

ASSINGMENT-3.5

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BATCH-24

Question 1: Zero-Shot Prompting (Leap Year Check)

Write a zero-shot prompt to generate a Python function that checks whether a given year is a leap year.

Task:

- Record the AI-generated code.
- Test with years like 1900, 2000, 2024.
- Identify logical flaws or missing conditions.

```
2303A51964-3.5.py > ...
1  #write a python function to check if it is a leap year or not by user input check.
2  def is_leap_year(year):
3      if (year % 4 == 0 and year % 100 != 0) or (year % 400 == 0):
4          return True
5      else:
6          return False
7  #the input from user is only a positive number
8  try:
9      year_input = int(input("Enter a leap year: "))
10     if year_input < 0:
11         print("Please enter a positive number.")
12     else:
13         if is_leap_year(year_input):
14             print(f"{year_input} is a leap year.")
15         else:
16             print(f"{year_input} is not a leap year.")
17 except ValueError:
18     print("Invalid input. Please enter a valid year.")
19
20
21
```

OUTPUT:

```
PROBLEMS 6 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS
PS C:\Users\VIGNESH\OneDrive\Desktop\AI ASSESTENT CODING> & C:\Users\VIGNESH\AppData\Local\Microsoft\WindowsApps\python3.13.exe "c:/Users/VIGNESH/OneDrive/Desktop/AI ASSESTENT CODING/2303A51964-3.5.py"
Enter a leap year: 2023
2023 is not a leap year.
```

Question 2: One-Shot Prompting (GCD of Two Numbers)

Write a one-shot prompt with one example to generate a Python function that finds the Greatest Common Divisor (GCD) of two numbers.

Example:

Input: 12, 18 → Output: 6

Task:

- Compare with a zero-shot solution.
- Analyze algorithm efficiency.

Zeroshot:

```
2303A51964-3.5.py > ...
1  #write a commented python code to find gcd of two numbers.
2  def gcd(a, b):
3      # Function to return gcd of a and b
4      while b:
5          a, b = b, a % b # Update a and b
6      return a # When b becomes 0, a contains the gcd
7  #taking user input the input should be a positive integers if the input is invalid it should print please enter a valid positive integer
8  try:
9      num1 = int(input("Enter first positive integer: "))
10     num2 = int(input("Enter second positive integer: "))
11     if num1 <= 0 or num2 <= 0:
12         raise ValueError("Input must be positive integers.")
13     print(f"The GCD of {num1} and {num2} is {gcd(num1, num2)}")
14 except ValueError:
15     print("Please enter a valid positive integer.")
16
17
```

Output:

```
PS C:\Users\VIGNESH\OneDrive\Desktop\AI ASSESTENT CODING> & C:\Users\VIGNESH\AppData\Local\Microsoft\WindowsApps\python3.13.exe "c:/Users/VIGNESH/OneDrive/Desktop/AI ASSESTENT CODING/2303A51964-3.5.py"
Enter first positive integer: 6
Enter second positive integer: 3
The GCD of 6 and 3 is 3
PS C:\Users\VIGNESH\OneDrive\Desktop\AI ASSESTENT CODING>
```

Oneshot:

```
2303A51964-3.5.py > ...
1  '''Example usage:
2  | input:12,18
3  | output:6
4  | '''
5  #write a python function to find the greatest common divisor (GCD) of two numbers by user input check and a optimized code.
6  def gcd(a, b):
7  |     # Ensure a and b are non-negative integers
8  |     if a < 0 or b < 0:
9  |         raise ValueError("Inputs must be non-negative integers.")
10 |
11 |     while b:
12 |         a, b = b, a % b
13 |     return a
14 # Get user input it should be positive integers only.
15 try:
16 |     num1 = int(input("Enter the first positive integer: "))
17 |     num2 = int(input("Enter the second positive integer: "))
18 |
19 |     if num1 < 0 or num2 < 0:
20 |         raise ValueError("Inputs must be positive integers only.")
21 |
22 |     result = gcd(num1, num2)
23 |     print(f"The GCD of {num1} and {num2} is: {result}")
24 except ValueError as e:
25 |     print(f"please enter valid input:{e}")

PS C:\Users\VIGNESH\OneDrive\Desktop\AI ASSESTENT CODING> & C:\Users\VIGNESH\AppData\Local\Microsoft\WindowsApps\python3.13.exe "c:/Users/VIGNESH/OneDrive/Desktop/AI ASSESTENT CODING/2303A51964-3.5.py"
Enter the first positive integer: 12
Enter the first positive integer: 12
Enter the second positive integer: 3
The GCD of 12 and 3 is: 3
PS C:\Users\VIGNESH\OneDrive\Desktop\AI ASSESTENT CODING> 
```

Question 3: Few-Shot Prompting (LCM Calculation)

Write a few-shot prompt with multiple examples to generate a Python function that computes the Least Common Multiple (LCM).

Examples:

- Input: 4, 6 → Output: 12
- Input: 5, 10 → Output: 10
- Input: 7, 3 → Output: 21

Task:

- Examine how examples guide formula selection.

```

2303A51964-3.5.py > ...
1  #write a commented python function that calculates the least common multiple (LCM) of two positive integers use an efficient approach.
2  def gcd(a, b):
3      """Calculate the Greatest Common Divisor (GCD) of two integers using the Euclidean algorithm."""
4      while b:
5          a, b = b, a % b
6      return a
7  def lcm(x, y):
8      """Calculate the Least Common Multiple (LCM) of two positive integers."""
9      # LCM can be calculated using the formula: LCM(a, b) = abs(a*b) // GCD(a, b)
10     return abs(x * y) // gcd(x, y)
11 #take a valid positive integer input from the user and print the lcm of the two numbers
12 try:
13     num1 = int(input("Enter the first positive integer: "))
14     num2 = int(input("Enter the second positive integer: "))
15     if num1 <= 0 or num2 <= 0:
16         print("Both numbers must be positive integers.")
17     else:
18         result = lcm(num1, num2)
19         print(f"The Least Common Multiple of {num1} and {num2} is: {result}")
20 except ValueError as e:
21     print("invalid input:")

```

Output:

```

ASSESTENT CODING/2303A51964-3.5.py"
Enter the first positive integer: -33
Enter the second positive integer: 33
Both numbers must be positive integers.
PS C:\Users\VIGNESH\OneDrive\Desktop\AI ASSESTENT CODING> & C:\Users\VIGNESH\AppData\Local\Microsoft\WindowsApps\python3.13.exe "c:/Users/VIGNESH/OneDrive/Desktopo
p/AI ASSESTENT CODING/2303A51964-3.5.py"
Enter the first positive integer: dd
invalid input:
PS C:\Users\VIGNESH\OneDrive\Desktop\AI ASSESTENT CODING>

```

Question 4: Zero-Shot Prompting (Binary to Decimal Conversion)

Write a zero-shot prompt to generate a Python function that converts a binary number to decimal.

Task:

- Test with valid and invalid binary inputs.
- Identify missing validation logic

```
#generate a commented python function that converts a binary number to decimal.
def binary_to_decimal(binary_str):
    """Convert a binary string to its decimal equivalent."""
    decimal = 0
    power = 0
    # Iterate through the binary string from right to left
    for digit in reversed(binary_str):
        if digit == '1':
            decimal += 2 ** power
        power += 1
    return decimal
#take user input and test with valid and invalid binary inputs.
if __name__ == "__main__":
    user_input = input("Enter a binary number: ")
    # Validate the input to ensure it is a binary number
    if all(char in '01' for char in user_input):
        decimal_value = binary_to_decimal(user_input)
        print(f"The decimal equivalent of binary {user_input} is {decimal_value}.")
    else:
        print("Invalid input! Please enter a valid binary number consisting of only 0s and 1s.")
```

Output:

```
PROBLEMS 6 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS
PS C:\Users\VIGNESH\OneDrive\Desktop\VAI ASSESTENT CODING> & C:\Users\VIGNESH\AppData\Local\Microsoft\WindowsApps\python3.13.exe "c:/Users/VIGNESH/OneDrive/Desktop/VAI ASSESTENT CODING/2303A51964-3.5.py"
Enter a binary number: 111
The decimal equivalent of binary 111 is 7.
PS C:\Users\VIGNESH\OneDrive\Desktop\VAI ASSESTENT CODING> & C:\Users\VIGNESH\AppData\Local\Microsoft\WindowsApps\python3.13.exe "c:/Users/VIGNESH/OneDrive/Desktop/VAI ASSESTENT CODING/2303A51964-3.5.py"
Enter a binary number: 31
Invalid input! Please enter a valid binary number consisting of only 0s and 1s.
PS C:\Users\VIGNESH\OneDrive\Desktop\VAI ASSESTENT CODING>
```

Question 5: One-Shot Prompting (Decimal to Binary Conversion)

Write a one-shot prompt with an example to generate a Python function that converts a decimal number to binary.

Example:

Input: 10 → Output: 1010

Task:

- Compare clarity with zero-shot output.
- Analyze handling of zero and negative numbers.

Oneshot:

```
2303A51964-3.5.py > decimal_to_binary
1 #Write a commented Python function named decimal_to_binary(n) that converts a decimal number into binary representation.
2 ...
3 Example:
4 Input: 10
5 Output: 1010
6
7 The function should handle zero correctly and include comments explaining the logic.
8 ...
9 def decimal_to_binary(n): # Check if the input number is zero
10     if n == 0:
11         return "0"
12
13     # Initialize an empty string to store the binary representation
14     binary_representation = ""
15
16     # Use a while loop to convert the decimal number to binary
17     while n > 0:
18         # Get the remainder when n is divided by 2 (this gives us the least significant bit)
19         remainder = n % 2
20         # Prepend the remainder to the binary representation string
21         binary_representation = str(remainder) + binary_representation
22         # Update n by performing integer division by 2
23         n = n // 2
24
25     # Return the final binary representation
26     return binary_representation
27
28 #taking valid user input
29 try:
30     num = int(input("Enter a decimal number: "))
31     if num < 0:
32         print("Please enter a non-negative integer.")
33     else:
34         # Call the function and print the result
35         print(f"The binary representation of {num} is: {decimal_to_binary(num)}")
36 except ValueError:
37     print("Invalid input. Please enter a valid integer.")
```

Output:

```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS
PS C:\Users\VIGNESH\OneDrive\Desktop\AI ASSESTENT CODING> & C:\Users\VIGNESH\AppData\Local\Microsoft\WindowsApps\python3.13.exe "c:/Users/VIGNESH/OneDrive/Desktop/AI ASSESTENT CODING/2303A51964-3.5.py"
Enter a decimal number: 13
The binary representation of 13 is: 1101
PS C:\Users\VIGNESH\OneDrive\Desktop\AI ASSESTENT CODING> & C:\Users\VIGNESH\AppData\Local\Microsoft\WindowsApps\python3.13.exe "c:/Users/VIGNESH/OneDrive/Desktop/AI ASSESTENT CODING/2303A51964-3.5.py"
Enter a decimal number: nq
Invalid input. Please enter a valid integer.
PS C:\Users\VIGNESH\OneDrive\Desktop\AI ASSESTENT CODING>
```

Zeroshot:

```
2303A51964-3.5.py > ...
1 #Write a Python function to convert a decimal number into binary by taking user input.
2 def decimal_to_binary():
3     try:
4         decimal_number = int(input("Enter a decimal number: "))
5         if decimal_number < 0:
6             print("Please enter a non-negative integer.")
7             return
8         binary_number = bin(decimal_number).replace("0b", "")
9         print(f"The binary representation of {decimal_number} is {binary_number}.")
10    except ValueError:
11        print("Invalid input. Please enter a valid integer.")
12
13    # Call the function
14    decimal_to_binary()
```

```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS
PS C:\Users\VIGNESH\OneDrive\Desktop\AI ASSESTENT CODING> & C:\Users\VIGNESH\AppData\Local\Microsoft\WindowsApps\python3.13.exe "c:/Users/VIGNESH/OneDrive/Desktop/AI ASSESTENT CODING/2303A51964-3.5.py"
Enter a decimal number: 132
The binary representation of 132 is 10000100.
PS C:\Users\VIGNESH\OneDrive\Desktop\AI ASSESTENT CODING>
```

Question 6: Few-Shot Prompting (Harshad Number Check)

Write a few-shot prompt to generate a Python function that checks whether a number is a Harshad (Niven) number.

Examples:

- Input: 18 → Output: Harshad Number
- Input: 21 → Output: Harshad Number
- Input: 19 → Output: Not a Harshad Number

Task:

- Test boundary conditions.
- Evaluate robustness

```
2303A51964-3.5.py > ...
1  #Write a Python function named is_harshad(number) that checks whether a given number is a Harshad (Niven) number.
2  ...
3  Examples:
4  Input: 18 → Output: Harshad Number
5  Input: 21 → Output: Harshad Number
6  Input: 19 → Output: Not a Harshad Number
7  ...
8  def is_harshad(number):
9      # Calculate the sum of the digits
10     digit_sum = sum(int(digit) for digit in str(number))
11
12     # Check if the number is divisible by the sum of its digits
13     if number % digit_sum == 0:
14         return "Harshad Number"
15     else:
16         return "Not a Harshad Number"
17 # taking a valid positive user input and Test boundary conditions.
18 try:
19     user_input = int(input("Enter a positive integer: "))
20     if user_input <= 0:
21         print("Please enter a positive integer greater than zero.")
22     else:
23         result = is_harshad(user_input)
24         print(f"Input: {user_input} → Output: {result}")
25 except ValueError:
26     print("Invalid input. Please enter a valid positive integer.")
27
```

Output:

```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS
PS C:\Users\VIGNESH\OneDrive\Desktop\AI ASSESTENT CODING> & C:\Users\VIGNESH\AppData\Local\Microsoft\WindowsApps\python3.13.exe "c:/Users/VIGNESH/OneDrive/Desktop/AI ASSESTENT CODING/2303A51964-3.5.py"
Enter a positive integer: 32
Input: 32 → Output: Not a Harshad Number
PS C:\Users\VIGNESH\OneDrive\Desktop\AI ASSESTENT CODING> & C:\Users\VIGNESH\AppData\Local\Microsoft\WindowsApps\python3.13.exe "c:/Users/VIGNESH/OneDrive/Desktop/AI ASSESTENT CODING/2303A51964-3.5.py"
Enter a positive integer: -q3
Invalid input. Please enter a valid positive integer.
PS C:\Users\VIGNESH\OneDrive\Desktop\AI ASSESTENT CODING>
```