

Ex. No.: 9

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DEADLOCK AVOIDANCE

Aim:

To find out a safe sequence using Banker's algorithm for deadlock avoidance.

Algorithm:

1. Initialize work=available and finish[i]=false for all values of i
2. Find an i such that both:
finish[i]=false and Need_i ≤ work
3. If no such i exists go to step 6
4. Compute work=work+allocation_i
5. Assign finish[i] to true and go to step 2
6. If finish[i]=true for all i, then print safe sequence
7. Else print there is no safe sequence

Program Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
```

```
int main () {
    int m, n;
```

```
    printf("Enter the no of resources and\nprocessors\n");
```

```
    scanf("%d %d", &m, &n);
```

```
    int max[n][m]
```

```
    int allocation[n][m];
```

```
    printf("Enter the values for max array:\n");
```

```
    for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        for(int j=0; j<m; j++)
```

```
        { scanf("%d", &max[i][j]);
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
    printf("Enter the values for allocation\narray:\n");
```

```
for (int i=0; i<n; i++)
```

```
{
```

```
for (int j=0; j<m; j++)
```

```
{
```

```
scanf("%d", &allocation[i][j]);
```

```
}
```

```
printf("Enter the values for available array: \n");
```

```
int avail[m];
```

```
for (int i=0; i<m; i++)
```

```
{
```

```
scanf("%d", &avail[i]);
```

```
}
```

```
int need[n][m];
```

```
for (int i=0; i<n; i++)
```

```
{
```

```
for (int j=0; j<m; j++)
```

```
{
```

```
need[i][j] = max[i][j] - allocation[i][j];
```

```
}
```

```
int work[m];
```

```
for (int i=0; i<m; i++)
```

```
{
```

```
work[i] = avail[i];
```

```
bool finish[n];
```

```
for (int i=0; i<n; i++)
```

```
{
```

```
finish[i] = false;
```

```
}
```

```
int s[n], k=0;
```

```
while (k<n)
```

```
{  
for(int i=0; i<n; i++)  
{
```

```
    f=true;
```

```
    if(!finish[i])
```

```
    {  
        bool F=true;
```

```
        for(int j=0; j<m; j++)
```

```
        {  
            if(need[i][j]>work[j])
```

```
                F=false;
```

```
                break;
```

```
        }  
        if(F)
```

```
            for(int j=0; j<m; j++)
```

```
                work[j]+=allocation[i][j];
```

```
            finish[i]=true;
```

```
            k++;
```

```
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
for(int i=0; i<n-1; i++)
```

```
{  
    printf("P %d -> ", s[i]);
```

```
}
```

```
printf("P %d", s[n-1]);
```

```
}
```


Enter the no of resources
a process

3

5

Enter value for max array

7 5 3

3 2 2

9 0 2

2 2 2

4 3 3

Enter value for available
array

3 3 2

Enter value for allocation
array

0 1 0

2 0 0

3 0 2

2 1 1

0 0 2

Max A B C

P₀ 7 5 3

P₁ 3 2 2

P₂ 9 0 2

P₃ 2 2 2

P₄ 4 3 3

Allocation

P₀ A B C

0 1 0

P₁ 2 0 0

P₂ 3 0 2

P₃ 2 1 1

P₄ 0 0 2

Sample Output:

The SAFE Sequence is

P₁ → P₃ → P₄ → P₀ → P₂

Need A B C

P₀ 7 4 3

P₁ 1 2 2

P₂ 6 0 0

P₃ 0 1 1

P₄ 4 3 1

O/P

need mat

7 4 3

1 2 2

6 0 0

0 1 1

4 3 1

Safe sequence is P₁ → P₃ → P₄ → P₀ → P₂

Result:

Thus the c program for Deadlock avoidance

& ~~It~~ is successfully executed