Ex. No.: 6a)
Date: 20.02.2025

FIRST COME FIRST SERVE

Aim:

To implement First-come First- serve (FCFS) scheduling.

Program:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int n,i,j,bt[10],wt[10],tat[10],total wt=0,total tat=0;
  printf("Enter the number of processes: ");
  scanf("%d",&n);
  printf("Enter the burst time of the processes: ");
  for(i=0;i< n;i++) scanf("%d",&bt[i]);
  wt[0]=0;
  for(i=1;i \le n;i++) wt[i]=bt[i-1]+wt[i-1];
  for(i=0;i \le n;i++) tat[i]=bt[i]+wt[i];
  printf("Process\tBurst Time\tWaiting Time\tTurnaround Time\n");
  for(i=0;i < n;i++) printf("%d\t\%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\n",i,bt[i],wt[i],tat[i]);
  for(i=0;i< n;i++) {
    total\_wt+=wt[i];
    total tat+=tat[i];
  printf("Average waiting time is: %.2f\n",(float)total wt/n);
  printf("Average Turnaround Time is: %.2f\n",(float)total tat/n);
  return 0:
```

Output:

```
Enter the number of processes: 3
Enter the burst time of the processes: 24 3 3
Process Burst Time Waiting Time
                                     Turnaround Time
    0
            24
                         0
                                          24
    1
            3
                         24
                                          27
    2
            3
                         27
                                          30
Average waiting time is: 17.00
Average Turnaround Time is: 27.00
```

Result:

The program implements the First-Come-First-Serve (FCFS) scheduling technique, calculating the waiting time, turnaround time, and averages and executed successfully.

Ex. No.: 6b)
Date: 26.02.2025

SHORTEST JOB FIRST

Aim:

To implement the Shortest Job First (SJF) scheduling.

Program:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int main(){
  int n,i,j;
  printf("Enter the number of processes: ");
  scanf("%d",&n);
  int burst time[n], waiting time[n], turnaround time[n], pid[n];
  int total wt=0,total tat=0;
  printf("Enter the burst time of the processes: ");
  for(i=0;i< n;i++)
    pid[i]=i;
    scanf("%d",&burst time[i]);
    waiting_time[i]=0;
    turnaround time[i]=0;
  for(i=0;i< n-1;i++)
    for(j=i+1;j< n;j++)
       if(burst_time[i]>burst_time[j]){
         int temp=burst time[i];
         burst_time[i]=burst_time[j];
         burst_time[j]=temp;
         temp=pid[i];
         pid[i]=pid[j];
         pid[j]=temp;
  for(i=1;i < n;i++){
    waiting time[i]=burst time[i-1]+waiting time[i-1];
  for(i=0;i< n;i++)
    turnaround time[i]=burst time[i]+waiting time[i];
  printf("Process\tBurst Time\tWaiting Time\tTurnaround Time\n");
  for(i=0;i< n;i++)
    printf("%d\t%d\t\t%d\n",pid[i],burst time[i],waiting time[i],turnaround time[i]);
  for(i=0;i< n;i++)
    total wt+=waiting time[i];
    total tat+=turnaround time[i];
  printf("Average waiting time is: %.2f\n",(float)total_wt/n);
  printf("Average Turnaround Time is: %.2f\n",(float)total tat/n);
  return 0;
```

Output:

```
Enter the number of processes: 4
Enter the burst time of the processes: 8 4 9 5
Process Burst Time Waiting Time
                                     Turnaround Time
            4
    3
            5
                         4
                                         9
    0
            8
                         9
                                         17
            9
    2
                         17
                                         26
Average waiting time is: 7.50
Average Turnaround Time is: 14.00
```

Result:

The program implements the Shortest Job First (SJF) scheduling technique, calculating the waiting time, turnaround time, and averages, and executed successfully.

Ex. No.: 6c)
Date: 27.02.2025

PRIORITY SCHEDULING

Aim:

To implement priority scheduling technique.

Program:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(){
  int n,i,j;
  printf("Enter the number of processes: ");
  scanf("%d",&n);
  int bt[n],wt[n],tat[n],p[n],pri[n],total wt=0,total tat=0;
  printf("Enter the burst time of the processes: ");
  for(i=0;i< n;i++){
    scanf("%d",&bt[i]);
    p[i]=i;
  printf("Enter the priority of the processes: ");
  for(i=0;i< n;i++) scanf("%d",&pri[i]);
  for(i=0;i< n-1;i++)
    for(j=i+1;j< n;j++)
       if(pri[i]>pri[j]){
         int temp=pri[i];pri[i]=pri[j];pri[j]=temp;
         temp=bt[i];bt[i]=bt[j];bt[j]=temp;
         temp=p[i];p[i]=p[j];p[j]=temp;
    }
  wt[0]=0;
  for(i=1;i \le n;i++) wt[i]=bt[i-1]+wt[i-1];
  for(i=0;i \le n;i++) tat[i]=bt[i]+wt[i];
  printf("Process\tBurst Time\tWaiting Time\tTurnaround Time\n");
  for(i=0;i< n;i++)
    printf("%d\t%d\t\d\n",p[i],bt[i],wt[i],tat[i]);
    total_wt+=wt[i];
    total tat+=tat[i];
  printf("Average waiting time is: %.2f\n",(float)total_wt/n);
  printf("Average Turnaround Time is: %.2f\n",(float)total tat/n);
  return 0;
```

Output:

```
Enter the number of processes: 4
Enter the burst time of the processes: 8 4 9 5
Enter the priority of the processes: 3 1 4 2
Process Burst Time Waiting Time
                                    Turnaround Time
            4
                                         4
            5
                                         9
    3
                        4
    0
            8
                        9
                                         17
    2
            9
                        17
                                         26
Average waiting time is: 7.50
Average Turnaround Time is: 14.00
```

Result:

The program implements the Priority Scheduling technique, calculating waiting time, turnaround time, and averages, and executed successfully.

Ex. No.: 6d)
Date: 26.03.2025

ROUND ROBIN SCHEDULING

Aim:

To implement the Round Robin (RR) scheduling technique.

Program:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(){
  int n,i,tq;
  printf("Enter the number of processes: ");
  scanf("%d",&n);
  int bt[n],wt[n],tat[n],rem_bt[n],p[n];
  printf("Enter the burst time of the processes: ");
  for(i=0;i< n;i++)
     scanf("%d",&bt[i]);
    rem bt[i]=bt[i];
    p[i]=i;
  printf("Enter the time quantum: ");
  scanf("%d",&tq);
  int t=0,done;
  while(1){
     done=1;
     for(i=0;i< n;i++){
       if(rem bt[i]>0){
         done=0;
         if(rem_bt[i]>tq){
            t+=tq;
            rem_bt[i]-=tq;
          }else{
            t+=rem_bt[i];
            wt[i]=t-bt[i];
            rem_bt[i]=0;
       }
    if(done==1) break;
  int total wt=0,total tat=0;
  for(i=0;i< n;i++){
    tat[i]=bt[i]+wt[i];
    total wt+=wt[i];
    total tat+=tat[i];
  printf("Process\tBurst Time\tWaiting Time\tTurnaround Time\n");
  for(i=0;i < n;i++) printf("%d \land t \%d \land t \%d \land t \%d \land n",p[i],bt[i],wt[i],tat[i]);
  printf("Average waiting time is: %.2f\n",(float)total_wt/n);
  printf("Average Turnaround Time is: %.2f\n",(float)total_tat/n);
  return 0;
```

Output:

```
Enter the number of processes: 4
Enter the burst time of the processes: 8 4 9 5
Enter the time quantum: 3
Process Burst Time Waiting Time
                                     Turnaround Time
    0
                         15
                                         23
            8
                         12
                                         16
            4
    2
            9
                         17
                                         26
            5
    3
                         16
                                         21
Average waiting time is: 15.00
Average Turnaround Time is: 21.50
```

Result:

The program implements the Round Robin Scheduling technique, calculates waiting time, turnaround time, averages, and executed successfully.