

ASSIGNMENT:1.4

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Batch-13

Task 1: AI-Generated Logic Without Modularization (Prime Number Check Without Functions)

❖ Scenario

- You are developing a basic validation script for a numerical learning application.

❖ Task Description

Use GitHub Copilot to generate a Python program that:

- Checks whether a given number is prime
- Accepts user input
- Implements logic directly in the main code
- Does not use any user-defined functions

❖ Expected Output

- Correct prime / non-prime result
- Screenshots showing Copilot-generated code suggestions
- Sample inputs and outputs

Prompt:

```
# write a Python program to accept a number from the user and check  
# whether it is a prime number or not, using logic only in the main code (no  
# user-defined functions), which accepts user input and display the result.
```

#Code

```

num = int(input("Enter a number: "))
if num > 1:
    for i in range(2, num):
        if (num % i) == 0:
            print(f"{num} is not a prime number.")
            break
    else:
        print(f"{num} is a prime number.")
else:
    print(f"{num} is not a prime number.")

```

#Output:

```

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS + ... x
on program to accept a numb.py"
Enter a number: 5
5 is a prime number.
PS C:\Users\neera\OneDrive\Desktop\AI AC> & "C:/Users/neera/OneDrive/Desktop/AI AC/.venv/Scripts/python.exe" "c:/Users/neera/OneDrive/Desktop/AI AC/#write a Python
on program to accept a numb.py"
Enter a number: 12
12 is not a prime number.
PS C:\Users\neera\OneDrive\Desktop\AI AC> & "C:/Users/neera/OneDrive/Desktop/AI AC/.venv/Scripts/python.exe" "c:/Users/neera/OneDrive/Desktop/AI AC/#write a Python
on program to accept a numb.py"
Enter a number: 27
27 is not a prime number.
PS C:\Users\neera\OneDrive\Desktop\AI AC>

```

In 13 Col 1 Spaces: 4 UFT-8 CRLF [Python] 3.13.9 (venv) ⓘ Go Live

#Explanation:

The program takes a number as input from the user.

It checks whether the number can be divided by any number other than 1 and itself.

If it is divisible, the number is not a prime number .If it is not divisible by any number, it is a prime number.

Task 2: Efficiency & Logic Optimization (Cleanup)

❖ Scenario

The script must handle larger input values efficiently.

❖ Task Description

Review the Copilot-generated code from Task 1 and improve it by:

- Reducing unnecessary iterations
- Optimizing the loop range (e.g., early termination)
- Improving readability
- Use Copilot prompts like:
 - “Optimize prime number checking logic”
 - “Improve efficiency of this code”

Hint:

Prompt Copilot with phrases like

“optimize this code”, “simplify logic”, or “make it more readable”

❖ Expected Output

- Original and optimized code versions
- Explanation of how the improvements reduce time complexity

#Prompt:

#Optimize the given Python program for checking a prime number by reducing unnecessary iterations, limiting the loop range for early termination, and improving code readability. Show both the original code and the optimized code, and explain how the changes improve efficiency and reduce time complexity.

#Code

```

# Original Code
1 num = int(input("Enter a number: "))
2 if num > 1:
3     for i in range(2, num):
4         if (num % i) == 0:
5             print(f"{num} is not a prime number.")
6             break
7         else:
8             print(f"{num} is a prime number.")
9     else:
10        print(f"{num} is not a prime number.")
# Optimized Code
11 num = int(input("Enter a number: "))
12 if num <= 1:
13     print(f"{num} is not a prime number.")
14 else:
15     is_prime = True
16     for i in range(2, int(num ** 0.5) + 1):
17         if num % i == 0:
18             is_prime = False
19             break
20
21     if is_prime:
22         print(f"{num} is a prime number.")
23     else:
24         print(f"{num} is not a prime number.")

```

#OUTPUT:

```

PS C:\Users\neera\OneDrive\Desktop\AI AC> & "C:/Users/neera/OneDrive/Desktop/AI AC/.venv/Scripts/python.exe" "c:/Users/neera/OneDrive/Desktop/AI AC/#Optimize the
given Python program for c.py"
Enter a number: 12
12 is not a prime number.
Enter a number: 9
9 is not a prime number.

```

Ln 14, Col 41 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 { } Python 3.13.9 (venv) (t) Go Live

#EXPLANATION:

The optimized code reduces unnecessary iterations by checking divisibility only up to the square root of the number instead of all numbers up to n .Early termination using break stops the loop as soon as a factor is found, saving time .Using a boolean variable improves code readability and clarity.

Task 3: Modular Design Using AI Assistance (Prime Number Check Using Functions)

❖ Scenario

The prime-checking logic will be reused across multiple modules.

❖ Task Description

Use GitHub Copilot to generate a function-based Python program that:

- Uses a user-defined function to check primality
- Returns a Boolean value
- Includes meaningful comments (AI-assisted)

❖ Expected Output

- Correctly working prime-checking function
- Screenshots documenting Copilot's function generation
- Sample test cases and outputs

#Prompt

#Write a Python program using a user-defined function to check whether a given number is a prime number. The function should return a Boolean value (True or False). Accept input from the user, call the function, and display the result. Include clear and meaningful comments to explain the logic

#Code

```
#Write a Python program using a user-defined function to check whether a given number is a prime number. The function should return a Boolean value
def is_prime(num):
    # Check if the number is less than or equal to 1
    if num <= 1:
        return False
    # Check for factors from 2 to the square root of the number
    for i in range(2, int(num**0.5) + 1):
        if num % i == 0:
            return False
    return True

# Accept input from the user
number = int(input("Enter a number: "))
# Call the function and display the result
if is_prime(number):
    print(f"{number} is a prime number.")
else:
    print(f"{number} is not a prime number.")
```

#output

```
PS C:\Users\neera\OneDrive\Desktop\AI AC> & "C:/Users/neera/OneDrive/Desktop/AI AC/.venv/Scripts/python.exe" "c:/Users/neera/OneDrive/Desktop/AI AC/##k
rite a Python program using a user-de.py"
Enter a number: 27
27 is not a prime number.
PS C:\Users\neera\OneDrive\Desktop\AI AC> & "C:/Users/neera/OneDrive/Desktop/AI AC/.venv/Scripts/python.exe" "c:/Users/neera/OneDrive/Desktop/AI AC/##k
rite a Python program using a user-de.py"
Enter a number: 17
17 is a prime number.
```

Task 4: Comparative Analysis –With vs Without Functions

❖ Scenario

You are participating in a technical review discussion.

❖ Task Description

Compare the Copilot-generated programs:

- Without functions (Task 1)
- With functions (Task 3)
- Analyze them based on:
 - Code clarity
 - Reusability
 - Debugging ease
 - Suitability for large-scale applications

❖ Expected Output

Comparison table or short analytical report

#prompt

Compare two Python programs for checking prime numbers: one written without user-defined functions and one written using a function. Analyze them based on code clarity, reusability, ease of debugging, and suitability for large-scale applications.

#Code

```
Compare two Python programs for checking prime numbers: one written without user-defined functions and one written using a function. Analyze them based on code clarity, reusability, ease of debugging, and suitability for large-scale applications.

# Compare two Python programs for checking prime numbers: one written without user-defined functions and one written using a function. Analyze them based on code clarity, reusability, ease of debugging, and suitability for large-scale applications.
# Program without user-defined functions
num = int(input("Enter a number: "))
is_prime = True
if num < 1:
    for i in range(2, int(num**0.5) + 1):
        if (num % i) == 0:
            is_prime = False
            break
    if is_prime:
        print(f"{num} is a prime number")
    else:
        print(f"{num} is not a prime number")
else:
    print(f"{num} is not a prime number")
# Program with user-defined function
def is_prime_number(n):
    if n <= 1:
        return False
    for i in range(2, int(n**0.5) + 1):
        if (n % i) == 0:
            return False
    return True
num = int(input("Enter a number: "))
if is_prime_number(num):
    print(f"{num} is a prime number")
else:
    print(f"{num} is not a prime number")
# Comparison Table
comparison_table = """
| Aspect | Without Functions | With Functions |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Code Clarity | Less clear due to inline logic | More clear with separated logic |
| Reusability | Low, logic cannot be reused easily | High, function can be reused |
| Ease of Debugging | Harder to debug, all logic in one place | Easier to debug, isolated function logic |
| Suitability for Large-Scale Applications | Less suitable, harder to maintain | More suitable, easier to manage and scale |
"""
print(comparison_table)
```

#Output:

PS C:\Users\neera\OneDrive\Desktop\AI AC> & "c:/Users/neera/OneDrive/Desktop/AI AC/.venv/Scripts/python.exe" "c:/Users/neera/OneDrive/Desktop/AI AC/#Compare two Python programs for checkin.py"		
Enter a number: 17 17 is a prime number		
Enter a number: 27 27 is not a prime number		
Aspect	Without Functions	With Functions
Code Clarity	Less clear due to inline logic	More clear with separated logic
Reusability	Low, logic cannot be reused easily	High, function can be reused
Ease of Debugging	Harder to debug, all logic in one place	Easier to debug, isolated function logic
Suitability for Large-Scale Applications	Less suitable, harder to maintain	More suitable, easier to manage and scale

#JUSTIFICATION

The first program without functions works correctly but has all the logic inline, making it less clear and harder to reuse or debug .The second program uses a user-defined function, which separates the prime-checking logic from the main program, improving readability and maintainability. Using a function allows reusability, so the same logic can be called multiple times without rewriting code.

Task 5: AI-Generated Iterative vs Recursive Fibonacci Approaches (Different Algorithmic Approaches to Prime Checking)

❖ Scenario

Your mentor wants to evaluate how AI handles alternative logical strategies.

❖ Task Description

Prompt GitHub Copilot to generate:

- A basic divisibility check approach
- An optimized approach (e.g., checking up to \sqrt{n})

❖ Expected Output

- Two correct implementations
- Comparison discussing:
 - Execution flow
 - Time complexity
 - Performance for large inputs
 - When each approach is appropriate

#Prompt

#Write two Python programs to check if a number is prime: one using a basic check from 2 to $n-1$, and one optimized by checking only up to \sqrt{n} .

#Code

```

#Write two Python programs to check if a number is prime: one using a basic check from 2 to n-1, and one optimized by checking only up to √n. Include comments and display the result.

# Program 1: Basic check from 2 to n-1
num = int(input("Enter a number: "))
is_prime = True
if num > 1:
    for i in range(2, num):
        if (num % i) == 0:
            is_prime = False
            break
    if is_prime:
        print(f"{num} is a prime number (Basic Check).")
    else:
        print(f"{num} is not a prime number (Basic Check).")
else:
    print(f"{num} is not a prime number (Basic Check.)")

# Program 2: Optimized check up to √n
num = int(input("Enter a number: "))
is_prime = True
if num > 1:
    for i in range(2, int(num**0.5) + 1):
        if (num % i) == 0:
            is_prime = False
            break
    if is_prime:
        print(f"{num} is a prime number (Optimized Check).")
    else:
        print(f"{num} is not a prime number (Optimized Check.).")
else:
    print(f"{num} is not a prime number (Optimized Check.)")

```

#Output

```

PS C:\Users\neera\OneDrive\Desktop\AI AC> & "C:/Users/neera/OneDrive/Desktop/AI AC/.venv/Scripts/python.exe" "c:/Users/neera/OneDrive/Desktop/AI AC/#Write two Python programs to check if a.py"
Enter a number: 17
17 is a prime number (Basic Check).
Enter a number: 27
27 is not a prime number (Optimized Check).
PS C:\Users\neera\OneDrive\Desktop\AI AC> & "C:/Users/neera/OneDrive/Desktop/AI AC/.venv/Scripts/python.exe" "c:/Users/neera/OneDrive/Desktop/AI AC/#Write two Python programs to check if a.py"
Enter a number: 15
15 is not a prime number (Basic Check).
Enter a number: 17
17 is a prime number (Optimized Check).
PS C:\Users\neera\OneDrive\Desktop\AI AC>

```

#Justification

The first program uses a basic divisibility check from 2 to n-1. While it is simple and easy to understand, it performs many unnecessary iterations, making it inefficient for large numbers.

The second program uses an optimized approach, checking divisibility only up to \sqrt{n} . This reduces the number of iterations significantly, improving efficiency while giving the same correct result.

The optimized version is faster, easier to scale, and more suitable for larger input values compared to the basic approach.