Ex. No.: 12 Date: 19 4 2025

File Organization Technique- Single and Two level directory

AIM:

To implement File Organization Structures in C are

- a. Single Level Directory
- b. Two-Level Directory
- c. Hierarchical Directory Structure
- d. Directed Acyclic Graph Structure

a. Single Level

Directory

ALGORITHM

- 1. Start
- 2. Declare the number, names and size of the directories and file names.
- 3. Get the values for the declared variables.
- 4. Display the files that are available in the directories.
- 5. Stop.

include < stolio h>
include < stolio h>
include < stolio h>

Woid main()

L'int gol=IETECT, gm, count, i, i, i, mid cit-Y;

chas frame [10][20];

clear obenice ();

set &k color (Igreen);

Puts ("Enter number of files");

Scans ("'/-d", &count); 76

for (i=0; i < count ; i++) clear device O; set b 1 < color (GREEN); Bunt 5 ("Enter the file mame" i + U) Scanf ("Y-5", forame [i]) Set fill style (1, MANAGEMENT) mid = 640/ court à cin -x = mid/3 ; har 3d (270,100,370,150,0,0); Seltest style (2P,4); Settlest Justify (1) Outlestay (320,125,"ROOT doiectry"); Wet colour (BLUE); for (j=0;j/=1;j/+, cit-x+=mid) line (320, 150, cir. x, 250); fullellipse (rit - x, 250, 30, 30) Outlestay cir-x, 250, forame [i])

OUIPUI:

O

O

0

3

9

9

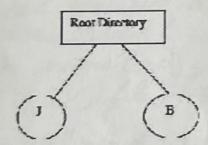
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9

Later the Number of files 2 Enter the file! J

Root Directory

Fater the file2 B



b. Two-level directory Structure

ALGORITHM:

- 1. Start
- Declare the number, names and size of the directories and subdirectories and file names.
- 3. Get the values for the declared variables.
- 4. Display the files that are available in the directories and subdirectories.
- 5. Stop.

J

PROGRAM: # include atdio b # include < graphics . b> struct torce element (whon name [20]; int x, y, file, la rex, nc, buel: struct tree elements ha type def struct tree-element mode; Void-main () [int gol= DETECT, gm; node * noot; good = NULL; Create (noot, 0, "mull", 0, 630, 320); cleaser (); intigraph (& gol & gon, "Ciltell bg i"); display (noot); getch () close graph ();

create (node ** acot; int law, char * al nance, unt (x int rice) inti, gap; if (* noot = MCL) (*noot)=(noole*) malloc(sink of (noole)); Brist & ("Enter name of dir (file (mole 7.5): flush (stotus)
gets (* root 1-> mame); if (her = 0 11 ler = = 1) (*noot)->ftype=); else (+ noot) > flype= 23 (* root > level = lev) (* good) - x = x ; (*noot) -> [x = 1x) (+ great) -> 1x = 91X) for (C+ next) > flyte == 1) V if (len = = 0 ((len = = 1)) if ([*root ; > lend = = 0) Buint 5 ("How many users"); Buint I ("How many files"); Brint + (for 1.5): (* root) > mane) Scant ("1.d", &* (root > nc); (* 900t) > hc = 0) display (node # noot) 80

if (noot! = NOLL)

E for (i = 0 3 i = noot > he 3 in +)

Fline (noot > x, noot > x, noot > link (i) > y)

if (noot > x, noot > y, noot > link (i) -> y);

filellipse (noot > x, noot > y, 20, 20);

filellipse (noot > x, noot > y, noot > y, noot > name);

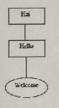
outlestay (noot > x, noot > y, noot > y

for (i = 0 3 i < noot > nc 3 i 1 1)

E display (noot > link [i];

Sample Output:

Enter the name of dir/file(under null): Hai How many users(for Hai):1 Enter name of dir/file(under Hai):Hello How many files(for Hello):1 Enter name of dir/file(under Hello):welcome



Result: Thus the file organization technique single and two level directly one executed successfully