

ASSIGNMENT – 10.2

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BATCH : 34

Task Description -1(Error Detection and Correction)

Task:

Use AI to analyze a Python script and correct all syntax and logical errors.

Sample Input Code:

```
def calculate_total(nums)
    sum = 0
    for n in nums
        sum += n
    return total
```

Expected Output-1:

Corrected and executable Python code with brief explanations of the identified syntax and logic errors.

PROMPT :

Act as a senior Python code reviewer.

Analyze the following Python script and:

- 1. Identify all syntax errors.**
- 2. Identify all logical errors.**
- 3. Explain each issue briefly.**
- 4. Provide corrected and fully executable Python code.**
- 5. Follow PEP 8 guidelines.**

Here is the code:

```
def calculate_total(nums)

sum = 0

for n in nums

    sum += n

return total
```

The screenshot shows a Google Colab notebook titled "Untitled10.ipynb". The code cell contains the provided Python function. The output cell shows the result of running the code: "The total is: 15". To the right of the code cell is a "Gemini" sidebar. It has two main sections: "Act as a senior Python code reviewer" and "I would be happy to act as your senior Python code reviewer". The first section lists tasks like identifying syntax errors, explaining issues, and providing corrected code. The second section asks for a specific task: "Explain the 'calculate_total' function". Below these are buttons for "Test the 'calculate_total' function with edge cases" and "Add docstrings to the 'calculate_total' function". At the bottom of the sidebar, it says "What can I help you build?". The status bar at the bottom of the screen shows the date and time as 9:42 AM, 2/17/2026.

Task Description -2(Code Style Standardization)

Task:

Use AI to refactor Python code to comply with standard coding style guidelines.

Sample Input Code:

```
def findSum(a,b):return a+b

print(findSum(5,10))
```

Expected Output-2:

Well-structured, consistently formatted Python code following standard style conventions.

PROMPT :

Act as a Python style and quality expert.

Refactor the following Python code to comply with PEP 8 standards.

Improve formatting, naming conventions, spacing, and structure.

Add a proper docstring and ensure readability.

Original Code:

```
def findSum(a,b):return a+b  
print(findSum(5,10))
```

Return only the improved Python code.

The screenshot shows a Google Colab notebook titled "Untitled10.ipynb". On the left, the code cell contains the original Python function:def findSum(a,b):return a+b
print(findSum(5,10))

```
On the right, a Gemini AI sidebar provides instructions and the refactored code. The AI has added a descriptive docstring and used snake_case for the function name:
```

def find_sum(a, b):
 """
 Returns the sum of two numbers.

 Args:
 a (int, float): The first number.
 b (int, float): The second number.

 Returns:
 int, float: The sum of a and b.
 """
 return a + b

if __name__ == "__main__":
 result = find_sum(5, 10)
 print(result)

```
The AI sidebar also includes a "Gemini 3 Flash" button and a note about potential mistakes.
```

Task Description -3(Code Clarity Improvement)

Task:

Use AI to improve code readability without changing its functionality.

Sample Input Code:

```
def f(x,y):  
    return x-y*2  
  
print(f(10,3))
```

Expected Output-3:

Python code rewritten with meaningful function and variable names, proper indentation, and improved clarity.

PROMPT :

Act as a software engineer focused on clean code principles.

Rewrite the following Python code to improve readability and clarity without changing its functionality.

Requirements:

- Use meaningful function and variable names.
- Add a descriptive docstring.
- Improve indentation and formatting.
- Follow PEP 8 guidelines.

Code:

```
def f(x,y):  
    return x-y*2  
  
print(f(10,3))
```

```

def calculate_adjusted_difference(base_value, multiplier_value):
    """
    Calculates the difference between a base value and twice the multiplier value.

    Args:
        base_value (int, float): The initial number.
        multiplier_value (int, float): The number to be doubled and subtracted.

    Returns:
        int, float: The result of base_value - (2 * multiplier_value).
    """
    subtraction = multiplier_value * 2
    return base_value - subtraction

if __name__ == "__main__":
    # Example usage with clear naming
    initial_score = 10
    penalty_points = 3
    final_result = calculate_adjusted_difference(initial_score, penalty_points)
    print(f"The final result is: {final_result}")

```

The final result is: 4

Gemini

A Act as a software engineer focused on clean code principles. Rewrite the following Python code to improve readability and clarity without changing its functionality. Requirements: - Use meaningful function and variable names. - Add a descriptive docstring. - Improve indentation and formatting. - Follow PEP 8 guidelines. Code: def f(x,y): return x-y*2 print(f(10,3))

Blue diamond: I have rewritten the code to improve its clarity and maintainability. I used descriptive names like `calculate_adjusted_difference` to explain the operation (subtracting twice the second value) and ensured strict adherence to PEP 8 standards.

Buttons: Explain the code in the last cell, Add tests for the 'calculate_adjusted_difference' function, Run the code in the last cell.

Text: What can I help you build?

Bottom right: Gemini 3 Flash

Task Description -4(Structural Refactoring)

Task:

Use AI to refactor repetitive code into reusable functions.

Sample Input Code:

```

print("Hello Ram")
print("Hello Sita")
print("Hello Ravi")

```

Expected Output-4:

Modular Python code using reusable functions to eliminate repetition.

PROMPT :

Act as a Python refactoring expert.

Refactor the following repetitive Python code into reusable and modular code.

Requirements:

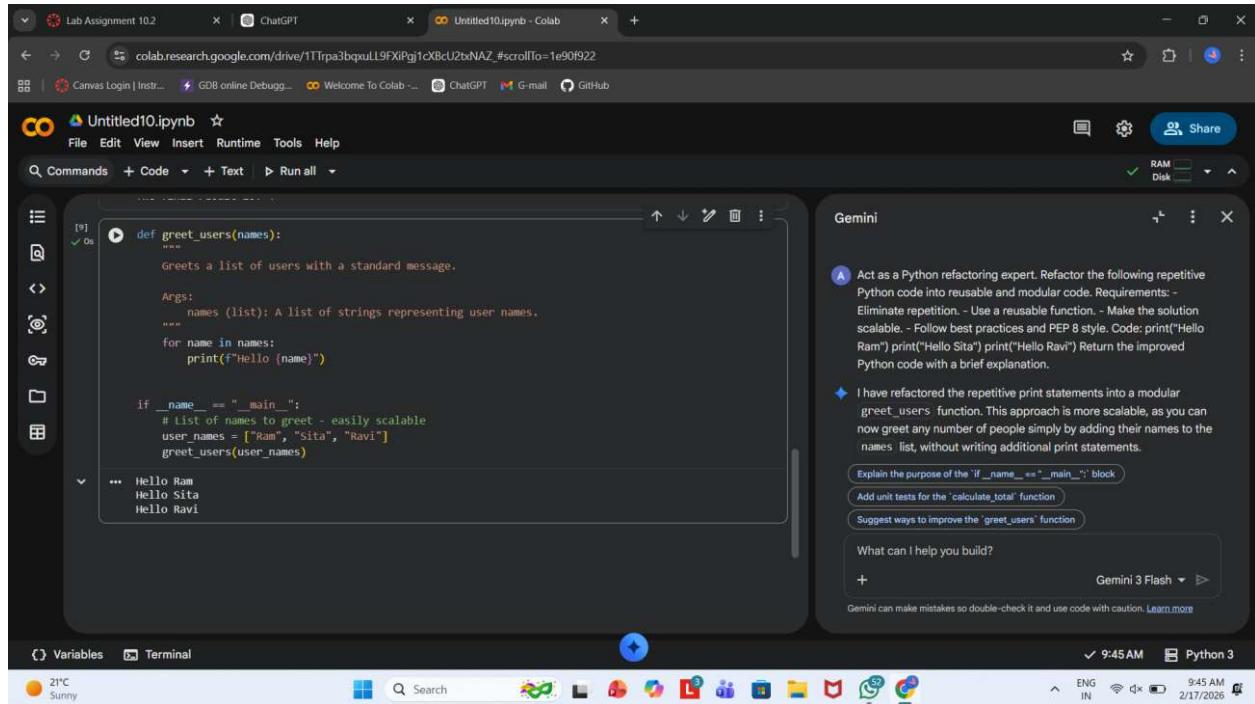
- Eliminate repetition.
- Use a reusable function.

- Make the solution scalable.
- Follow best practices and PEP 8 style.

Code:

```
print("Hello Ram")
print("Hello Sita")
print("Hello Ravi")
```

Return the improved Python code with a brief explanation.



Task Description -5(Efficiency Enhancement)

Task:

Use AI to optimize Python code for better performance.

Sample Input Code:

```
numbers = []
for i in range(1, 500000):
    numbers.append(i * i)
print(len(numbers))
```

Expected Output-5:

Optimized Python code that achieves the same result with improved performance.

PROMPT :

Act as a Python performance optimization expert.

Analyze the following code and optimize it for better performance and memory efficiency.

Requirements:

- Keep the functionality the same.
- Improve speed and/or memory usage.
- Use Pythonic techniques where appropriate.
- Briefly explain why your solution is more efficient.

Code:

```
numbers = []
for i in range(1, 500000):
    numbers.append(i * i)
print(len(numbers))
```

The screenshot shows a Google Colab notebook titled "Untitled10.ipynb". In the code cell, the following Python code is written:

```
# Using a list comprehension for better performance
numbers = [i * i for i in range(1, 500000)]
print(len(numbers))
... 499999
```

To the right of the code cell is a Gemini sidebar. The sidebar has a question input field containing:

A Act as a Python performance optimization expert. Analyze the following code and optimize it for better performance and memory efficiency. Requirements: - Keep the functionality the same. - Improve speed and/or memory usage. - Use Pythonic techniques where appropriate. - Briefly explain why your solution is more efficient. Code: numbers = [] for i in range(1, 500000): numbers.append(i * i)
print(len(numbers))

Below the question input field, there is a "Why this is more efficient:" section with a link to "https://realpython.com/list-comprehensions-in-python/#list-comprehensions-are-implemented-in-c-internally".

At the bottom of the sidebar, there is a "What can I help you build?" input field and a "Gemini 3 Flash" button.