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<b>Status</b>	Finished
<b>Started</b>	Saturday, 5 October 2024, 11:41 PM
<b>Completed</b>	Sunday, 6 October 2024, 12:19 AM
<b>Duration</b>	37 mins 11 secs

## Question 1

Correct

Marked out of 5.00

Create a class known as "BankAccount" with methods called deposit() and withdraw().

Create a subclass called SavingsAccount that overrides the withdraw() method to prevent withdrawals if the account balance falls below one hundred.

**For example:**

**Result**

```
Create a Bank Account object (A/c No. BA1234) with initial balance of $500:
Deposit $1000 into account BA1234:
New balance after depositing $1000: $1500.0
Withdraw $600 from account BA1234:
New balance after withdrawing $600: $900.0
Create a SavingsAccount object (A/c No. SA1000) with initial balance of $300:
Try to withdraw $250 from SA1000!
Minimum balance of $100 required!
Balance after trying to withdraw $250: $300.0
```

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```
1 class BankAccount {
2     // Private field to store the account number
3     private String accountNumber;
4
5     // Private field to store the balance
6     private double balance;
7
8     // Constructor to initialize account number and balance
9     public BankAccount(String accountNumber, double balance) {
10         this.accountNumber = accountNumber;
11         this.balance = balance;
12     }
13
14     // Method to deposit an amount into the account
15     public void deposit(double amount) {
16         // Increase the balance by the deposit amount
17         balance += amount;
18     }
19
20     // Method to withdraw an amount from the account
21     public void withdraw(double amount) {
22         // Check if the balance is sufficient for the withdrawal
23         if (balance >= amount) {
24             // Decrease the balance by the withdrawal amount
25             balance -= amount;
26         } else {
27             // Print a message if the balance is insufficient
28             System.out.println("Insufficient balance");
29         }
30     }
31
32     // Method to get the current balance
33     public double getBalance() {
34         // Return the current balance
35         return balance;
36     }
37 }
38
39 class SavingsAccount extends BankAccount {
40     // Constructor to initialize account number and balance
41     public SavingsAccount(String accountNumber, double balance) {
```

```

42     // Call the parent class constructor
43     super(accountNumber, balance);
44 }
45
46 // Override the withdraw method from the parent class
47 @Override
48 public void withdraw(double amount) {
49     // Check if the withdrawal would cause the balance to drop below $100
50     if (getBalance() - amount < 100) {
51         // Print a message if the minimum balance requirement is not met
52         System.out.println("Minimum balance of $100 required!");

```

	Expected	Got	
✓	<p>Create a Bank Account object (A/c No. BA1234) with initial balance of \$500:</p> <p>Deposit \$1000 into account BA1234:</p> <p>New balance after depositing \$1000: \$1500.0</p> <p>Withdraw \$600 from account BA1234:</p> <p>New balance after withdrawing \$600: \$900.0</p> <p>Create a SavingsAccount object (A/c No. SA1000) with initial balance of \$300:</p> <p>Try to withdraw \$250 from SA1000!</p> <p>Minimum balance of \$100 required!</p> <p>Balance after trying to withdraw \$250: \$300.0</p>	<p>Create a Bank Account object (A/c No. BA1234) with initial balance of \$500:</p> <p>Deposit \$1000 into account BA1234:</p> <p>New balance after depositing \$1000: \$1500.0</p> <p>Withdraw \$600 from account BA1234:</p> <p>New balance after withdrawing \$600: \$900.0</p> <p>Create a SavingsAccount object (A/c No. SA1000) with initial balance of \$300:</p> <p>Try to withdraw \$250 from SA1000!</p> <p>Minimum balance of \$100 required!</p> <p>Balance after trying to withdraw \$250: \$300.0</p>	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

## Question 2

Correct

Marked out of 5.00

Create a class `Mobile` with constructor and a method `basicMobile()`.

Create a subclass `CameraMobile` which extends `Mobile` class, with constructor and a method `newFeature()`.

Create a subclass `AndroidMobile` which extends `CameraMobile`, with constructor and a method `androidMobile()`.

display the details of the `Android Mobile` class by creating the instance.

```
class Mobile{
```

```
}
```

```
class CameraMobile extends Mobile {
```

```
}
```

```
class AndroidMobile extends CameraMobile {
```

```
}
```

expected output:

Basic Mobile is Manufactured

Camera Mobile is Manufactured

Android Mobile is Manufactured

Camera Mobile with 5MG px

Touch Screen Mobile is Manufactured

**For example:**

Result
Basic Mobile is Manufactured Camera Mobile is Manufactured Android Mobile is Manufactured Camera Mobile with 5MG px Touch Screen Mobile is Manufactured

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1 // Base Mobile class
2 class Mobile {
3
4     // Constructor
5     public Mobile() {
6         System.out.println("Basic Mobile is Manufactured");
7     }
8
9     // Method for basic mobile feature
10    public void basicMobile() {
11        System.out.println("Basic Mobile functionality");
12    }
13 }
14
15 // Subclass CameraMobile that extends Mobile
16 class CameraMobile extends Mobile {
17
18     // Constructor
19     public CameraMobile() {
20         super(); // Call to the parent class (Mobile) constructor
21         System.out.println("Camera Mobile is Manufactured");
22     }
23
24     // Method for Camera Mobile feature
25     public void newFeature() {
26         System.out.println("Camera Mobile with 5MG px");
27     }

```

```

28 | }
29 |
30 | // Subclass AndroidMobile that extends CameraMobile
31 | class AndroidMobile extends CameraMobile {
32 |
33 |     // Constructor
34 |     public AndroidMobile() {
35 |         super(); // Call to the parent class (CameraMobile) constructor
36 |         System.out.println("Android Mobile is Manufactured");
37 |     }
38 |
39 |     // Method for Android Mobile feature
40 |     public void androidMobile() {
41 |         System.out.println("Touch Screen Mobile is Manufactured");
42 |     }
43 | }
44 |
45 | // Main class to demonstrate the functionality
46 | public class Main {
47 |     public static void main(String[] args) {
48 |         // Create an instance of AndroidMobile
49 |         AndroidMobile android = new AndroidMobile();
50 |
51 |         // Display the features of AndroidMobile
52 |         android.newFeature(); // Camera feature

```

	Expected	Got	
✓	Basic Mobile is Manufactured Camera Mobile is Manufactured Android Mobile is Manufactured Camera Mobile with 5MG px Touch Screen Mobile is Manufactured	Basic Mobile is Manufactured Camera Mobile is Manufactured Android Mobile is Manufactured Camera Mobile with 5MG px Touch Screen Mobile is Manufactured	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

## Question 3

Correct

Marked out of 5.00

create a class called College with attribute String name, constructor to initialize the name attribute, a method called Admitted(). Create a subclass called CSE that extends Student class, with department attribute, Course() method to sub class. Print the details of the Student.

College:

```
String collegeName;
```

```
public College() { }
```

```
public admitted() { }
```

Student:

```
String studentName;
```

```
String department;
```

```
public Student(String collegeName, String studentName,String depart) { }
```

```
public toString()
```

Expected Output:

A student admitted in REC

CollegeName : REC

StudentName : Venkatesh

Department : CSE

**For example:**

Result
A student admitted in REC CollegeName : REC StudentName : Venkatesh Department : CSE

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```

1 // Base College class
2 class College {
3     String collegeName;
4
5     // Constructor to initialize college name
6     public College(String collegeName) {
7         this.collegeName = collegeName;
8     }
9
10    // Method to print admission message
11    public void admitted() {
12        System.out.println("A student admitted in " + collegeName);
13    }
14 }
15
16 // Base Student class
17 class Student extends College {
18     String studentName;
19     String department;
20
21    // Constructor
22    public Student(String collegeName, String studentName, String department) {
23        super(collegeName); // Call to the parent class constructor
24        this.studentName = studentName;
25        this.department = department;
26    }
27

```

```

27 // toString method to display student details
28 @Override
29 public String toString() {
30     return "CollegeName : " + collegeName + "\n" +
31           "StudentName : " + studentName + "\n" +
32           "Department : " + department;
33 }
34 }
35
36 // Subclass CSE that extends Student
37 class CSE extends Student {
38     // Constructor
39     public CSE(String collegeName, String studentName) {
40         super(collegeName, studentName, "CSE"); // Call to the parent class constructor
41     }
42
43     // Course method can be added if needed
44     public void course() {
45         // Placeholder for additional functionality related to CSE course
46     }
47 }
48
49 // Main class to demonstrate the functionality
50 public class Main {
51     public static void main(String[] args) {

```

	Expected	Got	
✓	A student admitted in REC CollegeName : REC StudentName : Venkatesh Department : CSE	A student admitted in REC CollegeName : REC StudentName : Venkatesh Department : CSE	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

◀ Lab-05-MCQ

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