

[Dashboard](#) / [My courses](#) / [CS23331-DAA-2023-CSE](#) / [Dynamic Programming](#) / [4-DP-Longest non-decreasing Subsequence](#)

<b>Started on</b>	Wednesday, 20 November 2024, 6:12 PM
<b>State</b>	Finished
<b>Completed on</b>	Wednesday, 20 November 2024, 6:55 PM
<b>Time taken</b>	42 mins 36 secs
<b>Marks</b>	1.00/1.00
<b>Grade</b>	<b>10.00</b> out of 10.00 ( <b>100%</b> )

## Question 1

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Problem statement:

Find the length of the Longest Non-decreasing Subsequence in a given Sequence.

Eg:

Input:9

Sequence: [-1,3,4,5,2,2,2,2,3]

the subsequence is [-1,2,2,2,2,3]

Output:6

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1  #include <stdio.h>
2  #include <stdlib.h>
3
4  int ld(int arr[], int n) {
5      int dp[n];
6      for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
7          dp[i] = 1;
8      }
9
10     for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
11         for (int j = 0; j < i; j++) {
12             if (arr[j] <= arr[i]) {
13                 dp[i] = dp[i] > dp[j] + 1 ? dp[i] : dp[j] + 1;
14             }
15         }
16     }
17
18     int ma = dp[0];
19     for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
20         if (dp[i] > ma) {
21             ma = dp[i];
22         }
23     }
24
25     return ma;
26 }
27
28 int main() {
29     int n;
30     scanf("%d", &n);
31
32     int arr[n];
33     for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
34         scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
35     }
36
37     int result = ld(arr, n);
38     printf("%d\n", result);
39
40     return 0;
41 }
42

```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	9 -1 3 4 5 2 2 2 2 3	6	6	✓
✓	7 1 2 2 4 5 7 6	6	6	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

◀ 3-DP-Longest Common Subsequence

Jump to...

1-Finding Duplicates- $O(n^2)$  Time Complexity, $O(1)$  Space Complexity ▶