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SCHOOL OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE		DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE ENGINEERING	
Program Name: B. Tech	Assignment Type: Lab		Academic Year:2025-2026
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CourseCode	23CS002PC304	Course Title	AI Assisted Coding
Year/Sem	III/II	Regulation	R23
Date and Day of Assignment	Week2	Time(s)	23CSBTB01 To 23CSBTB52
Duration	2 Hours	Applicable to Batches	All batches
<b>Assignment Number: 3.4 (Present assignment number)/24(Total number of assignments)</b>			
Q.No.	Question		Expected Time to complete
1	Lab 4: Advanced Prompt Engineering – Zero-shot, One-shot, and Few-shot Techniques		Week2

## Task 1: Zero-shot Prompt – Fibonacci Series Generator

### Task Description #1

- Without giving an example, write a single comment prompt asking GitHub Copilot to generate a Python function to print the first N Fibonacci numbers.

### Expected Output #1



```
>Welcome  X  J aijava  1 X
J aijava > Language Support for Java(TM) by Red Hat > ai
1 import java.util.Scanner;
2
3 public class ai {
4     Run main | Debug main | Run | Debug
5     public static void main(String[] args) {
6         Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
7         System.out.print("Enter n: ");
8         int n = scanner.nextInt();
9
10        System.out.println("First " + n + " Fibonacci numbers:");
11
12        int a = 0, b = 1;
13        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
14            System.out.print(a + " ");
15            int temp = a + b;
16            a = b;
17            b = temp;
18        }
19
20        scanner.close();
21    }
}
PROBLEMS 1  OUTPUT  DEBUG CONSOLE  TERMINAL  PORTS
worksapceStorage\272c303df60776de7abd45f82063c306\redhat.java\jdt_ws\ai
Enter n: 4
First 4 Fibonacci numbers:
0 1 1 2
PS D:\ai assist> [ ]
```

## Task 2: One-shot Prompt – List Reversal Function

### Task Description #2

- Write a comment prompt to reverse a list and provide one example below the comment to guide Copilot.

### Expected Output #2



The screenshot shows a Java code editor with the following code:

```

1 // Write a comment prompt to reverse a list and provide one
2
3 // Reverse a list in Java
4 import java.util.ArrayList;
5 import java.util.Collections;
6 import java.util.List;
7
8 public class ai2 {
9     public static void main(String[] args) {
10         List<Integer> numbers = new ArrayList<>();
11         Collections.addAll(numbers, ...elements: 1, 2, 3, 4,
12
13         System.out.println("Original list: " + numbers);
14
15         Collections.reverse(numbers);
16
17         System.out.println("Reversed list: " + numbers);
18     }
19 }

```

Below the code editor is a terminal window showing the execution of the program:

```

PROBLEMS 1 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

PS D:\ai assist> & 'C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-21.0.10\bin\java.exe' 'onMessages' '-cp' 'C:\Users\WINDOWS\AppData\Roaming\Code\User\workspac
45f82063c306\redhat.java\jdt_ws\ai assist_b29d9308\bin' 'ai2'
Original list: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
Reversed list: [5, 4, 3, 2, 1]
PS D:\ai assist>

```

### Task 3: Few-shot Prompt – String Pattern Matching

#### Task Description #3

- Write a comment with 2–3 examples to help Copilot understand how to check if a string starts with a capital letter and ends with a period.

#### Expected Output #3

```
>Welcome J ai.java 1 J ai2.java J ai3.java X
J ai3.java > Language Support for Java(TM) by Red Hat > ai3
3 public class ai3 {
4     Run main | Debug main | Run | Debug
5     public static void main(String[] args) {
6         String test1 = "Hello world.";
7         String test2 = "hello world.";
8         String test3 = "Hello world";
9
10        System.out.println(checkString(test1)); // true
11        System.out.println(checkString(test2)); // false
12        System.out.println(checkString(test3)); // false
13    }
14    public static boolean checkString(String str) {
15        if (str.isEmpty()) {
16            return false;
17        }
18        char firstChar = str.charAt(index: 0);
19        char lastChar = str.charAt(str.length() - 1);
20
21        return Character.isUpperCase(firstChar) && lastChar
22    }
23 }

PROBLEMS 1 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS
onMessages' '-cp' 'C:\Users\WINDOWS\AppData\Roaming\Code\User\workspa
45f82063c306\redhat.java\jdt_ws\ai assist_b29d9308\bin' 'ai3'
true
false
false
PS D:\ai assist>
```

**Task 4: Zero-shot vs Few-shot – Email Validator**

**Task Description #4**

- First, prompt Copilot to write an email validation function using zero-shot (just the task in comment).
- Then, rewrite the prompt using few-shot examples.

**Expected Output #4**

The screenshot shows the Visual Studio Code (VS Code) interface with the AI Assistant extension active. The Explorer sidebar on the left lists files: 'ai assistant', 'ai.java' (marked with a question mark), 'ai2.java', 'ai3.java', and 'ai4.java'. The 'ai4.java' file is selected and shown in the main editor area. The code is a Java program that validates email addresses using regular expressions:

```
// First, prompt Copilot to write an email validation
// Then, rewrite the prompt using few-shot examples.
// Zero-shot prompt to validate an email address
import java.util.regex.Pattern;
public class ai4 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        String email1 = "user@example.com";
        String email2 = "invalid.email";
        String email3 = "another@domain.org";
        System.out.println(validateEmail(email1)); // true
        System.out.println(validateEmail(email2)); // false
        System.out.println(validateEmail(email3)); // true
    }
    public static boolean validateEmail(String email) {
        String emailRegex = "^[a-zA-Z0-9._%+-]+@[a-zA-Z0-9.-]+\\.[a-zA-Z]{2,}$";
        Pattern pattern = Pattern.compile(emailRegex);
        return pattern.matcher(email).matches();
    }
}
```

The terminal at the bottom shows the output of running the code:

```
howCodeDetailsInExceptionMessages' '-cp' 'C:\Users\WINDOWS\AppData\Local\Temp\272c303df60776de7abd45f82063c306\redhat.java\jdt_ws\ai assistant
true
false
true
true
PS D:\ai assistant>
```

## Task 5: Prompt Tuning – Summing Digits of a Number

### Task Description #5

- Experiment with 2 different prompt styles to generate a function that returns the sum of digits of a number.

Style 1: Generic task prompt

Style 2: Task + Input/Output example

### Expected Output #5

The screenshot shows a Java code editor interface with a terminal window at the bottom. The code editor has tabs for 'Welcome', 'ai.java 1', 'ai2.java', 'ai3.java', and 'ai4.java'. The current file is 'ai5.java'. The code implements a method to calculate the sum of digits of a number.

```
// Style 2: Task + Input/Output example
// Style 1: Generic task prompt
public class ai5 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int number = 12345;
        System.out.println("Sum of digits in " + number + " is " + sumOfDigits(number));
    }

    public static int sumOfDigits(int num) {
        int sum = 0;
        while (num != 0) {
            sum += num % 10;
            num /= 10;
        }
        return sum;
    }
}
```

The terminal window shows the command being run and the resulting output:

```
PS D:\ai assist> & 'C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-21.0.10\bin\java.exe' '-Djava.awt.headless=true' 'onMessages' '-cp' 'C:\Users\WINDOWS\AppData\Roaming\Code\User\workspace\45f82063c306\redhat.java\jdt_ws\ai assist_b29d9308\bin' 'ai5'
Sum of digits in 12345 is: 15
PS D:\ai assist>
```

**Note: Report should be submitted a word document for all tasks in a single document with prompts, comments & code explanation, and output and if required, screenshots**