

Question 1

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Problem statement:

Find the length of the Longest Non-decreasing Subsequence in a given Sequence.

Eg:

Input:9

Sequence: [-1,3,4,5,2,2,2,3]

the subsequence is [-1,2,2,2,3]

Output:6

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1  #include <stdio.h>
2  int lnds(int arr[],int n)
3  {
4      int dp[n];
5      for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
6      {
7          dp[i] = 1;
8      }
9      for (int i = 1; i < n; i++)
10     {
11         for (int j = 0; j < i; j++)
12         {
13             if (arr[i] >= arr[j])
14             {
15                 dp[i] = (dp[i] > dp[j] + 1) ? dp[i] : (dp[j] + 1);
16             }
17         }
18     }
19     int maxLength = 0;
20     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
21     {
22         if (dp[i] > maxLength)
23         {
24             maxLength = dp[i];
25         }
26     }
27     return maxLength;
28 }
29 int main()
30 {
31     int n;
32     scanf("%d", &n);
33     int arr[n];
34     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
35     {
36         scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
37     }
38     int result = lnds(arr, n);
39     printf("%d\n", result);
40     return 0;
41 }
42
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	9 -1 3 4 5 2 2 2 2 3	6	6	✓
✓	7 1 2 2 4 5 7 6	6	6	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

◀ 3-DP-Longest Common Subsequence

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1-Finding Duplicates- $O(n^2)$ Time Complexity, $O(1)$ Space Complexity ▶