WEEK - 12

1. Write a function that takes an input String (sentence) and generates a new String (modified sentence) by reversing the words in the original String, maintaining the words position.

In addition, the function should be able to control the reversing of the case (upper or lowercase) based on a case_option parameter, as follows:

If case_option = 0, normal reversal of words i.e., if the original sentence is "Wipro TechNologies BangaLore", the new reversed sentence should be "orpiW seigoloNhceT eroLagnaB".

If case_option = 1, reversal of words with retaining position's case i.e., if the original sentence is "Wipro TechNologies BangaLore", the new reversed sentence should be "Orpiw SeigOlonhcet ErolaGnab".

Note that positions 1, 7, 11, 20 and 25 in the original string are uppercase W, T, N, B and L.

Similarly, positions 1, 7, 11, 20 and 25 in the new string are uppercase O, S, O, E and G.

NOTE:

- 1. Only space character should be treated as the word separator i.e., "Hello World" should be treated as two separate words, "Hello" and "World". However, "Hello, World", "Hello; World", "Hello-World" or "Hello/World" should be considered as a single word.
- 2. Non-alphabetic characters in the String should not be subjected to case changes. For example, if case option = 1 and the original sentence is "Wipro TechNologies, Bangalore" the new reversed sentence should be "Orpiw, seiGolonhceT Erolagnab". Note that comma has been treated as part of the word "Technologies," and when comma had to take the position of uppercase T it remained as a comma and uppercase T took the position of comma. However, the words "Wipro and Bangalore" have changed to "Orpiw" and "Erolagnab".
- 3. Kindly ensure that no extra (additional) space characters are embedded within the resultant reversed String.

Examples:

S. No.	input1	input2	output
1	Wipro Technologies Bangalore	0	orpiW seigolonhceT erolagnaB
2	Wipro Technologies, Bangalore	0	orpiW ,seigolonhceT erolagnaB
3	Wipro Technologies Bangalore	1	Orpiw Seigolonhcet Erolagnab
4	Wipro Technologies, Bangalore	1	Orpiw ,seigolonhceT Erolagnab

CODE:

```
import java.util.*;
public class ReverseWords
{
```

```
public static void main(String args[])
{
  Scanner scan=new Scanner(System.in);
  String sentence=scan.nextLine();
  int caseOption=scan.nextInt();
  System.out.println(reverseWords(sentence,caseOption));
}
public static String reverseWords(String sentence,int caseOption)
{
  String[] words=sentence.split(" ");
  StringBuilder result=new StringBuilder();
  for(String word : words)
    String reversedWord=new StringBuilder(word).reverse().toString();
    if (caseOption==1)
      reversedWord=retainCase(word,reversedWord);
    result.append(reversedWord).append(" ");
  }
  return result.toString().trim();
}
private static String retainCase(String original, String reversed)
  char[] result=new char[reversed.length()];
  for (int i=0;i<original.length();i++)</pre>
    char origChar=original.charAt(i);
    char revChar=reversed.charAt(i);
```

```
if (Character.isUpperCase(origChar)){
    result[i]=Character.toUpperCase(revChar);
}else if(Character.isLowerCase(origChar)){
    result[i]=Character.toLowerCase(revChar);
}else{
    result[i]=revChar;
}
return new String(result);
}
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	Wipro Technologies Bangalore 0	orpiW seigolonhceT erolagnaB	orpiW seigolonhceT erolagnaB	~
~	Wipro Technologies, Bangalore 0	orpiW ,seigolonhceT erolagnaB	orpiW ,seigolonhceT erolagnaB	~
~	Wipro Technologies Bangalore 1	Orpiw Seigolonhcet Erolagnab	Orpiw Seigolonhcet Erolagnab	~
~	Wipro Technologies, Bangalore 1	Orpiw ,seigolonhceT Erolagnab	Orpiw ,seigolonhceT Erolagnab	~

2.

Given two char arrays input1[] and input2[] containing only lower case alphabets, extracts the alphabets which are present in both arrays (common alphabets).

Get the ASCII values of all the extracted alphabets.

Calculate sum of those ASCII values. Lets call it sum1 and calculate single digit sum of sum1, i.e., keep adding the digits of sum1 until you arrive at a single digit

Return that single digit as output.

Note:

1 + 7 = 8

- 1. Array size ranges from 1 to 10.
- 2. All the array elements are lower case alphabets.
- 3. Atleast one common alphabet will be found in the arrays.

```
Example 1:
input1: {'a', 'b', 'c'}
input2: {'b', 'c'}
output: 8
Explanation:
'b' and 'c' are present in both the arrays.
ASCII value of 'b' is 98 and 'c' is 99.
98 + 99 = 197
1 + 9 + 7 = 17
```

```
import java.util.*;
public class CommonAlphabetsASCII
{
  public static void main(String[] args)
  {
    Scanner scan=new Scanner(System.in);
    char[] input1=scan.nextLine().replace(" ", "").toCharArray();
    char[] input2=scan.nextLine().replace(" ", "").toCharArray();
    int result=calculateSingleDigitSum(input1, input2);
    System.out.println(result);
  }
  public static int calculateSingleDigitSum(char[] input1,char[] input2)
  {
    Set<Character> set1=new HashSet<>();
    Set<Character> set2=new HashSet<>();
    for(char ch : input1)
      set1.add(ch);
    for(char ch : input2)
      set2.add(ch);
    set1.retainAll(set2);
    int sum1=0;
    for(char ch : set1)
      sum1+=(int)ch;
    return getSingleDigitSum(sum1);
  }
  private static int getSingleDigitSum(int num)
    while(num>=10)
      num=num/10+num%10;
    return num;
  }}
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	abc bc	8	8	~

3. You are provided with a string which has a sequence of 1's and 0's.

This sequence is the encoded version of a English word. You are supposed write a program to decode the provided string and find the original word.

Each alphabet is represented by a sequence of 0s.

This is as mentioned below:

Z:0

Y:00

X:000

W:0000

V:00000

U:000000

T:0000000

The sequence of 0's in the encoded form are separated by a single 1 which helps to distinguish between 2 letters.

Example 1:

input1: 010010001

The decoded string (original word) will be: ZYX

Example 2:

The decoded string (original word) will be: WIPRO

Note: The decoded string must always be in UPPER case.

CODE:

```
import java.util.*;
public class BinaryDecoder
{
   public static void main(String args[])
   {
      Scanner scan=new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
String input=scan.nextLine();
String decodedString=decodeBinaryString(input);
System.out.println(decodedString);
}
public static String decodeBinaryString(String input)
{
    StringBuilder decodedString=new StringBuilder();
    String[] parts=input.split("1");
    for (String part : parts)
    {
        int length=part.length();
        char decodedChar=(char) ('Z'-length+1);
        decodedString.append(decodedChar);
    }
    return decodedString.toString().toUpperCase();
}
```

		Input	Expected	Got	
	~	010010001	ZYX	ZYX	~
,	~	0000100000000000000000010000000001000000	WIPRO	WIPRO	~