

# **School of Computer Science and Artificial Intelligence**

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## **Lab Assignment # 4.2**

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**Program : B. Tech (CSE)**

**Specialization : AIML**

**Course Title : AI Assisted**

**Coding Course Code: 23CS002PC304**

**Semester : VI**

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**Batch No. : 33**

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# Lab 4: Advanced Prompt Engineering – Zero-shot, One-shot, and Few-shot Techniques

## Lab Objectives

- To explore and apply different levels of prompt examples in AI-assisted code generation.
- To understand how zero-shot, one-shot, and few-shot prompting affect AI output quality.
- To evaluate the impact of context richness and example quantity on AI performance.
- To build awareness of prompt strategy effectiveness for different problem types.

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## Lab Outcomes (LOs)

After completing this lab, students will be able to:

- Use zero-shot prompting to instruct AI with minimal context.
- Use one-shot prompting with a single example to guide AI code generation.
- Apply few-shot prompting using multiple examples to improve AI responses.
- Compare AI outputs across the three prompting strategies.

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## Task Description – 1: Zero-shot Prompting

**Problem:** Write a Python function to determine whether a given number is prime.

### Prompt Used (Zero-shot)

"Write a Python function to check whether a given number is prime."

### Python Code:

```
[1] ✓ 0s
▶ def is_prime(n):
    if n <= 1:
        return False
    for i in range(2, int(n ** 0.5) + 1):
        if n % i == 0:
            return False
    return True
```

### Output

Returns True if the number is prime, otherwise False.

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## Task Description – 2: One-shot Prompting

**Problem:** Generate a function that calculates the sum of elements in a list.

### Prompt Used (One-shot)

"Write a Python function that returns the sum of all elements in a list.\nExample:\nInput: [1, 2, 3, 4]\nOutput: 10"

### Python Code:

```
[1] 0s def list_sum(arr):
    total = 0
    for num in arr:
        total += num
    return total
```

### Output

For input [1, 2, 3, 4], output is 10.

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## Task Description – 3: Few-shot Prompting

**Problem:** Create a function that extracts digits from an alphanumeric string.

### Prompt Used (Few-shot)

"Extract digits from an alphanumeric string.\nExamples:\nInput: 'a1b2c3' → Output: '123'\nInput: 'x9y8z' → Output: '98'\nInput: 'abc123' → Output: '123'"

### Python Code:

```
[2] 0s def extract_digits(text):
    digits = ''
    for ch in text:
        if ch.isdigit():
            digits += ch
    return digits
```

### Output

Returns only the numeric characters from the input string.

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## Task Description – 4: Zero-shot vs Few-shot Comparison

**Problem:** Generate a function that counts the number of vowels in a string.

### Zero-shot Prompt

"Write a Python function to count the number of vowels in a string."

```
[3] 0s def count_vowels_zero(s):
    vowels = 'aeiouAEIOU'
    count = 0
    for ch in s:
        if ch in vowels:
            count += 1
    return count
```

### Few-shot Prompt

"Count vowels in a string.\nExamples:\nInput: 'hello' → Output: 2\nInput: 'AI Model' →\nOutput: 4\nInput: 'xyz' → Output: 0"

```
[4] 0s def count_vowels_few(s):
    vowels = 'aeiouAEIOU'
    return sum(1 for ch in s if ch in vowels)
```

### Comparison & Explanation

- Zero-shot produced a correct but more verbose solution.

- Few-shot produced a concise and optimized solution.
- Examples helped the model understand edge cases and improve efficiency.

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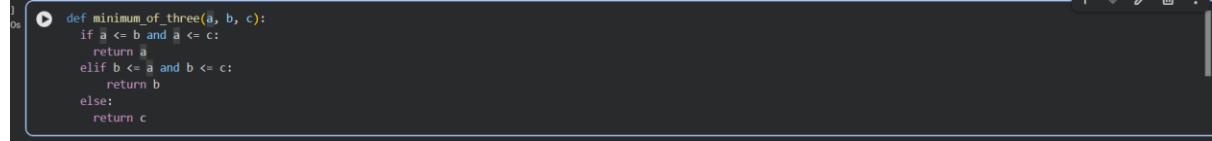
## Task Description – 5: Few-shot Prompting

**Problem:** Determine the minimum of three numbers without using min().

### Prompt Used (Few-shot)

"Find the minimum of three numbers without using built-in functions.\nExamples:\nInput: (3, 5, 1) → Output: 1\nInput: (10, 2, 7) → Output: 2\nInput: (4, 4, 9) → Output: 4"

### Python Code:



```
def minimum_of_three(a, b, c):
    if a <= b and a <= c:
        return a
    elif b <= a and b <= c:
        return b
    else:
        return c
```

### Output

Correctly returns the minimum value for all input combinations.

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## Conclusion

This lab demonstrated that:

- Zero-shot prompting works well for simple tasks.
- One-shot prompting helps align logic with expected output.
- Few-shot prompting significantly improves accuracy, structure, and optimization.
- Providing examples enhances AI understanding and output quality.