11 for q, dept in queries:
12     print(f"{dept}: {q}")
13
14
15
```

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

```
>>> & C:\Users\parva\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python311\python.exe "c:/Users/parva/Desktop/AI Assted/ass 4.4.py"
File "C:\Users\parva\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python311\python.exe", line 1
    & C:\Users\parva\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python311\python.exe "c:/Users/parva/Desktop/AI Assted/ass 4.4.py"
    ^
SyntaxError: invalid syntax

>>> & C:\Users\parva\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python311\python.exe "c:/Users/parva/Desktop/AI Assted/ass 4.4.py"
File "C:\Users\parva\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python311\python.exe", line 1
    & C:\Users\parva\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python311\python.exe "c:/Users/parva/Desktop/AI Assted/ass 4.4.py"
    ^
SyntaxError: invalid syntax

>>> & C:\Users\parva\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python311\python.exe "c:/Users/parva/Desktop/AI Assted/ass 4.4.py"
File "C:\Users\parva\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python311\python.exe", line 1
    & C:\Users\parva\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python311\python.exe "c:/Users/parva/Desktop/AI Assted/ass 4.4.py"
    ^
SyntaxError: invalid syntax

>>> exit()
PS C:\Users\parva\Desktop\AI Assted> C:\Users\parva\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python311\python.exe "c:/Users/parva/Desktop/AI Assted/ass 4.4.py"
Admissions: How do I apply for admission?
Exams: When are the exams scheduled?
Academics: How can I change my course?
Placements: What are the placement criteria?
Academics: How do I request a transcript?
Admissions: What is the application deadline?
PS C:\Users\parva\Desktop\AI Assted>
```

CHAT

Write a very small Python program that stores 6 student queries and their departments (Admissions, Exams, Academics, Placements). Use single lists or tuples. Keep the code short.

Use 1 reference

Processed queries and printed department responses

...existing code...

simple list of student queries

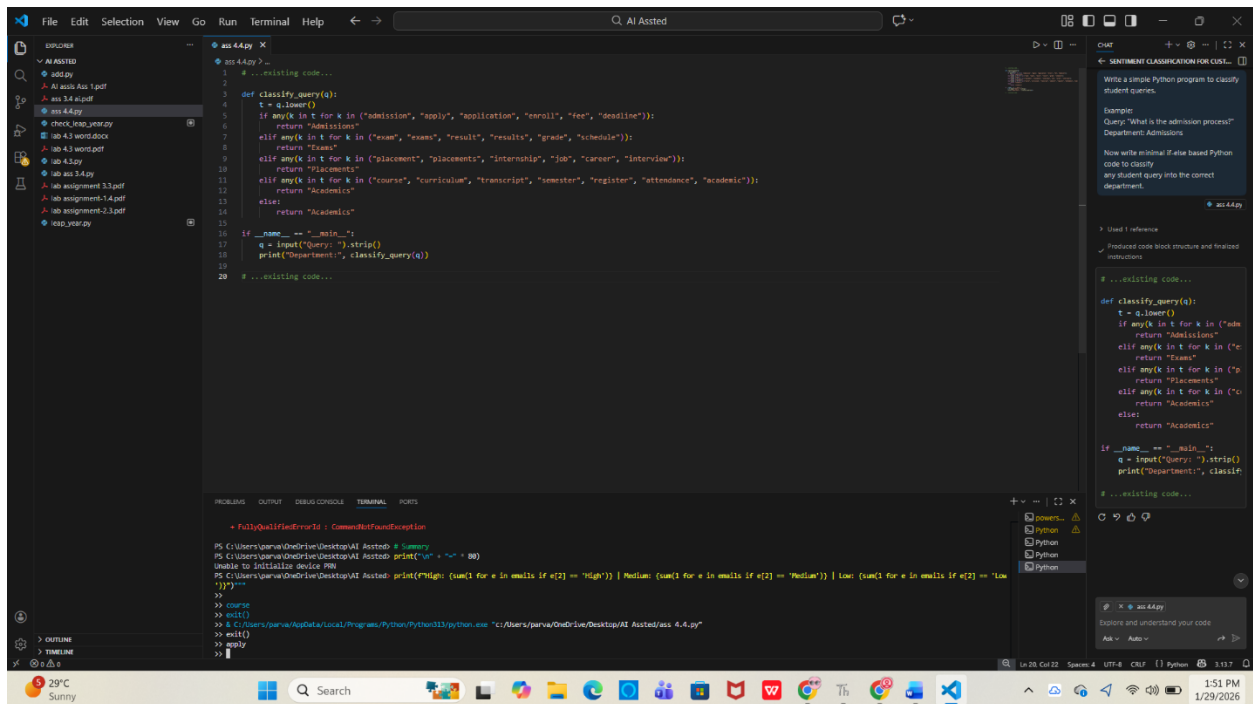
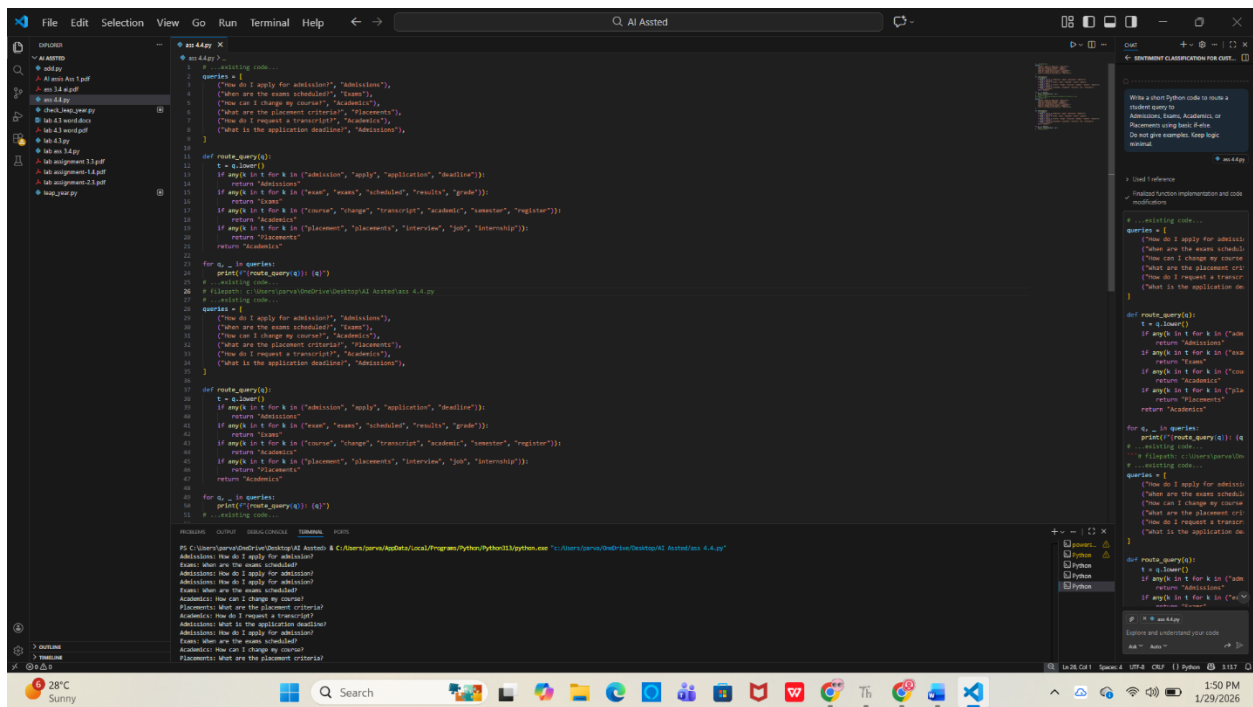
```
queries = [
    ("How do I apply for admission?", "Admissions"),
    ("When are the exams scheduled?", "Exams"),
    ("How can I change my course?", "Academics"),
    ("What are the placement criteria?", "Placements"),
    ("How do I request a transcript?", "Academics"),
    ("What is the application deadline?", "Admissions"),
]
```

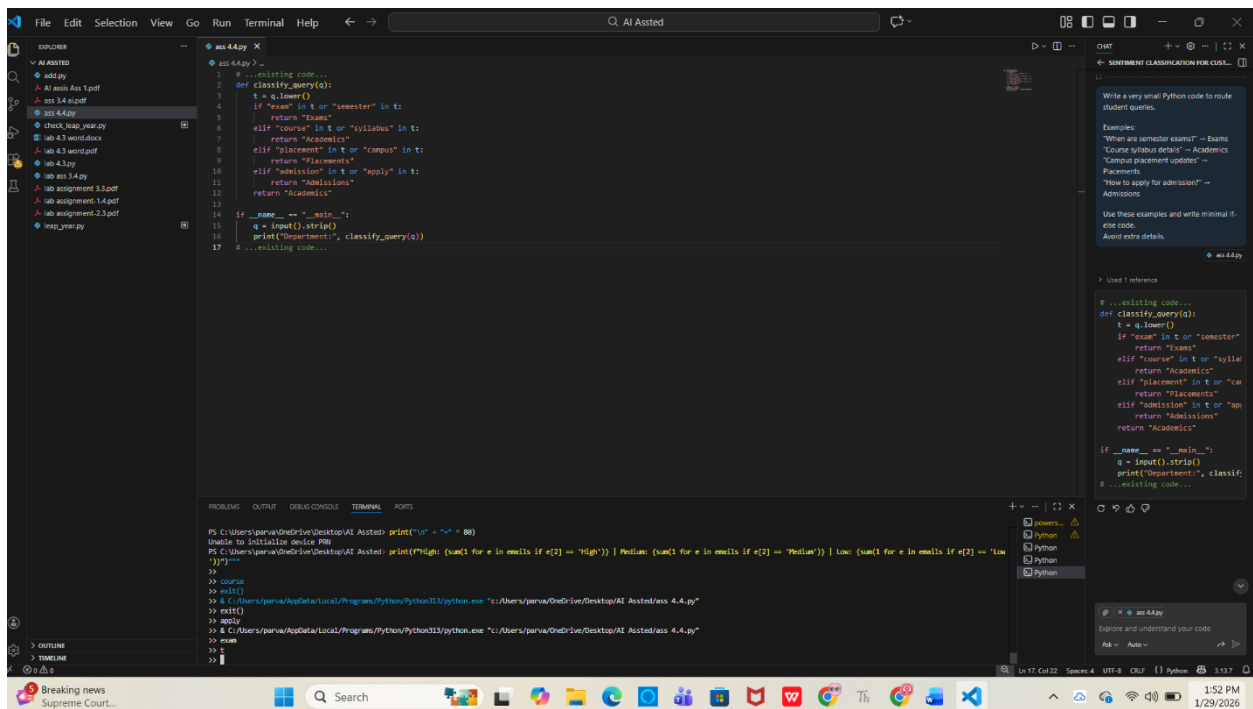
for q, dept in queries:
 print(f"{dept}: {q}")
...existing code...

x @ ass 4.4.py

```
"Academics",
("What are the placement criteria?",
"Placements"),
("How do I request a transcript?",
"Academics"),
("What is the application deadline?",
"Admissions"),
]
```

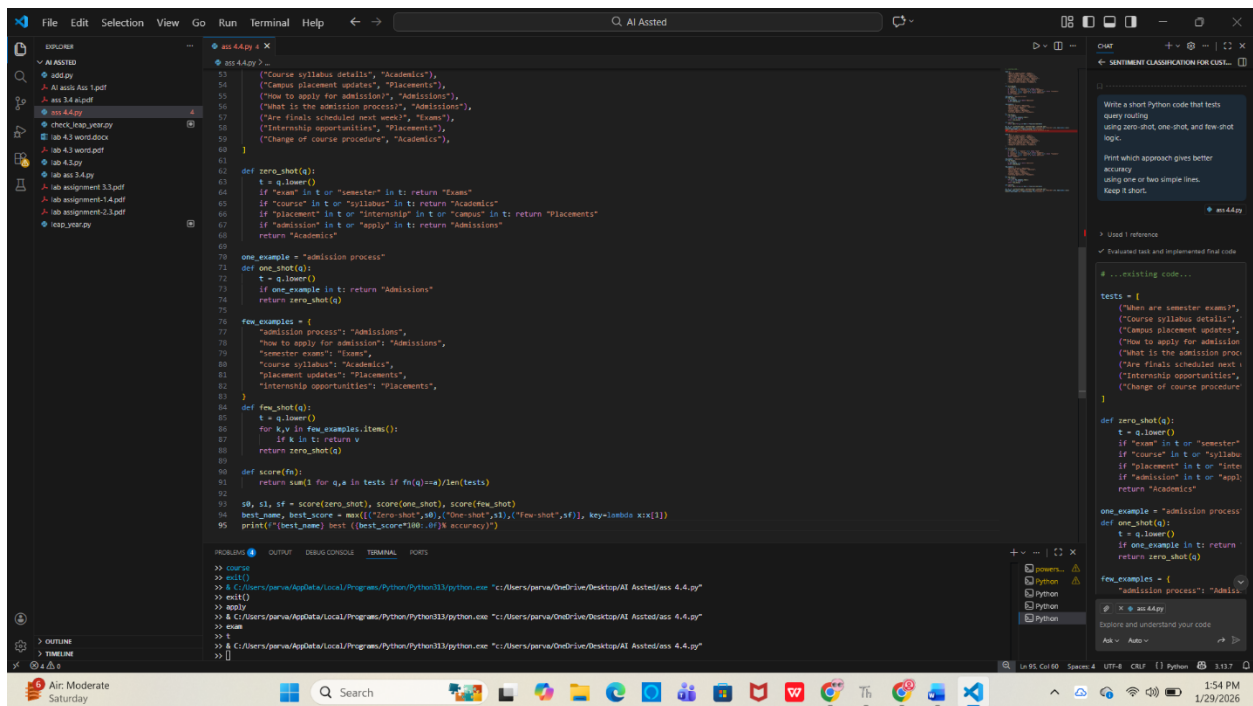
for q, dept in queries:
 print(f"{dept}: {q}")
...existing code...





```
1 # ...existing code...
2 def classify_query(q):
3     t = q.lower()
4     if "exam" in t or "semester" in t:
5         return "Exams"
6     elif "course" in t or "syllabus" in t:
7         return "Academics"
8     elif "placement" in t or "campus" in t:
9         return "Placements"
10    elif "admission" in t or "apply" in t:
11        return "Admissions"
12    return "Academics"
13
14 if __name__ == "__main__":
15     q = input().strip()
16     print("Department:", classify_query(q))
17 # ...existing code...
```

```
PS C:\Users\parva\OneDrive\Desktop\AI Assted> python -i -> 80
Unable to initialize device FIM
PS C:\Users\parva\OneDrive\Desktop\AI Assted> print("High: (sum(1 for e in emails if e[2] == 'H')*100) | Medium: (sum(1 for e in emails if e[2] == 'Medium') | Low: (sum(1 for e in emails if e[2] == 'Low')*100)"))
>>>
>>> course
>>> exit()
>>> & C:\Users\parva\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python311\python.exe "c:\Users\parva\OneDrive\Desktop\AI Assted\ass 4.4.py"
>>> exit()
>>> apply
>>> & C:\Users\parva\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python311\python.exe "c:\Users\parva\OneDrive\Desktop\AI Assted\ass 4.4.py"
>>> exam
>>>
```



```
53 ("Course syllabus details", "Academics"),
54 ("Campus placement updates", "Placements"),
55 ("How to apply for admission", "Admissions"),
56 ("What is the admission process", "Admissions"),
57 ("Are finals scheduled next week?", "Exams"),
58 ("Internship opportunities", "Placements"),
59 ("Change of course procedure", "Academics"),
60 ]
61
62 def zero_shot(q):
63     t = q.lower()
64     if "exam" in t or "semester" in t: return "Exams"
65     if "course" in t or "syllabus" in t: return "Academics"
66     if "placement" in t or "internship" in t or "campus" in t: return "Placements"
67     if "admission" in t or "apply" in t: return "Admissions"
68     return "Academics"
69
70 one_example = "admission process"
71 def one_shot(q):
72     t = q.lower()
73     if one_example in t: return "Admissions"
74     return zero_shot(q)
75
76 few_examples = [
77     "admission process": "Admissions",
78     "how to apply for admission": "Admissions",
79     "semester exam": "Exams",
80     "course syllabus": "Academics",
81     "placement updates": "Placements",
82     "internship opportunities": "Placements",
83 ]
84
85 def few_shot(q):
86     t = q.lower()
87     for k,v in few_examples.items():
88         if k in t: return v
89     return zero_shot(q)
90
91 def score(fa):
92     return sum(1 for q,a in tests if fa(q)==a)/len(tests)
93
94 s0, s1, sf = score(zero_shot), score(one_shot), score(few_shot)
95 best_name, best_score = max([(zero_shot,s0), (one_shot,s1), (few_shot,sf)], key=lambda x:x[1])
96 print("({best_name}) best: ({best_score}*100 - 47.7% accuracy)")
```

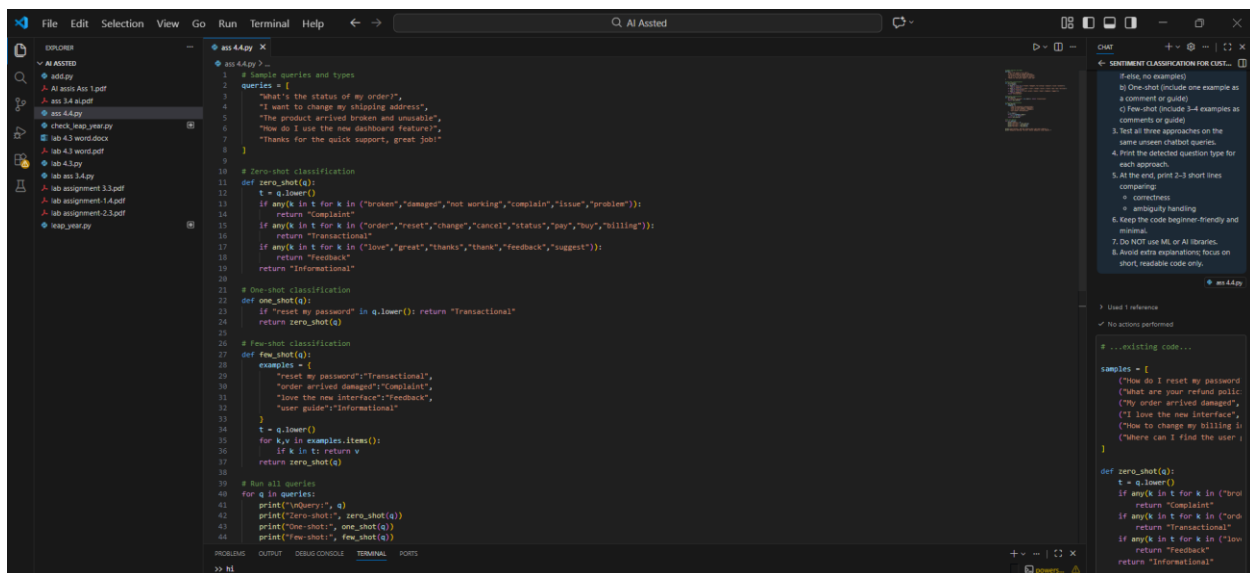
4. Chatbot Question Type Detection

Scenario:

A chatbot must identify whether a user query is Informational, Transactional, Complaint, or Feedback.

Tasks:

1. Prepare 6 chatbot queries mapped to question types.
2. Design prompts for Zero-shot, One-shot, and Few-shot learning.
3. Test all prompts on the same unseen queries.
4. Compare response correctness and ambiguity handling.
5. Document observations.



The screenshot shows a VS Code editor with a Python file named `ass_4.4.py`. The script defines a list of queries and three classification functions: `zero_shot_classification`, `one_shot_classification`, and `few_shot_classification`. The `few_shot_classification` function uses a list of examples to guide the model. The script also includes a `Run` function to test the classifiers on the queries. On the right side, there is a chat window titled "SENTIMENT CLASSIFICATION FOR CUSTOMER SERVICE" with a list of instructions for the chatbot, including handling ambiguity, keeping responses beginner-friendly, and avoiding extra explanations.

```
1 # Define queries and types
2 queries = [
3     "What's the status of my order?",
4     "I want to change my shipping address",
5     "The product arrived broken and unusable",
6     "How do I use the new dashboard feature?",
7     "Thanks for the quick support, great job!"
8 ]
9
10 # Zero-shot classification
11 def zero_shot(a):
12     t = q_lower()
13     if any(k in t for k in ("broken", "damaged", "not working", "complain", "issue", "problem")):
14         return "Complaint"
15     if any(k in t for k in ("order", "reset", "change", "cancel", "status", "pay", "buy", "billing")):
16         return "Transactional"
17     if any(k in t for k in ("love", "great", "thanks", "thank", "feedback", "suggest")):
18         return "Feedback"
19     return "Informational"
20
21 # One-shot classification
22 def one_shot(a):
23     if "reset my password" in q_lower(): return "Transactional"
24     return zero_shot(a)
25
26 # Few-shot classification
27 def few_shot(a):
28     examples = [
29         "reset my password": "Transactional",
30         "order arrived damaged": "Complaint",
31         "love the new interface": "Feedback",
32         "user guide": "Informational"
33     ]
34     t = q_lower()
35     for k, v in examples.items():
36         if k in t: return v
37     return zero_shot(a)
38
39 # Run all queries
40 for q in queries:
41     print("Query:", q)
42     print("Zero-shot:", zero_shot(q))
43     print("One-shot:", one_shot(q))
44     print("Few-shot:", few_shot(q))
45
46 # PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS
```

5. Emotion Detection in Text

Scenario:

A mental-health chatbot needs to detect emotions: Happy, Sad, Angry, Anxious, Neutral.

Tasks:

1. Create labeled emotion samples.
2. Use Zero-shot prompting to identify emotions.
3. Use One-shot prompting with an example.
4. Use Few-shot prompting with multiple emotions.
5. Discuss ambiguity handling across techniques.

The screenshot shows the Visual Studio Code interface with a file explorer on the left containing various files like 'add.py', 'AI lab43.py', and 'lab assignment 44.py'. The main editor displays a Python script named 'lab assignment 44.py' with the following code:

```
1 import pandas as pd
2
3 # Create a DataFrame from the provided data
4 data = {
5     "Text": [
6         "I am very happy today",
7         "I feel lonely and depressed",
8         "This is so frustrating",
9         "I am worried about my future",
10        "Today is just normal",
11        "Feeling excited about results"
12    ],
13    "Emotion": [
14        "Happy",
15        "Sad",
16        "Angry",
17        "Anxious",
18        "Neutral",
19        "Happy"
20    ]
21 }
22
23 df = pd.DataFrame(data)
24
25 # Display the DataFrame
26 print(df)
```

The terminal at the bottom shows the command prompt running the script, which results in a `ModuleNotFoundError: No module named 'pandas'` error.

This is a duplicate of the first screenshot, showing the same Visual Studio Code interface and the same `ModuleNotFoundError: No module named 'pandas'` error in the terminal.

The screenshot shows the VS Code interface with a file explorer on the left containing various assignment files. The main editor displays a Python script named `lab assignment 44.py`. The script defines a function `identify_emotion(text)` that checks for the word "frustrating" and returns "frustrated" or "neutral". It includes an example usage where the text "This is so frustrating" is passed to the function, resulting in the output "Emotion: (frustrated)".

```
1 def identify_emotion(text):
2     if "frustrating" in text:
3         return "frustrated"
4     return "neutral"
5
6 # Example usage
7 text = "This is so frustrating"
8 emotion = identify_emotion(text)
9 print(f"Emotion: {emotion}")
```

The terminal at the bottom shows a `ModuleNotFoundError: No module named 'pandas'` error, which occurred when the script was executed. The error message indicates that the file `"d:/AI Coding/lab assignment 44.py"` was executed, and the error occurred at line 1 in the `<module>`.

The screenshot shows the VS Code interface with a file explorer on the left containing various assignment files. The main editor displays a Python script named `lab assignment 44.py`. The script defines a function `classify_emotion(text)` that uses a dictionary of keywords to classify emotions. It includes an example usage where the text "This is so frustrating" is passed to the function, resulting in the output "Text: 'This is so frustrating' Emotion: frustrated".

```
1 def classify_emotion(text):
2     emotions = {
3         "happy": ["happy", "joyful", "excited", "pleased"],
4         "sad": ["lonely", "depressed", "sad", "down"],
5         "anxious": ["worried", "anxious", "nervous", "stressed"],
6         "neutral": ["normal", "fine", "okay", "average"],
7         "frustrated": ["frustrating", "annoyed", "irritated"]
8     }
9
10    for emotion, keywords in emotions.items():
11        if any(keyword in text.lower() for keyword in keywords):
12            return emotion
13    return "Unknown"
14
15 # Example usage
16 text = "This is so frustrating"
17 emotion = classify_emotion(text)
18 print(f"Text: '{text}'\nEmotion: {emotion}")
```

The terminal at the bottom shows a `ModuleNotFoundError: No module named 'pandas'` error, which occurred when the script was executed. The error message indicates that the file `"d:/AI Coding/lab assignment 44.py"` was executed, and the error occurred at line 1 in the `<module>`.

