Ex. No.: 12 Date: 1914125

AIM:

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File Organization Technique-Single and Two level directory

To implement File Organization Structures in C are

- a. Single Level Directory
- b. Two-Level Directory
- c. Hierarchical Directory Structure
- d. Directed Acyclic Graph Structure

a. Single Level

Directory

ALGORITHM

- 1. Start
- 2. Declare the number, names and size of the directories and file names.
- 3. Get the values for the declared variables.
- 4. Display the files that are available in the directories.
- 5. Stop.

PROGRAM:

#include (stalib-h)

#include (stalib-h)

#include (graphics-h)

Void moun()

{
int gd = DETECT, gm, count, i, j, mid, cin-x;

chan frame [IO][20];

init graph (& gd, & gm, "c: (tell bgi");

cleardevice();

setbk color (Green);

puts ("Enter the number of files");

Scarf ("o/od", & count)

76

```
for(i=0; i/count; i++)
   clearderice ();
    setbkcolor (GIREEN);
    printf("Entor the file %d name", i+1);
    scant ("1.01.5", fname [i]);
     setfillstyle (1, MACHENTA);
     mid=640/count; cin_x=mid/3;
     ben 301 (270, 100, 370, 150, 0,0);
     settextstyle (2,0,4);
      settextjustify(1,1);
     Outextry (320,125, "Root Directory");
     s etcolor (BLUE);
     foolj=0; j Li; j++, con_x+=mid)
        line (320, 150, cin_x, 250);
        finellips (CULX, 250, 30, 30);
         outtextxy(cirlx, 250, fnamerji);
     3
```

OUTPUT:

Linter the Number of files

1

1

V

V

V

V

V

V

V

V

V

J

U

3

3

3

3

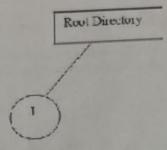
-3

3

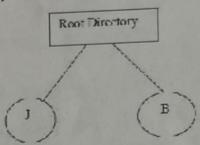
3

2

Enler the file! J



Enter the file2 B



b. Two-level directory Structure Anshard stiplicate to some rage? I shirt

ALGORITHM:

4

U

U

is

S

U

6

V

U

U

V

U

U

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J

J

J

3

3

3

3

3

3

9

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- Declare the number, names and size of the directories and subdirectories and file

THE SUIT AND ANY SOME WAS TROOPS WITH COME THE T

- Get the values for the declared variables.
- Display the files that are available in the directories and subdirectories.
- Stop.

PROGRAM:

```
#include (state h)
# include (graphics- R)
struct tree_ element
   char name[20];
   int x,y,ftype, lx, 9x, nc, level;
   Struct tree element + link [5]; 3;
   typeder struct true element node;
    void main () §
     int gol=DETECT, gm; node + root;
     noot=NUL; clason (); (1)
     create (2 noct, 0, "null", 0, 630, 320);
     Unson1):
     instegraph (egd, egm, "c: 11tc11 bg").
     display (root);
      getch();
      closegraph();
```

```
Create (node ** 9100t, int lev, chan *elname, int la, int six, intro)
   int is gap;
    if (+ goot == NULL)
     (*noot) = (noote*) male (size of (node));
     Prints ("enter name of div/file (under:1-3):", dname);
      fflush (stolin);
      gets ((*root) -> name);
      if ( lev ==0 | lev ==1)
      (*noot)->ftype=1;
       else
      (*Yout) -> ftype = 2;
       (+900t) -) lovel = lev;
        (+9100t) -> y=50+low +50;
        (*9noct) -> x = x;
         (*noot) -> 1x = 1x;
         (+noct)->91x=91x;
         for(i=0; i(5; i++)
         (*900t) -> LENKT i] = NULL;
          if((+noot)->ftype==1)
            if- ( lev == 0 | lev == 1)
            if ((*noot) -> level == 0)
              point ("How many usor").
            printf (" How many files").
             beint (1, (tax 1/8): 11, (* nont) -> home).
             scanf (10/001) & (+ 800+) >nc).
           else ( * 700t) > nc=0;
          if ((* root) -> nc ==0)
```

```
gap=nx-lx.
gap=(91x-lx)/ (* 900t) >nc;
for (i=0; i((*910d) > nc; i++)
create(9) ((*noot) -> link[i]), len+1, (+noot) -> name,
dx+gap*i, lx+gap*i+gap, lx+gap*i+gap(2);
 else
(*9100t) ->nc=0;
display (node * root)
 int L;
  Settextstyle (2,0,4);
  settextjustify(11);
  setfristyle(1, BLUE);
  setcolor(14);
  if (noot) = NULL)
   for(i=0; lknowt > TK; it+)
      lone (noot > 12, noot > 4, noot > link (i] -> 12, root > link
     [i] ->y);
    i+(nout->ftype=1) bon3d(nout->x-20, root->y-10,
    root +x+20, root >y+10,010); else fillemipse
     (noot > x, noot ->y, 20,20); outtextry (soot -> x, root >y,
     2005-)name); for (i=gi(root-)nc; i++)
      display (root -> link[i]);
                      80
```

Sample Output:

Enter the name of dir/file(under null): Hai How many users(for Hai):1 Enter name of dir/file(under Hai):Hello How many files(for Hello):1 Enter name of dir/file(under Hello):welcome



Result:

Thus the file organisation techniques using single level and two level directories are executed successfully.