

## School of Computer Science and Artificial Intelligence

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### Lab Assignment # 4.2

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Program : B. Tech (CSE)  
Specialization : AIML  
Course Title : AI Assisted Coding  
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Name : CH.Ramcharan  
Enrollment No. : 2303A52095  
Batch No. : 33

## Lab 4: Advanced Prompt Engineering – Zero-shot, One-shot, and Few-shot Techniques

### Lab Objectives

- To explore and apply different levels of prompt examples in AI-assisted code generation.
  - To understand how zero-shot, one-shot, and few-shot prompting affect AI output quality.
  - To evaluate the impact of context richness and example quantity on AI performance.
  - To build awareness of prompt strategy effectiveness for different problem types.
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### Lab Outcomes (LOs)

After completing this lab, students will be able to:

- Use zero-shot prompting to instruct AI with minimal context.
  - Use one-shot prompting with a single example to guide AI code generation.
  - Apply few-shot prompting using multiple examples to improve AI responses.
  - Compare AI outputs across the three prompting strategies.
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### Task Description – 1: Zero-shot Prompting

**Problem:** Write a Python function to determine whether a given number is prime.

#### Prompt Used (Zero-shot)

"Write a Python function to check whether a given number is prime."

#### Python Code:

```
[1] def is_prime(n):  
✓ 0s if n <= 1:  
    return False  
    for i in range(2, int(n ** 0.5) + 1):  
        if n % i == 0:  
            return False  
    return True
```

#### Output

Returns True if the number is prime, otherwise False.

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### Task Description – 2: One-shot Prompting

**Problem:** Generate a function that calculates the sum of elements in a list.

#### Prompt Used (One-shot)

"Write a Python function that returns the sum of all elements in a list.\n Example:\n Input: [1, 2, 3, 4]\n Output: 10"

## Python Code:

```
def list_sum(arr):
    total = 0
    for num in arr:
        total += num
    return total
```

## Output

For input [1, 2, 3, 4], output is 10.

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## Task Description – 3: Few-shot Prompting

**Problem:** Create a function that extracts digits from an alphanumeric string.

## Prompt Used (Few-shot)

"Extract digits from an alphanumeric string.\n Examples:\n Input: 'a1b2c3' → Output: '123'\n Input: 'x9y8z' → Output: '98'\n Input: 'abc123' → Output: '123'"

## Python Code:

```
def extract_digits(text):
    digits = ''
    for ch in text:
        if ch.isdigit():
            digits += ch
    return digits
```

## Output

Returns only the numeric characters from the input string.

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## Task Description – 4: Zero-shot vs Few-shot Comparison

**Problem:** Generate a function that counts the number of vowels in a string.

## Zero-shot Prompt

"Write a Python function to count the number of vowels in a string."

```
def count_vowels_zero(s):
    vowels = 'aeiouAEIOU'
    count = 0
    for ch in s:
        if ch in vowels:
            count += 1
    return count
```

## Few-shot Prompt

"Count vowels in a string.\n Examples:\n Input: 'hello' → Output: 2\n Input: 'AI Model' → Output: 4\n Input: 'xyz' → Output: 0"

```
def count_vowels_few(s):
    vowels = 'aeiouAEIOU'
    return sum(1 for ch in s if ch in vowels)
```

## Comparison & Explanation

- Zero-shot produced a correct but more verbose solution.

- Few-shot produced a concise and optimized solution.
- Examples helped the model understand edge cases and improve efficiency.

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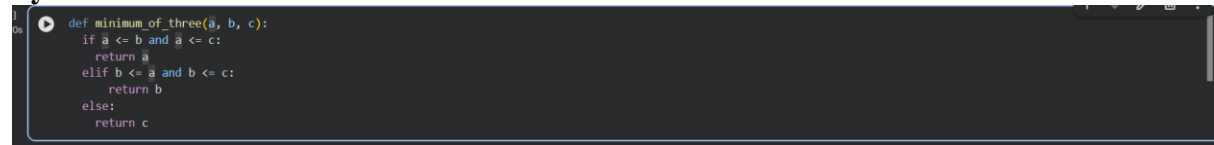
## Task Description – 5: Few-shot Prompting

**Problem:** Determine the minimum of three numbers without using min().

### Prompt Used (Few-shot)

"Find the minimum of three numbers without using built-in functions.\nExamples:\nInput: (3, 5, 1) → Output: 1\nInput: (10, 2, 7) → Output: 2\nInput: (4, 4, 9) → Output: 4"

### Python Code:



```
def minimum_of_three(a, b, c):  
    if a <= b and a <= c:  
        return a  
    elif b <= a and b <= c:  
        return b  
    else:  
        return c
```

### Output

Correctly returns the minimum value for all input combinations.

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## Conclusion

This lab demonstrated that:

- Zero-shot prompting works well for simple tasks.
- One-shot prompting helps align logic with expected output.
- Few-shot prompting significantly improves accuracy, structure, and optimization.
- Providing examples enhances AI understanding and output quality.