

ASSIGNMENT - 8.5

AI Assisted Coding

Name : G. Likhitha Rao

Roll No: 2303A52487

Batch:35

Task Description #1 (Username Validator – Apply AI in Authentication Context)

- Task: Use AI to generate at least 3 assert test cases for a function `is_valid_username(username)` and then implement the function using Test-Driven Development principles.
- Requirements:
 - o Username length must be between 5 and 15 characters.
 - o Must contain only alphabets and digits.
 - o Must not start with a digit.
 - o No spaces allowed.

Example Assert Test Cases:

```
assert is_valid_username("User123") == True
```

```
assert is_valid_username("12User") == False
```

```
assert is_valid_username("Us er") == False
```

Expected Output #1:

- Username validation logic successfully passing all AI-generated test cases.

CODE:

Untitled48.ipynb

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Commands Code Text Run all

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AI-Generated Assert Test Cases

Based on the requirements, here are several test cases to ensure the `is_valid_username` function behaves correctly:

- Valid Username (basic): `assert is_valid_username("User123") == True`
- Starts with digit: `assert is_valid_username("12User") == False`
- Contains space: `assert is_valid_username("Us er") == False`
- Too short (less than 5 chars): `assert is_valid_username("abc") == False`
- Too long (more than 15 chars): `assert is_valid_username("abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz") == False`
- Contains special character: `assert is_valid_username("User@123") == False`
- Contains underscore: `assert is_valid_username("User_123") == False`
- Minimum length (5 chars): `assert is_valid_username("admin") == True`
- Maximum length (15 chars): `assert is_valid_username("superlongname15") == True`
- All digits (but starts with a letter): `assert is_valid_username("user12345") == True`
- All letters: `assert is_valid_username("username") == True`

```
import re

def is_valid_username(username):
    # Requirement 1: Username length must be between 5 and 15 characters.
    if not (5 <= len(username) <= 15):
        return False

    # Requirement 2: Must contain only alphabets and digits.
    # Requirement 4: No spaces allowed. (Covered by regex, or explicit check)
    if not re.fullmatch(r'[a-zA-Z0-9]+', username):
        return False

    # Requirement 3: Must not start with a digit.
    if username[0].isdigit():
        return False

    return True
```

```
# Requirement 1: Username length must be between 5 and 15 characters.
if not (5 <= len(username) <= 15):
    return False

# Requirement 2: Must contain only alphabets and digits.
# Requirement 4: No spaces allowed. (Covered by regex, or explicit check)
if not re.fullmatch(r'[a-zA-Z0-9]+', username):
    return False

# Requirement 3: Must not start with a digit.
if username[0].isdigit():
    return False

return True
```

```
# Assert test cases
assert is_valid_username("User123") == True
assert is_valid_username("12User") == False
assert is_valid_username("Us er") == False
assert is_valid_username("abc") == False
assert is_valid_username("abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz") == False
assert is_valid_username("User@123") == False
assert is_valid_username("User_123") == False
assert is_valid_username("admin") == True
assert is_valid_username("superlongname15") == True
assert is_valid_username("user12345") == True
assert is_valid_username("username") == True

print("All AI-generated test cases passed successfully!")
```

```
... All AI-generated test cases passed successfully!
```

OUTPUT:

All AI-generated test cases passed successfully!

Task Description #2 (Even–Odd & Type Classification – Apply AI for Robust Input Handling)

- Task: Use AI to generate at least 3 assert test cases for a function `classify_value(x)` and implement it using conditional logic and loops.
- Requirements:
 - o If input is an integer, classify as "Even" or "Odd".
 - o If input is 0, return "Zero".
 - o If input is non-numeric, return "Invalid Input".

Example Assert Test Cases:

```
assert classify_value(8) == "Even"
```

```
assert classify_value(7) == "Odd"
```

```
assert classify_value("abc") == "Invalid Input"
```

Expected Output #2:

- Function correctly classifying values and passing all test cases.

CODE:

```
def classify_value(x):  
    # Requirement: If input is non-numeric, return "Invalid Input".  
    if not isinstance(x, int):  
        return "Invalid Input"  
  
    # Requirement: If input is 0, return "Zero".  
    if x == 0:  
        return "Zero"  
  
    # Requirement: If input is an integer, classify as "Even" or "Odd".  
    if x % 2 == 0:  
        return "Even"  
    else:  
        return "Odd"
```

+ Code + Text

AI-Generated Assert Test Cases

Based on the requirements, here are several test cases to ensure the `classify_value` function behaves correctly:

- Even Integer: `assert classify_value(8) == "Even"`
- Odd Integer: `assert classify_value(7) == "Odd"`
- Zero: `assert classify_value(0) == "Zero"`
- Non-numeric (string): `assert classify_value("abc") == "Invalid Input"`
- Non-numeric (float): `assert classify_value(3.14) == "Invalid Input"`
- Non-numeric (list): `assert classify_value([1, 2]) == "Invalid Input"`
- Negative Even Integer: `assert classify_value(-4) == "Even"`
- Negative Odd Integer: `assert classify_value(-9) == "Odd"`

```

# Assert test cases
assert classify_value(8) == "Even"
assert classify_value(7) == "Odd"
assert classify_value(0) == "Zero"
assert classify_value("abc") == "Invalid Input"
assert classify_value(3.14) == "Invalid Input"
assert classify_value([1, 2]) == "Invalid Input"
assert classify_value(-4) == "Even"
assert classify_value(-9) == "Odd"

print("All AI-generated test cases for classify_value passed successfully!")

```

OUTPUT:

```

*** All AI-generated test cases for classify_value passed successfully!

```

Task Description #3 (Palindrome Checker – Apply AI for String Normalization)

- Task: Use AI to generate at least 3 assert test cases for a function `is_palindrome(text)` and implement the function.

- Requirements:

- o Ignore case, spaces, and punctuation.

- o Handle edge cases such as empty strings and single characters.

Example Assert Test Cases:

```
assert is_palindrome("Madam") == True
```

```
assert is_palindrome("A man a plan a canal Panama") ==
True
```

```
assert is_palindrome("Python") == False
```

Expected Output #3:

- Function correctly identifying palindromes and passing all

AI-generated tests

CODE:

```
[9] / Os
import re

def is_palindrome(text):
    # Requirement: Ignore case, spaces, and punctuation.
    # Convert to lowercase and remove non-alphanumeric characters
    normalized_text = re.sub(r'^a-zA-Z0-9', '', text).lower()

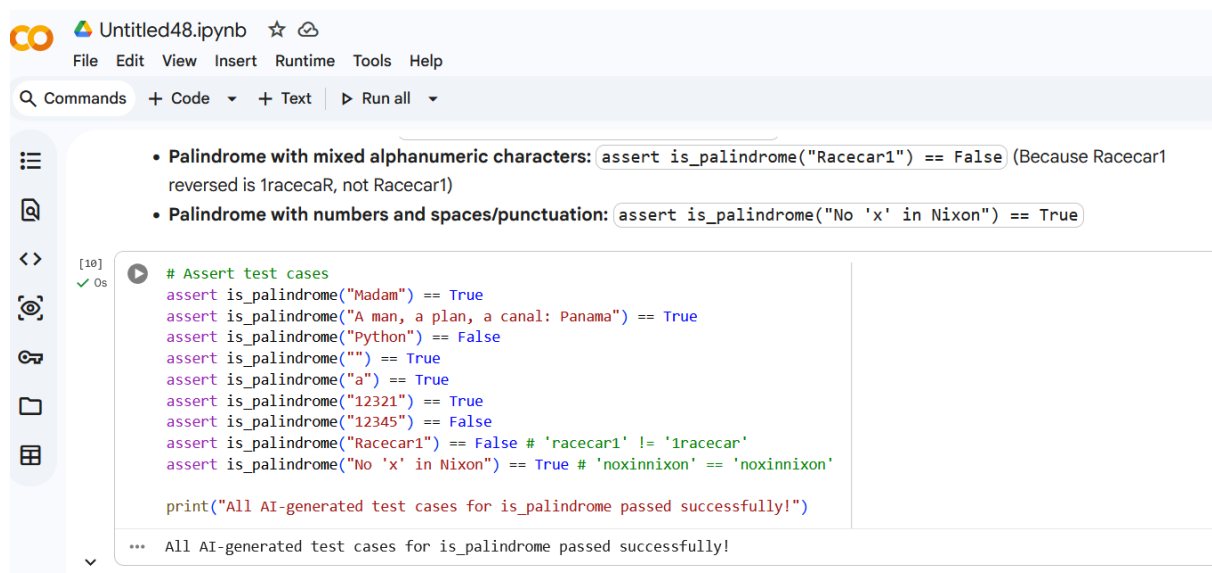
    # Requirement: Handle edge cases such as empty strings and single characters.
    # For an empty string or a single character string, it's considered a palindrome.
    if len(normalized_text) <= 1:
        return True

    # Check if the normalized string is a palindrome
    return normalized_text == normalized_text[::-1]
```

AI-Generated Assert Test Cases

Based on the requirements, here are several test cases to ensure the `is_palindrome` function behaves correctly:

- Basic Palindrome (mixed case): `assert is_palindrome("Madam") == True`
- Palindrome with spaces and punctuation: `assert is_palindrome("A man, a plan, a canal: Panama") == True`
- Non-Palindrome: `assert is_palindrome("Python") == False`
- Empty String (edge case): `assert is_palindrome("") == True`
- Single Character String (edge case): `assert is_palindrome("a") == True`
- Numeric Palindrome: `assert is_palindrome("12321") == True`
- Numeric Non-Palindrome: `assert is_palindrome("12345") == False`
- Palindrome with mixed alphanumeric characters: `assert is_palindrome("Racecar1") == False` (Because Racecar1



The screenshot shows a Jupyter Notebook titled "Untitled48.ipynb". The interface includes a menu bar (File, Edit, View, Insert, Runtime, Tools, Help) and a toolbar with icons for commands, code, text, and running all cells. The notebook content displays a list of AI-generated test cases for the `is_palindrome` function. These cases are then executed in a code cell, resulting in a confirmation message: "All AI-generated test cases for is_palindrome passed successfully!".

```
[10] ✓ Os
# Assert test cases
assert is_palindrome("Madam") == True
assert is_palindrome("A man, a plan, a canal: Panama") == True
assert is_palindrome("Python") == False
assert is_palindrome("") == True
assert is_palindrome("a") == True
assert is_palindrome("12321") == True
assert is_palindrome("12345") == False
assert is_palindrome("Racecar1") == False # 'racecar1' != '1racecar'
assert is_palindrome("No 'x' in Nixon") == True # 'noxinnixon' == 'noxinnixon'

print("All AI-generated test cases for is_palindrome passed successfully!")

... All AI-generated test cases for is_palindrome passed successfully!
```

OUTPUT:

All AI-generated test cases for `is_palindrome` passed successfully!

Task Description #4 (BankAccount Class – Apply AI for Object-Oriented Test-Driven Development)

- Task: Ask AI to generate at least 3 assert-based test cases for a BankAccount class and then implement the class.
- Methods:

o deposit(amount)

o withdraw(amount)

o get_balance()

Example Assert Test Cases:

acc = BankAccount(1000)

acc.deposit(500)

assert acc.get_balance() == 1500

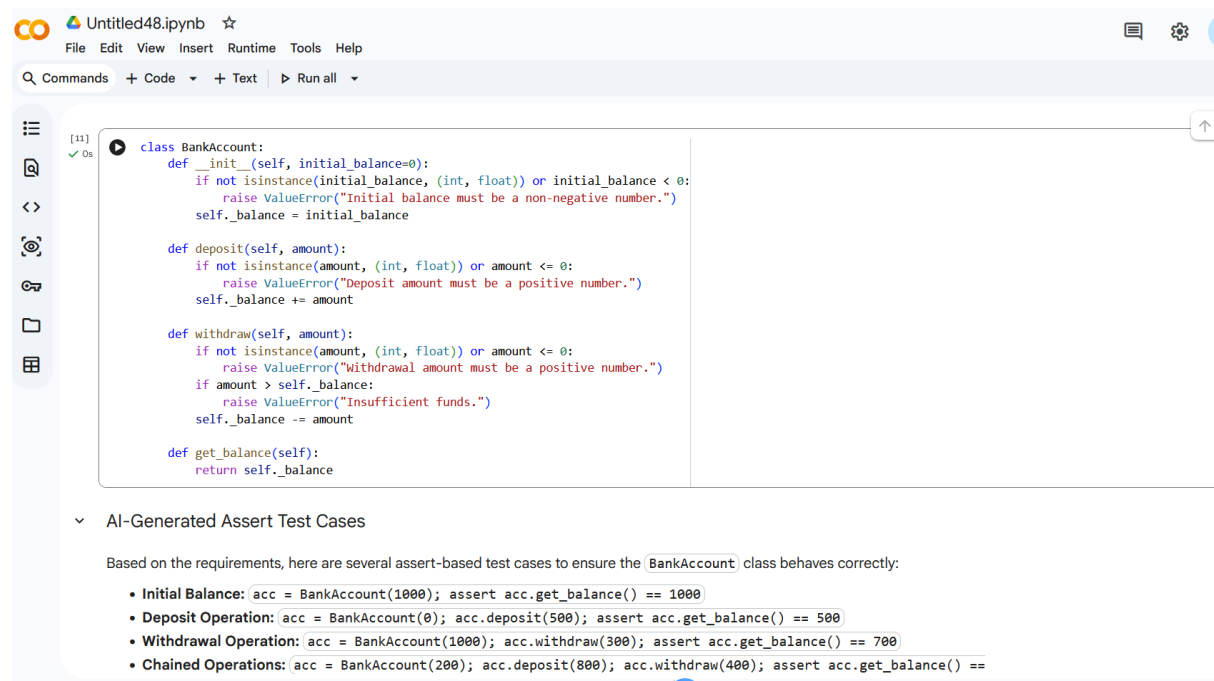
acc.withdraw(300)

assert acc.get_balance() == 1200

Expected Output #4:

- Fully functional class that passes all AI-generated assertions

CODE:



```
[11] ✓ Os
class BankAccount:
    def __init__(self, initial_balance=0):
        if not isinstance(initial_balance, (int, float)) or initial_balance < 0:
            raise ValueError("Initial balance must be a non-negative number.")
        self._balance = initial_balance

    def deposit(self, amount):
        if not isinstance(amount, (int, float)) or amount <= 0:
            raise ValueError("Deposit amount must be a positive number.")
        self._balance += amount

    def withdraw(self, amount):
        if not isinstance(amount, (int, float)) or amount <= 0:
            raise ValueError("Withdrawal amount must be a positive number.")
        if amount > self._balance:
            raise ValueError("Insufficient funds.")
        self._balance -= amount

    def get_balance(self):
        return self._balance
```

AI-Generated Assert Test Cases

Based on the requirements, here are several assert-based test cases to ensure the `BankAccount` class behaves correctly:

- **Initial Balance:** `acc = BankAccount(1000); assert acc.get_balance() == 1000`
- **Deposit Operation:** `acc = BankAccount(0); acc.deposit(500); assert acc.get_balance() == 500`
- **Withdrawal Operation:** `acc = BankAccount(1000); acc.withdraw(300); assert acc.get_balance() == 700`
- **Chained Operations:** `acc = BankAccount(200); acc.deposit(800); acc.withdraw(400); assert acc.get_balance() == 600`

```

acc.deposit(800)
acc.withdraw(400)
assert acc.get_balance() == 600

# Test 5: Withdrawal Exceeds Balance (error handling)
try:
    acc = BankAccount(100)
    acc.withdraw(200)
    assert False, "Expected ValueError for insufficient funds"
except ValueError as e:
    assert str(e) == "Insufficient funds."

# Test 6: Invalid Deposit Amount (error handling)
try:
    acc = BankAccount(100)
    acc.deposit(-50)
    assert False, "Expected ValueError for invalid deposit amount"
except ValueError as e:
    assert str(e) == "Deposit amount must be a positive number."

# Test 7: Invalid Withdrawal Amount (error handling)
try:
    acc = BankAccount(100)
    acc.withdraw(0)
    assert False, "Expected ValueError for invalid withdrawal amount"
except ValueError as e:
    assert str(e) == "Withdrawal amount must be a positive number."

# Test 8: Zero Initial Balance
acc = BankAccount()
assert acc.get_balance() == 0

print("All AI-generated test cases for BankAccount passed successfully!")

```

OUTPUT:

All AI-generated test cases for BankAccount passed successfully!

Task Description #5 (Email ID Validation – Apply AI for Data Validation)

- Task: Use AI to generate at least 3 assert test cases for a function `validate_email(email)` and implement the function.

- Requirements:

- o Must contain @ and .
- o Must not start or end with special characters.
- o Should handle invalid formats gracefully.

Example Assert Test Cases:

```
assert validate_email("user@example.com") == True
```

```
assert validate_email("userexample.com") == False
```

```
assert validate_email("@gmail.com") == False
```

Expected Output #5:

- Email validation function passing all AI-generated test cases

CODE:

OUTPUT:

```
.. All AI-generated test cases for validate_email passed successfully!
```