

ASSIGNMENT-8.5

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Batch:35

Task Description #1 (Username Validator – Apply AI in Authentication Context)

- Task: Use AI to generate at least 3 assert test cases for a function `is_valid_username(username)` and then implement the function using Test-Driven Development principles.
- Requirements:
 - o Username length must be between 5 and 15 characters.
 - o Must contain only alphabets and digits.
 - o Must not start with a digit.
 - o No spaces allowed.

Example Assert

Test Cases:

```
assert is_valid_username("User123") == True  
assert is_valid_username("12User") == False  
assert is_valid_username("Us er") == False
```

Expected Output #1:

- Username validation logic successfully passing all AI-generated test cases.

Output:

The screenshot shows the Gemini AI interface with a Python script titled "username validator". The code defines a function `is_valid_username` that checks if a username is valid based on length and character rules. A tooltip from Gemini suggests implementing a validator function and its test cases. The interface includes a sidebar with file navigation and a bottom bar with RAM/Disk status and user icons.

```

username validator

Gemini
+ Function
+def is_valid_username(username):
+    if not isinstance(username, str):
+        return False
+    if len(username) < 5:
+        return False
+    if not username.isalnum():
+        return False
+    if username[0].isdigit():
+        return False
+    return True
+
+# Test cases
+assert is_valid_username('user1')
+assert is_valid_username('user_1')
+assert is_valid_username('user123')

```

Task Description #2 (Even–Odd & Type Classification – Apply AI for Robust Input Handling)

- Task: Use AI to generate at least 3 assert test cases for a function `classify_value(x)` and implement it using conditional logic and loops.

- Requirements:

- If input is an integer, classify as "Even" or "Odd".
- If input is 0, return "Zero".
- If input is non-numeric, return "Invalid Input".

Example Assert Test Cases:

```
assert classify_value(8) == "Even" assert
classify_value(7) == "Odd" assert
```

```
classify_value("abc") == "Invalid Input"
```

Expected Output #2:

- Function correctly classifying values and passing all test cases.

Output:

The screenshot shows the Gemini AI interface. On the left, there's a code editor window titled 'Gemini' containing the following Python code:

```
+# Function
+def classify_input(value):
+    if isinstance(value, int):
+        if value % 2 == 0:
+            return f"{value} is an even integer."
+        else:
+            return f"{value} is an odd integer."
+    else:
+        return f"{value} is not an integer."
+
+# Test cases
+assert classify_input(4) ==
+assert classify_input(7) ==
+assert classify_input("he
+assert classify_input(3.14)
+assert classify_input([1,
+
```

To the right of the code editor, a modal window titled 'Empty cell' contains the instruction: 'Let's create a Python function `classify_input` that determines if an input is an even or odd integer, or classifies its type if it's not an integer, and add some test cases.' Below the instruction are three buttons: 'Accept & Run', 'Accept', and 'Cancel'. At the bottom of the modal is a text input field with the placeholder 'What can I help you build?'. The bottom right corner of the modal says 'Gemini 2.5 Flash'.

Task Description #3 (Palindrome Checker – Apply AI for String Normalization)

- Task: Use AI to generate at least 3 assert test cases for a function `is_palindrome(text)` and implement the function.
- Requirements:
 - o Ignore case, spaces, and punctuation.
 - o Handle edge cases such as empty strings and single characters.

Example Assert Test Cases:

```
assert is_palindrome("Madam") == True
```

```
assert is_palindrome("A man a plan a canal Panama") == True
```

```
assert is_palindrome("Python") == False
```

Output #3:

- Function correctly identifying palindromes and passing all AI-generated tests.

Output:

The screenshot shows the Gemini AI interface with a code editor window titled "Task-03". The code is as follows:

```
+# Function
+def is_palindrome(text):
+    # Normalize the string: convert to lowercase and remove non-alphanumeric characters
+    normalized_text = ''.join([c.lower() for c in text if c.isalnum()])
+    # Check if the normalized text is equal to its reverse
+    return normalized_text == normalized_text[::-1]

+# Test cases
+assert is_palindrome("Racecar") == True
+assert is_palindrome("A man a plan a canal Panama") == True
+assert is_palindrome("Hello World") == False
+assert is_palindrome("No lemon no melon") == True
+assert is_palindrome("Python") == False
+assert is_palindrome("Madam") == True
+assert is_palindrome("Was it a car or a cat I saw") == True
```

A tooltip from Gemini provides instructions for generating test cases:

M #3 (Palindrome Checker – Apply AI for String Normalization)

Let's create a Python function `is_palindrome` that checks if a string is a palindrome, ignoring non-alphanumeric characters and case, and add some test cases.

Accept & Run Accept Cancel

What can I help you build?

Gemini 2.5 Flash

Task Description #4 (BankAccount Class – Apply AI for Object-Oriented Test-Driven Development)

- Task: Ask AI to generate at least 3 assert-based test cases for a BankAccount class and then implement the class.

- Methods:

- o `deposit(amount)`

- o `withdraw(amount)`

- o `get_balance()`

Example Assert Test Cases: acc

```
= BankAccount(1000)
```

```
acc.deposit(500)
```

```
assert acc.get_balance() == 1500 acc.withdraw(300)
```

assert acc.get_balance() == 1200 Expected

Output #4:

- Fully functional class that passes all AI-generated assertions.

Output:

The screenshot shows the Gemini AI interface with the following details:

- Code Completion:** A sidebar on the left displays the generated `BankAccount` class with methods `deposit` and `withdraw`. A tooltip provides instructions for creating the class: "#4 (BankAccount Class – Apply AI for Object-Oriented Test-Driven Development) <> Empty cell".
- Test Execution:** Below the code, a terminal window shows test cases being run:

```
[5] ✓ 0s
try:
    account10 = BankAccount(-50)
    assert False, "Test 10 Failed: Expected ValueError for negative initial balance"
except ValueError as e:
    assert str(e) == "Initial balance must be a non-negative number.", f"Test 10 Failed: Wrong error message: {e}"

# Test 11: Initial balance as float
account11 = BankAccount(100.50)
assert account11.get_balance() == 100.50, f"Test 11 Failed: Expected 100.50, got {account11.get_balance()}"

# Test 12: Deposit float amount
account12 = BankAccount(50)
account12.deposit(25.75)
assert account12.get_balance() == 75.75, f"Test 12 Failed: Expected 75.75, got {account12.get_balance()}"

# Test 13: Withdraw float amount
account13 = BankAccount(100.25)
account13.withdraw(18.15)
assert account13.get_balance() == 90.10, f"Test 13 Failed: Expected 90.10, got {account13.get_balance()}"

print("All BankAccount tests passed!")
```
- Status:** The bottom right corner indicates "All BankAccount tests passed!"

Task Description #5 (Email ID Validation – Apply AI for Data Validation)

- Task: Use AI to generate at least 3 assert test cases for a function validate_email(email) and implement the function.
- Requirements:

- o Must contain @ and .
- o Must not start or end with special characters.
- o Should handle invalid formats gracefully.

Example Assert Test Cases:

```
assert validate_email("user@example.com") == True
```

```
assert validate_email("userexample.com") == False
```

```
assert validate_email("@gmail.com") == False
```

Expected

Output #5:

- Email validation function passing all AI-generated test cases and handling edge cases correctly.

Output:

The screenshot shows a code editor window titled "Task-05". The code is as follows:

```
+# Function
+import re
+
+def is_valid_email(email):
+    if not isinstance(email, str):
+        return False
+    # Regular expression for validating an Email
+    # This pattern checks
+    # It allows letters, numbers, and the top-level domain
+    pattern = r"^[a-zA-Z0-9_.+-]+@[a-zA-Z0-9-]+\.[a-zA-Z]{2,}$"
+    if re.fullmatch(pattern, email):
+        return True
+    else:
+        return False
+
+# Test cases
+assert is_valid_email("test@example.com")
+assert is_valid_email("john.doe@example.org")
+assert is_valid_email("invalid_email")
+assert is_valid_email("user@.com")
```

A tooltip from "Gemini" provides an AI-generated comment: "#5 (Email ID Validation – Apply AI for Data Validation)". Below the code, a modal window from "Gemini 2.5 Flash" asks, "What can I help you build?". Buttons for "Accept & Run", "Accept", and "Cancel" are visible. The status bar at the bottom right shows "11:59 AM" and "Python 3".

