

# AI ASSISTED CODING

## LAB – 9.1

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### **Problem 1:**

Consider the following Python function:

```
def find_max(numbers): return max(numbers)
```

Task:

- Write documentation for the function in all three formats:

(a) Docstring

(b) Inline comments

(c) Google-style documentation

- Critically compare the three approaches. Discuss the advantages, disadvantages, and suitable use cases of each style.
- Recommend which documentation style is most effective for a mathematical utilities library and justify your answer.

**(a) Docstring**

```
def find_max(numbers):
    """
        Docstring for find_max function.

        Parameters:
            numbers (list): A list of numerical values.

        Returns:
            The maximum value from the list of numbers.

    """
    return max(numbers)

if __name__ == "__main__":
    test_numbers = [3, 7, 2, 9, 5]
    result = find_max(test_numbers)
    print(result)
```

(b) Inline comments

```
lab8.py > ...
1 def find_max(numbers): # This function takes a list of numbers and returns the maximum value.
2     return max(numbers) # Test the function
3 if __name__ == "__main__": # This block will only execute if the script is run directly, not imported as a module.
4     test_numbers = [3, 7, 2, 9, 5] # This is a list of numbers to test the function.
5     result = find_max(test_numbers) # This line calls the function with the test numbers and stores the result in
6     print(result) # This line prints the result, which should be the maximum value from the list of numbers.
```

(c) Google-style documentation

```
#Give google-style documentation for the below code
def find_max(numbers):
    """Finds the maximum value in a list of numbers.

    Args:
        numbers (list): A list of numerical values.

    Returns:
        The maximum value from the list of numbers.

    """
    return max(numbers)

if __name__ == "__main__":
    test_numbers = [3, 7, 2, 9, 5]
    result = find_max(test_numbers)
    print(result)
```

## **Problem 2:**

Consider the following Python function:

```
def login(user, password, credentials):
    return credentials.get(user) == password
```

Task:

1. Write documentation in all three formats.
2. Critically compare the approaches.
3. Recommend which style would be most helpful for new developers onboarding a project, and justify your choice.

### **(a) Docstring**

```
def login(user, password, credentials):
    """
    Docstring for login

    :param user: Description
    :param password: Description
    :param credentials: Description
    """

    return credentials.get(user) == password
def main():
    credentials = {
        "user1": "password1",
        "user2": "password2"
    }
    user = input("Enter username: ")
    password = input("Enter password: ")
    if login(user, password, credentials):
        print("Login successful!")
    else:
        print("Login failed. Please check your username and password.")
if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

### **(b) Inline comments**

```
# This function checks if the provided username and password match the credentials.
def login(user, password, credentials):
    return credentials.get(user) == password # The get method retrieves the value for the given key (user) from the credentials dictionary and compares it with the provided password.

# This is the main function that will be executed when the script runs.
def main():
    credentials = {} # A dictionary to store valid username and password pairs
    credentials["user1"] = "password1" # Example credentials for user1
    credentials["user2"] = "password2" # Example credentials for user2

    user = input("Enter username: ") # Prompt the user to enter their username and store it in the variable 'user'.
    password = input("Enter password: ") # Prompt the user to enter their password and store it in the variable 'password'.
    if login(user, password, credentials): # Call the login function with the provided username, password, and credentials. If it returns true, then the login is successful.
        print("Login successful!") # If the login is successful, print a success message.
    else: # If the login fails, print a failure message.
        print("Login failed. Please check your username and password.") # If the login fails, print an error message prompting the user to check their credentials.

if __name__ == "__main__": # This condition checks if the script is being run directly (as the main program) rather than imported as a module. If it is, then call the main function to start the program.
```

### **(c) Google-style documentation**

```

#Give Google-style documentation for the following code.
def login(user, password, credentials):
    """Checks if the provided username and password match the stored credentials.

    Args:
        user (str): The username to check.
        password (str): The password to check.
        credentials (dict): A dictionary containing username-password pairs.

    Returns:
        bool: True if the username exists and the password matches, False otherwise.
    """
    return credentials.get(user) == password

def main():
    credentials = {
        "user1": "password1",
        "user2": "password2"
    }
    user = input("Enter username: ")
    password = input("Enter password: ")
    if login(user, password, credentials):
        print("Login successful!")
    else:
        print("Login failed. Please check your username and password.")

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()

```

### Problem 3: Calculator (Automatic Documentation Generation)

**Task:** Design a Python module named `calculator.py` and demonstrate automatic documentation generation.

**Instructions:**

**1. Create a Python module `calculator.py` that includes the following functions, each written with appropriate docstrings:**

**o `add(a, b)` – returns the sum of two numbers o `subtract(a, b)` – returns the difference of two numbers o `multiply(a, b)` – returns the product of two numbers o `divide(a, b)` – returns the quotient of two numbers**

**2. Display the module documentation in the terminal using Python's documentation tools.**

**3. Generate and export the module documentation in HTML format using the `pydoc` utility, and open the generated HTML file in a web browser to verify the output.**

**Prompt:**

```
#Give python code for a calculator that has functions of addition, subtraction,
multiplication and division
```

**Docstring**

```

#Give python code for a calculator that
def add(a, b):
    """
    Docstring for add

    :param a: Description
    :param b: Description
    """
    return a + b

def subtract(a, b):
    """
    Docstring for subtract

    :param a: Description
    :param b: Description
    """
    return a - b

def multiply(a, b):
    """
    Docstring for multiply

    :param a: Description
    :param b: Description
    """
    return a * b

def divide(a, b):
    """
    Docstring for divide

    :param a: Description
    :param b: Description
    """
    if b == 0:
        raise ValueError("Cannot divide by zero")
    return a / b

#Test the calculator functions
if __name__ == "__main__":
    """Docstring for main"""
    num1 = 10
    num2 = 5
    print("Addition:", add(num1, num2))
    print("Subtraction:", subtract(num1, num2))
    print("Multiplication:", multiply(num1, num2))
    print("Division:", divide(num1, num2))

```

## Using pydoc

### 1) python -m pydoc filename

```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS POSTMAN CONSOLE
(base) C:\Users\katta\OneDrive\Desktop\AIAC>python -m pydoc lab9
Help on module lab9:

NAME
    lab9 - #give python code for a calculator that has functions of addition, subtraction, multiplication and division

FUNCTIONS
    add(a, b)
        Docstring for add

        :param a: Description
        :param b: Description

    divide(a, b)
        Docstring for divide

        :param a: Description
        :param b: Description

    multiply(a, b)
        Docstring for multiply

        :param a: Description
        :param b: Description

    subtract(a, b)
        Docstring for subtract

        :param a: Description
        :param b: Description
```

## 2) **python -m pydoc -w filename**

## 3) **python -m pydoc -p 8080**

```
(base) C:\Users\katta\OneDrive\Desktop\AIAC>python -m pydoc -w lab9
wrote lab9.html

(base) C:\Users\katta\OneDrive\Desktop\AIAC>python -m pydoc -p 8080
[WinError 10013] An attempt was made to access a socket in a way forbidden by its access permissions
```

## Problem 4: Conversion Utilities Module

Task:

1. Write a module named conversion.py with functions:

|                           |                      |   |
|---------------------------|----------------------|---|
| o                         | decimal_to_binary(n) | o |
| binary_to_decimal(b)      |                      | o |
| decimal_to_hexadecimal(n) |                      |   |

2. Use Copilot for auto-generating docstrings.

3. Generate documentation in the terminal.

4. Export the documentation in HTML format and open it in a browser.

**Given Code:**

```
1  """Write python code with functions:
2  decimal_to_binary(n)
3  binary_to_decimal(b)
4  decimal_to_hexadecimal(n)"""
5  def decimal_to_binary(n):
6      if n == 0:
7          return "0"
8      binary = ""
9      while n > 0:
10          binary = str(n % 2) + binary
11          n //= 2
12      return binary
13  def binary_to_decimal(b):
14      decimal = 0
15      for i in range(len(b)):
16          decimal += int(b[-(i + 1)]) * (2 ** i)
17      return decimal
18  def decimal_to_hexadecimal(n):
19      if n == 0:
20          return "0"
21      hexadecimal = ""
22      hex_digits = "0123456789ABCDEF"
23      while n > 0:
24          hexadecimal = hex_digits[n % 16] + hexadecimal
25          n //= 16
26      return hexadecimal
27 # Example usage:
28 print(decimal_to_binary(10)) # Output: "1010"
29 print(binary_to_decimal("1010")) # output: 10
30 print(decimal_to_hexadecimal(255)) # Output: "FF"
```

Docstring:

```

lab9.py > decimal_to_binary
1  """Write python code with functions:
2  decimal_to_binary(n)
3  binary_to_decimal(b)
4  decimal_to_hexadecimal(n)"""
5  def decimal_to_binary(n):
6      """
7          Docstring for decimal_to_binary
8
9          :param n: Description
10         """
11         if n == 0:
12             return "0"
13         binary = ""
14         while n > 0:
15             binary = str(n % 2) + binary
16             n /= 2
17         return binary
18  def binary_to_decimal(b):
19      """
20          Docstring for binary_to_decimal
21
22          :param b: Description
23         """
24         decimal = 0
25         for i in range(len(b)):
26             decimal += int(b[-(i + 1)]) * (2 ** i)
27         return decimal
28  def decimal_to_hexadecimal(n):
29      """
30          Docstring for decimal_to_hexadecimal
31
32          :param n: Description
33         """
34         if n == 0:
35             return "0"
36         hexadecimal = ""
37         hex_digits = "0123456789ABCDEF"
38         while n > 0:
39             hexadecimal = hex_digits[n % 16] + hexadecimal
40             n /= 16
41         return hexadecimal
42 # Example usage:
43 print(decimal_to_binary(10)) # Output: "1010"
44 print(binary_to_decimal("1010")) # Output: 10
45 print(decimal_to_hexadecimal(255)) # Output: "FF"

```

## Using pydoc

### 1) python -m pydoc filename

```

1010
10
FF
Help on module lab9:

NAME
    lab9

DESCRIPTION
    Write python code with functions:
    decimal_to_binary(n)
    binary_to_decimal(b)
    decimal_to_hexadecimal(n)

FUNCTIONS
    binary_to_decimal(b)

    decimal_to_binary(n)

    decimal_to_hexadecimal(n)

```

### 2)python -m pydoc -w filename

### **3) python -m pydoc -p 8080**

```
(base) C:\Users\katta\OneDrive\Desktop\AIAC>python -m pydoc -w lab9
1010
10
FF
wrote lab9.html

(base) C:\Users\katta\OneDrive\Desktop\AIAC>python -m pydoc -p 8080
[WinError 10013] An attempt was made to access a socket in a way forbidden by its access permissions
```

### **Problem 5 – Course Management Module**

**Task:**

- 1. Create a module course.py with functions:** o add\_course(course\_id, name, credits)  
o remove\_course(course\_id) o get\_course(course\_id)
- 2. Add docstrings with Copilot.**
- 3. Generate documentation in the terminal.**
- 4. Export the documentation in HTML format and open it in a browser**

**Given Code:**

**Docstrings:**

```

#Write a python code with functions add_course(course_id, name, credits), remove_course(course_id), get_course(course_id)
courses = {}
def add_course(course_id, name, credits):
    """
    Docstring for add_course

    :param course_id: Description
    :param name: Description
    :param credits: Description
    """

    courses[course_id] = {'name': name, 'credits': credits}
    print(f"Course {course_id} added successfully.")

def remove_course(course_id):
    """
    Docstring for remove_course

    :param course_id: Description
    """

    if course_id in courses:
        del courses[course_id]
        print(f"Course {course_id} removed successfully.")
    else:
        print(f"Course {course_id} not found.")

def get_course(course_id):
    """
    Docstring for get_course

    :param course_id: Description
    """

    if course_id in courses:
        course = courses[course_id]
        print(f"Course ID: {course_id}, Name: {course['name']}, Credits: {course['credits']}")

    else:
        print(f"Course {course_id} not found.")

# Example usage
add_course("CS101", "Introduction to Computer Science", 3)
add_course("MATH201", "Calculus I", 4)
get_course("CS101")
remove_course("MATH201")
get_course("MATH201")

```

## Using pydoc

### 1) python -m pydoc filename

```

(base) C:\Users\kattia\OneDrive\Desktop\AIAC>python -m pydoc lab9
Course CS101 added successfully.
Course MATH201 added successfully.
Course ID: CS101, Name: Introduction to Computer Science, Credits: 3
Course MATH201 removed successfully.
Course MATH201 not found.
Help on module lab9:

NAME
    lab9 - #Write a python code with functions add_course(course_id, name, credits), remove_course(course_id), get_course(course_id)

FUNCTIONS
    add_course(course_id, name, credits)
        Docstring for add_course

        :param course_id: Description
        :param name: Description
        :param credits: Description

    get_course(course_id)
        Docstring for get_course

        :param course_id: Description

    remove_course(course_id)
        Docstring for remove_course

        :param course_id: Description

DATA
    courses = {'CS101': {'credits': 3, 'name': 'Introduction to Computer S...

```

**2)python -m pydoc -w filename**

**3)python -m pydoc -p 8080**

```
(base) C:\Users\katta\OneDrive\Desktop\AIAC>python -m pydoc -w lab9
Course CS101 added successfully.
Course MATH201 added successfully.
Course ID: CS101, Name: Introduction to Computer Science, Credits: 3
Course MATH201 removed successfully.
Course MATH201 not found.
wrote lab9.html

(base) C:\Users\katta\OneDrive\Desktop\AIAC>python -m pydoc -p 8080
[WinError 10013] An attempt was made to access a socket in a way forbidden by its access permissions

(base) C:\Users\katta\OneDrive\Desktop\AIAC>
```