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B.NIKITHA
230701211
CSE -'D'
III SEM
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Dynamic Programming

1-DP-Playing with Numbers

Playing with Numbers:

Ram and Sita are playing with numbers by giving puzzles to each other. Now it was Ram term, so he gave Sita a positive integer 'n' and two numbers 1 and 3. He asked her to find the possible ways by which the number n can be represented using 1 and 3. Write any efficient algorithm to find the possible ways.

```
Example 1:
```

Output Format

Print: The number of possible ways 'n' can be represented using 1 and 3

Sample Input

6

Sample Output

6

```
Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
  int n;
  scanf("%d",&n);
  long long a[n+1];
  a[0]=1;
  a[1]=1;
  for(int i=2;i<n+1;i++){
```

```
a[i]=0;
     if(i-1>=0){
       a[i]+=a[i-1];
     if(i-3>=0){
       a[i]+=a[i-3];
    }
  printf("%lld",a[n]);
Feedback
Input
             Expected
                             Got
                          6
6
25
              8641
                             8641
100
              24382819596721629 24382819596721629
```

Passed all tests!

2-DP-Playing with chessboard Playing with Chessboard:

Ram is given with an n*n chessboard with each cell with a monetary value. Ram stands at the (0,0), that the position of the top left white rook. He is been given a task to reach the bottom right black rook position (n-1, n-1) constrained that he needs to reach the position by traveling the maximum monetary path under the condition that he can only travel one step right or one step down the board. Help ram to achieve it by providing an efficient DP algorithm.

Example:

Input

3

124

234

871

Output:

19

Explanation:

Totally there will be 6 paths among that the optimal is Optimal path value:1+2+8+7+1=19

Input Format

First Line contains the integer n

The next n lines contain the n*n chessboard values

Output Format

Print Maximum monetary value of the path

```
Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
  int n;
  scanf("%d",&n);
  int c[n][n];
  for(int i=0;i< n;i++){
     for(int j=0;j<n;j++){
       scanf("%d",&c[i][j]);
     }
  int max(int a,int b){
     if(a>b)
     return a;
     else
     return b;
  int dp[n][n];
  dp[0][0]=c[0][0];
  for(int j=1;j<n;j++){
     dp[j][0]=dp[j-1][0]+c[j][0];
  for(int i=1;i< n;i++){
     dp[0][i]=dp[0][i-1]+c[0][i];
  for(int i=1;i< n;i++){
     for(int j=1;j<n;j++){
       dp[i][j]=c[i][j]+max(dp[i-1][j],dp[i][j-1]);}
  printf("%d",dp[n-1][n-1]);
Feedback
Input Expected Got
3
       19
                   19
124
234
871
                   12
       12
3
131
151
421
       28
                   28
4
1134
1578
2346
1690
Passed all tests!
```

Correct

Marks for this submission: 10.00/10.00.

3-DP-Longest Common Subsequence

Given two strings find the length of the common longest subsequence(need not be contiguous) between the two.

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Example:
s1: ggtabe
s2: tgatasb
The length is 4
Solveing it using Dynamic Programming
For example:
Input Result
aab
       2
azb
Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)
#include<stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int max(int x, int y);
int lcs(const char *S1, const char *S2) {
  int m = strlen(S1);
  int n = strlen(S2);
  int dp[m + 1][n + 1];
  for (int i = 0; i \le m; i++) {
     for (int j = 0; j <= n; j++) {
        if (i == 0 || j == 0)
          dp[i][i] = 0;
        else if (S1[i - 1] == S2[j - 1])
          dp[i][j] = dp[i - 1][j - 1] + 1;
        else
          dp[i][j] = max(dp[i - 1][j], dp[i][j - 1]);
     }
  }
  return dp[m][n];
int max(int x, int y) {
  return (x > y) ? x : y;
}
int main() {
  char S1[20];
  char S2[20];
  scanf("%s",S1);
```

```
scanf("%s",S2);
  int m=lcs(S1,S2);
  printf("%d",m);
  return 0;
}
Feedback
Input Expected Got
aab 2
                  2
azb
ABCD 4
                    4
ABCD
Passed all tests!
4-DP-Longest non-decreasing Subsequence
Problem statement:
Find the length of the Longest Non-decreasing Subsequence in a given Sequence.
Eg:
Input:9
Sequence:[-1,3,4,5,2,2,2,2,3]
the subsequence is [-1,2,2,2,2,3]
Output:6
Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
int n,maxLength;
scanf("%d",&n);
int arr[n];
for(int i=0;i< n;i++){
  scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
int dp[n];
for(int i=0;i< n;i++){
dp[i]=1;
for(int i=1;i< n;i++){
  for(int j=0; j< i; j++){
     if(arr[j]<=arr[i] && dp[i] ){
       dp[i]=dp[j]+1;
for(int i=0;i< n;i++){
```

```
if(dp[i]>maxLength){
maxLength=dp[i];
}
printf("%d",maxLength);
}
Feedback
Input Expected Got
9
-1 3 4 5 2 2 2 2 3 6 6
7
1 2 2 4 5 7 6 6 6
```

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.