

# **Ai Assistant Coding**

Week:4.3

Ht.No: 2303A52350

Batch:45

## **Task 1: Zero-Shot Prompting – Leap Year Check**

### **Scenario**

Zero-shot prompting involves giving instructions without providing examples.

### **Task Description**

Use zero-shot prompting to instruct an AI tool to generate a Python function that:

- Accepts a year as input
- Checks whether the given year is a leap year
- Returns an appropriate result

Note: No input-output examples should be provided in the prompt.

### **Expected Output**

- AI-generated leap year checking function
- Correct logical conditions
- Sample input and output
- Screenshot of AI-generated response (if required)

### **Prompt:-**

Write a Python program where you need to enter an input as year and should check whether it is a leap year or non leap year.

### **Code:-**

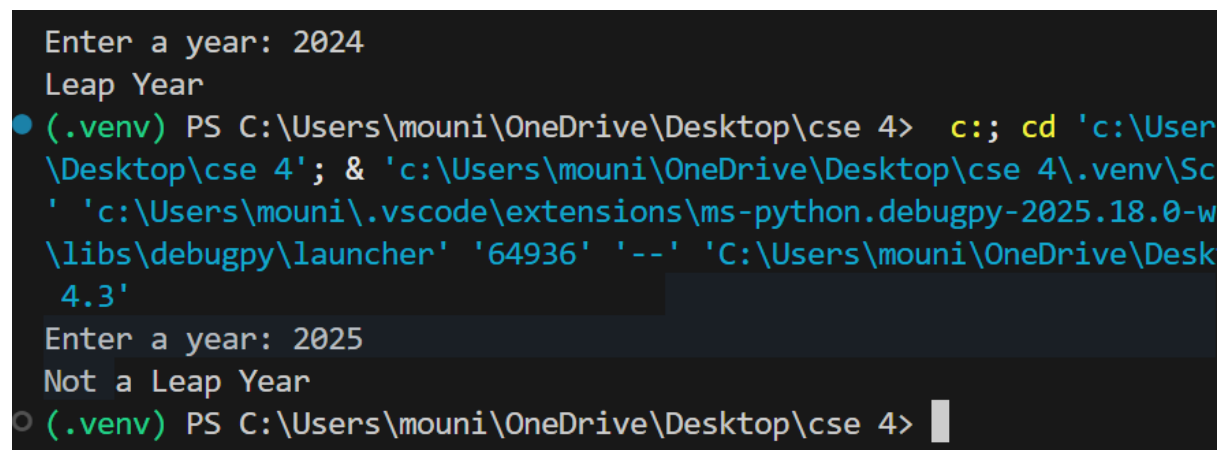
```
def is_leap_year(year):
```

```

if (year % 400 == 0) or (year % 4 == 0 and year % 100 != 0):
    return "Leap Year"
else:
    return "Not a Leap Year"
year = int(input("Enter a year: "))
result = is_leap_year(year)
print(result)

```

Output:-



```

Enter a year: 2024
Leap Year
(.venv) PS C:\Users\mouni\OneDrive\Desktop\cse 4> c:; cd 'c:\User
\Desktop\cse 4'; & 'c:\Users\mouni\OneDrive\Desktop\cse 4\.venv\Sc
' 'c:\Users\mouni\.vscode\extensions\ms-python.debugpy-2025.18.0-w
\libs\debugpy\launcher' '64936' '--' 'C:\Users\mouni\OneDrive\Desk
4.3'
Enter a year: 2025
Not a Leap Year
(.venv) PS C:\Users\mouni\OneDrive\Desktop\cse 4>

```

Approach:-

In this program we can learn that how zero short prompting works in leap year program without giving an example.

## Task 2: One-Shot Prompting – Centimeters to Inches Conversion

### Scenario

One-shot prompting guides AI using a single example.

### Task Description

Use one-shot prompting by providing one input-output example to generate a Python

function that:

- Converts centimeters to inches

- Uses the correct mathematical formula

Example provided in prompt:

Input: 10 cm → Output: 3.94 inches

Expected Output

- Python function with correct conversion logic
- Accurate calculation
- Sample test cases and outputs.

Prompt:-

Write a Python program that converts centimeters to inches.

Example:input should be 10 cm and output should be 3.94 inches.

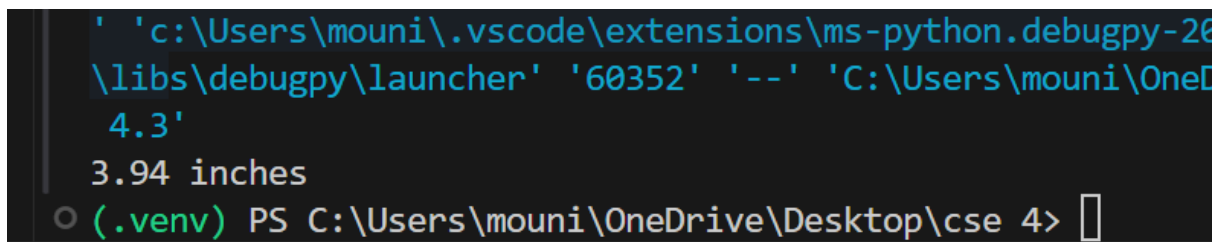
Code:-

```
cm = 10
```

```
inches = cm / 2.54
```

```
print(f"{inches:.2f} inches")
```

Output:-



```
' 'c:\Users\mouni\.vscode\extensions\ms-python.debugpy-2021.11.15  
  \libs\debugpy\launcher' '60352' '--' 'C:\Users\mouni\OneD  
4.3'  
3.94 inches  
(.venv) PS C:\Users\mouni\OneDrive\Desktop\cse 4> 
```

Approach:-

In this python program we can learn that how one Short prompting involves by giving an example in the prompt.

Task 3: Few-Shot Prompting – Name Formatting

Scenario

Few-shot prompting improves accuracy by providing multiple examples.

Task Description

Use few-shot prompting with 2–3 examples to generate a Python function that:

- Accepts a full name as input
- Formats it as “Last, First”

Example formats:

- "John Smith" → "Smith, John"
- "Anita Rao" → "Rao, Anita"

Expected Output

- Well-structured Python function
- Output strictly following example patterns
- Correct handling of names
- Sample inputs and outputs.

Prompt:-

Write a python program for accepting a full name as input and formats it as “Last, First”.Example formats:

- "John Smith" → "Smith, John"
- "Anita Rao" → "Rao, Anita"

Code:-

```
full_name = input("Enter full name: ")
parts = full_name.split()
first_name = parts[0]
last_name = parts[-1]
formatted_name = f"{last_name}, {first_name}"
print(formatted_name)
```

Output:-

```
\libs\debugpy\launcher' '56270' '--' 'C:\Users\mo
4.3'
Enter full name: john Smith
Smith, john
(.venv) PS C:\Users\mouni\OneDrive\Desktop\cse 4
```

Approach:-

In this python program we can learn how one short prompt works by giving multiple examples.

#### Task 4: Comparative Analysis – Zero-Shot vs Few-Shot

##### Scenario

Different prompt strategies may produce different code quality.

##### Task Description.

- Use zero-shot prompting to generate a function that counts vowels in a string
- Use few-shot prompting for the same problem
- Compare both outputs based on:
  - o Accuracy
  - o Readability
  - o Logical clarity

##### Prompt:-

Write a python program that counts vowels in a string and compare both outputs based on Accuracy, Redability and logical clarity.

##### Code:-

```
text = input("Enter a string: ")
```

```
vowels = "aeiouAEIOU"
```

```
count = 0
```

```
for ch in text:
```

```
if ch in vowels:
    count += 1
print("Vowel count:", count)
```

Output:-

```
4.3'
Enter a string: aeiou
Vowel count: 5
• (.venv) PS C:\Users\mouni\OneDrive\Desktop\cse 4> c:; cd 'c:\Users\
\Desktop\cse 4'; & 'c:\Users\mouni\OneDrive\Desktop\cse 4\.venv\scri
' 'c:\Users\mouni\.vscode\extensions\ms-python.debugpy-2025.18.0-win
\libs\debugpy\launcher' '55410' '--' 'C:\Users\mouni\OneDrive\Deskt
4.3'
Enter a string: aeiouAEIOU
Vowel count: 10
○ (.venv) PS C:\Users\mouni\OneDrive\Desktop\cse 4> █
```

Approach:-

In this code we can know ,that how to conver vowels to string by using Zero short prompting means without giving any example.

## Task 5: Few-Shot Prompting – File Handling

### Scenario

File processing requires clear logical understanding.

### Task Description

Use few-shot prompting to generate a Python function that:

- Reads a .txt file
- Counts the number of lines in the file
- Returns the line count

### Expected Output

- Working Python file-processing function
- Correct line count
- Sample .txt input and output

- AI-assisted logic explanation

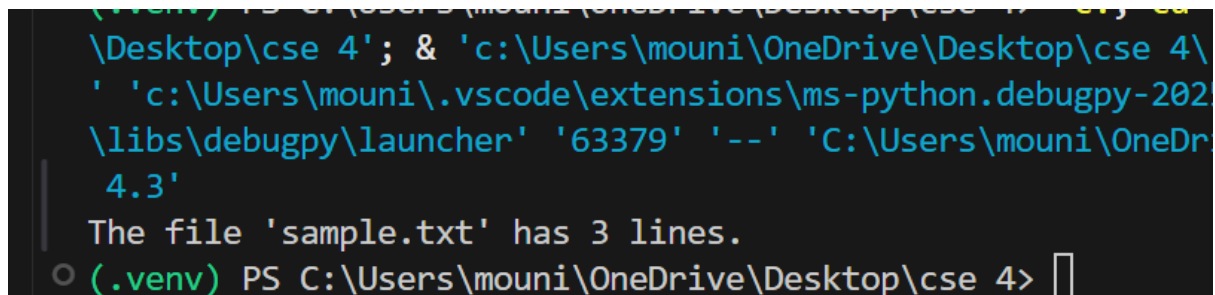
Prompt:-

Write a python program by using few short prompting which Reads a .txt file ,counts the number of lines in the file and returns the line count.

Code:-

```
def count_lines_in_file(file_path):  
if __name__ == "__main__":  
    sample_file = 'sample.txt'  
    with open(sample_file, 'w') as f:  
        f.write("Hello, World!\n")  
        f.write("This is a sample file.\n")  
        f.write("It has multiple lines.\n")  
    line_count = count_lines_in_file(sample_file)  
    print(f"The file '{sample_file}' has {line_count} lines.")
```

Output:-



```
(.venv) PS C:\Users\mouni\OneDrive\Desktop\cse 4> python .\cse 4\sample.py  
The file 'sample.txt' has 3 lines.  
(.venv) PS C:\Users\mouni\OneDrive\Desktop\cse 4>
```

Approach:

In this code we can learn how the file is reading by using few short prompting.

