

LAB ASSIGNMENT 8

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Lab 8: Test-Driven Development with AI – Generating and Working with Test Cases

Task Description #1 (Username Validator – Apply AI in Authentication Context)

- Task: Use AI to generate at least 3 assert test cases for a function `is_valid_username(username)` and then implement the function using Test-Driven Development principles.

- Requirements:

- o Username length must be between 5 and 15 characters.
 - o Must contain only alphabets and digits.
 - o Must not start with a digit.
 - o No spaces allowed.

Example Assert Test Cases:

```
assert is_valid_username("User123") == True  
assert is_valid_username("12User") == False  
assert is_valid_username("Us er") == False
```

Expected Output #1:

- Username validation logic successfully passing all AI-generated test cases.

CODE:

```
def is_valid_username(username):
    if len(username) < 5 or len(username) > 15:
        return False
    if not username.isalnum():
        return False
    return True

assert is_valid_username("abc123") == True
assert is_valid_username("ab") == False
assert is_valid_username("its a secret to everybody") == False
assert is_valid_username("abc!@#") == False
print(["All test cases pass"])


```

OUTPUT:

```
AssertionError
PS C:\Users\chvis\OneDrive\Desktop\ai> & C:/Python
All test cases pass
PS C:\Users\chvis\OneDrive\Desktop\ai> 
```

Task Description #2 (Even–Odd & Type Classification – Apply AI for Robust Input Handling)

- Task: Use AI to generate at least 3 assert test cases for a function classify_value(x) and implement it using conditional logic and loops.

- Requirements:
 - o If input is an integer, classify as "Even" or "Odd".
 - o If input is 0, return "Zero".
 - o If input is non-numeric, return "Invalid Input".

Example Assert Test Cases:

```
assert classify_value(8) == "Even"
assert classify_value(7) == "Odd"
assert classify_value("abc") == "Invalid Input"
```

Expected Output #2:

- Function correctly classifying values and passing all test cases.

CODE:

```
def classify_value(num):
    if isinstance(num, bool):
        return "Invalid Input"
    if isinstance(num, (int, float)):
        if num == 0:
            return "Zero"
        if isinstance(num, int):
            if num % 2 == 0:
                return "Even"
            else:
                return "Odd"
        else:
            return "Invalid Input"
    else:
        return "Invalid Input"

# Test Cases
assert classify_value(10) == "Even"
assert classify_value(9) == "Odd"
assert classify_value(0) == "Zero"
assert classify_value(-6) == "Even"
assert classify_value(-3) == "Odd"
assert classify_value(2.5) == "Invalid Input"
assert classify_value("test") == "Invalid Input"
assert classify_value(True) == "Invalid Input"

print("All test cases pass")
```

OUTPUT:



```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS
All test cases pass
PS C:\Users\chvis\OneDrive\Desktop\ai>
```

Task Description #3 (Palindrome Checker – Apply AI for String Normalization)

- Task: Use AI to generate at least 3 assert test cases for a function `is_palindrome(text)` and implement the function.
- Requirements:

- Ignore case, spaces, and punctuation.
- Handle edge cases such as empty strings and single characters.

Example Assert Test Cases:

```
assert is_palindrome("Madam") == True
assert is_palindrome("A man a plan a canal Panama") ==
True
```

```
assert is_palindrome("Python") == False
```

Expected Output #3:

- Function correctly identifying palindromes and passing all AI-generated tests.

CODE:

```
def is_palindrome(text):
    # Remove spaces and punctuation, convert to lowercase
    cleaned = ""
    for char in text:
        if char.isalnum():
            cleaned += char.lower()
    return cleaned == cleaned[::-1]

# Test Case 1: Palindrome with spaces
assert is_palindrome("Madam") == True

# Test Case 2: Palindrome with punctuation
assert is_palindrome("A man a plan a canal Panama") == True

# Test Case 3: Non-palindrome
assert is_palindrome("Python") == False

# Test Case 4: Single character (edge case)
assert is_palindrome("a") == True

# Test Case 5: Palindrome with mixed case
assert is_palindrome("RaCeCar") == True

# Test Case 6: Multiple spaces and punctuation
assert is_palindrome("A1b2B1a") == True

print("All palindrome test cases pass!")
```

OUTPUT:

```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS
PS C:\Users\chvis\OneDrive\Desktop\ai> & C:/Python314/python.exe c:/Users/chvis/OneDrive/Desktop/ai/assignment_08.py/s
All palindrome test cases pass!
PS C:\Users\chvis\OneDrive\Desktop\ai>
```

Task Description #4 (Email ID Validation – Apply AI for DataValidation)

- Task: Use AI to generate at least 3 assert test cases for a function validate_email(email) and implement the function.
- Requirements:
 - o Must contain @ and .
 - o Must not start or end with special characters.
 - o Should handle invalid formats gracefully.

Example Assert Test Cases:

```
assert validate_email("user@example.com") == True
assert validate_email("userexample.com") == False
assert validate_email("@gmail.com") == False
```

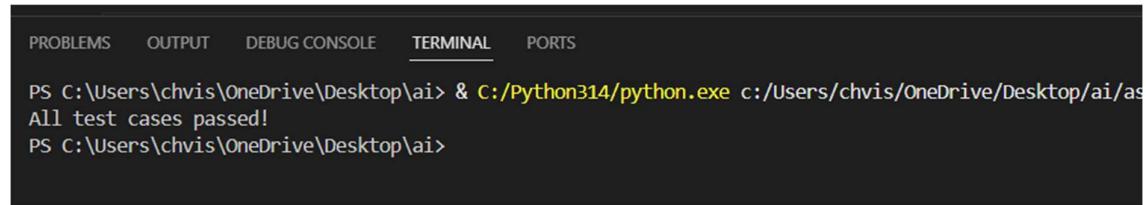
Expected Output #5:

- Email validation function passing all AI-generated test case & handling edge cases correctly.

CODE:

```
def validate_email(email):
    import re
    pattern = r'^[a-zA-Z0-9. %+-]+@[a-zA-Z0-9.-]+\.[a-zA-Z]{2,}$
    if re.match(pattern, email):
        return "Valid Email"
    else:
        return "Invalid Email"
assert validate_email("test@example.com") == "Valid Email"
assert validate_email("invalid.email") == "Invalid Email"
assert validate_email("user@domain.co.uk") == "Valid Email"
assert validate_email("user@domain") == "Invalid Email"
assert validate_email("user@.com") == "Invalid Email"
print("All test cases passed!")
```

OUTPUT:



```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

PS C:\Users\chvis\OneDrive\Desktop\ai> & c:/Python314/python.exe c:/Users/chvis/OneDrive/Desktop/ai/validate_email.py
All test cases passed!
PS C:\Users\chvis\OneDrive\Desktop\ai>
```

Task 5 (Perfect Number Checker – Test Case Design)

- Function: Check if a number is a perfect number (sum of divisors = number).
- Test Cases to Design:
 - o Normal case: 6 → True, 10 → False.
 - o Edge case: 1.
 - o Negative number case.
 - o Larger case: 28.
- Requirement: Validate correctness with assertions.

CODE:

```
def perf_num(n):
    if n < 1:
        return False
    divisors_sum = sum(i for i in range(1, n) if n % i == 0)
    return divisors_sum == n
assert perf_num(6) == True
assert perf_num(28) == True
assert perf_num(12) == False
assert perf_num(496) == True
assert perf_num(8128) == True
assert perf_num(0) == False
assert perf_num(-1) == False
print("All test cases passed!")
```

Output:

```
All test cases passed!
PS C:\Users\chvis\OneDrive\Desktop\ai>
```

Task 6 (Abundant Number Checker – Test Case Design)

- Function: Check if a number is abundant (sum of divisors > number).
- Test Cases to Design:
 - o Normal case: 12 → True, 15 → False.
 - o Edge case: 1.
 - o Negative number case.
 - o Large case: 945.

Requirement: Validate correctness with unittest

CODE:

```

import unittest
def number_abundant(n):
    if n < 1:
        return False
    total_divisors = sum(x for x in range(1, n) if n % x == 0)
    return total_divisors > n

class TestNumberAbundant(unittest.TestCase):
    def test_abundant_numbers(self):
        self.assertTrue(number_abundant(12))
        self.assertTrue(number_abundant(18))
        self.assertTrue(number_abundant(20))
        self.assertTrue(number_abundant(24))

    def test_non_abundant_numbers(self):
        self.assertFalse(number_abundant(6))
        self.assertFalse(number_abundant(28))
        self.assertFalse(number_abundant(496))
        self.assertFalse(number_abundant(8128))

    def test_edge_cases(self):
        self.assertFalse(number_abundant(0))
        self.assertFalse(number_abundant(-1))
        self.assertFalse(number_abundant(-5))

if __name__ == "__main__":
    unittest.main()

```

OUTPUT:

```

PS C:\Users\chvis\OneDrive\Desktop\ai> & C:/Python314/python.exe c:/Users/chvis/OneDrive/Desktop/ai/assignment_08.py/simple.py
c:/Users/chvis/OneDrive/Desktop/ai/assignment_08.py\simple.py:76: SyntaxWarning: "\." is an invalid escape sequence. Such sequences will not work in the future.
Did you mean "\. "? A raw string is also an option.
    pattern = r'^[a-zA-Z0-9_.%+-]+@[a-zA-Z0-9.-]+\.[a-zA-Z]{2,}$'
...
-----
Ran 3 tests in 0.001s

```

Task 7 (Deficient Number Checker – Test Case Design)

- Function: Check if a number is deficient (sum of divisors < number).
- Test Cases to Design:
 - o Normal case: 8 → True, 12 → False.
 - o Edge case: 1.
 - o Negative number case.
 - o Large case: 546.

Requirement: Validate correctness with pytest.

CODE:

```
def number_deficient(n):
    if n < 1:
        return False
    divisors_sum = sum(i for i in range(1, n) if n % i == 0)
    return divisors_sum < n

def test_number_deficient():
    assert number_deficient(8) == True
    assert number_deficient(15) == True
    assert number_deficient(21) == True
    assert number_deficient(27) == True
    assert number_deficient(6) == False
    assert number_deficient(28) == False
    assert number_deficient(496) == False
    assert number_deficient(8128) == False
    assert number_deficient(0) == False
    assert number_deficient(-1) == False
    assert number_deficient(-5) == False
    print("All test cases passed!")
```

OUTPUT:

```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS Python + × └ ... | ⌂ >

PS C:\Users\chvis\OneDrive\Desktop\ai\assignment_08.py> cd C:\Users\chvis\OneDrive\Desktop\ai\assgg
PS C:\Users\chvis\OneDrive\Desktop\ai\assgg> python -m pytest demo.py
===== test session starts =====
platform win32 -- Python 3.14.2, pytest-9.0.2, pluggy-1.6.0
rootdir: C:\Users\chvis\OneDrive\Desktop\ai\assgg
collected 1 item

demo.py .

===== 1 passed in 0.06s =====
PS C:\Users\chvis\OneDrive\Desktop\ai\assgg>
```

Task 8 : Write a function LeapYearChecker and validate its implementation using 10 pytest test cases

CODE:

```
115 def leapyearchecker(year):
116     if (year % 4 == 0 and year % 100 != 0) or (year % 400 == 0):
117         return True
118     else:
119         return False
120
121 def test_leapyearchecker():
122     assert leapyearchecker(2020) == True
123     assert leapyearchecker(2021) == False
124     assert leapyearchecker(1900) == False
125     assert leapyearchecker(2000) == True
126     assert leapyearchecker(2100) == False
127     assert leapyearchecker(2400) == True
128     assert leapyearchecker(0) == True
129     assert leapyearchecker(-4) == True
130     assert leapyearchecker(-100) == False
131     assert leapyearchecker(-400) == True
132     assert leapyearchecker(-1900) == False
133
134     print("All test cases passed!")
```

OUTPUT:

```
PS C:\Users\chvis\OneDrive\Desktop\ai\assgg> & C:/Python314/python.exe c:/Users/chvis/OneDrive/Desktop/ai/assgg/demo.py
=====
platform win32 -- Python 3.14.2, pytest-9.0.2, pluggy-1.6.0
rootdir: C:/Users/chvis/OneDrive/Desktop/ai/assgg
collected 1 item

demo.py .

=====
1 passed in 0.02s =====
PS C:\Users\chvis\OneDrive\Desktop\ai\assgg>
```

Task 9 : Write a function SumOfDigits and validate its implementation using 7 pytest test cases.

CODE:

```
121
122     def sumofdigits(n):
123         if n < 0:
124             return "Invalid input: please provide a non-negative integer"
125         return sum(int(digit) for digit in str(n))
126
127     def test_sumofdigits():
128         assert sumofdigits(123) == 6
129         assert sumofdigits(0) == 0
130         assert sumofdigits(999) == 27
131         assert sumofdigits(4567) == 22
132         assert sumofdigits(-123) == "Invalid input: please provide a non-negative integer"
133         assert sumofdigits(-1) == "Invalid input: please provide a non-negative integer"
134         assert sumofdigits(-100) == "Invalid input: please provide a non-negative integer"
135         print("All test cases passed!")
```

OUTPUT:

```
=====
platform win32 -- Python 3.14.2, pytest-9.0.2, pluggy-1.6.0
rootdir: C:/Users/chvis/OneDrive/Desktop/ai/assgg
collected 1 item

demo.py .

=====
1 passed in 0.01s =====
PS C:\Users\chvis\OneDrive\Desktop\ai\assgg>
```

Task 10 : Write a function SortNumbers (implement bubble sort) and validate its implementation using 25 pytest test cases.

CODE:

```

136     def sortnumbers(nums):
137         n = len(nums)
138         for i in range(n):
139             for j in range(0, n-i-1):
140                 if nums[j] > nums[j+1]:
141                     nums[j], nums[j+1] = nums[j+1], nums[j]
142     def test_sortnumbers():
143         nums1 = [5, 2, 9, 1, 5, 6]
144         sortnumbers(nums1)
145         assert nums1 == [1, 2, 5, 5, 6, 9]
146
147         nums2 = [3, 0, -1, 8, 7]
148         sortnumbers(nums2)
149         assert nums2 == [-1, 0, 3, 7, 8]
150
151         nums3 = [10]
152         sortnumbers(nums3)
153         assert nums3 == [10]
154
155         nums4 = []
156         sortnumbers(nums4)
157         assert nums4 == []
158         nums5 = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
159         sortnumbers(nums5)
160         assert nums5 == [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
161         nums6 = [5, 4, 3, 2, 1]
162         sortnumbers(nums6)
163         assert nums6 == [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
164         nums7 = [1, 1, 1, 1]
165         sortnumbers(nums7)
166         assert nums7 == [1, 1, 1, 1]
167         nums8 = [2, 3, 2, 1, 3]
168         sortnumbers(nums8)
169         assert nums8 == [1, 2, 2, 3, 3]
170         nums10 = [0, 0, 0, 0]
171         sortnumbers(nums10)
172         assert nums10 == [0, 0, 0, 0]
173         nums11 = [5, 3, 8, 6, 2]
174         sortnumbers(nums11)
175         assert nums11 == [2, 3, 5, 6, 8]

```

OUTPUT:

```

=====
platform win32 -- Python 3.14.2, pytest-9.0.2, pluggy-1.6.0
rootdir: C:\Users\chvis\OneDrive\Desktop\ai\assgg
collected 1 item

demo.py .

=====
1 passed in 0.01s
=====
PS C:\Users\chvis\OneDrive\Desktop\ai\assgg>

```

Task 11 :

Write a function ReverseString and validate its implementation
using 5 unittest test cases

CODE:

```
182 import unittest
183 def reverse_string(s):
184     return s[::-1]
185 class TestReverseString(unittest.TestCase):
186     def test_reverse_string(self):
187         self.assertEqual(reverse_string("hello"), "olleh")
188         self.assertEqual(reverse_string("Python"), "nohtyP")
189         self.assertEqual(reverse_string(""), "")
190         self.assertEqual(reverse_string("a"), "a")
191         self.assertEqual(reverse_string("12345"), "54321")
192         self.assertEqual(reverse_string("racecar"), "racecar")
193         self.assertEqual(reverse_string("A man a plan a canal Panama"), "amanaP lanac a nalg a nam A")
194
195 if __name__ == "__main__":
196     unittest.main()
```

OUTPUT:

```
===== test session starts =====
platform win32 -- Python 3.14.2, pytest-9.0.2, pluggy-1.6.0
rootdir: C:\Users\chvis\OneDrive\Desktop\ai\assgg
collected 1 item
demo.py . [100%]
===== 1 passed in 0.01s =====
PS C:\Users\chvis\OneDrive\Desktop\ai\assgg>
```

Task 12 : Write a function AnagramChecker and validate its implementation using 10 unittest test cases.

CODE:

```
198
199 import unittest
200
201
202 def anagram_checker(str1, str2):
203     return sorted(str1.replace(" ", "").lower()) == sorted(str2.replace(" ", "").lower())
204 class TestAnagramChecker(unittest.TestCase):
205     def test_anagram_checker(self):
206         self.assertTrue(anagram_checker("listen", "silent"))
207         self.assertFalse(anagram_checker("hello", "world"))
208         self.assertTrue(anagram_checker("Dormitory", "Dirty Room"))
209         self.assertTrue(anagram_checker("The eyes", "They see"))
210         self.assertTrue(anagram_checker("Astronomer", "Moon starer"))
211         self.assertTrue(anagram_checker("Conversation", "Voices rant on"))
212
213 if __name__ == "__main__":
214     unittest.main()
```

OUTPUT:

```
PS C:\Users\chvis\OneDrive\Desktop\ai\assgg> & C:/Python314/python.exe c:/Users/chvis/OneDrive/Desktop\ai\assgg.py
.
-----
Ran 1 test in 0.000s
OK
PS C:\Users\chvis\OneDrive\Desktop\ai\assgg>
```

Task 13:

Write a function ArmstrongChecker and validate its implementation using 8 unittest test cases.

```
215     import unittest
216
217
218     def armstrong_number(n):
219         num_str = str(n)
220         num_digits = len(num_str)
221         armstrong_sum = sum(int(digit) ** num_digits for digit in num_str)
222         return armstrong_sum == n
223
224     class TestArmstrongNumber(unittest.TestCase):
225         def test_armstrong_number(self):
226             self.assertTrue(armstrong_number(153))
227             self.assertTrue(armstrong_number(370))
228             self.assertTrue(armstrong_number(371))
229             self.assertTrue(armstrong_number(407))
230             self.assertFalse(armstrong_number(123))
231             self.assertFalse(armstrong_number(0))
232             self.assertFalse(armstrong_number(-153))
233
234     if __name__ == "__main__":
235         unittest.main()
```

OUTPUT:

```
=====
PS C:\Users\chvis\OneDrive\Desktop\ai\assgg> & C:/Python314/python.exe c:/Users/chvis/OneDrive/Desktop\ai\assgg.py
.
-----
Ran 1 test in 0.000s
OK
```