

B.NIKITHA  
230701211  
CSE -'D'  
III SEM  
FINDING TIME COMPLEXITY USING COUNTER METHOD

1.  
Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using the counter method.

void function (int n)

```
{  
    int i= 1;  
    int s =1;  
    while(s <= n)  
    {  
        i++;  
        s += i;  
    }  
}
```

Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() statements.

Input:

A positive Integer n

Output:

Print the value of the counter variable

For example:

Input Result

9      12

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
void function(int n);
```

```
int main(){
```

```
    int n;
```

```
    scanf("%d",&n);
```

```
    function(n);
```

```
}
```

```
void function(int n){
```

```
    int i=1;
```

```
    int s=1;
```

```
    int count=2;
```

```
    while(s<=n){
```

```
        count++;
```

```
        count++;
```

```
        i++;
```

```
        s+=i;
```

```
        count++;
```

```
    }
```

```
    count++;
```

```
    printf("%d",count);
```

```
}
```

Feedback

Input	Expected	Got
9	12	12
4	9	9

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

2.Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using the counter method.

```
void func(int n)
{
    if(n==1)
    {
        printf("*");
    }
    else
    {
        for(int i=1; i<=n; i++)
        {
            for(int j=1; j<=n; j++)
            {
                printf("*");
                printf("*");
                break;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() statements.

Input:

A positive Integer n

Output:

Print the value of the counter variable

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

```
#include<stdio.h>
void func(int n);
int main(){
    int n;
    scanf("%d",&n);
    func(n);
}
void func(int n){
    int count=0;
    count++;
    if(n==1){
        count++;
    }
    else{
        for(int i=1;i<=n;i++){
            count++;
        }
    }
}
```

```

        count++;
        for(int j=1;j<=n;j++){
            count++;
            count++;
            break;
        }
        count++;
    }
    count++;
}
printf("%d",count);
}

```

Feedback

Input Expected Got

2	12	12
1000	5002	5002
143	717	717

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

3.Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using counter method.

```

Factor(num) {
{
    for (i = 1; i <= num;++i)
    {
        if (num % i== 0)
        {
            printf("%d ", i);
        }
    }
}
}

```

Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and counter variable printf() statement.

Input:

A positive Integer n

Output:

Print the value of the counter variable

Answer:

```

#include<stdio.h>
void factor(int num);
int main(){
    int n;
    scanf("%d",&n);
    factor(n);
}
void factor(int num){
    int count=0;
    for(int i=1;i<=num;++i){
        count++;
        count++;
    }
}

```

```

        if(num%i==0){
            count++;

        }

    }count++;
    printf("%d",count);
}

```

Feedback

Input Expected Got

12 31 31

25 54 54

4 12 12

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

4.Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using counter method.

```

void function(int n)
{
    int c= 0;
    for(int i=n/2; i<n; i++)
        for(int j=1; j<n; j = 2 * j)
            for(int k=1; k<n; k = k * 2)
                c++;
}

```

Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() statements.

Input:

A positive Integer n

Output:

Print the value of the counter variable

Answer:

```

#include<stdio.h>
void function(int n);
int main(){
    int n;
    scanf("%d",&n);
    function(n);

}
void function(int n){
    int c=0;
    int count=0;
    count++;
    for(int i=n/2;i<n;i++){
        count++;
        for(int j=1;j<n;j=2*j){
            count++;
            for(int k=1;k<n;k=k*2){

```

```

        count++;
        c++;
        count++;}
        count++;
    }
    count++;
}
count++;
printf("%d",count);
}

```

Feedback

Input Expected Got

4	30	30
10	212	212

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

5.Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using counter method.

```

void reverse(int n)
{
    int rev = 0, remainder;
    while (n != 0)
    {
        remainder = n % 10;
        rev = rev * 10 + remainder;
        n/= 10;
    }
    print(rev);
}

```

Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() statements.

Input:

A positive Integer n

Output:

Print the value of the counter variable

Answer:

```

#include<stdio.h>
void reverse(int n);
int main(){
    int n;
    scanf("%d",&n);
    reverse(n);
}

```

```

void reverse(int n)
{
    int count=2;
    int rev = 0, remainder;
    while (n != 0)

```

```
{
    count++;
    remainder = n % 10;
    count++;
    rev = rev * 10 + remainder;
    count++;
    n/= 10;
    count++;

}
count++;
printf("%d",count);
}
```

Feedback

Input Expected Got

12 11 11

1234 19 19

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.