

EXERCISE – 9
FORM VALIDATION USING HTML/CSS/JS
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Aim:

To design an input form that validates **email** and **phone number** fields using **HTML**, **CSS**, and **JavaScript (with Validator.js)**, and displays relevant error messages if the inputs are invalid.

Technologies Used:

- **HTML** – HyperText Markup Language (structure of the form)
- **CSS** – Cascading Style Sheets (styling the layout)
- **JavaScript** – Adding interactivity and validation logic
- **Validator.js** – A JavaScript library for string validations

Html code:

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
<title>Form Validation</title>
<link rel="stylesheet" href="style.css">
</head>
<body>
<div class="container">
|   <h3>Input from Rakesh R</h3>
<form id="myForm">
<label for="email">Email:</label>
<input type="email" id="email" name="email" required>
<span id="emailError" class="error"></span>

|
<label for="phone">Phone Number:</label>
<input type="text" id="phone" name="phone" required>
<span id="phoneError" class="error"></span>

<button type="submit">Submit</button>
</form>
</div>

</div>

<script src="https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/validator/13.6.0/validator.min.js"></script>
<script src="script.js"></script>
/body>
/html>

```

Css code:

```
body {
  font-family: Arial, sans-serif;
  background-color: #338fa9;
  display: flex;
  justify-content: center;
  align-items: center;
  height: 100vh;
  margin: 0;
}

.container {
  background-color: white;
  padding: 20px;
  border-radius: 5px;
  box-shadow: 0 0 10px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.1);
}

form {
  display: flex;
  flex-direction: column;
}

label {
  margin-bottom: 5px;
}
```

```
input {
margin-bottom: 10px;
padding: 10px;
border: 1px solid  #ccc;
border-radius: 3px;
}

button {
padding: 10px;
background-color:  #28a745;
color:  white;
border: none;
border-radius: 3px;
cursor: pointer;
}

button:hover {
background-color:  #218838;
}

.error {
color:  red;
font-size: 0.875em;
}
```

Js code:

```
// script.js
document.getElementById('myForm').addEventListener('submit', function (e) {
  e.preventDefault();

  const email = document.getElementById('email').value.trim();
  const phone = document.getElementById('phone').value.trim();

  const emailError = document.getElementById('emailError');
  const phoneError = document.getElementById('phoneError');

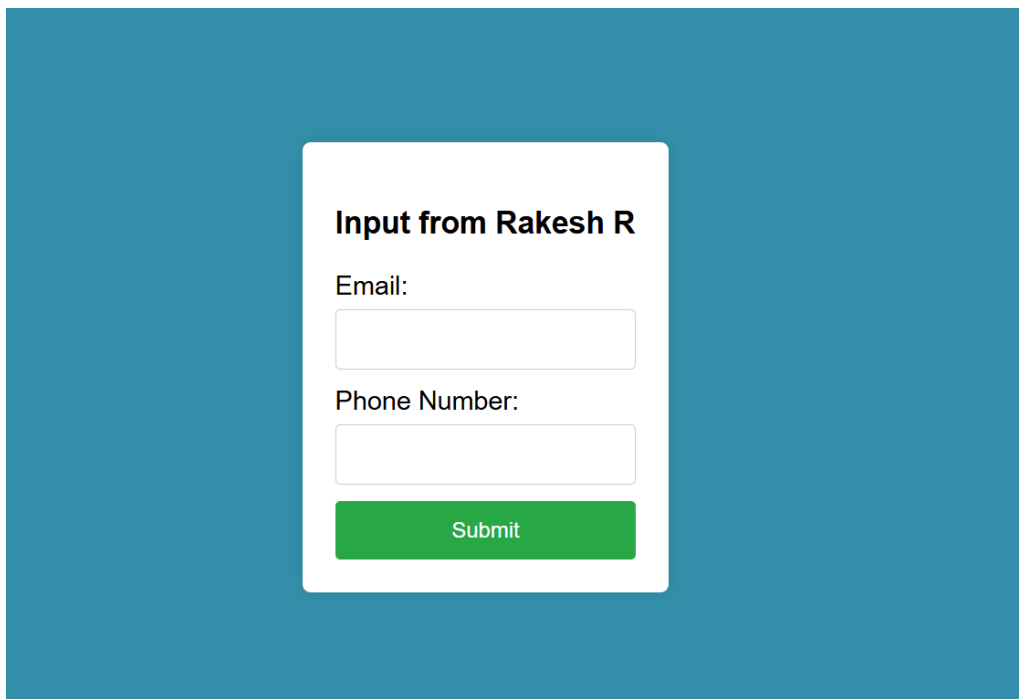
  // Clear previous error messages
  emailError.textContent = '';
  phoneError.textContent = '';

  // Validate email
  if (!validator.isEmail(email)) {
    emailError.textContent = 'Please enter a valid email address.';
  }

  // Validate phone number (any format)
  if (!validator.isMobilePhone(phone, 'any')) {
    phoneError.textContent = 'Please enter a valid phone number.';
  }

  // If valid, log the data (simulate form submission)
  if (validator.isEmail(email) && validator.isMobilePhone(phone, 'any')) {
    console.log('Email:', email);
    console.log('Phone:', phone);
    alert("Form submitted successfully!");
  }
});
```

Output:



Input from Rakesh R

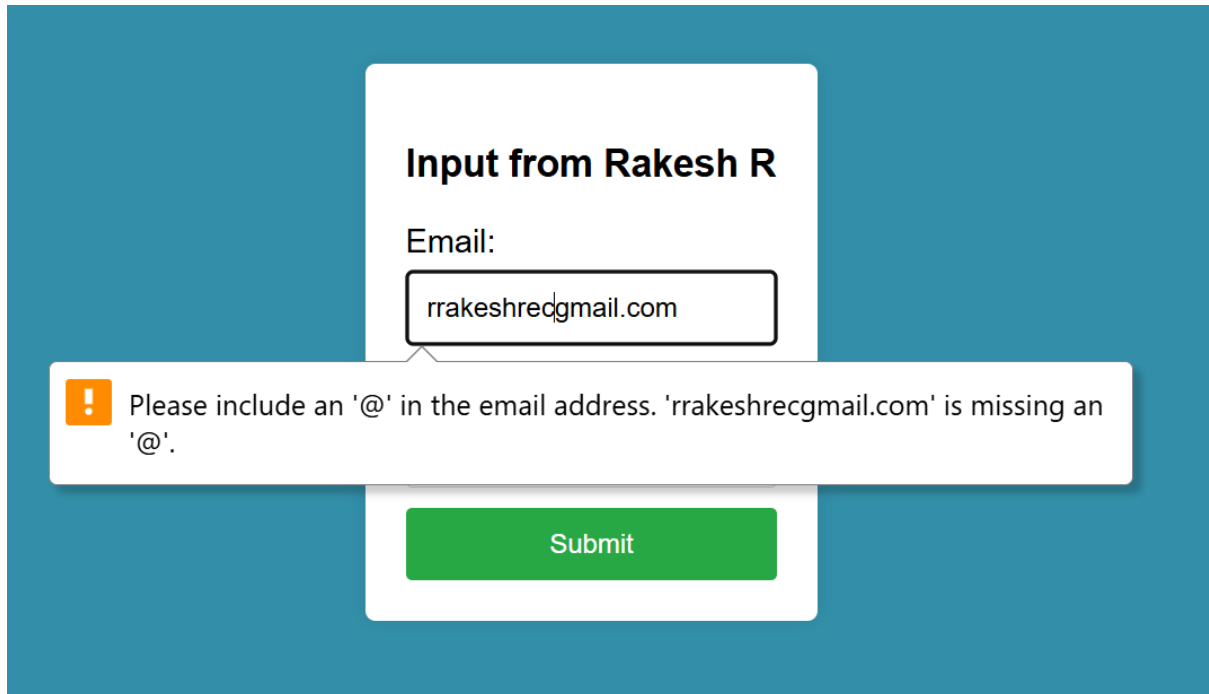
Email:

Phone Number:

Submit

This can be run on any server

Email validation:



The image shows a web form titled "Input from Rakesh R" on a teal background. The form contains an "Email:" label and a text input field with the value "rrakeshrecgmail.com". A green "Submit" button is located below the input field. A white feedback message box is overlaid on the form, containing an orange exclamation mark icon and the text: "Please include an '@' in the email address. 'rrakeshrecgmail.com' is missing an '@'." The message box has a pointer indicating the error is related to the email input field.

Input from Rakesh R

Email:

rrakeshrecgmail.com

! Please include an '@' in the email address. 'rrakeshrecgmail.com' is missing an '@'.

Submit