

AI ASSISTED CODING

LAB – 9.1

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Batch: 12

Problem 1:

Consider the following Python function:

```
def find_max(numbers): return  
    max(numbers)
```

Task:

- Write documentation for the function in all three formats:

- (a) Docstring
- (b) Inline comments
- (c) Google-style documentation

- Critically compare the three approaches. Discuss the advantages, disadvantages, and suitable use cases of each style.

- Recommend which documentation style is most effective for a mathematical utilities library and justify your answer.

(a) Docstring

```

def find_max(numbers):
    """
        Docstring for find_max function.

    Parameters:
        numbers (list): A list of numerical values.

    Returns:
        The maximum value from the list of numbers.

    """
    return max(numbers)

if __name__ == "__main__":
    test_numbers = [3, 7, 2, 9, 5]
    result = find_max(test_numbers)
    print(result)

```

(b) Inline comments

```

$ lab9.py > ...
1  def find_max(numbers): # This function takes a list of numbers and returns the maximum value.
2      return max(numbers) # Test the function
3  if __name__ == "__main__": # This block will only execute if the script is run directly, not imported as a module.
4      test_numbers = [3, 7, 2, 9, 5] # This is a list of numbers to test the function.
5      result = find_max(test_numbers) # This line calls the function with the test numbers and stores the result in
6      print(result) # This line prints the result, which should be the maximum value from the list of numbers.

```

(c) Google-style documentation

```

#Give google-style documentation for the below code
def find_max(numbers):
    """Finds the maximum value in a list of numbers.

    Args:
        numbers (list): A list of numerical values.

    Returns:
        The maximum value from the list of numbers.

    """
    return max(numbers)

if __name__ == "__main__":
    test_numbers = [3, 7, 2, 9, 5]
    result = find_max(test_numbers)
    print(result)

```

Problem 2:

Consider the following Python function: def

```
login(user, password, credentials): return
```

```
credentials.get(user) == password
```

Task:

- 1. Write documentation in all three formats.**
- 2. Critically compare the approaches.**
- 3. Recommend which style would be most helpful for new developers onboarding a project, and justify your choice.**

(a) Docstring

```
def login(user, password, credentials):  
    """  
        Docstring for login  
  
        :param user: Description  
        :param password: Description  
        :param credentials: Description  
    """  
  
    return credentials.get(user) == password  
def main():  
    credentials = {  
        "user1": "password1",  
        "user2": "password2"  
    }  
    user = input("Enter username: ")  
    password = input("Enter password: ")  
    if login(user, password, credentials):  
        print("Login successful!")  
    else:  
        print("Login failed. Please check your username and password.")  
if __name__ == "__main__":  
    main()
```

(b) Inline comments

```
def login(user, password, credentials): # This function checks if the provided username and password match the credentials  
    | return credentials.get(user) == password # The get method retrieves the value for the given key (user) from the credentials dictionary and com  
def main(): # This is the main function that will be executed when the script runs  
    credentials = { # A dictionary to store valid username and password pairs  
        "user1": "password1", # Example credentials for user1  
        "user2": "password2" #Example credentials for user2  
    }  
    user = input("Enter username: ") # Prompt the user to enter their username and store it in the variable 'user'  
    password = input("Enter password: ") # Prompt the user to enter their password and store it in the variable 'password'  
    if login(user, password, credentials): # Call the login function with the provided username, password, and credentials. If it returns True, th  
        | print("Login successful!") # If the login is successful, print a success message  
    else: # If the login fails, print a failure message  
        | print("Login failed. Please check your username and password.") # If the login fails, print an error message prompting the user to check t  
if __name__ == "__main__": # This condition checks if the script is being run directly (as the main program) rather than imported as a module. If  
    | main() # Call the main function to start the program
```

(c) Google-style documentation

```
#Give Google-style documentation for the following code:  
def login(user, password, credentials):  
    """Checks if the provided username and password match the stored credentials.  
  
    Args:  
        user (str): The username to check.  
        password (str): The password to check.  
        credentials (dict): A dictionary containing username-password pairs.  
  
    Returns:  
        bool: True if the username exists and the password matches, False otherwise.  
    """  
    return credentials.get(user) == password  
def main():  
    credentials = {  
        "user1": "password1",  
        "user2": "password2"  
    }  
    user = input("Enter username: ")  
    password = input("Enter password: ")  
    if login(user, password, credentials):  
        print("Login successful!")  
    else:  
        print("Login failed. Please check your username and password.")  
if __name__ == "__main__":  
    main()
```

Problem 3: Calculator (Automatic Documentation Generation)

Task: Design a Python module named `calculator.py` and demonstrate automatic documentation generation.

Instructions:

1. Create a Python module `calculator.py` that includes the following functions, each written with appropriate docstrings:

o `add(a, b)` – returns the sum of two numbers o `subtract(a, b)` – returns the difference of two numbers o `multiply(a, b)` – returns the product of two numbers

o `divide(a, b)` – returns the quotient of two numbers

2. Display the module documentation in the terminal using Python's documentation tools.

3. Generate and export the module documentation in HTML format using the `pydoc` utility, and open the generated HTML file in a web browser to verify the output.

Prompt:

#Give python code for a calculator that has functions of addition, subtraction, multiplication and division

Docstring

```
#Give python code for a calculator that
def add(a, b):
    """
    Docstring for add

    :param a: Description
    :param b: Description
    """
    return a + b

def subtract(a, b):
    """
    Docstring for subtract

    :param a: Description
    :param b: Description
    """
    return a - b

def multiply(a, b):
    """
    Docstring for multiply

    :param a: Description
    :param b: Description
    """
    return a * b

def divide(a, b):
    """
    Docstring for divide

    :param a: Description
    :param b: Description
    """
    if b == 0:
        raise ValueError("Cannot divide by zero")
    return a / b

#Test the calculator functions
if __name__ == "__main__":
    """Docstring for main"""
    num1 = 10
    num2 = 5
    print("Addition:", add(num1, num2))
    print("Subtraction:", subtract(num1, num2))
    print("Multiplication:", multiply(num1, num2))
    print("Division:", divide(num1, num2))
```

Using pydoc

1) python -m pydoc filename

```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS POSTMAN CONSOLE
(base) C:\Users\katta\OneDrive\Desktop\AIAC>python -m pydoc lab9
Help on module lab9:

NAME
lab9 - #Give python code for a calculator that has functions of addition, subtraction, multiplication and division

FUNCTIONS
add(a, b)
    Docstring for add

    :param a: Description
    :param b: Description

divide(a, b)
    Docstring for divide

    :param a: Description
    :param b: Description

multiply(a, b)
    Docstring for multiply

    :param a: Description
    :param b: Description

subtract(a, b)
    Docstring for subtract

    :param a: Description
    :param b: Description
```

2) python -m pydoc -w filename

3) python -m pydoc -p 8080

```
(base) C:\Users\katta\OneDrive\Desktop\AIAC>python -m pydoc -w lab9
wrote lab9.html

(base) C:\Users\katta\OneDrive\Desktop\AIAC>python -m pydoc -p 8080
[WinError 10013] An attempt was made to access a socket in a way forbidden by its access permissions
```

Problem 4: Conversion Utilities Module

Task:

1. Write a module named conversion.py with functions:

o decimal_to_binary(n) o

binary_to_decimal(b) o

decimal_to_hexadecimal(n)

2. Use Copilot for auto-generating docstrings.

3. Generate documentation in the terminal.

4. Export the documentation in HTML format and open it in a browser.

Given Code:

```
1  """Write python code with functions:  
2  decimal_to_binary(n)  
3  binary_to_decimal(b)  
4  decimal_to_hexadecimal(n)"""  
5  def decimal_to_binary(n):  
6      if n == 0:  
7          return "0"  
8      binary = ""  
9      while n > 0:  
10          binary = str(n % 2) + binary  
11          n //= 2  
12      return binary  
13  def binary_to_decimal(b):  
14      decimal = 0  
15      for i in range(len(b)):  
16          decimal += int(b[-(i + 1)]) * (2 ** i)  
17      return decimal  
18  def decimal_to_hexadecimal(n):  
19      if n == 0:  
20          return "0"  
21      hexadecimal = ""  
22      hex_digits = "0123456789ABCDEF"  
23      while n > 0:  
24          hexadecimal = hex_digits[n % 16] + hexadecimal  
25          n //= 16  
26      return hexadecimal  
27  # Example usage:  
28  print(decimal_to_binary(10))  # Output: "1010"  
29  print(binary_to_decimal("1010"))  # Output: 10  
30  print(decimal_to_hexadecimal(255))  # Output: "FF"  
31
```

Docstring:

```

lab9.py > decimal_to_binary
1     """Write python code with functions:
2     decimal_to_binary(n)
3     binary_to_decimal(b)
4     decimal_to_hexadecimal(n)"""
5     def decimal_to_binary(n):
6         """
7             Docstring for decimal_to_binary
8
9             :param n: Description
10            """
11            if n == 0:
12                return "0"
13            binary = ""
14            while n > 0:
15                binary = str(n % 2) + binary
16                n //= 2
17            return binary
18    def binary_to_decimal(b):
19        """
20            Docstring for binary_to_decimal
21
22            :param b: Description
23            """
24            decimal = 0
25            for i in range(len(b)):
26                decimal += int(b[-(i + 1)]) * (2 ** i)
27            return decimal
28    def decimal_to_hexadecimal(n):
29        """
30            Docstring for decimal_to_hexadecimal
31
32            :param n: Description
33            """
34            if n == 0:
35                return "0"
36            hexadecimal = ""
37            hex_digits = "0123456789ABCDEF"
38            while n > 0:
39                hexadecimal = hex_digits[n % 16] + hexadecimal
40                n //= 16
41            return hexadecimal
42    # Example usage:
43    print(decimal_to_binary(10))  # Output: "1010"
44    print(binary_to_decimal("1010"))  # Output: 10
45    print(decimal_to_hexadecimal(255))  # Output: "FF"
46

```

Using pydoc

1) python -m pydoc filename

```

1010
10
FF
Help on module lab9:

NAME
    lab9

DESCRIPTION
    Write python code with functions:
    decimal_to_binary(n)
    binary_to_decimal(b)
    decimal_to_hexadecimal(n)

FUNCTIONS
    binary_to_decimal(b)

    decimal_to_binary(n)

    decimal_to_hexadecimal(n)

```

2)python -m pydoc -w filename

3)python -m pydoc -p 8080

```
(base) C:\Users\katta\OneDrive\Desktop\AIAC>python -m pydoc -w lab9
1010
10
FF
wrote lab9.html

(base) C:\Users\katta\OneDrive\Desktop\AIAC>python -m pydoc -p 8080
[WinError 10013] An attempt was made to access a socket in a way forbidden by its access permissions
```

Problem 5 – Course Management Module

Task:

- 1. Create a module course.py with functions: o add_course(course_id, name, credits) o remove_course(course_id) o get_course(course_id)**
- 2. Add docstrings with Copilot.**
- 3. Generate documentation in the terminal.**
- 4. Export the documentation in HTML format and open it in a browser**

Given Code:

Docstrings:

```

#Write a python code with functions add_course(course_id, name, credits), remove_course(course_id), get_course(course_id)
courses = {}
def add_course(course_id, name, credits):
    """
    Docstring for add_course

    :param course_id: Description
    :param name: Description
    :param credits: Description
    """
    courses[course_id] = {'name': name, 'credits': credits}
    print(f"Course {course_id} added successfully.")
def remove_course(course_id):
    """
    Docstring for remove_course

    :param course_id: Description
    """
    if course_id in courses:
        del courses[course_id]
        print(f"Course {course_id} removed successfully.")
    else:
        print(f"Course {course_id} not found.")
def get_course(course_id):
    """
    Docstring for get_course

    :param course_id: Description
    """
    if course_id in courses:
        course = courses[course_id]
        print(f"Course ID: {course_id}, Name: {course['name']}, Credits: {course['credits']}")
    else:
        print(f"Course {course_id} not found.")
# Example usage
add_course("CS101", "Introduction to Computer Science", 3)
add_course("MATH201", "Calculus I", 4)
get_course("CS101")
remove_course("MATH201")
get_course("MATH201")

```

Using pydoc

1) python -m pydoc filename

```

(base) C:\Users\katta\OneDrive\Desktop\AIAC>python -m pydoc lab9
Course CS101 added successfully.
Course MATH201 added successfully.
Course ID: CS101, Name: Introduction to Computer Science, Credits: 3
Course MATH201 removed successfully.
Course MATH201 not found.
Help on module lab9:

NAME
    lab9 - #Write a python code with functions add_course(course_id, name, credits), remove_course(course_id), get_course(course_id)

FUNCTIONS
    add_course(course_id, name, credits)
        Docstring for add_course

        :param course_id: Description
        :param name: Description
        :param credits: Description

    get_course(course_id)
        Docstring for get_course

        :param course_id: Description

    remove_course(course_id)
        Docstring for remove_course

        :param course_id: Description

DATA
    courses = {'CS101': {'credits': 3, 'name': 'Introduction to Computer S...

```

2)python -m pydoc -w filename

3)python -m pydoc -p 8080

```
(base) C:\Users\katta\OneDrive\Desktop\AIAC>python -m pydoc -w lab9
Course CS101 added successfully.
Course MATH201 added successfully.
Course ID: CS101, Name: Introduction to Computer Science, Credits: 3
Course MATH201 removed successfully.
Course MATH201 not found.
wrote lab9.html

(base) C:\Users\katta\OneDrive\Desktop\AIAC>python -m pydoc -p 8080
[WinError 10013] An attempt was made to access a socket in a way forbidden by its access permissions

(base) C:\Users\katta\OneDrive\Desktop\AIAC>
```