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NAME: SWETHA.J
REGISTER NO.:230701357
EX-14: Implementation of Dijkstra's Algorithm
#include <stdio.h>
#define size 8
#define INFINITY 10000000;
int g[size] = \{ \{0, 2, 6, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0\}, \}
                     {2,0,0,2,6,0,0,0},
                     {6,0,0,1,0,0,4,0},
                     \{0,2,1,0,0,2,0,0\},
                     \{0,6,0,0,0,3,0,1\},
                     \{0,0,0,2,3,0,2,0\},
                     {0,0,0,2,0,2,0,2},
                     \{0,0,0,0,1,0,2,0\}\};
struct vertex info
    int length;
    int pred;
    char state;
}v[size];
int main()
       int i;
       for (i=0;i<size;i++)</pre>
                       v[i].length=INFINITY;
                       v[i].pred=-1;
                       v[i].state='N';
       int s=0;
       int d=7;
       v[s].length=0;
       v[s].state='V';
        do
        {
                       int i;
               for(i=0;i<size;i++)</pre>
                       if (g[s][i]!=0 &&v[i].state=='N')
                 if(v[i].length>v[s].length+g[s][i])
                     v[i].length=g[s][i]+v[s].length;
                                              v[i].pred=s;
printf("\nlength[%d]=%d\tpred[%d]=%d",i,v[i].length,i,v[i].pred);
                       }
       int min=INFINITY;
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s=0;

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for(i=0;i<size;i++)</pre>
                       if(v[i].state=='N'&& v[i].length<min)</pre>
                              min=v[i].length;
                              s=i;
                       }
               v[s].state='V';
             }while(s!=d);
    i=size;
    int path[size];
    printf("\n\nPath=%d->",s);
    do
    {
                path[i--]=s;
         s=v[s].pred;
                printf("%d->",s);
    }while(s>0);
}
```