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**Task 1: AI-Generated Logic for Reading Consumer Details Scenario**

**Prompt:**

Write a Python program (no functions) to read electricity\_data.csv from Google Colab, validate that current units are greater than or equal to previous units, calculate units consumed, and display consumer ID, customer type, previous units, current units, and units consumed in a clear format.

**Updated Prompt:**

Enhance the existing Python program by adding logic to detect unusual conditions such as high electricity usage or invalid readings, without changing the current output format. Display a simple informational flag after each consumer's details while keeping all original output lines unchanged.

**Code:**

```
import pandas as pd

print("Electricity Billing System - Reading data from 'electricity_data.csv'\n")

# Read the CSV file into a DataFrame
try:
    df = pd.read_csv('electricity_data.csv')
    print("Successfully read data from 'electricity_data.csv'.")
    print("--- Original Data Preview ---")
    display(df.head())
    print("\n--- Processing Electricity Consumer Data ---\n")

except FileNotFoundError:
    print("Error: 'electricity_data.csv' not found. Please ensure the file is uploaded to the Colab environment.")
    # Exit the program gracefully if the file is not found
    # In a notebook environment, 'exit()' would terminate the kernel, so we'll just print an error and stop processing.
    df = pd.DataFrame() # Create an empty DataFrame to prevent further errors

# Define thresholds for bill categories
LOW_CONSUMPTION_THRESHOLD = 70
MEDIUM_CONSUMPTION_THRESHOLD = 150 # Upper bound for Medium category

# Check if the DataFrame is empty (e.g., if file was not found)
if not df.empty:
    # Iterate through each row of the DataFrame using .itertuples() for efficiency
    # We are iterating directly within the main program structure as requested, no functions.
    for row in df.itertuples(index=False): # index=False to access columns by name
        consumer_id = row.Consumer_ID
        customer_type = row.Customer_Type
        previous_units = row.Previous_Units
        current_units = row.Current_Units
```

```

print(f"--- Consumer ID: {consumer_id} ---")

# Validate Current Units vs. Previous Units
if current_units < previous_units:
    print(f"Validation Error: Current Units ({current_units}) cannot be
less than Previous Units ({previous_units}) for this consumer.")
    print("-----\n")
    continue # Skip to the next consumer if validation fails

# Calculate Units Consumed
units_consumed = current_units - previous_units

# Determine Estimated Bill Category
estimated_bill_category = ""
if units_consumed <= LOW_CONSUMPTION_THRESHOLD:
    estimated_bill_category = "Low"
elif units_consumed <= MEDIUM_CONSUMPTION_THRESHOLD:
    estimated_bill_category = "Medium"
else:
    estimated_bill_category = "High"

# Display Results (Original output lines remain intact)
print(f"Customer Type: {customer_type}")
print(f"Previous Units (PU): {previous_units}")
print(f"Current Units (CU): {current_units}")
print(f"Units Consumed: {units_consumed}")

# Add Estimated Bill Category as an additional line (no other messages or
alerts)
print(f"Estimated Bill Category: {estimated_bill_category}")

print("-----\n")

print("--- All consumer data processed --- ")

```

#### Output:

```

--- Processing Electricity Consumer Data ---

--- Consumer ID: C001 ---
Customer Type: Domestic
Previous Units (PU): 1200
Current Units (CU): 1285
Units Consumed: 85
Estimated Bill Category: Medium
-----

--- Consumer ID: C002 ---
Customer Type: Commercial
Previous Units (PU): 5400
Current Units (CU): 5520
Units Consumed: 120
Estimated Bill Category: Medium
-----

```

```
*** Electricity Billing System - Reading data from 'electricity_data.csv'
```

```
Successfully read data from 'electricity_data.csv'.
```

```
--- Original Data Preview ---
```

	Consumer_ID	Customer_Type	Previous_Units	Current_Units
0	C001	Domestic	1200	1285
1	C002	Commercial	5400	5520
2	C003	Domestic	800	865
3	C004	Domestic	2300	2410
4	C005	Commercial	4100	4260



#### Explanation:

The program reads electricity consumer data from a CSV file and displays the details for each consumer. It validates the meter readings by ensuring that the current units are greater than or equal to the previous units. After validation, it calculates the units consumed and presents the results in a structured and readable format.

#### Task 2: Energy Charges Calculation Based on Units Consumed Scenario

##### Prompt:

Write a Python program to read electricity consumer data from electricity\_data2.csv and calculate Energy Charges based on units consumed. Use clear and optimized conditional statements for Domestic, Commercial, and Industrial consumers, and display the results in a readable format.

##### Code:

```
import csv

class ElectricityChargeCalculator:
    """Calculate energy charges based on consumer type and units consumed."""

    # Define tariff rates for different consumer types (per unit in currency)
    TARIFF_RATES = {
        'Domestic': [
            (100, 3.50),      # 0-100 units: Rs 3.50 per unit
            (200, 4.00),      # 101-200 units: Rs 4.00 per unit
            (float('inf'), 5.50) # Above 200 units: Rs 5.50 per unit
        ],
        'Commercial': [
            (150, 5.00),      # 0-150 units: Rs 5.00 per unit
            (300, 6.50),      # 151-300 units: Rs 6.50 per unit
            (float('inf'), 8.00) # Above 300 units: Rs 8.00 per unit
        ],
        'Industrial': [
            (500, 4.50),      # 0-500 units: Rs 4.50 per unit
            (1000, 5.50),     # 501-1000 units: Rs 5.50 per unit
            (float('inf'), 7.00) # Above 1000 units: Rs 7.00 per unit
        ]
    }

    @staticmethod
```

```

def calculate_charge(units, customer_type):
    """
    Calculate energy charge based on units consumed and customer type.

    Args:
        units (int): Number of units consumed
        customer_type (str): Type of customer (Domestic, Commercial, Industrial)

    Returns:
        float: Total energy charge
    """
    charge = 0
    tariff_slabs = ElectricityChargeCalculator.TARIFF_RATES.get(customer_type)

    if not tariff_slabs:
        raise ValueError(f"Invalid customer type: {customer_type}")

    remaining_units = units
    previous_limit = 0

    for limit, rate in tariff_slabs:
        if remaining_units <= 0:
            break

        current_limit = min(limit, limit)
        units_in_slab = min(remaining_units, current_limit - previous_limit)
        charge += units_in_slab * rate
        remaining_units -= units_in_slab
        previous_limit = current_limit

    return round(charge, 2)

@staticmethod
def process_file(filename):
    """
    Read electricity data from CSV and calculate charges.

    Args:
        filename (str): Path to the CSV file

    Returns:
        list: List of dictionaries with consumer data and calculated charges
    """
    results = []

    try:
        with open(filename, 'r', newline='') as csvfile:
            reader = csv.DictReader(csvfile)

            for row in reader:
                try:
                    consumer_id = row['Consumer_ID']
                    customer_type = row['Customer_Type']
                    previous_units = int(row['Previous_Units'])

```

```

        current_units = int(row['Current_Units'])

        # Calculate units consumed in the billing period
        units_consumed = current_units - previous_units

        # Calculate energy charge
        energy_charge = ElectricityChargeCalculator.calculate_charge(
            units_consumed, customer_type
        )

        results.append({
            'Consumer_ID': consumer_id,
            'Customer_Type': customer_type,
            'Units_Consumed': units_consumed,
            'Energy_Charge': f"₹{energy_charge:.2f}"
        })
    except ValueError as e:
        print(f"Warning: Skipping row with invalid data: {row}")

except FileNotFoundError:
    print(f"Error: File '{filename}' not found.")
    return []
except Exception as e:
    print(f"Error reading file: {e}")
    return []

return results

@staticmethod
def display_results(results):
    """
    Display results in a well-formatted table.

    Args:
        results (list): List of dictionaries with calculation results
    """
    if not results:
        print("No data to display.")
        return

    print("\n" + "="*80)
    print("ELECTRICITY CHARGE CALCULATION REPORT")
    print("="*80)
    print()

    # Display table header
    print(f"{'Consumer ID':<15} {'Customer Type':<18} {'Units Consumed':<20} {'Energy Charge':<15}")
    print("-" * 80)

    # Display each row
    for r in results:
        print(f"{'Consumer_ID':<15} {'Customer_Type':<18} {'Units_Consumed':<20} {'Energy_Charge':<15}")

```

```

print()

# Display summary statistics
print("="*80)
print("SUMMARY STATISTICS")
print("="*80)

total_units = sum(r['Units_Consumed'] for r in results)
total_charge = sum(
    float(r['Energy_Charge'].replace('₹', '')) for r in results
)

consumer_types = {}
for r in results:
    ctype = r['Customer_Type']
    if ctype not in consumer_types:
        consumer_types[ctype] = {'count': 0, 'units': 0, 'charge': 0}
    consumer_types[ctype]['count'] += 1
    consumer_types[ctype]['units'] += r['Units_Consumed']
    consumer_types[ctype]['charge'] += float(r['Energy_Charge'].replace('₹', ''))

print(f"Total Consumers: {len(results)}")
print(f"Total Units Consumed: {total_units:,}")
print(f"Total Energy Charge: ₹{total_charge:.2f}")
print()

print("Breakdown by Customer Type:")
print("-" * 80)
for ctype, data in sorted(consumer_types.items()):
    print(f"  {ctype:12} - Count: {data['count']:3} | Units: {data['units']:6,} | "
          f"Charge: ₹{data['charge']:10,.2f}")
print()

def main():
    """Main function to run the electricity charge calculation."""
    filename = 'electricity_data2.csv'

    # Process the file
    calculator = ElectricityChargeCalculator()
    results = calculator.process_file(filename)

    # Display results
    if results:
        calculator.display_results(results)
    else:
        print("No data was processed.")

if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()

```

## Output:

Consumer ID	Customer Type	Units Consumed	Energy Charge
C001	Domestic	85	₹297.50
C002	Commercial	120	₹600.00
C003	Domestic	65	₹227.50
C004	Domestic	110	₹390.00
C005	Commercial	160	₹815.00
C006	Domestic	60	₹210.00
C007	Domestic	60	₹210.00
C008	Commercial	185	₹977.50
C009	Domestic	50	₹175.00
C010	Commercial	190	₹1010.00
C011	Domestic	75	₹262.50
C012	Commercial	125	₹625.00
C013	Domestic	70	₹245.00
C014	Domestic	120	₹430.00
C015	Commercial	180	₹945.00
C016	Domestic	55	₹192.50
C017	Domestic	70	₹245.00
C018	Commercial	180	₹945.00
C019	Domestic	70	₹245.00
C020	Commercial	195	₹1042.50
C021	Industrial	300	₹1350.00
C022	Industrial	550	₹2525.00
C023	Industrial	450	₹2025.00

SUMMARY STATISTICS			
Total Consumers: 23			
Total Units Consumed: 3,525			
Total Energy Charge: ₹15990.00			
Breakdown by Customer Type:			
Commercial	- Count:	8	Units: 1,335   Charge: ₹ 6,960.00
Domestic	- Count:	12	Units: 890   Charge: ₹ 3,130.00
Industrial	- Count:	3	Units: 1,300   Charge: ₹ 5,900.00

## Explanation:

This program reads electricity consumer data from a CSV file and calculates energy charges based on units consumed. Conditional logic is applied for Domestic, Commercial, and Industrial consumers to ensure accurate billing. AI-assisted coding techniques were used to simplify and optimize the calculation logic while maintaining clear and readable output.

## Task 3: Modular Design Using AI Assistance (Using Functions) Scenario

### Prompt:

Write a Python program using user-defined functions to calculate Energy Charges and Fixed Charges by reading consumer data from electricity\_data3.csv. Return the calculated values, include meaningful comments, and display correct billing results for Domestic, Commercial, and Industrial consumers.

### Code:

```

"""
Electricity Billing System
This program calculates energy charges and fixed charges for electricity consumers
based on their consumption and customer type using user-defined functions.
"""

import csv

# =====
# TARIFF CONFIGURATION - Define rates for different consumer types
# =====

# Energy Charge Tariff (per unit) - tiered pricing based on units consumed
ENERGY_TARIFF = {
    'Domestic': [
        (100, 3.50),          # 0-100 units: Rs 3.50 per unit
        (200, 4.00),          # 101-200 units: Rs 4.00 per unit
        (float('inf'), 5.50)  # Above 200 units: Rs 5.50 per unit
    ],
    'Commercial': [
        (150, 5.00),          # 0-150 units: Rs 5.00 per unit
        (300, 6.50),          # 151-300 units: Rs 6.50 per unit
        (float('inf'), 8.00)  # Above 300 units: Rs 8.00 per unit
    ],
    'Industrial': [
        (500, 4.50),          # 0-500 units: Rs 4.50 per unit
        (1000, 5.50),         # 501-1000 units: Rs 5.50 per unit
        (float('inf'), 7.00)  # Above 1000 units: Rs 7.00 per unit
    ]
}

# Fixed Charges (monthly) - depends on consumer type
FIXED_CHARGES = {
    'Domestic': 50.00,        # Fixed charge for domestic consumers: Rs 50
    'Commercial': 150.00,     # Fixed charge for commercial consumers: Rs 150
    'Industrial': 500.00      # Fixed charge for industrial consumers: Rs 500
}

# =====
# USER-DEFINED FUNCTIONS FOR CALCULATIONS
# =====

def calculate_units_consumed(previous_units, current_units):
    """
    Calculate the units consumed in the billing period.

    Args:
        previous_units (int): Meter reading from previous billing cycle
        current_units (int): Meter reading from current billing cycle

    Returns:
        int: Units consumed during the billing period
    """

```



```

    """
    return current_units - previous_units

def calculate_energy_charge(units_consumed, customer_type):
    """
    Calculate energy charge based on tiered tariff rates.
    Uses different slab rates for each customer type.

    Args:
        units_consumed (int): Number of units consumed
        customer_type (str): Type of customer (Domestic, Commercial, Industrial)

    Returns:
        float: Total energy charge calculated

    Raises:
        ValueError: If customer type is invalid
    """
    # Validate customer type
    if customer_type not in ENERGY_TARIFF:
        raise ValueError(f"Invalid customer type: {customer_type}")

    energy_charge = 0.0
    tariff_slabs = ENERGY_TARIFF[customer_type]
    remaining_units = units_consumed
    previous_limit = 0

    # Iterate through each tariff slab and calculate charges
    for slab_limit, rate_per_unit in tariff_slabs:
        if remaining_units <= 0:
            break

        # Calculate units in current slab
        current_slab_units = min(remaining_units, slab_limit - previous_limit)

        # Add charge for units in current slab
        energy_charge += current_slab_units * rate_per_unit

        # Update remaining units and previous limit
        remaining_units -= current_slab_units
        previous_limit = slab_limit

    return round(energy_charge, 2)

def calculate_fixed_charge(customer_type):
    """
    Retrieve the fixed monthly charge for a customer type.

    Args:
        customer_type (str): Type of customer (Domestic, Commercial, Industrial)

    Returns:

```

```

        float: Fixed charge amount

    Raises:
        ValueError: If customer type is invalid
    """
    # Check if customer type exists in the fixed charges dictionary
    if customer_type not in FIXED_CHARGES:
        raise ValueError(f"Invalid customer type: {customer_type}")

    return FIXED_CHARGES[customer_type]

def calculate_total_bill(energy_charge, fixed_charge):
    """
    Calculate total bill amount.

    Args:
        energy_charge (float): Energy consumption charge
        fixed_charge (float): Fixed monthly charge

    Returns:
        float: Total bill amount (energy charge + fixed charge)
    """
    return round(energy_charge + fixed_charge, 2)

def read_consumer_data(filename):
    """
    Read electricity consumer data from CSV file and process each record.

    Args:
        filename (str): Path to the CSV file containing consumer data

    Returns:
        list: List of dictionaries containing consumer billing information
    """
    billing_records = []

    try:
        with open(filename, 'r', newline='', encoding='utf-8') as csvfile:
            reader = csv.DictReader(csvfile)

            # Process each row in the CSV file
            for row_number, row in enumerate(reader, start=2): # Start from 2 (after
header)
                try:
                    # Extract data from CSV row
                    consumer_id = row['Consumer_ID'].strip()
                    customer_type = row['Customer_Type'].strip()
                    previous_units = int(row['Previous_Units'])
                    current_units = int(row['Current_Units'])

                    # Validate data
                    if current_units < previous_units:

```

```

        print(f"Warning (Row {row_number}): Current units less than
previous units for {consumer_id}")
        continue

    # Calculate billing components
    units_consumed = calculate_units_consumed(previous_units,
current_units)

    energy_charge = calculate_energy_charge(units_consumed, customer_type)
    fixed_charge = calculate_fixed_charge(customer_type)
    total_bill = calculate_total_bill(energy_charge, fixed_charge)

    # Store billing record
    billing_records.append({
        'Consumer_ID': consumer_id,
        'Customer_Type': customer_type,
        'Previous_Units': previous_units,
        'Current_Units': current_units,
        'Units_Consumed': units_consumed,
        'Energy_Charge': energy_charge,
        'Fixed_Charge': fixed_charge,
        'Total_Bill': total_bill
    })

except ValueError as e:
    print(f"Warning (Row {row_number}): Invalid data format - {e}")
    continue
except KeyError as e:
    print(f"Warning (Row {row_number}): Missing field {e}")
    continue

    return billing_records

except FileNotFoundError:
    print(f"Error: File '{filename}' not found.")
    return []
except Exception as e:
    print(f"Error reading file: {e}")
    return []

def display_billing_report(billing_records):
    """
    Display a formatted billing report with all consumer details.

    Args:
        billing_records (list): List of billing record dictionaries
    """
    if not billing_records:
        print("No billing records to display.")
        return

    # Display report header
    print("\n" + "="*120)
    print("ELECTRICITY BILLING REPORT - DETAILED CHARGES")

```

```

print("="*120)
print()

# Display table header with column alignment
header = (
    f"{'Consumer ID':<12} | {'Type':<12} | "
    f"{'Previous':<10} {'Current':<10} {'Consumed':<10} | "
    f"{'Energy Charge':<15} {'Fixed Charge':<15} {'Total Bill':<15}"
)
print(header)
print("-"*120)

# Display each billing record
for record in billing_records:
    line = (
        f"{record['Consumer_ID']:<12} | {record['Customer_Type']:<12} | "
        f"{record['Previous_Units']:<10} {record['Current_Units']:<10} "
        f"{record['Units_Consumed']:<10} | "
        f"₹{record['Energy_Charge']:<14.2f} ₹{record['Fixed_Charge']:<14.2f} "
        f"₹{record['Total_Bill']:<14.2f}"
    )
    print(line)

print()

def display_summary_statistics(billing_records):
    """
    Display summary statistics and breakdown by customer type.

    Args:
        billing_records (list): List of billing record dictionaries
    """
    if not billing_records:
        return

    # Calculate aggregate statistics
    total_consumers = len(billing_records)
    total_units = sum(r['Units_Consumed'] for r in billing_records)
    total_energy_charge = sum(r['Energy_Charge'] for r in billing_records)
    total_fixed_charge = sum(r['Fixed_Charge'] for r in billing_records)
    total_revenue = sum(r['Total_Bill'] for r in billing_records)

    # Display summary header
    print("="*120)
    print("SUMMARY STATISTICS")
    print("="*120)
    print(f"Total Consumers Billed: {total_consumers}")
    print(f"Total Units Consumed: {total_units:,}")
    print(f"Total Energy Charges: ₹{total_energy_charge:,.2f}")
    print(f"Total Fixed Charges: ₹{total_fixed_charge:,.2f}")
    print(f"Total Revenue Generated: ₹{total_revenue:,.2f}")
    print()

```

```

# Calculate and display breakdown by customer type
customer_breakdown = {}
for record in billing_records:
    ctype = record['Customer_Type']
    if ctype not in customer_breakdown:
        customer_breakdown[ctype] = {
            'count': 0,
            'units': 0,
            'energy': 0,
            'fixed': 0,
            'total': 0
        }

    customer_breakdown[ctype]['count'] += 1
    customer_breakdown[ctype]['units'] += record['Units_Consumed']
    customer_breakdown[ctype]['energy'] += record['Energy_Charge']
    customer_breakdown[ctype]['fixed'] += record['Fixed_Charge']
    customer_breakdown[ctype]['total'] += record['Total_Bill']

# Display breakdown table
print("BREAKDOWN BY CUSTOMER TYPE:")
print("-"*120)
print(f"{'Customer_Type':<15} {'Count':<8} {'Units':<12} "
      f"{'Energy_Charge':<18} {'Fixed_Charge':<18} {'Total_Revenue':<18}")
print("-"*120)

for ctype in sorted(customer_breakdown.keys()):
    data = customer_breakdown[ctype]
    print(
        f"{ctype:<15} {data['count']:<8} {data['units']:<12,} "
        f"₹{data['energy']:<17,.2f} ₹{data['fixed']:<17,.2f} "
        f"₹{data['total']:<17,.2f}"
    )

print()

# =====
# MAIN PROGRAM EXECUTION
# =====

def main():
    """
    Main function to orchestrate the billing calculation and reporting process.
    """
    print("\n" + "="*120)
    print("ELECTRICITY BILLING SYSTEM")
    print("="*120)

    # Define input file
    input_file = 'electricity_data3.csv'

    # Read consumer data and calculate bills
    print(f"\nReading consumer data from '{input_file}'...")

```

```

billing_records = read_consumer_data(input_file)

if not billing_records:
    print("No billing records were processed.")
    return

print(f"Successfully processed {len(billing_records)} consumer records.\n")

# Display detailed billing report
display_billing_report(billing_records)

# Display summary statistics
display_summary_statistics(billing_records)

print("="*120)
print("Report generated successfully!")
print("="*120 + "\n")

# =====
# SCRIPT ENTRY POINT
# =====

if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()

```

## Output:

```

(.venv) PS C:\Users\lilac\OneDrive\Desktop\AI-Assisted-Coding> & C:/Users/lilac/OneDrive/Desktop/AI-Assisted-Coding/.venv/Scripts/python.exe c:/Users/lilac/OneDrive/Desktop/AI-Assisted-Coding/electricity_billing_system.py

```

```

=====
ELECTRICITY BILLING SYSTEM
=====

Reading consumer data from 'electricity_data3.csv'...
Successfully processed 23 consumer records.

=====
ELECTRICITY BILLING REPORT - DETAILED CHARGES
=====

```

Consumer ID	Type	Previous	Current	Consumed	Energy Charge	Fixed Charge	Total Bill
C001	Domestic	1200	1285	85	₹297.50	₹50.00	₹347.50
C002	Commercial	5400	5520	120	₹600.00	₹150.00	₹750.00
C003	Domestic	800	865	65	₹227.50	₹50.00	₹277.50
C004	Domestic	2300	2410	110	₹390.00	₹50.00	₹440.00
C005	Commercial	4100	4260	160	₹815.00	₹150.00	₹965.00
C006	Domestic	150	210	60	₹210.00	₹50.00	₹260.00
C007	Domestic	980	1040	60	₹210.00	₹50.00	₹260.00
C008	Commercial	3000	3185	185	₹977.50	₹150.00	₹1127.50
C009	Domestic	450	500	50	₹175.00	₹50.00	₹225.00
C010	Commercial	6700	6890	190	₹1010.00	₹150.00	₹1160.00
C011	Domestic	1120	1195	75	₹262.50	₹50.00	₹312.50
C012	Commercial	2500	2625	125	₹625.00	₹150.00	₹775.00
C013	Domestic	760	830	70	₹245.00	₹50.00	₹295.00
C014	Domestic	1900	2020	120	₹430.00	₹50.00	₹480.00
C015	Commercial	5200	5380	180	₹945.00	₹150.00	₹1095.00
C016	Domestic	340	395	55	₹192.50	₹50.00	₹242.50
C017	Domestic	880	950	70	₹245.00	₹50.00	₹295.00
C018	Commercial	4600	4780	180	₹945.00	₹150.00	₹1095.00
C019	Domestic	1020	1090	70	₹245.00	₹50.00	₹295.00
C020	Commercial	6100	6295	195	₹1042.50	₹150.00	₹1192.50
C021	Industrial	8000	8300	300	₹1350.00	₹500.00	₹1850.00
C022	Industrial	12000	12550	550	₹2525.00	₹500.00	₹3025.00
C023	Industrial	5000	5450	450	₹2025.00	₹500.00	₹2525.00

```
C021      | Industrial | 8000      8300      300      | ₹1350.00    ₹500.00    ₹1850.00
C022      | Industrial | 12000     12550     550      | ₹2525.00    ₹500.00    ₹3025.00
C023      | Industrial | 5000      5450      450      | ₹2025.00    ₹500.00    ₹2525.00

=====
SUMMARY STATISTICS
=====
Total Consumers Billed: 23
Total Units Consumed: 3,525
Total Energy Charges: ₹15,990.00
Total Fixed Charges: ₹3,300.00
Total Revenue Generated: ₹19,290.00

BREAKDOWN BY CUSTOMER TYPE:
Total Revenue Generated: ₹19,290.00

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BREAKDOWN BY CUSTOMER TYPE:
-----
Customer Type  Count  Units      Energy Charge  Fixed Charge  Total Revenue
-----
Commercial      8      1,335      ₹6,960.00      ₹1,200.00      ₹8,160.00
Total Revenue Generated: ₹19,290.00

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BREAKDOWN BY CUSTOMER TYPE:
-----
Customer Type  Count  Units      Energy Charge  Fixed Charge  Total Revenue
-----
Commercial      8      1,335      ₹6,960.00      ₹1,200.00      ₹8,160.00
Domestic        12     890       ₹3,130.00      ₹600.00       ₹3,730.00
Industrial       3      1,300      ₹5,900.00      ₹1,500.00      ₹7,400.00

=====
Report generated successfully!
=====

(.venv) PS C:\Users\lilac\OneDrive\Desktop\AI-Assisted-Coding> █
```

**Explanation:**

This program uses user-defined functions to calculate Energy Charges and Fixed Charges, making the billing logic reusable. Consumer data is read from a CSV file, and functions return calculated values based on customer type and units consumed. AI-assisted coding was used to simplify and modularize the billing logic.

#### Task 4: Calculation of Additional Charges Scenario

##### Prompt:

Write a Python program to read consumer data from electricity\_data4.csv and calculate Fixed Charges, Customer Charges, and Electricity Duty (as a percentage of Energy Charges). Display each charge separately with accurate intermediate results in a clear and well-structured billing output.

##### Code:

```
"""
Advanced Electricity Billing System
This program calculates Fixed Charges, Customer Charges, and Electricity Duty
with detailed intermediate billing results for all consumer types.
"""

import csv
from datetime import datetime

# =====
# BILLING CONFIGURATION - Tariff rates and charges
# =====

# Energy Charge Tariff (per unit) - tiered pricing for different consumer types
ENERGY_TARIFF = {
    'Domestic': [
        (100, 3.50),          # 0-100 units: Rs 3.50 per unit
        (200, 4.00),          # 101-200 units: Rs 4.00 per unit
        (float('inf'), 5.50)  # Above 200 units: Rs 5.50 per unit
    ],
    'Commercial': [
        (150, 5.00),          # 0-150 units: Rs 5.00 per unit
        (300, 6.50),          # 151-300 units: Rs 6.50 per unit
        (float('inf'), 8.00)  # Above 300 units: Rs 8.00 per unit
    ],
    'Industrial': [
        (500, 4.50),          # 0-500 units: Rs 4.50 per unit
        (1000, 5.50),         # 501-1000 units: Rs 5.50 per unit
        (float('inf'), 7.00)  # Above 1000 units: Rs 7.00 per unit
    ]
}

# Fixed Charges (monthly) - base charge for each customer type
FIXED_CHARGES = {
    'Domestic': 50.00,        # Monthly fixed charge for domestic consumers: Rs 50
    'Commercial': 150.00,     # Monthly fixed charge for commercial consumers: Rs 150
    'Industrial': 500.00      # Monthly fixed charge for industrial consumers: Rs 500
}

# Customer Charges (per consumer account) - service maintenance charge
CUSTOMER_CHARGES = {
    'Domestic': 25.00,        # Customer service charge for domestic: Rs 25
    'Commercial': 75.00,      # Customer service charge for commercial: Rs 75
    'Industrial': 200.00      # Customer service charge for industrial: Rs 200
}
```



```

}

# Electricity Duty - calculated as percentage of energy charges
ELECTRICITY_DUTY_PERCENTAGE = {
    'Domestic': 5.0,           # 5% duty on energy charges for domestic
    'Commercial': 10.0,       # 10% duty on energy charges for commercial
    'Industrial': 15.0        # 15% duty on energy charges for industrial
}

# =====
# BILLING CALCULATION FUNCTIONS
# =====

def calculate_units_consumed(previous_units, current_units):
    """
    Calculate the units consumed in the billing period.

    Args:
        previous_units (int): Meter reading from previous billing cycle
        current_units (int): Meter reading from current billing cycle

    Returns:
        int: Units consumed during the billing period
    """
    units = current_units - previous_units
    return max(0, units) # Ensure non-negative units

def calculate_energy_charge(units_consumed, customer_type):
    """
    Calculate energy charge using tiered tariff rates.
    Applies different slab rates based on customer type.

    Args:
        units_consumed (int): Number of units consumed
        customer_type (str): Type of customer (Domestic, Commercial, Industrial)

    Returns:
        float: Total energy charge calculated

    Raises:
        ValueError: If customer type is invalid
    """
    # Validate customer type
    if customer_type not in ENERGY_TARIFF:
        raise ValueError(f"Invalid customer type: {customer_type}")

    energy_charge = 0.0
    tariff_slabs = ENERGY_TARIFF[customer_type]
    remaining_units = units_consumed
    previous_limit = 0

    # Iterate through each tariff slab and calculate charges

```

```

for slab_limit, rate_per_unit in tariff_slabs:
    if remaining_units <= 0:
        break

    # Calculate units in current slab
    current_slab_units = min(remaining_units, slab_limit - previous_limit)

    # Add charge for units in current slab
    energy_charge += current_slab_units * rate_per_unit

    # Update remaining units and previous limit
    remaining_units -= current_slab_units
    previous_limit = slab_limit

return round(energy_charge, 2)

def calculate_fixed_charge(customer_type):
    """
    Retrieve the fixed monthly charge for a customer type.
    This is the base charge regardless of units consumed.

    Args:
        customer_type (str): Type of customer (Domestic, Commercial, Industrial)

    Returns:
        float: Fixed charge amount

    Raises:
        ValueError: If customer type is invalid
    """
    if customer_type not in FIXED_CHARGES:
        raise ValueError(f"Invalid customer type: {customer_type}")

    return FIXED_CHARGES[customer_type]

def calculate_customer_charge(customer_type):
    """
    Calculate customer service maintenance charge.
    This is a separate charge for account maintenance and customer service.

    Args:
        customer_type (str): Type of customer (Domestic, Commercial, Industrial)

    Returns:
        float: Customer service charge amount

    Raises:
        ValueError: If customer type is invalid
    """
    if customer_type not in CUSTOMER_CHARGES:
        raise ValueError(f"Invalid customer type: {customer_type}")

```

```

    return CUSTOMER_CHARGES[customer_type]

def calculate_electricity_duty(energy_charge, customer_type):
    """
    Calculate electricity duty as a percentage of energy charges.
    Different customer types have different duty percentages.

    Args:
        energy_charge (float): Base energy charge amount
        customer_type (str): Type of customer (Domestic, Commercial, Industrial)

    Returns:
        float: Electricity duty amount

    Raises:
        ValueError: If customer type is invalid
    """
    if customer_type not in ELECTRICITY_DUTY_PERCENTAGE:
        raise ValueError(f"Invalid customer type: {customer_type}")

    # Calculate duty as percentage of energy charge
    duty_percentage = ELECTRICITY_DUTY_PERCENTAGE[customer_type]
    electricity_duty = (energy_charge * duty_percentage) / 100

    return round(electricity_duty, 2)

def calculate_total_bill(energy_charge, fixed_charge, customer_charge, electricity_duty):
    """
    Calculate the total bill amount by summing all charges.

    Args:
        energy_charge (float): Energy consumption charge
        fixed_charge (float): Fixed monthly charge
        customer_charge (float): Customer service charge
        electricity_duty (float): Electricity duty charge

    Returns:
        float: Total bill amount
    """
    total = energy_charge + fixed_charge + customer_charge + electricity_duty
    return round(total, 2)

def read_and_process_consumer_data(filename):
    """
    Read electricity consumer data from CSV file and calculate all billing charges.
    Processes each record and returns comprehensive billing information.

    Args:
        filename (str): Path to the CSV file containing consumer data

    Returns:

```

```

    list: List of dictionaries containing complete billing information
"""
billing_records = []

try:
    with open(filename, 'r', newline='', encoding='utf-8') as csvfile:
        reader = csv.DictReader(csvfile)

        # Process each row in the CSV file
        for row_number, row in enumerate(reader, start=2):
            try:
                # Extract data from CSV row
                consumer_id = row['Consumer_ID'].strip()
                customer_type = row['Customer_Type'].strip()
                previous_units = int(row['Previous_Units'])
                current_units = int(row['Current_Units'])

                # Validate data - current units should not be less than previous
                if current_units < previous_units:
                    print(f"Warning (Row {row_number}): Current units less than
previous for {consumer_id}")
                    continue

                # ===== STEP 1: Calculate Units Consumed =====
                units_consumed = calculate_units_consumed(previous_units,
current_units)

                # ===== STEP 2: Calculate Energy Charge =====
                energy_charge = calculate_energy_charge(units_consumed, customer_type)

                # ===== STEP 3: Calculate Fixed Charge =====
                fixed_charge = calculate_fixed_charge(customer_type)

                # ===== STEP 4: Calculate Customer Charge =====
                customer_charge = calculate_customer_charge(customer_type)

                # ===== STEP 5: Calculate Electricity Duty (% of energy charge) =====
                electricity_duty = calculate_electricity_duty(energy_charge,
customer_type)

                duty_percentage = ELECTRICITY_DUTY_PERCENTAGE[customer_type]

                # ===== STEP 6: Calculate Total Bill =====
                total_bill = calculate_total_bill(
                    energy_charge, fixed_charge, customer_charge, electricity_duty
                )

                # Store complete billing record
                billing_records.append({
                    'Consumer_ID': consumer_id,
                    'Customer_Type': customer_type,
                    'Previous_Units': previous_units,
                    'Current_Units': current_units,
                    'Units_Consumed': units_consumed,
                    'Energy_Charge': energy_charge,

```

```

        'Fixed_Charge': fixed_charge,
        'Customer_Charge': customer_charge,
        'Duty_Percentage': duty_percentage,
        'Electricity_Duty': electricity_duty,
        'Total_Bill': total_bill
    })

    except ValueError as e:
        print(f"Warning (Row {row_number}): Invalid data format - {e}")
        continue
    except KeyError as e:
        print(f"Warning (Row {row_number}): Missing field {e}")
        continue

    return billing_records

except FileNotFoundError:
    print(f"Error: File '{filename}' not found.")
    return []
except Exception as e:
    print(f"Error reading file: {e}")
    return []

# =====
# DISPLAY AND REPORTING FUNCTIONS
# =====

def display_detailed_bill(record):
    """
    Display a detailed bill for a single consumer showing all charge components.

    Args:
        record (dict): Billing record dictionary for one consumer
    """
    print("\n" + "-" * 80)
    print(f"BILL FOR CONSUMER: {record['Consumer_ID']}")
    print(f"({record['Customer_Type'].upper()})")
    print("-" * 80)

    # Display meter readings
    print(f"Previous Meter Reading: {record['Previous_Units']:,} units")
    print(f"Current Meter Reading: {record['Current_Units']:,} units")
    print(f"Units Consumed: {record['Units_Consumed']:,} units")
    print()

    # Display charge breakdown with calculations
    print("CHARGE BREAKDOWN:")
    print("=" * 80)
    print(f"1. Energy Charge: ₹{record['Energy_Charge']:>12,.2f}")
    print(f"    (Based on {record['Units_Consumed']} units consumed at tiered rates)")
    print()
    print(f"2. Fixed Charge: ₹{record['Fixed_Charge']:>12,.2f}")
    print(f"    (Monthly base charge)")

```

```

print()
print(f"3. Customer Charge:      ₹{record['Customer_Charge']:>12,.2f}")
print(f"    (Account maintenance and service)")
print()
print(f"4. Electricity Duty:      ₹{record['Electricity_Duty']:>12,.2f}")
print(f"    ({record['Duty_Percentage']:.1f}% of Energy Charge =
{record['Duty_Percentage']/100:.3f} × ₹{record['Energy_Charge']:.2f})")
print()
print("=" * 80)
print(f"TOTAL BILL AMOUNT:      ₹{record['Total_Bill']:>12,.2f}")
print("=" * 80)

def display_summary_table(billing_records):
    """
    Display a summary table with all billing components for each consumer.

    Args:
        billing_records (list): List of all billing records
    """
    print("\n" + "="*140)
    print("ELECTRICITY BILLING SUMMARY TABLE - ALL CHARGES")
    print("="*140)
    print()

    # Display table header
    header = (
        f"{'Consumer':<12} | {'Type':<12} | {'Units':<8} | "
        f"{'Energy':<14} {'Fixed':<14} {'Customer':<14} {'Duty%':<8} {'Duty':<14} | "
        f"{'Total Bill':<14}"
    )
    print(header)
    print("-"*140)

    # Display each record in table format
    for record in billing_records:
        line = (
            f"{record['Consumer_ID']:<12} | {record['Customer_Type']:<12} | "
            f"{record['Units_Consumed']:<8} | "
            f"₹{record['Energy_Charge']:<13,.2f} ₹{record['Fixed_Charge']:<13,.2f} "
            f"₹{record['Customer_Charge']:<13,.2f} {record['Duty_Percentage']:<7.1f}% "
            f"₹{record['Electricity_Duty']:<13,.2f} | ₹{record['Total_Bill']:<13,.2f}"
        )
        print(line)

    print()

def display_aggregate_statistics(billing_records):
    """
    Display comprehensive aggregate statistics and breakdown by customer type.

    Args:
        billing_records (list): List of all billing records

```

```

"""
print("="*140)
print("AGGREGATE BILLING STATISTICS")
print("="*140)

# Calculate totals
total_consumers = len(billing_records)
total_units = sum(r['Units_Consumed'] for r in billing_records)
total_energy_charge = sum(r['Energy_Charge'] for r in billing_records)
total_fixed_charge = sum(r['Fixed_Charge'] for r in billing_records)
total_customer_charge = sum(r['Customer_Charge'] for r in billing_records)
total_electricity_duty = sum(r['Electricity_Duty'] for r in billing_records)
total_revenue = sum(r['Total_Bill'] for r in billing_records)

# Display overall totals
print(f"\nTotal Consumers Billed:      {total_consumers}")
print(f"Total Units Consumed:      {total_units:,} units")
print()
print("TOTAL CHARGES BREAKDOWN:")
print("-"*140)
print(f"  Energy Charges:           ₹{total_energy_charge:>15,.2f}")
print(f"  Fixed Charges:           ₹{total_fixed_charge:>15,.2f}")
print(f"  Customer Charges:        ₹{total_customer_charge:>15,.2f}")
print(f"  Electricity Duty:        ₹{total_electricity_duty:>15,.2f}")
print("-"*140)
print(f"  TOTAL REVENUE GENERATED: ₹{total_revenue:>15,.2f}")
print()

# Calculate breakdown by customer type
customer_breakdown = {}
for record in billing_records:
    ctype = record['Customer_Type']
    if ctype not in customer_breakdown:
        customer_breakdown[ctype] = {
            'count': 0,
            'units': 0,
            'energy': 0,
            'fixed': 0,
            'customer': 0,
            'duty': 0,
            'total': 0
        }

    customer_breakdown[ctype]['count'] += 1
    customer_breakdown[ctype]['units'] += record['Units_Consumed']
    customer_breakdown[ctype]['energy'] += record['Energy_Charge']
    customer_breakdown[ctype]['fixed'] += record['Fixed_Charge']
    customer_breakdown[ctype]['customer'] += record['Customer_Charge']
    customer_breakdown[ctype]['duty'] += record['Electricity_Duty']
    customer_breakdown[ctype]['total'] += record['Total_Bill']

# Display breakdown table
print("BREAKDOWN BY CUSTOMER TYPE:")
print("-"*140)

```

```

print(f"{'Type':<15} {'Count':<8} {'Units':<12} {'Energy':<15} {'Fixed':<15} "
      f"{'Customer':<15} {'Duty':<15} {'Total Revenue':<15}")
print("-"*140)

for ctype in sorted(customer_breakdown.keys()):
    data = customer_breakdown[ctype]
    print(
        f"{ctype:<15} {data['count']:<8} {data['units']:<12}, "
        f"₹{data['energy']:<14,.2f} ₹{data['fixed']:<14,.2f} "
        f"₹{data['customer']:<14,.2f} "
        f"₹{data['duty']:<14,.2f} ₹{data['total']:<14,.2f}"
    )

    print()

# =====
# MAIN PROGRAM EXECUTION
# =====

def main():
    """
    Main function to orchestrate the complete billing process.
    """

    # Display program header
    print("\n" + "="*140)
    print("ADVANCED ELECTRICITY BILLING SYSTEM")
    print("With Fixed Charges, Customer Charges, and Electricity Duty Calculations")
    print("="*140)
    print(f"Report Generated: {datetime.now().strftime('%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S')}")
    print()

    # Define input file
    input_file = 'electricity_data4.csv'

    # Read and process consumer data
    print(f"Reading consumer data from '{input_file}'...")
    billing_records = read_and_process_consumer_data(input_file)

    if not billing_records:
        print("No billing records were processed.")
        return

    print(f"✓ Successfully processed {len(billing_records)} consumer records.\n")

    # Display summary table
    display_summary_table(billing_records)

    # Display aggregate statistics
    display_aggregate_statistics(billing_records)

    # Display individual detailed bills for first 3 consumers
    print("="*140)
    print("DETAILED BILLS (Sample - First 3 Consumers)")

```



```

print("="*140)
for record in billing_records[:3]:
    display_detailed_bill(record)

if len(billing_records) > 3:
    print(f"\n... and {len(billing_records) - 3} more consumer records in the
database")

print("\n" + "="*140)
print("Report generated successfully!")
print("="*140 + "\n")

# =====
# SCRIPT ENTRY POINT
# =====

if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()

```

## Output:

```

(.venv) PS C:\Users\lilac\OneDrive\Desktop\AI-Assisted-Coding> & C:/Users/lilac/OneDrive/Desktop/AI-Assisted-Coding/.venv/Scripts/py
thon.exe c:/Users/lilac/OneDrive/Desktop/AI-Assisted-Coding/electricity_billing_complete.py

```

```

=====
ADVANCED ELECTRICITY BILLING SYSTEM
With Fixed Charges, Customer Charges, and Electricity Duty Calculations
=====
Report Generated: 2026-01-21 22:30:28

Reading consumer data from 'electricity_data4.csv'...
✓ Successfully processed 23 consumer records.

=====
ELECTRICITY BILLING SUMMARY TABLE - ALL CHARGES
=====

```

Consumer	Type	Units	Energy	Fixed	Customer	Duty%	Duty	Total Bill
C001	Domestic	85	₹297.50	₹50.00	₹25.00	5.0	% ₹14.88	₹387.38
C002	Commercial	120	₹600.00	₹150.00	₹75.00	10.0	% ₹60.00	₹885.00
C003	Domestic	65	₹227.50	₹50.00	₹25.00	5.0	% ₹11.38	₹313.88
C004	Domestic	110	₹390.00	₹50.00	₹25.00	5.0	% ₹19.50	₹484.50
C005	Commercial	160	₹815.00	₹150.00	₹75.00	10.0	% ₹81.50	₹1,121.50
C006	Domestic	60	₹210.00	₹50.00	₹25.00	5.0	% ₹10.50	₹295.50
C007	Domestic	60	₹210.00	₹50.00	₹25.00	5.0	% ₹10.50	₹295.50
C008	Commercial	185	₹977.50	₹150.00	₹75.00	10.0	% ₹97.75	₹1,300.25
C009	Domestic	50	₹175.00	₹50.00	₹25.00	5.0	% ₹8.75	₹258.75
C010	Commercial	190	₹1,010.00	₹150.00	₹75.00	10.0	% ₹101.00	₹1,336.00
C011	Domestic	75	₹262.50	₹50.00	₹25.00	5.0	% ₹13.12	₹350.62
C012	Commercial	125	₹625.00	₹150.00	₹75.00	10.0	% ₹62.50	₹912.50
C013	Domestic	70	₹245.00	₹50.00	₹25.00	5.0	% ₹12.25	₹332.25
C014	Domestic	120	₹430.00	₹50.00	₹25.00	5.0	% ₹21.50	₹526.50
C015	Commercial	180	₹945.00	₹150.00	₹75.00	10.0	% ₹94.50	₹1,264.50

C015	Commercial	180	₹945.00	₹150.00	₹75.00	10.0	% ₹94.50	₹1,264.50
C016	Domestic	55	₹192.50	₹50.00	₹25.00	5.0	% ₹9.62	₹277.12
C017	Domestic	70	₹245.00	₹50.00	₹25.00	5.0	% ₹12.25	₹332.25
C018	Commercial	180	₹945.00	₹150.00	₹75.00	10.0	% ₹94.50	₹1,264.50
C019	Domestic	70	₹245.00	₹50.00	₹25.00	5.0	% ₹12.25	₹332.25
C020	Commercial	195	₹1,042.50	₹150.00	₹75.00	10.0	% ₹104.25	₹1,371.75
C021	Industrial	300	₹1,350.00	₹500.00	₹200.00	15.0	% ₹202.50	₹2,252.50
C022	Industrial	550	₹2,525.00	₹500.00	₹200.00	15.0	% ₹378.75	₹3,603.75
C023	Industrial	450	₹2,025.00	₹500.00	₹200.00	15.0	% ₹303.75	₹3,028.75

Total Consumers Billed: 23  
Total Units Consumed: 3,525 units

Energy Charges:	₹	15,990.00
Fixed Charges:	₹	3,300.00
Customer Charges:	₹	1,500.00
Electricity Duty:	₹	1,737.50

**BREAKDOWN BY CUSTOMER TYPE:**

### DETAILED BILLS (Sample - First 3 Consumers)

```
Previous Meter Reading: 1,200 units
Current Meter Reading: 1,285 units
Units Consumed:      85 units
```

1. Energy Charge: ₹ 297.50  
(Based on 85 units consumed at tiered rates)
2. Fixed Charge: ₹ 50.00  
(Monthly base charge)
3. Customer Charge: ₹ 25.00  
(Account maintenance and service)
4. Electricity Duty: ₹ 14.88  
(5.0% of Energy Charge =  $0.050 \times ₹297.50$ )

BILL FOR CONSUMER: C002 (COMMERCIAL)

```
Previous Meter Reading: 5,400 units
Current Meter Reading: 5,520 units
Units Consumed:         120 units
```

```

1. Energy Charge:      ₹      600.00
   (Based on 120 units consumed at tiered rates)

2. Fixed Charge:      ₹      150.00
   (Monthly base charge)

3. Customer Charge:   ₹      75.00
   (Account maintenance and service)

4. Electricity Duty:   ₹      60.00
   (10.0% of Energy Charge = 0.100 × ₹600.00)

```

```

=====
TOTAL BILL AMOUNT:    ₹      885.00
=====

```

```

-----
BILL FOR CONSUMER: C003 (DOMESTIC)
-----

```

```

Previous Meter Reading: 800 units
Current Meter Reading:  865 units
Units Consumed:         65 units

```

```

CHARGE BREAKDOWN:
=====

```

```

1. Energy Charge:      ₹      227.50
   (Based on 65 units consumed at tiered rates)

2. Fixed Charge:      ₹      50.00
   (Monthly base charge)

3. Customer Charge:   ₹      25.00
   (Account maintenance and service)

4. Electricity Duty:   ₹      11.38
   (5.0% of Energy Charge = 0.050 × ₹227.50)

```

```

=====
TOTAL BILL AMOUNT:    ₹      313.88
=====

```

### Explanation:

The program calculates additional electricity bill components including Fixed Charges, Customer Charges, and Electricity Duty for each consumer. Electricity Duty is computed as a percentage of the Energy Charges to ensure accurate billing. The output displays each charge separately, making the calculations easy to verify and improving billing accuracy.

### Task 5: Final Bill Generation and Output Analysis Scenario

#### Prompt:

Write a Python program to read consumer data from electricity\_data4.csv and generate the final electricity bill. The program should calculate Energy Charges using tiered rates, Fixed Charges by customer type, Customer Charges for service maintenance, and Electricity Duty as a percentage of Energy Charges. Display a clearly formatted output showing individual charge breakdowns and the total bill amount for each consumer, along with summary totals and customer-type-wise analysis.

#### Code:

```

"""
Advanced Electricity Billing System
This program calculates Fixed Charges, Customer Charges, and Electricity Duty
with detailed intermediate billing results for all consumer types.
"""

import csv
from datetime import datetime

# =====

```

```

# BILLING CONFIGURATION - Tariff rates and charges
# =====

# Energy Charge Tariff (per unit) - tiered pricing for different consumer types
ENERGY_TARIFF = {
    'Domestic': [
        (100, 3.50),          # 0-100 units: Rs 3.50 per unit
        (200, 4.00),          # 101-200 units: Rs 4.00 per unit
        (float('inf'), 5.50)  # Above 200 units: Rs 5.50 per unit
    ],
    'Commercial': [
        (150, 5.00),          # 0-150 units: Rs 5.00 per unit
        (300, 6.50),          # 151-300 units: Rs 6.50 per unit
        (float('inf'), 8.00)  # Above 300 units: Rs 8.00 per unit
    ],
    'Industrial': [
        (500, 4.50),          # 0-500 units: Rs 4.50 per unit
        (1000, 5.50),         # 501-1000 units: Rs 5.50 per unit
        (float('inf'), 7.00)  # Above 1000 units: Rs 7.00 per unit1
    ]
}

# Fixed Charges (monthly) - base charge for each customer type
FIXED_CHARGES = {
    'Domestic': 50.00,        # Monthly fixed charge for domestic consumers: Rs 50
    'Commercial': 150.00,     # Monthly fixed charge for commercial consumers: Rs 150
    'Industrial': 500.00      # Monthly fixed charge for industrial consumers: Rs 500
}

# Customer Charges (per consumer account) - service maintenance charge
CUSTOMER_CHARGES = {
    'Domestic': 25.00,        # Customer service charge for domestic: Rs 25
    'Commercial': 75.00,      # Customer service charge for commercial: Rs 75
    'Industrial': 200.00      # Customer service charge for industrial: Rs 200
}

# Electricity Duty - calculated as percentage of energy charges
ELECTRICITY_DUTY_PERCENTAGE = {
    'Domestic': 5.0,          # 5% duty on energy charges for domestic
    'Commercial': 10.0,       # 10% duty on energy charges for commercial
    'Industrial': 15.0        # 15% duty on energy charges for industrial
}

# =====
# BILLING CALCULATION FUNCTIONS
# =====

def calculate_units_consumed(previous_units, current_units):
    """
    Calculate the units consumed in the billing period.

    Args:
        previous_units (int): Meter reading from previous billing cycle
    """

```

```

        current_units (int): Meter reading from current billing cycle

Returns:
    int: Units consumed during the billing period
"""
units = current_units - previous_units
return max(0, units) # Ensure non-negative units

def calculate_energy_charge(units_consumed, customer_type):
    """
    Calculate energy charge using tiered tariff rates.
    Applies different slab rates based on customer type.

    Args:
        units_consumed (int): Number of units consumed
        customer_type (str): Type of customer (Domestic, Commercial, Industrial)

    Returns:
        float: Total energy charge calculated

    Raises:
        ValueError: If customer type is invalid
    """
    # Validate customer type
    if customer_type not in ENERGY_TARIFF:
        raise ValueError(f"Invalid customer type: {customer_type}")

    energy_charge = 0.0
    tariff_slabs = ENERGY_TARIFF[customer_type]
    remaining_units = units_consumed
    previous_limit = 0

    # Iterate through each tariff slab and calculate charges
    for slab_limit, rate_per_unit in tariff_slabs:
        if remaining_units <= 0:
            break

        # Calculate units in current slab
        current_slab_units = min(remaining_units, slab_limit - previous_limit)

        # Add charge for units in current slab
        energy_charge += current_slab_units * rate_per_unit

        # Update remaining units and previous limit
        remaining_units -= current_slab_units
        previous_limit = slab_limit

    return round(energy_charge, 2)

def calculate_fixed_charge(customer_type):
    """
    Retrieve the fixed monthly charge for a customer type.

```

This is the base charge regardless of units consumed.

Args:

customer\_type (str): Type of customer (Domestic, Commercial, Industrial)

Returns:

float: Fixed charge amount

Raises:

ValueError: If customer type is invalid

"""

if customer\_type not in FIXED\_CHARGES:

raise ValueError(f"Invalid customer type: {customer\_type}")

return FIXED\_CHARGES[customer\_type]

```
def calculate_customer_charge(customer_type):
```

"""

Calculate customer service maintenance charge.

This is a separate charge for account maintenance and customer service.

Args:

customer\_type (str): Type of customer (Domestic, Commercial, Industrial)

Returns:

float: Customer service charge amount

Raises:

ValueError: If customer type is invalid

"""

if customer\_type not in CUSTOMER\_CHARGES:

raise ValueError(f"Invalid customer type: {customer\_type}")

return CUSTOMER\_CHARGES[customer\_type]

```
def calculate_electricity_duty(energy_charge, customer_type):
```

"""

Calculate electricity duty as a percentage of energy charges.

Different customer types have different duty percentages.

Args:

energy\_charge (float): Base energy charge amount

customer\_type (str): Type of customer (Domestic, Commercial, Industrial)

Returns:

float: Electricity duty amount

Raises:

ValueError: If customer type is invalid

"""

if customer\_type not in ELECTRICITY\_DUTY\_PERCENTAGE:

raise ValueError(f"Invalid customer type: {customer\_type}")

```

    # Calculate duty as percentage of energy charge
    duty_percentage = ELECTRICITY_DUTY_PERCENTAGE[customer_type]
    electricity_duty = (energy_charge * duty_percentage) / 100

    return round(electricity_duty, 2)

def calculate_total_bill(energy_charge, fixed_charge, customer_charge, electricity_duty):
    """
    Calculate the total bill amount by summing all charges.

    Args:
        energy_charge (float): Energy consumption charge
        fixed_charge (float): Fixed monthly charge
        customer_charge (float): Customer service charge
        electricity_duty (float): Electricity duty charge

    Returns:
        float: Total bill amount
    """
    total = energy_charge + fixed_charge + customer_charge + electricity_duty
    return round(total, 2)

def read_and_process_consumer_data(filename):
    """
    Read electricity consumer data from CSV file and calculate all billing charges.
    Processes each record and returns comprehensive billing information.

    Args:
        filename (str): Path to the CSV file containing consumer data

    Returns:
        list: List of dictionaries containing complete billing information
    """
    billing_records = []

    try:
        with open(filename, 'r', newline='', encoding='utf-8') as csvfile:
            reader = csv.DictReader(csvfile)

            # Process each row in the CSV file
            for row_number, row in enumerate(reader, start=2):
                try:
                    # Extract data from CSV row
                    consumer_id = row['Consumer_ID'].strip()
                    customer_type = row['Customer_Type'].strip()
                    previous_units = int(row['Previous_Units'])
                    current_units = int(row['Current_Units'])

                    # Validate data - current units should not be less than previous
                    if current_units < previous_units:

```



```

        print(f"Warning (Row {row_number}): Current units less than
previous for {consumer_id}")
        continue

        # ===== STEP 1: Calculate Units Consumed =====
        units_consumed = calculate_units_consumed(previous_units,
current_units)

        # ===== STEP 2: Calculate Energy Charge =====
        energy_charge = calculate_energy_charge(units_consumed, customer_type)

        # ===== STEP 3: Calculate Fixed Charge =====
        fixed_charge = calculate_fixed_charge(customer_type)

        # ===== STEP 4: Calculate Customer Charge =====
        customer_charge = calculate_customer_charge(customer_type)

        # ===== STEP 5: Calculate Electricity Duty (% of energy charge) =====
        electricity_duty = calculate_electricity_duty(energy_charge,
customer_type)

        duty_percentage = ELECTRICITY_DUTY_PERCENTAGE[customer_type]

        # ===== STEP 6: Calculate Total Bill =====
        total_bill = calculate_total_bill(
            energy_charge, fixed_charge, customer_charge, electricity_duty
        )

        # Store complete billing record
        billing_records.append({
            'Consumer_ID': consumer_id,
            'Customer_Type': customer_type,
            'Previous_Units': previous_units,
            'Current_Units': current_units,
            'Units_Consumed': units_consumed,
            'Energy_Charge': energy_charge,
            'Fixed_Charge': fixed_charge,
            'Customer_Charge': customer_charge,
            'Duty_Percentage': duty_percentage,
            'Electricity_Duty': electricity_duty,
            'Total_Bill': total_bill
        })

    except ValueError as e:
        print(f"Warning (Row {row_number}): Invalid data format - {e}")
        continue
    except KeyError as e:
        print(f"Warning (Row {row_number}): Missing field {e}")
        continue

    return billing_records

except FileNotFoundError:
    print(f"Error: File '{filename}' not found.")
    return []

```



```

except Exception as e:
    print(f"Error reading file: {e}")
    return []

# =====
# DISPLAY AND REPORTING FUNCTIONS
# =====

def display_detailed_bill(record, bill_number=None):
    """
    Display a detailed bill for a single consumer showing all charge components.

    Args:
        record (dict): Billing record dictionary for one consumer
        bill_number (int): Sequential bill number for reference
    """
    bill_ref = f" (Bill #{bill_number})" if bill_number else ""
    print("\n" + "+" + "-" * 78 + "+")
    print(f"| ELECTRICITY BILL{bill_ref:<59}|" )
    print(f"| Consumer ID: {record['Consumer_ID']:<64}|" )
    print(f"| Customer Type: {record['Customer_Type'].upper():<62}|" )
    print("+ " + "-" * 78 + "+")
    print()

    # Display meter readings with formatting
    print("+ " + "-" * 14 + " METER READINGS " + "-" * 62 + "+")
    print(f"| Previous Reading: {record['Previous_Units']:>12,}
units                                     |")
    print(f"| Current Reading: {record['Current_Units']:>12,}
units                                     |")
    print(f"| Units Consumed: {record['Units_Consumed']:>12,}
units                                     |")
    print("+ " + "-" * 78 + "+")
    print()

    # Display charge breakdown with calculations
    print("+ " + "-" * 14 + " CHARGE BREAKDOWN " + "-" * 60 + "+")
    print("|")
    print(f"| 1. Energy Charge                                     ₹
{record['Energy_Charge']:>12,.2f}          |")
    print(f"| (Based on {record['Units_Consumed']} units at tiered
rates)                                     |")
    print("|")
    print(f"| 2. Fixed Charge                                     ₹
{record['Fixed_Charge']:>12,.2f}          |")
    print(f"| (Monthly base charge)                                     |")
    print("|")
    print(f"| 3. Customer Charge                                     ₹
{record['Customer_Charge']:>12,.2f}          |")

```

```

        print("|      (Account maintenance &
service)                                |")
        print("|
|")
        print(f"| 4. Electricity Duty                                ₹
{record['Electricity_Duty']:>12,.2f}          |")
        print(f"|      ({record['Duty_Percentage']:.1f}% of Energy
Charge)                                |")
        print("|
|")
        print("+ " + "-" * 78 + "+")
        print(f"| TOTAL BILL AMOUNT                                ₹
{record['Total_Bill']:>12,.2f}          |")
        print("+ " + "-" * 78 + "+")

def display_summary_table(billing_records):
    """
    Display a summary table with all billing components for each consumer.

    Args:
        billing_records (list): List of all billing records
    """
    print("\n" + "="*140)
    print("ELECTRICITY BILLING SUMMARY TABLE - ALL CHARGES")
    print("="*140)
    print()

    # Display table header
    header = (
        f"{'Consumer':<12} | {'Type':<12} | {'Units':<8} | "
        f"{'Energy':<14} {'Fixed':<14} {'Customer':<14} {'Duty%':<8} {'Duty':<14} | "
        f"{'Total Bill':<14}"
    )
    print(header)
    print("-"*140)

    # Display each record in table format
    for record in billing_records:
        line = (
            f"{record['Consumer_ID']:<12} | {record['Customer_Type']:<12} | "
            f"{record['Units_Consumed']:<8} | "
            f"₹{record['Energy_Charge']:<13,.2f} ₹{record['Fixed_Charge']:<13,.2f} "
            f"₹{record['Customer_Charge']:<13,.2f} {record['Duty_Percentage']:<7.1f}% "
            f"₹{record['Electricity_Duty']:<13,.2f} | ₹{record['Total_Bill']:<13,.2f}"
        )
        print(line)

    print()

def display_aggregate_statistics(billing_records):
    """
    Display comprehensive aggregate statistics and breakdown by customer type.

```

```

Args:
    billing_records (list): List of all billing records
"""

print("="*140)
print("AGGREGATE BILLING STATISTICS")
print("="*140)

# Calculate totals
total_consumers = len(billing_records)
total_units = sum(r['Units_Consumed'] for r in billing_records)
total_energy_charge = sum(r['Energy_Charge'] for r in billing_records)
total_fixed_charge = sum(r['Fixed_Charge'] for r in billing_records)
total_customer_charge = sum(r['Customer_Charge'] for r in billing_records)
total_electricity_duty = sum(r['Electricity_Duty'] for r in billing_records)
total_revenue = sum(r['Total_Bill'] for r in billing_records)

# Display overall totals
print(f"\nTotal Consumers Billed:      {total_consumers}")
print(f"Total Units Consumed:              {total_units:,} units")
print()
print("TOTAL CHARGES BREAKDOWN:")
print("-"*140)
print(f"  Energy Charges:                   ₹{total_energy_charge:>15,.2f}")
print(f"  Fixed Charges:                    ₹{total_fixed_charge:>15,.2f}")
print(f"  Customer Charges:                 ₹{total_customer_charge:>15,.2f}")
print(f"  Electricity Duty:                 ₹{total_electricity_duty:>15,.2f}")
print("-"*140)
print(f"  TOTAL REVENUE GENERATED:         ₹{total_revenue:>15,.2f}")
print()

# Calculate breakdown by customer type
customer_breakdown = {}
for record in billing_records:
    ctype = record['Customer_Type']
    if ctype not in customer_breakdown:
        customer_breakdown[ctype] = {
            'count': 0,
            'units': 0,
            'energy': 0,
            'fixed': 0,
            'customer': 0,
            'duty': 0,
            'total': 0
        }

    customer_breakdown[ctype]['count'] += 1
    customer_breakdown[ctype]['units'] += record['Units_Consumed']
    customer_breakdown[ctype]['energy'] += record['Energy_Charge']
    customer_breakdown[ctype]['fixed'] += record['Fixed_Charge']
    customer_breakdown[ctype]['customer'] += record['Customer_Charge']
    customer_breakdown[ctype]['duty'] += record['Electricity_Duty']
    customer_breakdown[ctype]['total'] += record['Total_Bill']

```

```

# Display breakdown table
print("BREAKDOWN BY CUSTOMER TYPE:")
print("-"*140)
print(f"{'Type':<15} {'Count':<8} {'Units':<12} {'Energy':<15} {'Fixed':<15} "
      f"{'Customer':<15} {'Duty':<15} {'Total Revenue':<15}")
print("-"*140)

for ctype in sorted(customer_breakdown.keys()):
    data = customer_breakdown[ctype]
    print(
        f"{'ctype':<15} {data['count']:<8} {data['units']:<12,} "
        f"₹{data['energy']:<14,.2f} ₹{data['fixed']:<14,.2f} "
        ₹{data['customer']:<14,.2f} "
        f"₹{data['duty']:<14,.2f} ₹{data['total']:<14,.2f}"
    )

    print()

# =====
# MAIN PROGRAM EXECUTION
# =====

def main():
    """
    Main function to orchestrate the complete billing process.
    """
    # Display program header
    print("\n" + "="*140)
    print("ADVANCED ELECTRICITY BILLING SYSTEM")
    print("With Fixed Charges, Customer Charges, and Electricity Duty Calculations")
    print("="*140)
    print(f"Report Generated: {datetime.now().strftime('%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S')}")
    print()

    # Define input file
    input_file = 'electricity_data4.csv'

    # Read and process consumer data
    print(f"Reading consumer data from '{input_file}'...")
    billing_records = read_and_process_consumer_data(input_file)

    if not billing_records:
        print("No billing records were processed.")
        return

    print(f"✓ Successfully processed {len(billing_records)} consumer records.\n")

    # Display summary table
    display_summary_table(billing_records)

    # Display aggregate statistics
    display_aggregate_statistics(billing_records)

```

```

# Display individual detailed bills for ALL consumers
print("\n" + "="*140)
print(f"DETAILED BILLS FOR ALL {len(billing_records)} CONSUMERS")
print("="*140)
for bill_num, record in enumerate(billing_records, 1):
    display_detailed_bill(record, bill_number=bill_num)

print("\n" + "="*140)
print("Report generated successfully!")
print("="*140 + "\n")

# =====
# SCRIPT ENTRY POINT
# =====

if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()

```

#### Output:

```

-----
BILL FOR CONSUMER: C002 (COMMERCIAL)
-----
Previous Meter Reading: 5,400 units
Current Meter Reading: 5,520 units
Units Consumed:      120 units

CHARGE BREAKDOWN:
=====
1. Energy Charge:      ₹      600.00
   (Based on 120 units consumed at tiered rates)

2. Fixed Charge:      ₹      150.00
   (Monthly base charge)

3. Customer Charge:    ₹       75.00
   (Account maintenance and service)

4. Electricity Duty:    ₹       60.00
   (10.0% of Energy Charge = 0.100 × ₹600.00)

=====
TOTAL BILL AMOUNT:      ₹      885.00
=====

```

ELECTRICITY BILLING SUMMARY TABLE - ALL CHARGES

Consumer	Type	Units	Energy	Fixed	Customer	Duty%	Duty	Total Bill
C001	Domestic	85	₹297.50	₹50.00	₹25.00	5.0	% ₹14.88	₹387.38
C002	Commercial	120	₹600.00	₹150.00	₹75.00	10.0	% ₹60.00	₹885.00
C003	Domestic	65	₹227.50	₹50.00	₹25.00	5.0	% ₹11.38	₹313.88
C004	Domestic	110	₹390.00	₹50.00	₹25.00	5.0	% ₹19.50	₹484.50
C005	Commercial	160	₹815.00	₹150.00	₹75.00	10.0	% ₹81.50	₹1,121.50
C006	Domestic	60	₹210.00	₹50.00	₹25.00	5.0	% ₹10.50	₹295.50
C007	Domestic	60	₹210.00	₹50.00	₹25.00	5.0	% ₹10.50	₹295.50
C008	Commercial	185	₹977.50	₹150.00	₹75.00	10.0	% ₹97.75	₹1,300.25
C009	Domestic	50	₹175.00	₹50.00	₹25.00	5.0	% ₹8.75	₹258.75
C010	Commercial	190	₹1,010.00	₹150.00	₹75.00	10.0	% ₹101.00	₹1,336.00
C011	Domestic	75	₹262.50	₹50.00	₹25.00	5.0	% ₹13.12	₹350.62
C012	Commercial	125	₹625.00	₹150.00	₹75.00	10.0	% ₹62.50	₹912.50
C013	Domestic	70	₹245.00	₹50.00	₹25.00	5.0	% ₹12.25	₹332.25
C014	Domestic	120	₹430.00	₹50.00	₹25.00	5.0	% ₹21.50	₹526.50
C015	Commercial	180	₹945.00	₹150.00	₹75.00	10.0	% ₹94.50	₹1,264.50
C016	Domestic	55	₹192.50	₹50.00	₹25.00	5.0	% ₹9.62	₹277.12
C017	Domestic	70	₹245.00	₹50.00	₹25.00	5.0	% ₹12.25	₹332.25
C018	Commercial	180	₹945.00	₹150.00	₹75.00	10.0	% ₹94.50	₹1,264.50
C019	Domestic	70	₹245.00	₹50.00	₹25.00	5.0	% ₹12.25	₹332.25
C020	Commercial	195	₹1,042.50	₹150.00	₹75.00	10.0	% ₹104.25	₹1,371.75
C021	Industrial	300	₹1,350.00	₹500.00	₹200.00	15.0	% ₹202.50	₹2,252.50
C022	Industrial	550	₹2,525.00	₹500.00	₹200.00	15.0	% ₹378.75	₹3,603.75
C023	Industrial	450	₹2,025.00	₹500.00	₹200.00	15.0	% ₹303.75	₹3,028.75

AGGREGATE BILLING STATISTICS

Total Consumers Billed: 23  
Total Units Consumed: 3,525 units

TOTAL CHARGES BREAKDOWN:

Energy Charges: ₹ 15,990.00  
Fixed Charges: ₹ 3,300.00  
Customer Charges: ₹ 1,500.00  
Electricity Duty: ₹ 1,737.50

TOTAL REVENUE GENERATED: ₹ 22,527.50

BREAKDOWN BY CUSTOMER TYPE:

Type	Count	Units	Energy	Fixed	Customer	Duty	Total Revenue
Commercial	8	1,335	₹6,960.00	₹1,200.00	₹600.00	₹696.00	₹9,456.00
Domestic	12	890	₹3,130.00	₹600.00	₹300.00	₹156.50	₹4,186.50
Industrial	3	1,300	₹5,900.00	₹1,500.00	₹600.00	₹885.00	₹8,885.00

DETAILED BILLS (Sample - First 3 Consumers)

-----  
BILL FOR CONSUMER: C001 (DOMESTIC)  
-----

Previous Meter Reading: 1,200 units  
Current Meter Reading: 1,285 units  
Units Consumed: 85 units

CHARGE BREAKDOWN:  
=====

- |  |   |        |
|--|---|--------|
| 1. Energy Charge:                            | ₹ | 297.50 |
| (Based on 85 units consumed at tiered rates) |   |        |
| 2. Fixed Charge:                             | ₹ | 50.00  |
| (Monthly base charge)                        |   |        |
| 3. Customer Charge:                          | ₹ | 25.00  |
| (Account maintenance and service)            |   |        |
| 4. Electricity Duty:                         | ₹ | 14.88  |
| (5.0% of Energy Charge = 0.050 × ₹297.50)    |   |        |

=====

TOTAL BILL AMOUNT:	₹	387.38
--------------------	---	--------

=====

-----  
BILL FOR CONSUMER: C002 (COMMERCIAL)  
-----

Previous Meter Reading: 5,400 units  
Current Meter Reading: 5,520 units  
Units Consumed: 120 units

CHARGE BREAKDOWN:  
=====

- |   |   |        |
|---|---|--------|
| 1. Energy Charge:                             | ₹ | 600.00 |
| (Based on 120 units consumed at tiered rates) |   |        |

CHARGE BREAKDOWN:  
=====

- |  |   |        |
|--|---|--------|
| 1. Energy Charge:                            | ₹ | 297.50 |
| (Based on 85 units consumed at tiered rates) |   |        |
| 2. Fixed Charge:                             | ₹ | 50.00  |
| (Monthly base charge)                        |   |        |
| 3. Customer Charge:                          | ₹ | 25.00  |
| (Account maintenance and service)            |   |        |
| 4. Electricity Duty:                         | ₹ | 14.88  |
| (5.0% of Energy Charge = 0.050 × ₹297.50)    |   |        |

=====

TOTAL BILL AMOUNT:	₹	387.38
--------------------	---	--------

=====

### Explanation:

This program generates a complete electricity bill by calculating Energy Charges, Fixed Charges, Customer Charges, and Electricity Duty for each consumer. The output is neatly formatted with a summary table and detailed bill view, making the calculations easy to understand and verify. Overall, the program demonstrates accurate billing logic, good readability, and real-world applicability.