

Ex. No.: 11a)

Date: 19.04.2025

FIFO PAGE REPLACEMENT

Aim:

To find out the number of page faults that occur using First-in First-out (FIFO) page replacement technique.

Program:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int referenceString[50], page[20], frames, refLen, i, j, k, avail, pageFaults = 0, next = 0;
    printf("Enter the size of reference string: ");
    scanf("%d", &refLen);

    for (i = 0; i < refLen; i++) {
        printf("Enter [%d] : ", i + 1);
        scanf("%d", &referenceString[i]);
    }
    printf("Enter page frame size: ");
    scanf("%d", &frames);

    for (i = 0; i < frames; i++)
        page[i] = -1;

    for (i = 0; i < refLen; i++) {
        avail = 0;
        for (j = 0; j < frames; j++) {
            if (page[j] == referenceString[i]) {
                avail = 1;
                break;
            }
        }
        if (avail == 0) {
            page[next] = referenceString[i];
            next = (next + 1) % frames;
            pageFaults++;

            for (k = 0; k < frames; k++)
                page[k] != -1 ? printf("%d ", page[k]) : printf("- ");
            printf("-> Page Fault\n");
        } else {
            for (k = 0; k < frames; k++)
                page[k] != -1 ? printf("%d ", page[k]) : printf("- ");
            printf("-> No Page Fault\n");
        }
    }
    printf("Total Page Faults: %d\n", pageFaults);
    return 0;
}
```

Output:

```
Enter the size of reference string: 10
Enter [ 1]: 7
Enter [ 2]: 0
Enter [ 3]: 1
Enter [ 4]: 0
Enter [ 5]: 2
Enter [ 6]: 4
Enter [ 7]: 0
Enter [ 8]: 6
Enter [ 9]: 2
Enter [10]: 8
Enter page frame size:
3

7 -> 7 - -
0 -> 7 0 -
1 -> 7 0 1
0 -> No Page Fault
2 -> 2 0 1
4 -> 2 4 1
0 -> 2 4 0
6 -> 6 4 0
2 -> 6 2 0
8 -> 6 2 8

Total Page Faults = 9
```

Result:

Thus, the program to implement FIFO Page Replacement was executed successfully and the number of page faults was determined correctly.

Ex. No.: 11b)
Date: 19.04.2025

LRU

Aim:

To write a c program to implement LRU page replacement algorithm

Program:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int f[10], p[50], n, m, i, j, k, pos, pf = 0, lru[10], least;

    printf("Enter number of frames: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);

    printf("Enter number of pages: ");
    scanf("%d", &m);

    printf("Enter reference string: ");
    for (i = 0; i < m; i++)
        scanf("%d", &p[i]);

    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        f[i] = -1;
        lru[i] = 0;
    }

    printf("\n");

    for (i = 0; i < m; i++) {
        int found = 0;

        for (j = 0; j < n; j++) {
            if (f[j] == p[i]) {
                found = 1;
                lru[j] = i;
                break;
            }
        }

        if (!found) {
            if (pf < n) {
                f[pf] = p[i];
                lru[pf] = i;
            } else {
                least = lru[0];
                pos = 0;
                for (j = 1; j < n; j++) {
                    if (lru[j] < least) {
                        least = lru[j];
                        pos = j;
                    }
                }
                f[pos] = p[i];
                lru[pos] = i;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```

    }
    pf++;
}

for (k = 0; k < n; k++) {
    if (f[k] != -1)
        printf("%d ", f[k]);
    else
        printf("-1 ");
}
printf("\n");
}

printf("\nTotal Page Faults = %d\n", pf);
return 0;
}

```

Output:

```

Enter number of frames: 3
Enter number of pages: 6
Enter reference string: 5 7 5 6 7 3

5 -1 -1
5 7 -1
5 7 -1
5 7 6
5 7 6
3 7 6

Total Page Faults = 4

```

Result:

Thus, the LRU Page Replacement Algorithm was successfully implemented, and the number of page faults was calculated based on the reference string.

Ex. No.: 11c)
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Optimal

Aim:

To write a c program to implement Optimal page replacement.

Program:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int f[10], p[50], i, j, k, pos, pf = 0, n, m, found, farthest, index;

    printf("Enter number of frames: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);

    printf("Enter number of pages: ");
    scanf("%d", &m);

    printf("Enter reference string: ");
    for (i = 0; i < m; i++)
        scanf("%d", &p[i]);

    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
        f[i] = -1;

    printf("\n");

    for (i = 0; i < m; i++) {
        found = 0;

        for (j = 0; j < n; j++) {
            if (f[j] == p[i]) {
                found = 1;
                break;
            }
        }

        if (!found) {
            if (pf < n) {
                f[pf++] = p[i];
            } else {
                farthest = -1;
                index = -1;
                for (j = 0; j < n; j++) {
                    int next = -1;
                    for (k = i + 1; k < m; k++) {
                        if (f[j] == p[k]) {
                            next = k;
                            break;
                        }
                    }
                }
                if (next == -1) {
                    index = j;
                    break;
                } else if (next > farthest) {
```

```

        farthest = next;
        index = j;
    }
}
f[index] = p[i];
}
}

for (j = 0; j < n; j++) {
    if (f[j] != -1)
        printf("%d ", f[j]);
    else
        printf("-1 ");
}
printf("\n");
}

printf("\nTotal Page Faults = %d\n", pf);
return 0;
}

```

Output:

```

Enter number of frames: 3
Enter number of pages: 9
Enter reference string: 7 0 1 2 0 3 0 4 2

7 -1 -1
7 0 -1
7 0 1
2 0 1
2 0 1
2 0 3
2 0 3
2 4 3
2 4 3

Total Page Faults = 3

```

Result:

Thus, the Optimal Page Replacement Algorithm was successfully implemented, and the number of page faults was calculated based on the reference string.